"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Generally fair to-day and to-morrow; light, variable winds.

VOL. LVIII...NO. 18,823. * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1909.—FOURTEEN PAGES and Section Devoted to Review of Books. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

NEW TARIFF RATES NOT YET ENFORCED

Custom Houses Impose the Old Dingley Rates—Differences Will Be Adjusted Later.

EXPECT SMOOTH SAILING

Treasury Ofifcials Say Loeb Acted Within Rights in Refusing to Allow Pennsylvania to Enter Her Cargo.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—No tariff law passed by Congress ever went into effect with so little trouble as the present one. This is the statement of the Treasury Department, although Assistant Secretary James B. Reynolds, who is in charge of the customs, is apprehensive that the storm of protest and interrogation has not cleared, but is merely impending. The closing of the Custom House in New York, the principal port of entry of the United States, yesterday was due solely to the desire to prevent inquisitive persons from storming the office to ask questions.

"Collector Loeb telephoned me from New York that the new law was working smoothly as soon as the office opened," said Mr. Reynolds to-day. "In regard to the talk made by some of the importers because Mr. Loeb would not keep the office open until midnight there is nothing to back it up whatever. The office of the Collector at New York closes at 4:30 daily, and the importers know it. If we had ordered it open until midnight many of them would have demanded that it be kept open until 2 o'clock or 3 or 4 o'clock. Mr. Loeb telephoned me and said that it was the custom of the office in years gone by to hold open till 12 on the day before the new customs law went into effect.

"'Have you received any orders to that effect from this office?' I asked him.

"'No,' he replied.

"'Then you can close it at 4:30 o'clock, unless you want to keep it open longer,' I said.

"'It will close at 4:30 o'clock,' he decided.

"And it did."

The Payne-Aldrich bill went into technical effect at midnight last night throughout the United States, its Territories, and insular possessions, but in practical effect on opening of the Custom Houses to-day. In the 150 Custom Houses in the vast territory there are some thousand officials and clerks who are suffering from headache to-night, for they have been compelled to study the new provisions. So well have they studied, however, that there has not been a hitch in the transformation so far as the Treasury has learned.

There is no disposition to rush matters, and until the Collectors have thoroughly mastered the provisions of the new law the old Dingley rates will be imposed, and the difference, if any, will be a matter for adjustment later. The Government will protect itself by compelling importers whose reputation and standing it does not know to give bond for the future payment of difference. If, on the other hand, the balance lies against the United States, the importers who have overpaid will be reimbursed.

Copies of the new law are being mailed to importers throughout the country as rapidly as they are received by the Treasury from the Government Printing Office. More than 2,00 copies were mailed to-day to the more important importers, and this will be continued until all interests having business with the Customs Service of the country are supplied.

Governments Notified.

Letters of notification of the passage of the new tariff law were sent to-night to those Governments having special trade agreements with the United States. The letters were signed by Secretary of State Knox, and are the formal announcement of the action of Congress. From now on the Department will be busily engaged in the draft of new agreements with the countries involved, if in the opinion of the Administration such agreements are necessary under the provisions of the present law.

The letters advised Great Britain and Germany that six months from to-day their agreement would end; Italy, Spain, Portugal, and The Netherlands have one year, while no notice being compulsory in the case of Switzerland, Bulgaria, and France, these countries have been advised that six months from April 30 their trade agreements with this country will be terminated.

On April 30 the State Department sent out an informal notification to all the Governments concerned that the United States was contemplating a change in its tariff law, and intimating the approach of the end of existing undertakings.

This was considered enough warning, and the action of to-day is the official and formal declaration of the complexion of Congress's work.

The notification will be handed to the diplomatic representatives of the various Governments affected. It will also be cabled to the American representatives at the capitals of these countries. They in turn will submit the information formally to the Foreign Offices of the nations involved.

Rush to Release Hides.

An important effect of the beginning of the new tariff law was the rush to release from bonded warehouses the supplies of hides that have been accumulated and held there in anticipation of their ultimately going on the free list. Into bonded warehouses go ordinarily dutiable articles that are intended for subsequent export when a return of the import duties would be in order up to 99 per cent. of those duties. But in this case Secretary Reynolds is of the opinion that, in hopes that Congress would in the end put hides on the free list, a result the President accomplished with some difficulty in conference, enormous quantities of hides have been imported.

These hides were put into bonded warehouses to avoid paying the duty on entry, and to-day many telegrams were received by the Secretary of the Treasury asking for the release from the warehouses of the hides.

As they are no longer dutiable the requests were granted. Considerable amusement was caused in the department by the receipt of a telegram from a Collector to-day asking if hides were on the free list. Mr. Reynolds refused to divulge the name of the Collector. "Was it Mr. Loeb?" some one jocularly asked. But Mr. Reynolds merely smiled. A number of these warehouses are in New York.

CONFUSION AVOIDED HERE.

Assessments Made Under Old Tariff Act to be Revised Under New.

There was little indication at the Custom House yesterday that it was the first day in the enforcement of the new tariff

Continued on Page 2.

NEW PANAMA BONDS HELD UP.

Issue Will Not Be Made Until Congress Changes Circulation Tax.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—None of the new Panama bonds authorized by Congress at the session just closed will be issued before Congress meets again and has had an opportunity to change the existing circulation tax. Announcement to this effect was made in a statement issued by Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh late to-day.

The reasons for withholding the new issue are set forth by Secretary MacVeagh as follows:

> Under existing law the tax on circulation secured by 3 per cent. bonds is 1 per cent., while one-half of 1 per cent. is the tax on circulation secured by 2 per cent. bonds. The circulation privileges of the new bonds would therefore be superior to those of the 2 per cent. bonds, and would produce a discrimination against the latter.
>
> The Secretary feels that it is the duty of the Government to see that the 2 per cent. bonds have the protection of a parity. The Conference Committee concluded not to readjust the circulation taxes at this time. The Treasury Department will therefore sell only 3 per cent. certificates, with a term limited to one year, if it shall become necessary, before Congress acts, to replenish the Treasury's cash.

The authorization in the new tariff law for the Secretary of the Treasury to issue $397,000,000 of United States bonds to pay for the completion of the Panama Canal, following the estimate of the cost made by Col. Goethels of the Panama Canal Commission, does not mean that Congress has relinquished its hold upon the purse strings so far as the expenditures for the canal are concerned.

Representative Tawney said the estimates for the expenditures on the canal for the coming year had not been completed and would not be for some time, but that when they were they would be laid before the Appropriations Committee as they have been in the past, and that every one would be scanned carefully.

EX-JUDGE CLARKSON FOUND.

Kenosha Lawyer Who Disappeared Was Working in a Button Factory.

Special to The New York Times.

KENOSHA, Wis., Aug. 6.—Ex-Judge Joseph R. Clarkson, who disappeared from this city on the night of July 14, and for whom a search was conducted in all parts of the country, was found to-day at Sabula Junction, Iowa, a small town, working under the name of John Paul in a button factory.

Although Clarkson's mind had apparently been clouded, it cleared the moment John Burns, a Kenosha man, entered the factory. Burns had been untiring in his efforts to find his friend, even though many others had given up the search.

"Why, hello," said Clarkson when he saw Burns.

The two talked for a little while, and then Clarkson took the tools with which he had ben working as souvenirs in lieu of the $2 wages due him. They boarded a train and started for home.

Eighteen years ago, when Clarkson was attacked with a similar mental trouble, he visited the vicinity of Sabula. When his memory cleared he returned to Omaha, where he was then living.

Clarkson accounts for his singular aberration by his never-ceasing desire to do manual labor. He first made his appearance in the vicinity of Sabula on July 26 at the farm of L. A. Haynes and asked for work. Members of the family recognized him, as he had worked on the farm when he had the other attack. Haynes provided lodging for him and, having read in the newspapers of Clarkson's disappearance, wrote to his family.

BEDELL FINED FOR SPEEDING.

Deputy Police Commissioner Is Also Sued for Killing a Dog.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 6.—Alfred Bedell, Deputy Police Commissioner under Commissioner Baker of New York, was fined $75 and costs, in all amounting to $109, in the Hamden Town Court this afternoon. The fine was for speeding his automobile. Immediately after he was sued for $1,000 by William H. Avis, a leading citizen of Hamden, whose dog was killed by Bedell's machine.

Bedell was also fined $3 and costs this morning in the New Haven City Court, after being chased to Bridgeport by Patrolman Hope of New Haven and Constable Sturtz of Hamden.

Mr. Bedell had three persons with him, and the machine was tearing over the ground at a great rate. They gave their names as Alfred Bedell, Hotel Ansonia, Broadway and Seventy-third Street; Mark Erler, Brooklyn Athletic Club; Jane Smith and May Hall, Hotel Royal. The operator was Alfred Smith, employed at the Thomas Garage, Broadway and Sixty-third Street.

GEORGIA EDITORS MAY FIGHT.

Dick Gray Calls Clark Howell Names and Gets 'Em Back with Interest.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 6.—The controversy which has been raging between Editor Clark Howell of The Constitution and Editor Dick Gray of The Journal for nearly a week with increasing bitterness reached the point to-day where the two editors exchanged epithets which the general public think will lead to bloodshed.

Editor Gray, referring to Editor Howell, says this afternoon that he is "caught redhanded as a fakir," accuses him of "willful mendacity," declares that "he exposes his true character to the people of Georgia as a fool, a scoundrel, and a liar," and dismisses him as "ripped and riven to his sawdust heart, the stuffed rag baby of Georgia journalism."

Replying, Editor Howell will to-morrow say of Editor Gray that he has "been so openly branded in these [The Constitution's] columns as a 'fishmonger,' a 'guttersnipe,' a 'brute and a bully,' a 'thug so insensible to gentility or refinement as not to know the amenities of gentlemanly discussion,' a 'hopeless ass to whom truth and honor are but empty words,' that further characterization would exhaust the vocabulary of disgust and contempt."

"What's the use," Editor Howell adds, "of further cornering a polecat?"

It is understood to-night that it is proposed to form a Board of Honor to adjust the matter in an amicable way.

The controversy began with an editorial in The Journal censuring The Constitution for criticising ex-Gov. Hoke Smith and his administration.

NEW YORK & NASHVILLE, TENN.
Through Sleeping Car Line.
Lv. New York daily, commencing Aug. 7th, 9:25 P. M., via P. R. R. & Southern Ry. "Memphis Special." Dining car service. N. Y. Office, 1,200 Broadway.—Adv.

BLACK HAND CLUES IN PETROSINO PLOT

Postal Inspectors Convinced That Gang Held in Ohio Was Concerned in It.

WANT AID FROM NEW YORK

Evidence Against Eighteen Ohioans Considered Complete—Heavy Sentences for Gang in Connecticut.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Postmaster General Hitchcock to-day received from Post Office Inspector J. F. Oldfield evidence on which it is believed that eighteen members of the Black Hand Society in Ohio can be sent to prison for long terms. Inspector Oldfield has been engaged for two months in tracing the operations of this daring band, whose activities extended to many cities, sometimes even as far as New York. He declares that he has established a connection with the great Black Hand Society in Sicily.

He is also firmly of the belief that two of the prisoners were concerned in the murder of Lieut. Joseph Petrosino of the New York Detective Bureau in Palermo on March 12 last. He has proof that Cologero Vicario and Antonio Marfesi were in Palermo at the time of the assassination. He declares also that money orders for $3,100, obtained by the band in Cincinnati, have been traced, and that the money was undoubtedly used to shield the slayers of Petrosino. He declares that if the New York police should co-operate with the Postal Inspectors it is possible that connection can be traced between the Society of the Banana and the band of "Black Handers" who are believed to have murdered the New York Police Lieutenant.

The Inspectors have wound around the alleged criminals in their keeping a strong net, and the dealings of the criminal society that they have brought to light read like a detective story of the most lurid sort. The case came within the cognizance of the department through the open and repeated mailing to Italy of large postal orders from Ohio. These orders first attracted the attention of the Inspectors and they set out to learn of the doings of the men who sent them.

According to the information brought before the department, the eighteen men arrested in Ohio in June were working under a chief who was appointed by the Mano Nera in Sicily, and put in charge of a large territory reaching as far west as Chicago, extending east ordinarily as far as Pittsburg, but on extraordinary occasions stretching its activities up to New York itself, though that city is believed to lie in another district.

The chief of this section, the members of which are shown to have demanded with threats not less than $200,000 in the last two years, is said to be Salvatore Arrigo, 67 years of age. This man is said to have kept a fruit stand in Washington many years ago and to have been arrested and convicted here on a charge of counterfeiting. He afterward served a term at Auburn, and on the expiration of his sentence was assigned to the Ohio district of the blackmailers.

The Ohio section of criminals is said to have worked with daring openness. Letters were sent to nearly every Italian of means living in Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and Chicago, and those who responded with payments were assessed again and again. Marion, Ohio, seems to have been their distributing point for the funds they collected. Within a few weeks following Petrosino's murder they are said to have sent back to Italy the $3,100 in Post Office money orders alone.

In one day they are said to have sent nineteen money orders from this Post Office, each of $100 and another on the same day for $80. The orders were addressed "Camilla Nunzleogi A. Lima, Trabia, Italy, Province of Palermo." This person is thought to be a relative of Salvatore Lima, a fruit dealer in Marion, who is thought to be a local leader of the organization.

Novel names are applied to the Black Hand Society in letters that have fallen into the possession of the Inspectors. They have some twenty-five demands mailed by the Black Handers to wealthy Italians and in other letters addressed by one Black Hander to another, while the Black Hand is rarely mentioned by name, that organization is frequently referred to as the "Society of the Banana," and references of a veiled sort were frequently made to a "Bunch of Bananas."

In spite of the daring displayed by the blackmailers in many instances, it was evident that great precaution had been taken to avoid detection. Some letters directed to Ohio merchants were carried as far west as Washington State for mailing in order to throw the Inspectors off the scent. One of the letters boasts of the wide power of the society. It was addressed to a wealthy Italian of Cincinnati, Ciali Amicone, and reads:

> Dearest Friend, Ciali Amicone, last week our band at Pittsburg, Penn., sent two of us to Columbus, Ohio, and put dynamite behind your door, and one behind the door of your brother John, accompanied by two letters, in which you were notified by our band to pay $10,000, which for your firm is only a hair of your head. If you refuse it is under the penalty of death for you and your children and all the family.
>
> Now we will show you the way. If you search for honorable persons, most honorable, giving them money, who will leave Columbus for Pittsburg. This person arrives in Pittsburg, Penn., and goes searching for persons, and while he is searching he will be found by us. There must be no more than two persons, and this must between the first and tenth of February, and if no one presents himself the eleventh he will return to Columbus and pay attention to our orders. Then in case you favor us, you can continue your affairs. You will be peaceful you can get out night and day and no one will molest you for by us you will be protected. In case you refuse, we will give you a taste of our daggers and our trusty carbines, which have never failed, and which cannot fail. We will kill you like a hog.
>
> We have decided by lot, and the two chosen must kill you even in the midst of a thousand police. We have killed Kings, Emperors, and Presidents. Consider this was in the midst of thousands and thousands of police. Consider yourself, worm of the earth. Two who will come are obliged to kill, even though they themselves must pay the death penalty. Woe unto you if you turn to the police. We are brigands escaped from Italy, and the police look like flies to us. Take account and discuss it in your family because no one under our hands can free himself. Read the newspapers and see what we have done in New York, Chicago, New Orleans, and Pittsburg.
>
> We advise you that we have dynamite—a double load—that will send your house up in the air and kill all who are within, and we will do the same to your brother. Understand that our band is in the whole world, and we hold all under our feet, especially the police. Woe if you refuse. We

Continued on Page 2.

In order to make sure of obtaining a copy of to-morrow's Times, notable features of which are advertised elsewhere, place your order with your newsdealer early to-day.

GAS OVERCOMES MANY FIREMEN

Chief Skelly and His Men All Met by Explosion in Hat Store Fire.

ONLY ONE TO A HOSPITAL

Lieut. Lang Succumbs Twice and Is Cut by Glass—Damage Confined to $5,000.

Thirteen firemen, including Battalion Chief Thomas F. Skelly, were overcome by escaping gas last night at 8:30 o'clock by a fire which burned out Sarnoff's hat store in the basement of the eleven-story building at 58 and 60 East Twenty-third Street. None of the firemen was seriously injured. The flames were confined to the hat store, and the damage will not exceed $5,000. The reserves of the East Twenty-second and the West Twentieth Street Police Stations were called to help keep the crowd in check, and the rain did effective service in this way also.

Seeing a light flaring in the back of the hat store Policeman Winters sent in one alarm. It brought out Engines 5, 4, 14, and 16, and Hook and Ladder 3. There was an explosion in the back of the store just as the firemen reached the building.

The firemen said later that it must have been the gas meter. The explosion opened a one-inch gas pipe.

The firemen smashed open the front door of the store. They were met by a quick outrush of the gas. They fell as fast as they entered the store. Other firemen, following close behind them, picked them up and brought them, unconscious, out on the sidewalk, where they were laid down in a row. The black smoke in the store was so thick that a searchlight was trained down to illuminate the interior.

An ambulance with Dr. McClure came from the New York Hospital and another with Dr. Mitchell came from Bellevue Hospital. The unconscious firemen were soon revived, most of them going back to work again. Lieut. Lang of Engine Company 16, after having been overcome once and revived, went back into the store, where he was cut by falling glass and overcome by the gas fumes a second time. He was sent to the New York Hospital. Frank Shaeffer of Engine 16, who was overcome by the gas and also slightly cut, was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

Frank McKenna of the same company was saved by his brother John, who is a driver for Battalion Chief Skelly. Noticing that a number of firemen had been brought out of the store unconscious, John McKenna went inside to see if his brother was safe. He stumbled across his prostrate form in a dark corner, and dragged him out.

The firemen overcome, besides Chief Skelly, Lang, McKenna, and Schaeffer, were Lieut. Frank Hackendorm of Truck 3, Michael Smith of Engine 4, Firemen Thomas Keenan, John Snyder, Walter Signer, Walter Hicks, and William Roach of Engine 16; Fireman Charles Spangenberg of Engine 5, and Fireman John Lynch of Engine 14.

TURKS GIVE GREEKS CHOICE.

Formal Declaration of Non-Interference in Crete—Or Diplomatic Break.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 6.—The Porte has sent a note to Greece demanding a formal declaration by that country of non-interference in Cretan affairs.

In the event of Greece refusing to accede to the demand Turkey will break off diplomatic relations with her.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The relations between Turkey and Greece are becoming serious, according to advices received by the State Department to-day from the American Legation in Athens. The trouble has arisen over the Macedonian and Cretan situations, and Greece is highly excited. The department, while not committing itself as to the entire report of the American Minister, acknowledged to-day that the situation had attained the dignity of a "serious strain."

No details as to the movement or mobilization of troops or war vessels was contained in the despatch, but its tenor was gloomy.

BEAT A SUBWAY GUARD.

Latter Has Two Disturbers Arrested for Attacking Him on a Train.

Two well-dressed Italians, who gave their names as Peter Rades of 521 East Thirteenth Street and Antonio Rades, his brother, who lives at 531 East Thirteenth Street, were locked up in the East Twenty-second Street Station last night on charges of assault and disorderly conduct made by Thomas R. Saxton of 446 West 125th Street, a Subway train guard.

According to Saxton the men became noisy on a southbound Subway train. He says they used bad language, much to the annoyance of women passengers, who complained.

Saxton says he was forced to order the men off the car at Fourteenth Street. One of the brothers, Antonio, Saxton says, grabbed him and held his arms pinioned to his sides, while the other pummeled him in the face. The men in the car made no effort to help him, he says. The car stopped soon after the attack commenced, and the men were arrested when the station was reached.

Flos Shade Roller Factory Burned.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 6.—The Flos shade roller factory here was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss estimated at $50,000, well insured. The fire is attributed to defective wiring. Two hundred hands will be thrown out of employment until the factory is rebuilt and equipped.

ANTARCTIC VOYAGE RUINED SHACKLETON

Officer Who Went Furthest South Saddled with Debt of $70,000 for the Expedition.

WILL LECTURE IN AMERICA

Proceeds of Tour and Book Will Go to Pay Debts—British Government's Parsimony Angers Public.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Lieutenant Shackleton, the Antarctic explorer, has accepted an invitation to deliver a series of lectures in the United States and Canada. The reception committee, which is being organized, includes the names of President Taft and Earl Grey, Governor General of the Dominion, with many principal personages of the United States and Canada.

Lieut. Shackleton will leave England early in March, 1910, and what is probably a record fee for the lecture platform is guaranteed. Taking this in conjunction with the sum accruing from his book, it would appear that the pecuniary result of his great enterprise would be the provision of a modest competency for life.

According to The Daily Express, however, the actuality of the condition has been hitherto unknown to the public, and its disclosure is likely to create a sensation in which indignation will mingle with amazement.

Not a penny of the proceeds of the book or of the lecturing tour will go into Shackleton's pocket. All is mortgaged in advance to pay off the costs of the expedition. When it was planned Lieut. Shackleton had at his back the financial assistance, among others, of a small group of Americans. At the period when he was absolutely pledged to the enterprise and had incurred considerable preliminary costs, there befell the financial crisis which brought ruin upon a wide circle of erstwhile wealthy men. Among them were the American backers of the new antarctic expedition.

In these dsheartening circumstances Shackleton approached a London bank and upon his personal guarantee and that of the members of his own and his wife's family raised a loan of £20,000 ($100,000) by which means his great achievement was accomplished. On his return from the Antarctic the Australian Legislature voted the sum of £5,000 ($25,000) as a contribution to the expenses of the expedition. New Zealand supplemented this by another £1,000 ($5,000), but the British Treasury declined to contribute to the fund and Shackleton was saddled with the responsibility for £14,000 ($70,000), which he is left to meet out of his own resources.

FOUND INSANE ON DESERT.

Cultured English Girl Who Lost Her Way Now in Asylum.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 6.—Deputy Sheriff Jack Marshall of Tonopah last night brought to the asylum here Helen Rope, a cultured English girl from Tonopah, suffering from insanity from the effects of exposure on the desert near Luning. Miss Rope speaks three languages fluently, is an accomplished musician, and well educated. It is thought that a few weeks' rest will restore her reason.

Miss Rope came to America with her brother, John Rope, from England a few months ago to help her brother seek his fortune in mining. About a week ago, during her brother's absence from their cabin, she went for a walk and lost her way. For four days the brother sought her on the parched desert. He was almost frantic when at last he found her nearly dead from thirst and exposure.

BOSTON NEAR DEBT LIMIT.

Can Borrow Only $346,146 More, Says the City Auditor.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—The gross funded debt of the City of Boston has increased $2,564,400 since Jan. 1, when Mayor Hibbard took office, according to the monthly exhibit of the City Auditor, made public to-day. The net funded debt has increased $1,784,362.55. The gross funded debt of the city on July 31 was $111,049,006. The net funded debt at the same time was $74,260,760.

At the beginning of the fiscal year, at the end of Mayor Fitzgerald's term, the city had the right to borrow $2,674,646.53, and this amount has been reduced through the issuance of loans for various improvements until at the present time the right of the city to borrow is limited to $346,146.53.

LIGHTNING SPARES BABY.

Ignites Bed Clothes in Its Crib, but Mother Puts Out Fire.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 6.—Lightning struck Charles Kitzmiller's home last night and ignited the bedclothing in the crib of a sleeping baby, who was not even awakened. The bolt descended by way of the chimney, traveled along the iron framework of the child's crib, and passed down a gaspipe to the cellar. Mrs. Kitzmiller found the infant still sleeping, with the fire creeping toward its feet.

WARRENTON, Va., Aug. 6.—In a severe electrical storm yesterday afternoon at Bealeton Andrew Jones and his wife were struck by lightning and instantly killed as they sat in their home.

Four Hurt as Car Jumps Track.

Four persons were slightly hurt last night when a Long Island Electric Company car jumped the rails at Fulton and Hudson Avenues, in Hollis, Queens. About twenty passengers were in the car, and the injured were those who rose as the car left the rails and were thrown out. The injured are William Mollinsky, 25 Allen Street, Manhattan, contusions of the spine and back; Catherine Denton of Hempstead, contusions of the right hip and leg; Mary Naalta of 110 Evergreen Avenue, Brooklyn, contusions of both shoulders; Juliaa Sonisch of 654 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, lacerations and shock.

NEW YORK AND NASHVILLE BY N. & W. RY.
The Memphis Special will hereafter, commencing to-day, carry through Pullman Sleeping Cars between N. Y. and Nashville, in addition to the Memphis Car. Leave N. Y. daily, Penn. R. R., 9:25 P. M. Arrive Nashville via N. C. & S. L. Ry. second morning. Address Norfolk & Western, 398 Broadway.—Adv.

MORE FOR ROCKEFELLER, JR.

Another $1,000,000 Worth of Cleveland Realty Transferred.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 6.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller to-day joined her husband in disposing of their Cleveland property. As in the previous transfers, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., had the conveyances recorded in his name.

The property transferred to-day is valued at more than $1,000,000, and consists of a large business block, the old Rockefeller home in Euclid Avenue, and other real estate in East Cleveland. The consideration in each transfer was $1.

MUSTACHE HARBORS GERMS.

Kiss Leaves Deposit of Bacilli on French Woman's Lips.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—The Parisian's affection for his mustache and beard will probably not be affected by it, but savants here have just made an effective demonstration against the malevolent propensity of the hair-adorned lip as a harbor to propagate disease.

A Parisienne allowed herself to be kissed by a clean-shaven and then by a bearded man. After each salute her mouth was stroked with a sterilized brush. The microbes thus collected were deposited in a test tube and allowed to incubate four days. It was shown that the clean-shaven man had deposited a small quantity of harmless particles. His rival's kiss had colonized the lady's lips with the bacilli of tuberculosis, diphtheria, pneumonia, and numerous other unpleasant microbes.

POSED AS F. W. VANDERBILT.

Englishman Expelled from Austria for Alleged Swindling Operations.

VIENNA, Aug. 6.—An Englishman posing as Frederick W. Vanderbilt of New York was expelled from Austria by the police to-day following alleged swindling operations involving local financiers and an Austrian Archduchess.

Because of the social position of several of his victims the man, whose real name is said to be Lackerstern, was not prosecuted.

SAVES HER HUSBAND FIRST.

Then Mr. and Mrs. O'Keefe Rescue Their Children from Drowning.

SPARTA, Wis., Aug. 6.—A woman's choice of saving her husband in preference to her son and daughter resulted in the saving of all three.

Mr. and Mrs. William O'Keefe and children were at the Lacrosse River. The son and daughter went in swimming while the parents remained on shore. The son and daughter got beyond their depth, and the parents went to their assistance, both being good swimmers.

O'Keefe was caught in some roots at the bottom of the river. The wife gave up her effort to save the children and extricated her husband. In a moment he was resuscitated, then both plunged back into the river, the father saving the son and the mother the girl.

PLAGUE IN CALIFORNIA.

A Case Discovered in Alameda—The First in a Year.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Aug. 6.—The first case of bubonic plague in California in a year was discovered yesterday in Alameda County by Federal and State officers.

The victim is Joseph Mendosa, 19 years old.

ALABAMA BECOMING DRIER.

Bill That Puts Liquor Out of Clubs Passes the Senate.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 6.—The drastic Carmichael Prohibition bill was passed by the Senate to-day, 28 to 2, and now awaits the signature of Alabama's Prohibition Governor to become a law. The bill forbids the sale of drinks containing more than one and a half per cent. of alcohol.

From all parts of the State come reports to-night that "near-beer" saloons as well as clubs wherein liquors have been dispensed to members under the locker system were dismantling, and the State is almost as "dry" as it can be.

Gov. Comer will probably sign the Carmichael bill on Monday.

AUTO TO RUN ON RAILS.

Chicago & Northwestern Official Will Use It for an Inspection Car.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—A motor inspection car, convertible into an automobile, has been built by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway for the use of one of its Division Superintendents.

The car has flanged steel wheels like an ordinary one for use on the rails. These may be replaced by pneumatic-tired wheels, and the steering wheel unlocked, so that the car may be used as an ordinary automobile.

It carries seven passengers, is driven by a 22 horse power engine, and, to a certain extent, will take the place of the Superintendent's private car.

MANN AHEAD IN VIRGINIA.

Probably Nominated for Governor by Democrats, Defeating Tucker.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 6.—With returns from the Democratic State primary still incomplete, indications to-night are that Judge William Hodges Mann of Nottoway, has been nominated for Governor over Harry St. George Tucker of Rockbridge, by a majority of from 3,000 to 5,000.

J. Taylor Ellyson, the present Lieutenant Governor, has been renominated without doubt, and Samuel Williams is the party's choice for Attorney General. Indications to-night point strongly to the defeat of G. W. Koiner, the incumbent, for Commissioner of Agriculture, by J. T. Brown.

TITLE TO INDIAN LAND GOOD.

Court Dismisses 30,000 Alienation Suits Brought by Government.

MUSKOGEE, Okla., Aug. 6.—Federal Judge Ralph E. Campbell sustained this afternoon the demurrers of defendants in 30,000 Indian land alienation suits brought by the Government.

The actions by the Government were ordered dismissed. The court held that the titles obtained from the Indians before the act removing restrictions went into effect are good.

For Loss of Appetite—Half a teaspoon Horsford's Acid Phosphate in half a glass water after meals, restores appetite, strength and vitality.—Adv.

TAFT ON HIS WAY TO SUMMER CAPITAL

President Leaves for Beverly, Where He Will Remain with Family Until Sept. 15.

TOUR OF WEST AND SOUTH

President Will Travel Sixty Days, Visiting Alaska Exposition and New Orleans—To Meet Diaz.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—President Taft left Washington this afternoon at 3:35 o'clock for Beverly, Mass., where he will remain with his family until Sept. 15, when he will start on a long tour of the West and South. His departure to-day was in marked contrast to the dramatic leave-takings of the capital that marked the exits of former President Roosevelt. There were no Rough Riders and no crowds. Instead, the first citizen left the capital with as little pomp as any other vacationist, save for the group of newspaper men who gathered around him and bade him farewell.

The President rode to the Union Station in the White House automobile, accompanied by Capt. Archibald Butt, his military aide, and Private Secretary Fred Carpenter. He sped down Pennsylvania Avenue practically unnoticed, and he appeared to be enjoying the fresh air after a lengthy reception of members of Congress, Cabinet members, and personal friends, who called to wish him a restful and beneficial vacation on the shores of Massachusetts.

The car whirled up to the station ten minutes before the train was scheduled to leave. Mr. Taft did not take advantage of the seclusion of the Presidential suite in the station, but went immediately to the car Olympia. He stopped at the steps to chat with a group of newspaper men, and he seemed like a big boy who had dropped his school books, and was looking forward to a Summer of real recreation. With the newspaper men was the United States Minister to Cuba, Edward B. Morgan, whom the President shook warmly by the hand.

A minute or so before the scheduled time for the train to start the President swung aboard, waving joyously to the small crowd that waved back. When the train started he threw up a window, and, thrusting his Panama hat out, swung it vigorously in farewell. On the car were, besides Capt. Butt and Secretary Carpenter, Assistant Secretary Foster and Mr. Taft's personal servant, a Filipino. The White House clerical force will leave on later trains, all of them being under instructions to report at Beverly on Monday.

The Federal Express, having attached to it President Taft's private car, the Olympia, arrived in Jersey City over the Pennsylvania line last night at 11:20 o'clock, which was twenty minutes behind its schedule time. The Secret Service men with the President's car said that the trip had been uneventful. Mr. Taft would not be disturbed.

The Olympia was put on a transport and transferred to the Mott Haven yard of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

TAFT'S TRIP OF 13,000 MILES.

Will Visit Alaska Exposition and Sail Down the Mississippi.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Before his departure, the President made public a tentative outline of his trip through the West and South this Fall. It will be a wide swing around practically the entire United States, embracing a journey approximating 13,000 miles—as long as the cruise of the battleship fleet from Hampton Roads, through the Straits of Magellan to San Francisco Bay. The trip will be one of the most notable ever made by a President. It will be as diverse as could well be imagined, and no "seeing-all-America" tour could be devised to embrace as many points of interest in so brief a space of time as President Taft will give to his jaunt to the Pacific Coast and back through the great States of the South.

The President, accompanied by Secretary Fred W. Carpenter, Capt. Archibald W. Butt, his military aid; several White House attachés, and perhaps a guest or two for various parts of the trip, will travel in a private car attached for the greater part of the time to regular trains, but running "special" every now and then to fill in engagements at the smaller towns along the route and in the more remote sections where trains are few and far between.

During his tour the President will traverse the Royal Gorge of the Rocky Mountains, will visit the Alaska-Yukon Exposition at Seattle, will spend three days in the famous Yosemite Valley, will stop off at the Grand Cañon of the Colorado and follow the trail down into the depths of that giant abyss; will greet the President of Mexico on the International Bridge over the Rio Grande at El Paso, on Oct. 16; will take a four days' sail down the Mississippi River, from St. Louis to New Orleans, with various stops en route, and will spend four days on the ranch of his brother, Charles P. Taft, near Corpus Christi, Texas.

Starting from the north coast of Massachusetts, the President goes direct west from Beverly. He will motor into Boston the morning of Sept. 15—his fifty-second birthday—and there board the car which practically will be a roving White House for two months. The President has accepted practically all the invitations that could be crowded into the sixty days set aside for the trip, and his acceptance book is closed.

The President's first stop will be at Chicago, where he will arrive shortly before noon on the morning of Sept. 16, and spend the afternoon and evening, leaving at 3 A. M., Friday, Sept. 17, for Madison, Wis. He will visit several cities in Minnesota, including Minneapolis, and will then go to Des Moines.

Denver, Col., will be reached the afternoon of Sept. 21, and the President will go almost direct from his train to the State Capitol for a reception to be tendered by State officials, by the Chamber of Commerce, civic organizations, &c. At 9 P. M. the President will make an address in the Denver auditorium, where Mr. Bryan last year was nominated for the Presidency. The President and his party will breakfast with Thomas F. Walsh at Wolhurst, near Denver, the morning of Wednesday, Sept. 22, and then return to the city for the Chamber of Commerce banquet at noon.

After a tour of Colorado, Idaho, and Montana the President will go to Seattle. He will spend two days, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1 "doing" the Alaska-Yukon Exposition, leaving Seattle late the evening of the second day and arriving at Portland, Ore., Oct. 2, at 7 A. M. Two days will be spent in Portland, the party leaving there 6 P. M., Sunday, Oct. 3, for a trip down the famous Shasta Route, through the Siskiyou Mountains, and in view of Mount Shasta, to San Francisco.

After spending the afternoon and evening of the 5th in San Francisco the President will leave early the morning of the 6th for the Yosemite Valley. He will spend the 7th, 8th, and 9th in the valley, and, coming out the morning of Sunday, Oct. 10, will proceed to Los Angeles, stopping for three hours at Fresno Sunday afternoon. The President will spend Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 11 and 12, in Los Angeles, visiting his sister.

He will arrive at the Grand Cañon the morning of Oct. 14 and will leave again that night for Albuquerque, New Mexico, where he will spend the evening of the 15th, reaching El Paso early the following morning for the meeting with President Diaz of Mexico. This meeting, it is said, may take place in the centre of the International Bridge, the chief executives of the two nations standing in their own territory and shaking hands across the border. It is said that a banquet also will be served on the bridge.

After a tour of Texas the President will reach St. Louis the morning of Oct. 25, and will leave at 4 P. M. on the steamer assigned to him by the Deep Waterways Association, which is to hold its convention in New Orleans upon the President's arrival there. Following the President's boat will be a spectacular flotilla of river craft. One of the trailing boats will be assigned to the thirty Governors of States who have accepted invitations to make the trip down the river and to attend the convention. Another boat will be assigned to a Congressional delegation of more than one hundred members.

From New Orleans the President will go to Jackson, Miss.; Birmingham, Ala.; Macon and Savannah, Ga., and Charleston and Columbia, S. C. The President will spend twelve hours in Richmond, Va., and will return to Washington the night of Nov. 10.

PREPARE FOR TAFT'S ARRIVAL.

Beverly in a Bustle Over President's Approach—Expected This Morning.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 6.—The bustle and stir resulting from the nearness of President Taft's arrival continued to-day. More furniture from Washington for the Executive Office arrived by rail, and workmen were active in transporting it to the Board of Trade Building, where the offices will be located.

The President's train is expected at 9 A. M. to-morrow at Montserrat, the station nearest Woodbury's Point and the Taft Summer residence.

Miss Helen Taft went to the Montserrat Golf Club to-day to play tennis with Miss Lucy Blair, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Blair of Chicago, Summer residents here. Robert was out on the Essex County Club links for golf, while Charlie was still at Gloucester.

SHERMAN RETURNS TO UTICA.

Thinks the New Tariff Law Will Be Acceptable to People.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 6.—James S. Sherman, Vice President of the United States, returned to his home in Utica at 10:50 to-night. He said he was extremely glad to get back, and expects to spend the entire Summer here. He brought back a big bag full of golf sticks. He will devote himself largely to the management of the Utica Trust and Deposit Company, of which he is President.

"After a long debate, in which considerable acrimony was displayed, the final result on the tariff measure was reached with apparent good feeling," said Mr. Sherman to-night. "This was largely due to the tact of President Taft, who accomplished wonders in harmonizing the opposing forces. The schedules as adopted reaffirm the protective principle. Wherever rates have been advanced, they apply to articles that may be classed as luxuries. On practically all other articles the tendency has been downward where changes have been made. Central New York industries are not disturbed to any appreciable extent. The new law as a whole will be acceptable, I think, and now that the tariff question has been definitely settled, I look for a renewed activity in all lines of business and a return to the general prosperity to which we have been accustomed."

WIFE BY ODD CEREMONY SUES.

Wed Before Friends Without a Clergyman, She Says—Asks Separation.

Alleging abandonment, that her husband had ceased loving her, and on the ground of being an "advanced Socialist" did not deem it necessary to support her, Mrs. Rose Hindes, who says she is the wife of Dr. Albert G. Hindes, a dentist, at 230 East Broadway, has brought action in the Supreme Court for a separation. The matter came up yesterday on the application by Mrs. Hindes, through counsel, for $25 a week alimony pending a trial of the action, which was denied by Justice Brady. Mrs. Hindes said her husband was making about $600 a month.

The Hindes couple were married in Jersey City in October, 1893, and separated in 1897. The courtship began in 1891, according to the wife's story, they having first met in Philadelphia, where Hindes was taking a course in dentistry. She alleges that at the time of the ceremony she had invited a number of her friends to be present, when he publicly declared he was a Free Thinker, Atheist, advanced Socialist, did not believe in God or a wedding ceremony, and held that the mere statement, before witnesses, made by a man and woman that they would take each other for husband and wife was perfectly binding.

Upon these conditions a "ceremony" was performed. She contends that he subsequently introduced her to his friends as his wife, and that he took out an insurance policy in the New York Life making her, as his wife, the beneficiary.

In his answer Dr. Hindes makes a denial of ever having married the plaintiff, and alleges that she was divorced by her first husband, Samuel Wolfson, in 1892, which decree prohibited her from marrying again during his life, and that Wolfson is still alive and living in this city. Hindes further alleges that she left him frequently, and on one occasion went to Europe, where she remained a year. Further than this he says she has been guilty of misconduct with Dr. Henry Schwartz, a dentist at 1,772 Madison Avenue, who filed an affidavit that Mrs. Hindes had once taken a trip to the Catskills with him.

BOY ORATOR ROBBED, HE SAYS

Ethan Allen Weinberg Declares Gang of Boys Held Him Up for 38 Cents.

George Street, 19 years old, of 386 Keap Street, Williamsburg, appeared at the Manhattan Avenue Police Court yesterday on complaint of Ethan Allen Weinberg, who had obtained a summons charging him with being one of a crowd of young men who assaulted and robbed him of 38 cents a week ago.

Weinberg said he lived at 71A Maujer Street, and that is an author, orator, and the youngest walking delegate of the National Woman's Suffragist Association. He was faultlessly dressed when he appeared before Magistrate O'Reilly, and said he conducted meetings in various parts of the city, not for money, but because of his respect for the opposite sex.

The complainant said he was on his way home from a Coney Island meeting a week ago, and when he reached South First and Rodney Streets he was set upon by a gang of young boys, who took his money. He learned later, he said, that Street was one of his assailants, and obtained the summons for his appearance in court.

Street denied Weinberg's allegations, and declared that he was not in the neighborhood where the boy orator was held up.

Magistrate O'Reilly issued a warrant for Street's arrest, and held him for further examination.

IT MATTERS NOT.

No matter what you lose, announce your loss through The New York Times without delay. The Lost and Found Registry Bureau is at your service, and The Times with its daily circulation exceeding one hundred and seventy-five thousand copies will give your advertisement the widest publicity. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

TILT OVER LETTERS MRS. SUTTON WROTE

Contain Serious Charges Against Officers and Will Be Read To-day in Closed Court.

UTLEY DOESN'T REMEMBER

Can't Recall That De Hart Asked Him About the Revolver or That He Saw the Sergeant.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Aug. 6.—The appearance on the witness stand to-day of Mrs. James N. Sutton, mother of Lieut. Sutton, whose death is being investigated by the naval board of inquiry here, was the signal for a heated controversy between the lawyers. This led to a prolonged conference of the members of the board behind closed doors and brought the day's proceedings to an abrupt ending.

Several witnesses had been disposed of during the day when Judge Advocate Leonard called Mrs. Sutton to the stand. Before proceeding with her examination Major Leonard offered for identification and to be read in evidence several letters which he said Mrs. Sutton had written containing serious charges against the officers of the Marine Corps who appeared as defendants.

"The United States has been put to a large expense in bringing witnesses here from all parts of the world," said Major Leonard, "and it becomes my painful duty to offer those letters in evidence in order to enlighten this court as fully as possible on all matters pertaining to this inquiry."

Henry E. Davis, counsel for Mrs. Sutton, made strenuous objection on the ground that Mrs. Sutton was not present to make any accusations, and that the letters in question were irrelevant to the inquiry and of a personal and incompetent nature as evidence.

"It is inconceivable that the Judge Advocate should attempt to force Mrs. Sutton into such a position before this board of inquiry," said Mr. Davis. "These letters are not offered to assist this court in finding out how Lieut. Sutton met his death. They have nothing to do with the precept.

"Unique and Cruel," Says Davis.

"That these letters, containing, perhaps, the extravagant statements of a mother with a stricken heart over the death of her son, should be read before a curious world, is indeed unique and cruel."

Mr. Davis characterized Major Leonard's proposition to introduce the letters as "preposterous" and entirely without the jurisdiction of this present board of inquiry and done in bad faith.

Mrs. Sutton broke down and buried her face in her handkerchief during Mr. Davis's remarks.

Major Leonard declared that Mr. Davis had misconstrued the Judge Advocate's position in the matter, and asked that the lawyer's remark implying bad faith on his part be stricken from the record.

Many Reputations at Stake.

"I would have Mr. Davis remember," he said, "that the hallowed grave of a dead son is no more sacred than the reputation of a living officer, and there are many such reputations at stake here. I think Mr. Davis owes it to himself and to the court to withdraw some of his remarks."

"I do not apprehend that I have said anything that should be withdrawn," said Mr. Davis.

The Judge Advocate said the court had the right to inquire upon what grounds Mrs. Sutton had made the statements in the letters.

Mr. Birney, counsel for Lieut. Adams, protested that Mrs. Sutton had consistently tried to avoid her true position in the proceedings, and urged that the letters be read in evidence. At this point Commander Hood, President of the board, ordered court closed, and went into conference with his associates on the board and the Judge Advocate.

Upon returning from an adjoining room, Commander Hood announced that the letters would be read in closed court to-morrow to the interested parties and their counsel. Then an adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

Lieut. Harold H. Utley of the Marine Corps was recalled at the morning session. Mr. Davis continued his cross-examination of the witness.

Major Leonard, the Judge Advocate, arose to make a statement before Mr. Utley began to testify.

"I want to go on record," said he, "that under the law and regulations I had to instruct Lieut. Utley of his rights as a defendant and that he did not have to answer questions which might tend to incriminate him. Some of the newspapers have said that I tried to stop the mouth of this witness, and I want this statement to appear here in justice to myself."

Mr. Davis questioned Utley closely about the incidents leading up to the shooting. He read from the testimony of the other officers at times in an effort to show that Utley's testimony of yesterday varied from that of the others.

Reading from the testimony of Lieuts. Willing and Bevan and Sergt. De Hart, Mr. Davis brought out many things which they testified that Lieut. Utley did and said on the night Sutton was shot, of which the witness had no present recollection.

"Did De Hart come to you after the shooting and tell you some one had handed him a revolver and he had thrown it away, as he testified?" asked Mr. Davis.

"I do not remember any such conversation," Lieut. Utley replied.

"Didn't De Hart ask you the next morning to tell him who had handed him the revolver, and you said that you didn't?" asked Mr. Davis.

Utley Didn't See De Hart.

"No, I don't recall any conversation like that."

Lieut. Utley could not remember that he had seen De Hart on the scene of the shooting and ordered him to report to the barracks, and afterward go for the hospital surgeon, as De Hart had testified. Mr. Davis had the witness stand up and illustrate the position and the motions he made in the struggle with Sutton on the ground just before Sutton was shot. Mr. Davis read from Utley's testimony at the inquest following Sutton's death.

"You said then," said Mr. Davis, "that you saw some one wrench a revolver from Sutton's hand, heard some one say, 'Get the other gun,' and in your effort to do so you went toward Sutton's feet and then turned and saw the flash. Now you say that you were kneeling on Sutton's left shoulder and feeling under his chest for his hand when you saw him raise his arm and fire the shot that killed him. Which is right?"

Lieut. Utley said he was testifying from his best recollection at the inquest, and was doing so now.

Commander Hood, President of the board, asked the witness which was correct according to his present recollection.

"As I recollect now, I was feeling for the gun when the flash came," replied Lieut. Utley.

Both Commander Hood and Mr. Davis dwelt on this point for some time.

Referring to the revolver which disappeared on the night of the shooting and of which all the witnesses so far have disclaimed any knowledge, Mr. Davis asked the witness if he knew who had taken it. Utley said he did not, and that the next time he saw it was when he made an inventory of Sutton's effects just before the inquest. This was the small revolver and not the large service revolver.

"That was the revolver which was the dumb witness of Sutton's death, wasn't it?" asked Mr. Davis.

"Yes, Sir, I believe so," responded Utley.

"Unless some one afterward placed it in the holster," added Mr. Davis.

Didn't Touch Sutton's Hand.

Mr. Davis finished his cross-examination. Major Leonard asked the witness if he was positive that no other hand intervened except Sutton's to fire the shot which killed Sutton.

"I know I didn't touch his hand, and no one else did, as I recollect it," replied Lieut. Utley.

Before the incident of the letters of Mrs. Sutton and during the afternoon session Surgeon F. C. Cook of the battleship North Carolina took the stand. Dr. Cook was the medical officer on the former Board of Inquiry which investigated Lieut. Sutton's death and pronounced him a suicide. The witness testified that he performed an autopsy on Lieut. Sutton's body and traced the course of the bullet wound in his head. It entered near the top and rear and passed downward through the brain. There were no traces of other injuries except a few minor bruises about the face, and no bones were fractured.

"Doctor, in your opinion could that wound have been self-inflicted if a man were lying on the ground face downward, holding a 38-calibre service revolver in his hand?" asked Major Leonard.

"It is possible," the witness replied.

Pulls Trigger with Thumb.

Questioned further Dr. Cook said it would have been very difficult for Sutton to have shot himself under the circumstances and that it would have been necessary for him to twist his hand and pull the trigger with his thumb.

Dr. Cook took a service revolver and was unable to hold it in a natural position so that it would inflict a wound such as Sutton's. Holding it with the barrel upside down and pulling the trigger with his thumb or forefinger, he showed how he believed the wound might have been self-inflicted.

POLICEMAN STOPS RUNAWAY.

Checks Frightened Horse as It Was Dashing Among Subway Crowd.

Policeman Weinstein of the East Twenty-second Street Station stopped a runaway horse, attached to a delivery wagon belonging to Hearn, the dry goods merchant, last night at the corner of Fourth Avenue and Fourteenth Street as the horse was dashing toward a crowd of men and women crossing the avenue.

The horse started to run at the corner of Twenty-sixth Street and Fourth Avenue. The driver, John Brown, was thrown out of the wagon, and, dashing on, the horse at Eighteenth Street crashed into a lot of pushcarts, and several people crossing at Eighteenth Street to the Subway station narrowly escaped being run down.

The horse continued down the avenue and swung into the open space at Sixteenth Street, where Policeman Weinstein stood. The animal made straight for the policeman, who caught the bridle, and after being dragged several yards, succeeded in stopping the horse.

ANGRY MOB AT STREET RAID.

Police Called to Protect Men Sent to Demolish a Woman's Stand.

Inspector John Kennedy of the Bureau of Incumbrances, and three of his assistants tried to demolish a fruit stand of Mrs. Henry Schulsky, at the northeast corner of Broadway and Thirty-seventh Street yesterday afternoon, because, according to the Inspector, it took up a space of 5 by 15 feet instead of 4 by 6 feet as permitted by her lease.

While Kennedy and his assistants, armed with axes, crowbars, and hatchets, were trying to demolish the stand, Mrs. Schulsky rushed frantically up and down in front of it, tearing her hair, and crying that they might kill her, but had no right to tear down her stand.

Her cries attracted a crowd that soon swelled to more than 1,000 persons, most of whom began to jeer the Inspector and his men. The jeers finally changed to threats, and the appearance of the crowd grew so hostile that Kennedy was compelled to telephone for the reserves from the West Thirtieth Street Police Station.

Surrounded by half a dozen of these, Kennedy and his men finally succeeded in demolishing the stand.

RIOT AT A BASEBALL GAME.

Players and Spectators in General Fight Until Police Arrive.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 6.—A riot, during a double header to-day between the Knoxville and Columbia teams of the South Atlantic League, was quelled by the police after revolvers had been flashed and clubs drawn.

Columbia forfeited the first game in the fifth inning with the score a tie, 2 to 2, because the umpire refused to allow the protest that a batsman was interfering with the catcher.

Just as the umpire, Van Syckle, had announced the second game, Fisher of the visiting team made some remark to him. The latter retorted in kind and Van Syckle and Fisher clinched. Several blows were exchanged. Manager Granville of the Columbia team ran upon the field, but was met by a spectator, and another fight was on. Most of the players took a hand, the bleachers overflowed, and a general fight prevailed for several minutes. Officers flashed guns and drew clubs, and after considerable difficulty succeeded in restoring order and the game proceeded.

TAILORS WON'T ARBITRATE.

Strikers Decline Services of State Board of Arbitration.

An offer of the services of the State Board of Arbitration was made yesterday to the leaders of the striking coat tailors with a view to bringing about a settlement with the contractors, but was respectfully declined on the ground that there was no association of contractors, each of the 600 contractors against whom the strike is ordered being in competition with the other contractors, and on the further ground that the strikers had made certain demands and would in any case stand out for them. It became evident yesterday that the strike was expected by most of the contractors.

About forty contractors, employing about 2,000 tailors, made settlements yesterday. To-day, though Saturday is the Sabbath on the east side, is expected to be a big day in making settlements. Some of the contractors were prepared to grant the demands at first, but preferred to let their tailors strike for them.

ALIENS A MENACE TO LABOR.

So Says Committee of C. F. U. in Report on Immigration.

The Committee on Immigration of the Central Federated Union, which has for several months been conferring with Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Immigration Commissioner Williams and others with a view to agitating for more rigid rules for the admission of aliens, brought in its report last night at the first meeting of the central body in its new headquarters at Bohemian National Hall.

The report stated that immigrants were coming here in such large numbers that they were becoming a menace to American workers. It recommends that the crews of freight vessels be rigidly inspected to see that none should slip in illegally as immigrants.

Another recommendation was to the effect that the State Branches of the American Federation of Labor be requested to take up the immigration problem.

Girl Immigrant Held for Vagrancy.

Mary B. Walsh, a sixteen-year-old Irish girl, who said she had been an inmate of an orphan asylum in Kilkenny, Ireland, and came here after passage money had been given her by people there, was charged with vagrancy in the Myrtle Avenue Court, Brooklyn, yesterday. At Ellis Island, she said, she was met by a strange man, who represented that he was a relative, and he took charge of her. He soon disappeared. Mary said she had been wandering aimlessly about for several hours when picked up by the policeman. Magistrate O'Reilly expressed the opinion that she should be deported, and ordered an investigation.

RUDOLPH BAISELEY SHOOTS HIS NEPHEW

President of Philadelphia Iron Works Badly Wounds Edward Baiseley in Family Quarrel.

A PLEA OF SELF-DEFENSE

Son of Assailant Says Baiseley Attacked His Father—Victim's Wife Declares Uncle Threatened Him.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—Edward D. Baiseley, son of John H. Baiseley, Common Councilman of the Thirty-ninth Ward, was shot and badly wounded this morning by his uncle, Rudolph R. Baiseley, in the John Baiseley Iron Works, 514 South Delaware Avenue, following a family quarrel which began several years ago. Rudolph Baiseley, who did the shooting, is President of the firm, and John Baiseley, father of the wounded man, is general manager of the iron works and Second Vice President of the American Bank.

The wounded man was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital, where it was found that the bullet had penetrated his left side above the hip and taken an upward course.

Rudolph Baiseley was arrested in his office shortly after the shooting, and is being held without bail in the Third and Delancey Street Station. Conflicting stories of the cause of the tragedy are told by the opposite sides of the family.

The younger Baiseley, who is 33 years old, has been in the employ of the Atlantic Refining Company, at Point Breeze, for more than a year. He left his family at the usual time yesterday morning, apparently to go to work.

Hearing the report of a revolver in the President's office shortly after 10 o'clock, employes of the works rushed into the room and found Baiseley lying on the floor bleeding from a wound in his side. His uncle was standing near by. A revolver lay on the floor between the two.

Edward Baiseley was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital and his wife came at once to his side.

Following the shooting the iron manager, whose home is at 2247 North Broad Street, made no attempt to escape. When officers came to arrest him he was found in his office.

John H. Baiseley, Jr., a son of Rudolph Baiseley, said that Edward came to the offices of the firm shortly before 10 o'clock and asked him personally for money.

"On being refused," said the son of the prisoner, "he made ugly threats and attempted to strike me. My father took my part and was driven into a corner. He was able to reach his desk, and he drew from it a revolver with which he did the shooting in self-defense."

Mrs. Edward Baiseley, when seen at her home this evening, said:

"My husband told me that he went to the foreman of his father's works to ask for work, and was talking to the foreman when his uncle came into the shop and ordered him out.

"'Get out of here,' he said, and then the fight started.

"My husband had learned his trade in the shop, and had worked there all his life until a little more than a year ago. He had had continual trouble with the uncle, and he left them to take a situation with the Atlantic Refining Company at Point Breeze. He doesn't make much there; not enough to keep a family, and he knew they were taking on men at the works where he used to be. He said any one could get work there except him, and that was because of his uncle's dislike.

"When he left the shop a year ago he told me that his uncle had told him that if he ever came back he would blow his head off. He told me that his uncle said he would get a gun for him."

LADS RUN AWAY ON VACATION.

Parents Set the Police to Hunt for Them, but They Turn Up All Right.

The families of 11-year-old Julius Adelsohn, 871 First Avenue, and Joseph Koensburg, 13 years old, of 867 First Avenue, were much alarmed yesterday at nightfall when the two boys, who had disappeared early the day before, did not come home. The two fathers went around to the East Fifty-first Street Station and had an alarm sent out. They had kidnapping and drowning particularly in mind.

An hour later some bigger boy, who had heard of the disappearance, brought Julius home by the coat collar. He said that he had found him with Joseph selling papers at the Grand Central, but that Joseph was too big to bring along, too. Joseph's father said he guessed he'd be along when he got "more hungry than scared."

Julius's story was that he and Joseph wanted a little "vacation," so they sold as many papers as possible on Thursday morning and then set out for Staten Island. Julius had heard of a newsboys' camp at Midland Beach. They got there, were given supper and a place to sleep. Next day their consciences bothered them. They started for home, and a woman paid their way. When they got as near as Forty-second Street they began to think what their fathers might do to them, and postponed the homecoming. But Julius, when he did arrive, got to bed before his father heard of it and refused to wake up.

INDEPENDENCE TICKET AGAIN.

League's County Committee Decides to Enter Municipal Election.

The County Committee of the Independence League met last night at Arlington Hall in St. Mark's Place and decided to hold a city convention this Fall to place a municipal ticket in the field. This does not necessarily mean that the league will launch an entirely independent ticket, the indorsement of the candidates of other parties being possible at the convention. It was decided to base the representation in the convention on one delegate for every 100 votes cast in each Assembly district for the league's candidate for Governor at the last general election.

The Reorganization Committee reported that an organization has been established in each Assembly district in the city, and asked to be discharged. Representatives of the Eighteenth and Twenty-second Districts declared that the organizations there are not complete. After some discussion the report was accepted and the committee retained.

There was a long and heated discussion over a resolution welcoming back to the ranks of the league all those who have deserted it in the past for one reason or another. The resolution was adopted after the committee was assured by Cairman Gehring that the local organizations would still have the power of passing upon the men they should admit.

Police Bribing Case Put Over.

At the request of counsel for Mounted Policeman Claude B. Card of the Fort Hamilton Precinct, Brooklyn, who was arrested on Thursday, charged with taking a bribe of $20 for withdrawing a charge of trying to escape arrest against Daniel J. Withers, colored, a chauffeur, of West Ninety-ninth Street, Manhattan, Magistrate Dooley, in the Adams Street Court yesterday adjourned the examination of the accused policeman until Aug. 20.

$75,000 Fire in Belfast, N. Y.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 6.—A seventy-five-thousand-dollar fire almost destroyed Belfast, Allegany County, to-day. It started in W. J. Robins's restaurant, and destroyed six stores before it was extinguished.

Used motor cars in endless variety will be advertised in the Automobile Exchange in The Sunday Times to-morrow.—Adv.

MAY RAISE REGISTRY FEE.

Post Office Tax of Eight Cents Leaves System with Deficit.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Surprised at reports that the registry system of the Post Office Department has not proved profitable, Postmaster General Hitchcock has taken prompt action with a view of making the system self-supporting. He has appointed a special committee to investigate the whole subject and recommend methods by which the revenues of the registry system may be increased and its cost of operating reduced without impairing its safety.

The committee will co-operate with the committee on standardization of forms appointed in April, 1908, and report what progress is being made to the third Assistant Postmaster General.

The committe consists of Charles H. McBride, Assistant Superintendent Railway Mail Service, New York; George L. Wood, Assistant Superintendent Division of Salaries and Allowances, office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, and Henry D. Temple, Assistant Superintendent, Division of Registered Mails, office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General. A slight increase in the present registry fee of 8 cents would hardly be resisted if it became necessary to thus remove the deficit. The Postmaster General is authorized by law to make the registry fee as high as 20 cents, but it is not probable that it will be increased to more than 10 cents to raise the rate.

TRIES TO KILL SWEETHEART.

Waiter Excites Hotel by Trying to Shoot, Then Stab Maid.

Fifty guests at Krause's Hotel, on the Boulevard at Rockaway Beach, were thrown into a panic twice yesterday afternoon and evening when one of the hotel's waiters tried to kill a chambermaid, the first time with a pistol, the second time with a carving knife.

The waiter, Benjamin Bandow, and the maid, Rose Towsker, both of whom are 20 years old, have been working in the hotel for about a year and have become sweethearts; but, according to the other servants, for the last six weeks they have not been on speaking terms. After the last guest had left the waiter's row of tables yesterday at lunch time Bandow went to his room, at 430 Boulevard, got a revolver out of his trunk, found Rose on the second floor of the hotel, and aimed the revolver at her.

Charles E. Matte was coming out of his room at the moment, and disarmed the waiter after a fight, which began at one end of the hall and finished at the other. Bandow was merely discharged by the manager, who disliked the notoriety of having the police called in.

The waiter returned to the hotel about 9 o'clock last night, and, finding a carving knife in the kitchen, slipped up the back stairs with it. Finding the waitress on the second floor he attacked her again. George Wallace, a local dry goods storekeeper and several other men ran upstairs from the office, and disarmed Bandow a second time. He was locked up at the Rockaway Beach Station, and will be arraigned in the court this morning, charged with attempted homicide.

CARRIES SON OFF IN AN AUTO.

Father Gets Away and Wife Asks in Vain for Warrant for Kidnapping.

After being carried off twice in the last six weeks, 4-year-old William McGreevey, the possession of whom has for the last year been a matter of contention between his mother and father, is back at the latter's home, in Stamford, Conn.

McGreevey, who is a chauffeur, separated from his wife, Margaret, a year ago, retaining the 4-year-old boy at his Stamford residence. Mrs. McGreevey, who since the separation has been living at 244 West Thirty-fourth Street, went to Stamford six weeks ago, and during her husband's absence coaxed the boy out of the house and brought him to her home here.

Last Thursday was Willie's birthday, and his mother and an aunt took him up to Fort George for an evening's outing. While the trio were waiting for a trolley car outside Palisade Park, on their way home, the boy's father drove up in an automobile, snatched Willie up, and disappeared in a cloud of dust. Mrs. McGreevey wanted the police to arrest her husband on a charge of kidnapping, but they told her that to get possession of the boy she would have to apply to a civil court.

BLACK HAND CLUES IN PETROSINO PLOT

Continued from Page 1.

have you registered in our register that you must pay the money or your head must be brought to Pittsburg, Penn. For the person who joins our band shall have killed ten men before. Don't get a crazy notion in your head, for you have to deal with men who will eat you raw. Either money or your life.

THE HUMAN BUTCHERS.

The department is preparing to press the case as soon as possible. It is believed that the Postal Inspectors have collected sufficient evidence to convict of conspiracy in the first instance and of misusing the mails the eighteen Sicilians arrested. The cases will come up at the next term of the Federal Court.

PRISON FOR BLACK HAND GANG.

Connecticut Leader Gets 28 Years and Others Varying Terms.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 6.—Vincenzo Sabatassae, leader of a Black Hand gang which has terrorized portions of Connecticut for the last three years, was to-day sentenced to twenty-eight years in State prison by Judge Williams, in the Superior Court. Judge Williams stated before sentence was pronounced that Sabatassae was the worst criminal with whom he ever came in contact. His companions received sentences ranging from three to twenty-five years. They were found guilty of a conspiracy to rob an Italian in Wallingford.

One-fifth of the population of New Haven is Italian, and practically the whole Italian section has been afraid of Sabatassae for two years, since the latter came out of Sing Sing. He spent five years there for burglary under the name of Giuseppe Rosi. Back in Italy he had been convicted of murder, but had escaped to America.

After Sabatassae came to New Haven Black Hand work in New Haven County was put on a systematic basis. Now that Sabatassae has been sentenced to a term which will last probably for the rest of his life, leading Italian bankers and real estate men admit that they paid tribute to him.

A farm just outside the city was alleged to be the gang's headquarters in the country. Libero, who had a barber's shop in town, against whom the evidence was not strong, was sentenced to three years on the charge of assault with intent to steal.

The capture of the men came about through a dream of Mrs. Etta Cocavalu, who lived at the Molloy farm after the death of her husband, who had run the farm. She dreamed she saw Frank Guido, Sabatassae, and other Italians murder and rob a Wallingford man. She asked Guido about it, and he admited the robbery. She told Detective Ward of this. Evidence was secured, and the Wallingford man was found bound but alive.

If you want employment, read the Help Wanted, on Page 13.

The Garfield National Bank
Announces its
REMOVAL
from 6th Avenue and 23rd Street to the
FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING
(5th Avenue, Broadway and 23rd Street)
Inspection is invited of its conveniently located and commodious new banking room which is fully equipped with every facility to insure perfect banking service.

NEW TARIFF RATES NOT YET ENFORCED

Continued from Page 1.

law, and the only visible evidences that there had been a change was the disposition on the part of the few fortunate ones who had obtained copies of the new law to spend all the time they could studying the law and guarding their law book. The scarcity of copies of the new law caused some trouble, and the few that arrived from Washington had to be distributed by the Collector to "go far."

Under the regulations the brokers enter their consular invoices and their bills of lading and pay the duty as it is estimated by the assessors. This is only the first step, for the entries pass along until finally they reach the liquidating clerk. He goes over each entry carefully and assesses the duty. This assessment is the final one, and if the amount of duty paid on entry is excessive the importer gets a rebate. If the first duty is too small the importer must pay the difference.

There was no trouble yesterday in the entry division for acting under orders from the Secretary of the Treasury. The first assessments are made as before—under the tariff act of July 24, 1897. When yesterday's entries got to the liquidating division they will be finally revised, and the additional payments or the rebates will be made under the new tariff act. Yesterday the amount of duty paid was $380,223.73. The corrected figures for Thursday, the last day under the old schedule, give the total receipts as $1,124,000. This sum was the result of the final spurt on the part of importers to enter their goods in bonded warehouses.

The protest which the Association of Custom House Brokers, through President Rafferty, is to make over the payment of the advanced duties on the cargo of the Hamburg-American Line steamship Pennsylvania is not taken seriously by the officials here. As told in yesterday's TIMES, the brokers declare that as the vessel arrived within the three-mile limit before midnight, when the law became operative, she was officially landed, and the closing of the Custom House at the regular hour, 4:30 P. M., was unjust, as it prevented the clearing of the vessel by her skipper in time, and they were therefore unable to file their invoices. They declare that they have the legal right to immunity under the old tariff on steamer cargo.

The customs officials say that just such a condition is provided for in the new law, and that the importers and their brokers will have no legal standing upon which to fight their case in court. Section 29 of the new law, they say, is the final word in the case that has arisen here through the prompt closing of the customs office. This section provides: "That on and after the day when this act shall go into effect all goods, wares, and merchandise not previously imported, for which no entry has been made * * * shall be subject to the duties imposed by this act."

They point out that aside from the consideration as to whether the vessel was in the three-mile limit when the law became operative, no entry of her cargo had been made and therefore legally she must come under the new act, and the merchandise she carries be assessed accordingly.

Acting under special instructions Collector Loeb has ordered hides to be delivered free, as provided for in the new tariff law. This is the only article, however, that is being excluded from the old provisions pending further official notice from Washington.

The first steamship to enter under the new regulations and land her passengers was the Pennsylvania. A few copies of the new law were furnished to the Appraisers and to Deputy Collectors Sprague and Plough, the entry clerks on the steamship piers. These men correct the passenger declarations and figure out the duty to be paid before the incoming passenger goes before the cashier.

There is no change in operations under the new law in the passing of passenger baggage. The maximum amount of goods that each person can bring in duty free remains the same. Cigars from the Philippines can be brought in free. The only real change is in the assessing of a higher duty on certain goods, and this is only a matter of figuring by the entry clerk, and does not change conditions as they existed before the new law went into effect. The Pennsylvania brought only a few cabin passengers, and the total amount of duty collected on the pier amounted to only $228.23.

The Collector said yesterday that he believed there would be no confusion over the enforcement of the new tariff schedule, for by the time the assessments made in entry yesterday reach the liquidating department for the final assessment the department men would have become letter perfect in the law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—It was said at the Treasury Department to-day that a protest in the case of the steamer Pennsylvania would not be unique. Several of such protests are anticipated, in view of the late arrival of vessels from European ports, which were not permitted to enter their cargoes before the Payne law went into effect last midnight.

In the view of Treasury officials, Collector Loeb, in declining to permit the Pennsylvania to enter her cargo last night, was acting entirely within reasonable rights. The regulations of Collectors of Customs provide that the customs office shall be kept open for such hours as may be necessary to transact the public business. This is assumed to mean that the hours shall be reasonable business hour.

In times past cases similar to that of the Pennsylvania have arisen. In one instance a suit was brought because a steamer was not allowed to enter her cargo on Sunday, when the new tariff law went into effect on Monday. It was held by the courts that the Collector of Customs was justified in not keeping his office open on Sunday for the transaction of business—that is, for the entering of foreign goods for public consumption.

Assistant Secretary Reynolds said to-day that the case of the Pennsylvania did not differ in principle from other cases which had been decided by the courts in favor of the Government.

When the attention of Assistant Secretary Reynolds was directed to the charge of President Rafferty of the New York Custom House Brokers' Association, that while the Custom House in New York was closed against the steamer Pennsylvania, the steamer Buffalo, with a rich cargo, was entered at the Port of Boston at 8:45 o'clock last night, he said that no action would be taken in the matter, as the Collector of a port is the judge in any case, the exigencies of which may require late office hours.

HOUSE DEMOCRATS UNITED.

Champ Clark Praises Their Course in Connection with Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—In reply to what he terms "the misrepresentation of Democrats in the papers," Champ Clark, leader of the minority in the House of Representatives, to-day gave out the following statement regarding the course of the Democratic members of the House in connection with the consideration of the Payne Tariff bill:

"The old saying that habit is second nature was never more strikingly illustrated than by the fact that many newspapers—generally Republican or near-Republican—and more individuals keep mouthing about the dissensions among House Democrats and the perfect unity among House Republicans, notwithstanding the truth, known of all men who care to know it, that the House Democrats came out of the tariff fight more thoroughly united on that question than they have been in a generation, and the Republicans came out of it worse shattered than ever before.

"Some papers, either through carelessness or malice, have gone so far as to say that had the Democrats not been absent in large numbers unpaired we would have defeated the conference report on the Tariff bill. There isn't a syllable of truth in it, and to so charge is either unadulterated malice or criminal negligence.

"The full Democratic attendance was largely due to the fidelity, vigilance, and industry of the Democratic whip, Thomas M. Bell, and to his two assistants, John N. Garner and William Hughes. They did all that mortal men could do to have every Democrat present.

"Many newspapers are trying to make it appear that the Payne-Aldrich-Smoot bill is a revision downward. That is absolutely untrue. The average of rates of the Payne-Aldrich-Smoot bill is about 2 per cent. higher than the average rate of the Dingley bill. When the maximum goes into effect March 31, 1910, the average rate will be about 27 per cent. higher than the average of the Dingley bill."

CUSTOMS RUSH IN BOSTON.

The Brokers Hustled Foreign Goods Through Before Law Took Effect.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 6.—With the new tariff in effect, Boston merchants to-day began to take out of bond millions of dollars' worth of goods, and Collector Lyman says that the August business of the port will be a record breaker. Merchandise that has been kept in bond ever since the tariff agitation began, and which is not affected by the change, is being taken out upon the payment of the duties and interest.

Not for twenty years, it is said, has there been such activity at the Custom House as there was yesterday and last night between the hours of 7:30 and 9 P. M., when a scramble was in progress to get foreign goods, which would have to pay higher duties under the Payne bill, entered before the new traiff law took effect. Steamers at sea received hurry-up orders by wireless during the day, and as fast as they arrived their papers were hurried to the Custom House, where frantic brokers were waiting to get things "hustled through."

Collector Lyman is unable to figure out the result of the rush, but it is estimated that the business in August has passed the million mark. Three big liquor dealers appeared late yesterday and took out of bond champagnes and whiskies upon which they paid a total of $26,000 duty.

Of the four ships that raced across the ocean and got to port before the tariff changed, the steamer Buffalo of the Wilson Line, the last one in, had the closest call. The Buffalo left Hull, England, July 22, and was only twelve hours out when her engines broke down. The Buffalo was held up in Grimsby Roads for repairs, and lost two days before she could get under way.

The Leyland Line ships, Caledonian from Manchester and the Cambrian from London, got in about 5 o'clock, with cargoes which escaped the higher duties.

The Custom House was kept open until 9 o'clock, and then no other vessels being sighted, it was closed. The receipts between 4:30 and 9:30 P. M. were $25,272.43.

GERMANY DISLIKES TARIFF.

Schedules Telegraphed in Full—No Retaliation Yet Planned.

BERLIN, Aug. 6.—The State Department at Washington has notified the German Foreign Office of the termination of the German-American tariff agreement within six months and ten days from yesterday, the ten days being added to the stipulated six months in order to provide an interval for the signature of President Taft.

All of the schedules of the bill have been telegraphed in full to the Frankfort Zeitung, and comprehensive extracts have been published by other journals. The act is not liked in Germany. It is regarded as hurtful to German trade with the United States, but there does not appear to be any intention of organizing a counter-stroke; the measure will be endured and Germany will make the best of the situation.

EXPECTS NO TARIFF WAR.

Ambassador Jusserand Thinks France Will Escape Maximum Tariff Rates.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador at Washington, has arrived here from New York. Before leaving Paris for his country seat, in the Department of the Loire, where he will spend his vacation, he will confer with the Government on the situation created by the passage of the American Tariff bill and the forthcoming negotiations entailed by the maximum and minimum clauses. In an interview to-day the Ambassador expressed the firm conviction that these negotiations would be successful and that the maximum rates would not be applied to French imports. "Any other solution, involving, as it would, the proclamation of a tariff war, would be monstrous," M. Jusserand declared.

Continuing the conversation, the Ambassador said he was deeply touched at the evidences of American friendship for France which he had found throughout the United States, especially at the celebrations at San Francisco and Lake Champlain. M. Jusserand will return to Washington in October.

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Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts.
Acts as custodian of personal property and manager of real property.
Letters of Credit. Foreign Money and Travelers' Checks. Vault Boxes for Customers' use.

SAY BEEF TRUST OPPRESSES THEM

Butchers' Dressed Meat Company Stockholders Bring Suit for $1,500,000.

MAY EXAMINE TRUST HEADS

Government Retains Special Counsel to Represent State's Interest in Litigation.

A complaint was made public for the first time yesterday which was filed several days ago in the United States Circuit Court by Hays, Hirschfield & Wolf, counsel for certain minority stockholders of the New York Butchers' Dressed Meat Company, against that corporation, together with Frederick Joseph, Moses Joseph, Leo Joseph, the National Packing Company, Swift & Co., Morris & Co., and Armour & Co., alleging a conspiracy in restraint of trade in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. Triple damages amounting to $1,500,000 are claimed by the plaintiffs pursuant to the terms of the Sherman act.

The individual plaintiffs are August F. Grimm, Jacob Schaeffer, Peter Schmidt, Louis E. Beckman, and Julius Dietz. They sue on behalf of themselves and all other stockholders of the Butchers' Dressed Meat Company not in the alleged conspiracy for the purpose of breaking the grip which, according to the complaint, the trust has exercised upon their company since 1907. Attorney General O'Malley has interested himself in the case to the extent of retaining special counsel to represent the State's interest in the matter, and it is expected that the attorneys for the plaintiffs will seek the examination of such of the trust magnates here or in Chicago as it may be possible to get service upon.

The complaint recites that the New York Butchers' Dressed Beef Company was organized in 1902 at a time when the beef trust had forced up prices to the highest point on record, as a protest on behalf of New York dealers in dressed meat against these methods, and that until 1907 it was in active and open competition here and in other States with the trust and its various allied concerns. In the latter year, according to the complaint, the representatives of the trust secretly bought a majority of the stock of the Butchers' Dressed Meat Company, proceeded to take control of its Board of Directors, and then, in violation of the Sherman act, operated it in the interest of the trust.

The beef trust, it is charged, has prevented the Butchers' Dressed Meat Company from buying its cattle in the West, bringing them on here for slaughter, and then disposing of their products in the markets of the nation and the world. The trust is accused of having artificially controlled the price of meat and meat products, with curtailing the supply, and with limiting the business of the New York Butchers' Dressed Meat Company to a certain restricted amount of the trade.

Pursuant to the same conspiracy, according to the complaint, the defendants have made the New York Merchants' Dressed Meat Company refuse to buy beef except at certain fixed prices and from certain individuals. The purpose of the conspiracy, the complaint charges, was to further to interfere with the business of the New York concern that it would not longer compete in the meat business, and in carrying out this intent it is alleged that the representatives of the trust have depressed the stock of the New York Butchers' Company from par to $20 a share.

The complaining stockholders have been associated for their own protection since 1907, when the trust bought into their company.

BREIDENBACH'S LOST GEMS.

Referee Olney Says Dreshfield Hypothecated $173,000 Worth of Them.

Peter B. Olney, referee in bankruptcy, of 68 William Street, made a report yesterday on the case of Maurice C. Dreshfield, diamond dealer, formerly of 170 Broadway, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on March 11, 1908, recommending that Dreshfield be adjudicated a bankrupt. Mr. Dreshfield put in an answer denying the acts of bankruptcy, but did not deny insolvency.

Mr. Olney finds that the acts of bankruptcy have been proved; that between August, 1907, and March 11, 1908, Dreshfield obtained from Rudolph A. Breidenbach $180,000 worth of diamonds, and that he had disposed of $173,103 of them; he obtained large sums of money by pawning some of them and selling them and disposed of the proceeds.

The disposition of some of the diamonds were traced. He obtained $12,900 from pawn brokers, some were pledged for loans of $20,000 with banks and individuals, and $2,900 were sold.

A similar petition in bankruptcy was filed on March 11, 1908, against George H. Carpenter, a fire extinguisher manufacturer, who was connected with Dreshfield in the matter.

Programme for Zoological Concert.

This is the programme for the band concert in the New York Zoological Park for Sunday, Aug. 8:

PART I.
2:30 to 4 P. M.

March, "Olympia"	Harris
Overture, "Poet and Peasant"	Suppe
Waltz, "Blue Danube"	Strauss
Selection, "Carmen"	Bizet
Intermezzo, "Glad Smiles"	E. Kuhn
Overture, "When the Flowers Bloom in Springtime"	Von Tilzer
Overture, "Patrol"	Lacatue
March, "Unser Kaiser Friedrich"	Van Glan

PART II.
4:30 to 6 P. M.

March, "Dixie Blossoms"	Weurich
Overture, "Creme delle Creme"	Tobani
Waltz, "Doloros"	Waldteufel
Selection, "Mexicana"	Hubbel
Intermezzo, "Bachelor Button"	Powell
Overture, "New Hits"	Von Tilzer
Selection, "Cavaleria Rusticana"	Mascagni
March, "Durch Kampf zum"	Sieg

THAW EVIDENCE IN; SUMMING UP TO-DAY

Mrs. William Thaw Attacks Jerome While Testifying as Last Witness for Son.

HER SIMILE FOR O'MARA

She Likens Him to a "Milton Angel"—O'Mara Believes Thaw's Stories of White—Jerome Grills Evans.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 6.—The taking of testimony in the hearing before Justice Isaac N. Mills in the Supreme Court here, which is to determine the present mental condition of Harry K. Thaw, the slayer of Stanford White, who now stands committed to the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane, ended at 3:40 o'clock this afternoon. To-morrow morning District Attorney Jerome and Mr. Morschauser, Thaw's lawyer, will sum up, and on Thursday next Justice Mills will file his decision with the Clerk of the Court in Westchester County.

Roger O'Mara, former Chief of Police of Pittsburg, who has been associated with the Thaw defense since White was killed; Mrs. William Thaw, the mother of the relator, and Dr. Britton D. Evans were the principal witnesses examined to-day. Mrs. Thaw was on the stand twice—once at the morning and again in the closing moments of the afternoon session. She wept much during the earlier ordeal, but was master of herself in the later session. Mr. Jerome refused to ask Thaw's mother a question, and was reading most of the time while she was testifying.

Mrs. Thaw's last testimony was in the nature of a bitter attack on District Attorney Jerome and an unnamed person supposed to have been Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw. Mr. Jerome did not look up once while Mrs. Thaw was firing her parting shots at him, and did not appear even to be listening.

Mrs. Thaw Attacks Jerome.

"I have no personal enmity toward Mr. Jerome," Mrs. Thaw said, "but he certainly has not behaved in a gentlemanly way or acted as a Christian should. Why in this matter is he always talking about my son as if his life had been spent in the Tenderloin when he (Mr. Jerome) certainly knows that it was not, until he unfortunately met a certain person who brought him down. Up to that time my son's associates were quite up to those of any person in this room."

"No questions," snapped Jerome when Mr. Morschauser asked if he desired to cross-examine the witness.

Roger O'Mara, who was later referred to by Mrs. Thaw as like one of "Milton's Angels," was the first witness called by Mr. Morschauser this morning. O'Mara said that the story told by Thaw on the stand yesterday about having him see a woman and her daughter in a New York hotel, in telling which Thaw declared the daughter to have been one of White's many victims, was true as Thaw had told it.

He said that he met Thaw in New York in 1904, and that the latter asked him to go with him and hear the story these women would tell. Thaw told him, he said, that Stanford White had tried to prevent this girl from making an honest living, and that he was constantly persecuting her. The young woman, O'Mara added, had corroborated what Thaw had previously told him.

"Why were you taken to see that woman—as a matter of curiosity?" asked Mr. Jerome in cross-examination.

"It was thought that I might be of service. The girl said White was interfering with her in her efforts to get employment."

"Did you not read in the papers that the woman referred to brought a breach of promise suit against a man?"

"I did."

A Suit White Compromised.

O'Mara said he did not know until the present hearing that White had compromised that suit for $5,000 through the now disbarred lawyer, Abraham Hummel. This information was one of the things found in the Thaw writings introduced in evidence by Mr. Jerome. O'Mara said he had not interviewed any women whose names have been mentioned in connection with the case since the night of the killing.

"How much did you get for your services?"

"I did not get enough to pay my expenses. I did not come into the case for money. I came because I had known Harry and his people for a long time; Harry since he was a little boy. I thought I could help them. I do not believe I received over $2,200 for what I did."

"Is the case of the girl you testified about the only time you were called in to protect injured innocence?"

"It was."

"Did Thaw tell you that woman was pure and good?"

"I could not say that he did."

"Now, O'Mara, was the story that was told you, to the effect that White had taken this woman into the tower place, in the Garden, and had there wronged her? Did you think such a story told by a young woman of the stage about one of the most prominent architects in this country was credible—did you, after thirty years of detective experience?"

"I thought that it might be so."

"I put you on your honor. Did you believe this story?"

"I did."

O'Mara added that the girl and her mother had both told him that White's alleged persecutions had lasted over a period of two years. This ended O'Mara's testimony, and Mrs. William Thaw was recalled to the stand. Mr. Morschauser asked her to explain O'Mara's connection with her son's case.

O'Mara Like a "Milton Angel."

"Roger," she said, her eyes wandering to where O'Mara sat, "came to us because he wanted to help us and be of use, as he has very often. He was like one of Milton's angels, ministering to those who are in trouble. Most of his efforts were devoted to watching the State detectives to prevent any of our witnesses from being spirited away."

Mrs. Thaw then explained a chart that named all the members of the Thaw and Copley families in the effort to prove that insanity has not occurred in Thaw's paternal and maternal families any more than in the history of the average family.

Dr. Britton B. Evans, who was the next witness, testified as an expert. He said Thaw had never been coached in his presence, and said that since Aug 1, 1906, he had seen more of Thaw than had any other physician, and that Thaw trusted him both as physician and as friend.

Mr. Jerome asked Dr. Evans if he thought that Gov. Fort of New Jersey, in criticising a certain unnamed alienist in a speech at Sea Girt last night, had Dr. Evans in mind when he made his remarks. Dr. Evans said he would not indulge in personalities. Mr. Jerome got the witness to admit that he had told Clifford Hartridge that Thaw had an "abnormal mind," and he said too, that he believed Thaw was insane when he killed White.

Mr. Jerome asked the alienist many questions based on what Dr. Evans had said in his report to Hartridge prior to the first trial.

Jerome and Evans Spar.

"Did you try to be truthful when you said those things?" Mr. Jerome fairly shouted at the witness.

"Don't you think that is a little low on your part?" retorted Dr. Evans.

"It's the kind of a question to put to a man like you," Jerome answered quickly.

"At any time," Justice Mills broke in, turning to Dr. Evans, "did Thaw express to you any more extreme beliefs in regard to the practices of Stanford White than he expressed here yesterday afternoon?"

"In the first three visits in the Tombs he did. Afterward he expressed no more extreme beliefs than he did here yesterday."

Dr. Ernst Schmid of White Plains and Dr. Isham G. Harris of Poughkeepsie were the other two Thaw alienists examined. Both said that in their opinion Thaw is sane at this time. Some surprise was expressed that the Thaw defense failed to avail themselves of the testimony of Dr. Adolph Meyer of New York, who has been present throughout the present hearing.

After the alienists had finished Mrs. Thaw was again recalled, and while on the stand made the remarks before quoted. She said she wanted to make it plain that when, in answer to a remark of Mr. Jerome's a few days ago about Harry Thaw being "his own junior counsel," Thaw had answered, "No, senior counsel," he had referred jestingly to his mother, who at the time was conversing with Mr. Morschauser.

She denied the story told by a butler that Thaw once had a spasm because his carriage was not called when ordered, and also the one to the effect that Thaw once rode a horse to death. She said she could not forget all that Jerome had said, despite the fact that Harry had told her that Jerome "did not believe all he said."

Speaking of Matteawan, she said she once described it to a minister as the "vestibule to the lower regions," whereupon the clergyman answered that "it was the lower regions."

Thaw's associations, she said, prior to his introduction to his wife had been of the best, and she read a list of guests who had once attended a dinner given in Harry's honor. Lady Paget, Mrs. Belmont, and many other women and men well known in society were on the list read in court.

When Mrs. Thaw left the stand Mr. Morschauser rested his case, and Mr. Jerome announced that he had no evidence to offer in rebuttal.

The summing up will begin at 10 A. M. to-morrow.

DELMAS REFUTES MRS. THAW.

Denies Demanding Double Fee in Son's Trial and Hartridge Backs Him Up.

Delphin M. Delmas of 115 Broadway, chief counsel in the first Thaw trial, gave out last night this correspondence between himself and Clifford W. Hartridge, in denial of a statement made by Mrs. William Thaw in the Thaw proceedings in White Plains on Thursday, to the effect that Delmas demanded the doubling of his fee, with the alternative of deserting the case at its most critical moment in the first trial:

Aug. 6, 1909.

Dear Mr. Hartridge: In one of the morning papers I note the following statement, reported to have been made by Mrs. William Thaw in her testimony before Judge Mills at White Plains yesterday:

"Delmas, after agreeing to sum up and cross-examine for a fee of $25,000, said that unless he got twice that sum he would desert the case at its most critical moment during the first trial."

As you well know, the arrangements with reference to my fee in the first trial of Mr. Thaw were all made by you, acting as the intermediary between Mr. Thaw and his mother and myself. Will you kindly, therefore, inform me whether there is the slightest foundation for this most unwarrantable and unjust statement? Yours, very truly,

D. M. DELMAS.

Clifford W. Hartridge, Esq., 2 Rector Street, City.

Aug. 6, 1909.

Delphin M. Delmas, Esq., 115 Broadway, New York.

Dear Mr. Delmas: In answer to your favor of even date, just received, calling my attention to a statement in the testimony of Mrs. William Thaw, given yesterday before Judge Mills, I have to say that there is absolutely not the slightest foundation for her unwarrantable and unjust statement. It is not only untrue, but she must know it is untrue, as I made all the arrangements concerning what you were to be paid with you and her as far back as October, 1906, when it was agreed that you should have $50,000; that Harry K. Thaw was to pay you $25,000, and she was to pay you the balance.

Your memory is correct in regard to the letter she wrote me on the subject. I still have that letter, and therefore I am at a loss to understand why she should make such a statement, unless it is in keeping with their policy to attack lawyers who they have paid as well as those whom they have failed to pay. Yours, very truly,

CLIFFORD W. HARTRIDGE.

CURTISS CRAFT FLIES AGAIN.

C. F. Willard Makes Short Flight in Aeroplane Williams Wrecked.

Charles F. Willard, the young man who has been selected by the Aeronautic Society to operate the Curtiss aeroplane, now the property of the society, took the machine from its tent at Mineola early yesterday morning and made a successful straight flight of about a quarter of a mile. He did not attempt to rise much higher than ten feet in the air. This was Mr. Willard's second flight in the machine, his first having been made just before Alexander Williams wrecked the aeroplane over two weeks ago. Mr. Williams was discharged from the Nassau County Hospital last week, but his broken arm is still in a sling, and the society has ceased to consider him as a prospective pupil.

The Aeronautic Society has employed two of Mr. Curtiss's mechanics from the Hammondsport factory to remain at Mineola and keep the aeroplane in good condition. The plan, at present, as explained by Lee S. Burridge, President of the Society, yesterday, is to keep the machine at Mineola for a week or ten days, in which time Mr. Willard will make as many short flights as possible to familiarize himself with every detail of the machine's operation. The recent accident has shown how easily a novice may ruin a high-class flying apparatus, and Mr. Willard has been cautioned to be very conservative. He will attempt no long distance flight, and will not try to rise very high for some time.

It was also ascertained that small pontoons are being made to attach to the under body of the car, just above the small wheels. This evidently means that the owners of the machine intend to exhibit it in flights over the water. The object of attaching the pontoons is to prevent the machine from sinking if it should chance to fall in the water. The plan was discussed with Mr. Curtiss before he sailed for Europe, and beyond making a few suggestions in the method of affixing the pontoons, he thoroughly appreciated the idea.

CASTLE CASE UP TO-DAY.

Her Counsel Advises Craig Not to Meet Capt. Scott, Her Brother.

Mrs. Mary Scott Castle, who shot at William D. Craig in the Waldorf-Astoria on Tuesday, was brought before Magistrate Butts yesterday afternoon, in the Jefferson Market Court. Her lawyer, Emil Fuchs, asked for an adjournment till this morning.

The Magistrate's attention was diverted for a few minutes by Magistrate Barlow, who wanted to speak to him. While they were talking together, Craig remarked:

"I want the case adjourned until Monday, so that Mrs. Castle's brother can be here. I want him here."

"I think you had better not meet her brother," retorted Mr. Fuchs, quickly.

Craig's face reddened, but he snapped his fingers and answered:

"I want to meet her brother. It was at my suggestion that he was sent for. My chief concern is to have her placed in the custody of some responsible person."

Magistrate Butts looked up at that moment and Mr. Fuchs addressed him.

"The defendant does not want the complainant or anybody else connected with him to place her anywhere. She wants no concessions from him."

"I fail to appreciate the meaning of the complainant's remarks," said Magistrate Butts. "I fail to see that it is any concern of his whether Mrs. Castle is given into the care of 'some responsible person' or not."

The Magistrate then announced that the court was adjourned until this morning, when the case will go on.

Venas Upham Dodge, a lawyer with offices in the Singer Building, and a friend of Craig's father, was in court in his interest. He stated he was not so much counsel for Craig as his adviser.

Mr. Fuchs asked that Mrs. Castle be released in the custody of counsel, but this was refused. She has not yet procured bail. Her brother, Capt. Cenry Harrison Scott, U. S. A., has left Fort Morgan, Ala., and is on his way to New York.

If you are in the market for a second-hand car you will find it listed in the Automobile Exchange columns of the Sunday Times to-morrow.—Adv.

YONKERS MAY HAVE A TROLLEY STRIKE

Men Threaten to Go Out Unless Demands for Higher Wages and Shorter Hours Are Met.

AFFECTS ALL WESTCHESTER

Trouble, Which Has Been Brewing for Some Time, Expected to Reach a Crisis on Monday.

Unless Receiver Leslie Sutherland of the Yonkers Railroad Company complies with the demands for better conditions and higher wages made upon him by the Trolleymen's Union of Yonkers, a strike on all the lines of the road, including those running to New York, is likely to be declared on Monday morning. In the event of the men quitting work, the Yonkers trolley men have been assured that a sympathetic strike will be declared on the Westchester Electric Railroad. The Westchester Electric Railroad operates in Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, Pelham, and Larchmont, and connects with the Third Avenue Elevated Railroad at Bedford Park.

Strikes on both these roads would result in the entire trolley service in the southern section of Westchester County being tied up, and would render it difficult for thousands of New York business men living in the Westchestr sections to reach the city.

The trouble has been brewing for some time. A year and a half ago when the Yonkers Railroad was declared insolvent and Leslie Sutherland, the Republican leader of Yonkers, was appointed receiver, the trolley men secretly organized a union, and appeared before Sutherland to demand higher wages and better conditions. Sutherland made some slight concessions, and at the instance of Supreme Court Justice Morschauser, who advised the men to exercise patience until the road was put on a paying basis, a strike was at that time averted.

A few weeks ago the men renewed their demands for an increase of from 21 to 23½ cents an hour for first-year men and from 24 cents to 27½ cents an hour for men who have been employed for more than a year. After several conferences with Receiver Sutherland the trolley men signified a willingness to have an arbitration committee consider the question the question of wages, but they asked to have the union recognized, a ten-hour day agreed to, time and a half pay for overtime work, and other concessions.

The receiver saying he was only an officer of the Supreme Court and must secure that court's instructions before acting, appeared before Justice Morschauser in company with a committee from the trolley men's union and State Organizer James Fitzgerald of Albany. Judge Morschauser advised the committee to make an examination of the railroad company's books to satisfy themselves whether the road was really in a sufficiently good financial condition to warrant an increase in wages. Recently he rendered a decision, declining to sanction an increashe i wages, though the committee reported to the union that it had not completed its examination of the railroad's books.

This week Receiver Sutherland and the committee have been in almost daily conference, but no agreement has been reached. It was learned to-day that the members of the union, by an overwhelming vote, have decided to go on strike, unless an agreement is reached by Monday.

At a meeting of the Yonkers local today assurances were received from the New Rochelle local, through a committee, that the employes of the Westchester Electric Company, who have also been seeking better wages, will quit work instantly in the event of a strike being declared on the Yonkers lines.

Two years ago Yonkers had a trolley strike, in the course of which cars were demolished, property destroyed, and mob rule reigned. The city dreads a repetition of the scenes then enacted.

McCOOEY USED CITY'S AUTO.

Acting Controller Tells Alderman His Wife and Baby Went with Him.

Acting Controller McCooey yesterday solved the mystery of the "high city official" who took a trip into the country with his wife and family in a city automobile, by informing Alderman Brown, who raised the rumpus over the matter, that he was the guilty person.

Mr. Brown called upon the Deputy Controller to inquire if it was true that he was to investigate the matter.

"What's the use?" replied Mr. McCooey. "I did it. I had to make a tour of inspection over part of the new Catskill Aqueduct property. My boy was sick, and my wife and I decided to take him into the country. So I took them along with me as far as Monroe. That's all there is to it."

Mr. Brown left without comment. It was he who introduced the ordinance aimed to stop "joy riding" in city automobiles, which was vetoed by Acting Mayor McGowan on the ground that it reflected on the integrity of the heads of the city departments.

NEW SUBWAY FINANCE PLAN.

Eastern Parkway Extension May Be Built by Assessment Method.

The Public Service Commission set down Sept. 8 as a day for a hearing on the question whether an extension of the elevated structure to the proposed Eastern Parkway in Brooklyn shall be erected on the assessment plan provided in the Travis-Robinson amendment to the Rapid Transit act.

This is the first matter to come up involving the construction of rapid transit facilities to the plan of assessing the cost wholly or in part on the property benefited.

The route is one asked for by substantially all the property owners in the neighborhood, and is laid out as an extension of the old Route 12 as projected by the Rapid Transit Commission.

DAZZLED JUDGE, IF NOT WIFE.

Wollschlager's Splendor Frees Him After Wife Has Him Arrested.

Little did Magistrate O'Connor, in the West Side Court, hear of the long story of his husbandly qualities told yesterday morning by that five-foot ex-cavalryman of the German legions—Adolph Wollschlager, tinsmith of 546 West Fortieth Street. Magistrate O'Connor sat blinking in the blazing brilliancy of Adolph Wollschlager's bright tin helmet, his blue tunic, the emblazoned array of medals upon his chest, his long saber, his red-striped trousers, his spurs, and, above all, his martial bearing, which was more impressive even than his raiment.

Adolph Wollschlager ran over the history of his life. He had been a cavalryman in the German and French Armies. He had come to America, and here had joined the Kriegerbund, a post for former soldiers of the German Army. He had met his wife, Emma, in July, 1908, and had married her in August. They had moved to Staten Island, but Mrs. Wollschlager argued that the air there was not so good for her as the Manhattan. Then the couple found a home at 330 West Twenty-first Street.

That was in January, this year. How she left him in May, ostensibly to go to Boston to start a boarding house, so that he might cease being a mere tinsmith and plumber and be more at home with her; how she did not go to Boston, but remained in New York; how he advertised for her, and asked the police to find her; how he located her at 103 West Sixtieth Street, and went there Thursday night to show himself in full regalia and have her fall upon his bosom; how she had resented his forcible coming and had him arrested—all this Adolph Wollschlager told.

And of himself he told still more. Who was it, when they lived together in Staten Island, got up and made the fires? Who warmed her clothing before she got out of bed? Who prepared for her, even while she lay in bed, a warm, bracing drink of eggs and wine?—Adolph Wollschlager. But his fatal mistake, in all this campaign of exemplary kindness, he went on, was to cease to put on his uniform, and slowly all unknown to him, his wife's love had died. And so had he gone, when once he had located Emma, to rekindle it by the glamour of his martial appearance.

But in all of the testimony Magistrate O'Connor could see nothing much that had to do with disorderly conduct. Unable to take his eyes off Adolph Wollschlager, he murmured, fuzzily:

"Discharged. Next case."

CUBA REFUSED HIS PEANUTS.

And as Baumann Lost Over the Deal He Is Suing His Partner.

John D. Baumann, a jute and gum merchant at 120 Maiden Lane, is seeking damages in the Supreme Court against Salvador Comas on the charge of alleged conversion, the basis of the trouble being a deal in peanuts that was never consummated to the satisfaction of Baumann.

Some time ago Baumann advertised for a partner who could put up $100,000 capital. It is said that Comas answered the advertisement, saw Baumann personally, and said the business appealed to him, but that his money was tied up for the moment. At the end of a month Comas, it is alleged, said he was ready to put up the $100,000.

A few days later he went to Baumann with a letter purporting to come from some friends in Havana, who informed him of a good opportunity to make money out of peanuts in Cuba. Colon et Cie of Havana, it is alleged, he said, would take a cargo at 6 cents a pound, and he had found a Brooklyn firm. Tulin Brothers by name, who would sell them at 5 cents a pound. The cent a pound profit, said Comas, would be divided between them.

It was agreed that Baumann and Comas would put up $2,400 each. The former says he paid Tulin Brothers $1,900 on account, and the peanuts were shipped south. Later, he alleges, he gave Comas a check for over $500 to give to the firm, and that after cashing this Comas disappeared.

In the interval the peanuts were returned from Havana by Clon et Cie, who stated that they had never made a deal with Comas, and that they did not deal in peanuts. Baumann sold the consignment for $300, and now contends that their market value was only 2¼ cents a pound.

Comas was arrested on Baumann's complaint in Staten Island. He furnished yesterday a bond from a surety company and was released from custody.

ENJOINS CITY SALE OF LEASE.

Saloon Men Who Occupy Park Row Triangle Get Court Orders.

The sale by the city of a lease for a year on the triangle of property bounded by Park Row, North William Street, and the Manhattan terminal of the Brooklyn Bridge, which was advertised for yesterday by the Bureau of City Revenue, was postponed on account of the service on the Bureau of two injunctions issued by Justice Erlanger of the Supreme Court, on behalf of the Waubun Company and Charles A. Furthman, who occupy saloons on the property.

This plot of ground was taken over by the city in the condemnation proceedings for the acquisition of the site of the new terminal of the bridge and the Municipal Building. A bill was passed by the Legislature at the last session calling for the re-transfer of the property to its original owners at a price not to exceed the purchase award. Bridge Commissioner Stevenson appeared before the Mayor and declared that he would need the property in the near future for enlargement of the terminal and the latter vetoed the bill.

The injunctions were obtained on the ground that the property was acquired by the city with the understanding that the present tenants should retain possession until it was needed for the purpose for which it was taken over.

The Bureau will attempt to have the restraining orders vacated.

SOCIALISTS INCORPORATE.

Dr. Long's Fellowship to Work to Establish Co-Operative Commonwealth.

The movement "to apply the principles of Christianity to the affairs of men through Socialism," which was started some time ago by the Rev. Dr. John D. Long of the Parkside Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, was yesterday incorporated as the "Christian Socialist Fellowship," by permission of Supreme Court Justice Crane.

Dr. Long's church is to be the centre of the movement. The fellowship now has 122 members. Its objects, according to the papers filed, are:

> To sow interest in Socialism; to complete the realization of the teaching of Jesus; to establish an industrial and political democracy, and to hasten the reign of justice.

FREE SODA
Cut out this Coupon and take it to any of the
RIKER DRUG STORES
(You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's)
during the month of August, 1909.
Make a purchase of 25c or more in any department and get FREE any 5-cent soda drink.

WOMAN SAYS COLER MEN SOUGHT GRAFT

Mrs. O'Neill Accuses Inspectors Harmon and Ebbets and President Coler Himself.

'COMMISSIONS' 10 PER CENT.

Hot Denials of Her Story at the Coler Inquiry—The Woman "Erratic," Supt. Lawrence Says.

The principal witness at the Coler investigation before the Commissioners of Accounts yesterday was Mrs. Elizabeth O'Neill, who is the head of a Brooklyn upholstering and curtain manufacturing house. She created no little excitement and merriment by detailing her alleged experiences with the employes of the Brooklyn Borough President's office. Among other things she stated that attempts had been made to "shake her down"; that Inspector Charles H. Ebbets, Jr., son of the baseball club owner, had asked her to make three awnings for windows in his apartment in Hancock Street to be included in a city requisition, and that another Inspector, whom she did not name, had appeared on the occasion of an interview with her to "have been not quite himself, as if he had been out with the boys the night before." Still another had told her, she said, that the percentage usually paid was 10 per cent.

Mrs. O'Neill was accompanied to the hearing by two very pretty daughters and her son. Before she took the stand Supt. of Public Buildings Lawrence was called and asked by Commissioner Mitchel why he had stopped giving her orders.

"There was no reason why I should continue to do so," he replied. "I will say, however, that when people come into your office and insult you, they become sort of persona non grata. She's a peculiar woman. She's erratic. We had some dispute about prices, but it was more a matter of temperament than anything else. She used to demand work and make threats if she didn't get it. Once she wrote to President Coler saying that I had refused her work because she would not give me a commission.

"I never was in the room with her without a witness. Once she came into my office as I was going out, and putting her hands on my shoulders, said, 'You look good in an automobile suit.'"

At this Mrs. O'Neill jumped to her feet and cried: "You're not good enough a man for that," and then turning to the reporters said: "Put that down."

Mr. Lawrence continued to say that on the occasion of one interview with Mrs. O'Neill, when a Miss Riley was in the room, she turned to her and cried: "What are you in here for, a witness?" and drove her from the room with her umbrella.

Mrs. O'Neill was then called and testified that Inspector John F. Harmon had said to her once when she was arranging for a contract, "About 10 per cent. should be allowed on such work."

"Did he tell you to whom the money was to go?" asked the Commissioner.

"He said that it was an easy matter to throw money into the drawer in the boss's office."

"Did he say who the boss was?"

"Of course, there's only one boss there. That's Mr. Lawrence."

Mrs. O'Neill testified that when she had complained to President Coler that she was not receiving orders, he had said: "What's the matter? Do they want a commission? Why don't you give it to them?"

She declared that Inspector Harmon had told her, "If you want orders, take a tip from me. Lawrence, like everybody else, is looking for all he can get." She stated that a contract for renovating some curtains had been awarded to Persons Sons at $150, on which she had bid $50. She said that she had gone to see Mr. Lawrence about this.

"He was in a hurry; anxious to get to a ball game," said she. "I was real nice to him and tied his tie."

This raised a storm of laughter and the witness was excused.

Mr. Lawrence then insisted on taking the stand to deny the statements Mrs. O'Neill had made.

"No direct accusations have been made," said Mr. Mitchel.

"I know, but I want to deny what she has said for my own self-protection," replied the Superintendent. He was very indignant.

"But who is going to protect me?" inquired Mrs. O'Neill.

NO INSURANCE SANITARIUM.

Hotchkiss Holds Law Does Not Permit Metropolitan Life to Build One.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 6.—State Supt. of Insurance Hotchkiss to-day denied the application of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company for permission to acquire real estate for the purpose of erecting a hospital for its employes, and selected policy holders who have tuberculosis. Supt. Hotchkiss filed a memorandum, giving his reasons for his action.

Supt. Hotchkiss holds that Section 20 (2) of the insurance law prohibits the purchase, holding, or conveyance of real property by an insurance corporation transacting business in this State, save, among other purposes, "such as shall be requisite for its convenient accommodation in the transaction of its business." This clause with immaterial modifications, he says, has been in every insurance law since the first of the laws was enacted by the Legislature of 1849.

He says that from the very beginning of corporate insurance in this State, insurance companies were limited to the acquisition only of such real estate as has been required by them in the transaction of their ordinary business, the business of making and selling insurance.

Supt. Hotchkiss makes this comment:

"While appreciating the practical philanthropy behind the application, the possibilities which lurk therein of the assumption by insurance companies of many functions not strictly incident to their business suggest that the State may well move slowly in determining whether its creatures, particularly those possessed of such enormous financial power, should be permitted thus to step outside their legitimate field.

"Still further, while courts in extreme cases of apparent injustice may sometimes properly strain after jurisdiction or stretch the written law, administrative officers should take the law as they find it and leave lawmaking to the lawmaking power. The enlightened public opinion of the present day, particularly in a State whose Legislature meets annually, may be relied on quickly to find expression in new laws or approved amendments to old laws. Hence, if this interpretation of Section 20 (2) is not in accord with that of public opinion the Legislature of 1910 will doubtless grant the power which the Legislature of 1849 withheld."

MARBLES IS GAMBLING.

If the Game Is Played "for Keeps," Says Judge.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Boys who play marbles "for keeps" are gamblers, and are liable to punishment for violation of the law, according to Judge Kimball, in the police court.

Three small boys were charged with participating in a game of chance. The charge lodged by the policeman making the arrest was sustained by the Magistrate, who delivered a few ideas of what constitutes gambling.

"The playing of marbles for keeps is a violation of the law," he said gravely, "and as long as I am on the bench I propose to break it up."

The Judge held that, no matter what the game might be, the element of chance constituted gambling. The boys went free on a suspended sentence after a lecture.

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H. Broido & Co., 52d St. & Lex. Av.
M. Rothenberg, 1,293 Lexington Av.
Herz Pharmacy, 39th St. & Lex. Av.
I. & L. Rubin, 496 Third Av.
Hermann Appel, Amster. Av. & 111th St.
Fred. Freund, 2,781 Broadway.
John T. Ehrenberg, 2,387 Broadway.
Louis Jacobson, 1,979 7th Av.
J. Bernard, 2,908 8th Av. (154th St.)
Louis Berdy, Audubon Av. (179th St.)
Albert D. Kennedy, 2,689 8th Av. (143d St.)
Halper's Pharmacy, 2,220 Amsterdam Av.
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Semi-Annual Sale
You Save About Half

Here are all Brill Summer Suits for men and young men at greatest reduction from original low prices.

Included are garments from ten of America's foremost tailoring organizations, as well as all the exclusive Brill models.

Nothing is reserved. You can choose blue suits, black suits and suits in all the new gray, tan, olive, green, stone and smoke shades. Two or three-piece models. Full lined, half lined or quarter lined.

Three downtown stores open all day to-day, and the Harlem store until 10 to-night. Come in the morning if you can.

Suits that are Values to $15. $8.50
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279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers St. Open To-day Until 6 P. M.
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B. Altman & Co.

ANNOUNCE FOR MONDAY, AUGUST 9th,

AN IMPORTANT SALE OF LACE CURTAINS

AT EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue, N. Y.

JAPAN TO GO AHEAD IN SPITE OF CHINA

Tells Powers She Will Improve Antung-Mukden Line Regardless of Objections.

CONSTRUCTED DURING WAR

Link Which Shortens Time from Tokio to Europe by Rail—Also Strategically Valuable to Japan.

TOKIO, Aug. 6.—Japan to-day officially notified the powers of her intention to proceed immediately with the reconstructing and improving of the Antung-Mukden Railroad without the consent of China, diplomatic negotiations having failed to overcome Chinese opposition.

It is also understood that Japan has completed all preparations for the work, and an official of the Foreign Office is quoted here to-day as having said that Japan is ready to begin building at fourteen points along the road between Antung and Mukden before Aug. 8.

The business element in this country, fearing a repetition of the recent boycott by China of Japanese goods, was inclined to urge delay. It is believed, however, that if such a boycott should be inaugurated as a result of the present complications it will be made the ground for immediate representations to Peking demanding that the Chinese Government interfere on behalf of fair trade.

It is stated in authoritative circles that Japan intends to make the first move toward reconstruction of the Antung-Mukden line on Saturday, Aug. 7. The period given to China in which to return a satisfactory answer to Tokio's representations will have expired on Aug. 8.

Several hundred Chinese soldiers are said to have been stationed along the route, but Japan does not anticipate any physical opposition after the work is commenced, although further complications are regarded as "quite possible."

It is stated that the War Department of Japan has prepared for every eventuality and is determined to build the road regardless of opposition.

The existing railroad line from Antung, on the Yalu River, to Mukden, Manchuria, was built by Japan during the war with Russia, and it is one of the few tangible results to Japan of that bloody conflict. After the war a treaty was signed between Japan and China, under the terms of which Japan was to be permitted to "reconstruct" or "transform" the line at her own expense, use it for a term of fifteen years from completion of the transformation, and then turn it over to China at a price to be agreed upon.

The distance from Antung to Mukden is about 150 miles. The country traversed is rich, and the line is valuable commercially, but one of the main advantages gained from reconstruction will be the fact of through communication from Fusan, in Southern Korea, to Mukden, and thence to the main trans-Siberian line, and so to St. Petersburg and London. With an eight-hour sea trip from Japan to Fusan, the existing line from Fusan to Antung, the through connection made possible by the new line to Mukden, the trip from Tokio to the capitals of Europe would be very materially shortened. Furthermore, the line is strategically valuable to Japan.

It is to make through traffic possible that Japan wants to change the Antung-Mukden line from the existing narrow gauge to the standard gauge, now in use in Korea from Fusan to Antung, and from Mukden westward.

PEKING, Aug. 6.—The negotiations between China and Japan for the reconstruction by Japan of the Antung-Mukden Railway in accordance with the convention signed several years ago by Prince Ching, then Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Baron Komura, the Japanese Foreign Secretary, and which have been in progress at Mukden since 1907, have failed, owing to disputes between the contracting parties arising from the interpretation of clauses in the convention providing for the policing of the line, &c.

Japan has formally intimated to China her intention to proceed with the reconstruction of the line within a time limit which Japan considers reasonable, regardless of China's objection.

The entire railroad question, therefore, will be transferred from Mukden to Peking, and be made part of the whole Chino-Japanese question concerning Manchuria, the negotiations for the recommendation of which were concluded July 27.

HARBIN, Manchuria, Aug. 6.—The Japanese living in the Manchurian Railway zone, where Russia recently gave notice of the reimposition of taxes, have tendered payment of the taxes to the Russians in acknowledgment of Russian sovereignty in that district. It is said that Russia will decline to receive them.

WE DEMAND EQUAL CONTROL.

Americans Want Voice in Selection of Engineers for Hankow-Sze-Chuen.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The question of equal control in the construction of the Hankow-Sze-chuen Railway is now occupying the attention of the international bankers interested in the loan for this purpose. It is understood here that America considers it most important that she should have an equal voice in the appointment of engineers in charge of the construction, as on their advice the rolling stock will be purchased. This matter was previously arranged by the European bankers, and it was understood that America had no objection to the agreement reached by them. Recently, however, the question was raised by America, and while the Anglo-French interests agree on allowing all the powers equal control, the German financiers are offering some opposition.

It is proposed to submit the question of the administration of the municipalities along the Russian railroad area in Manchuria, which arose through America's objection to the original Russian plan, to the foreign Consuls on the spot for adjustment. This suggestion meets with the approval of most of the powers, and it will probably be adopted. Harry E. Fulford, the British Consul at Mukden, will represent Great Britain.

The administration of the Manchurian municipalities is one of the many questions discussed by Sir Edward Grey and M. Isvolsky, respectively Foreign Ministers of Great Britain and Russia, at Cowes this week. When Russia abandoned her claim for independent administration it was agreed that some form of international control should be set up.

BOSTON FOR PSYCHOLOGISTS.

Next Congress Will Meet There—Americans Elected as Officers.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Aug. 6.—The Psychological Congress to-day accepted by acclamation the American invitation to hold its next congress, which will occur in 1913, at Boston. The following officers were chosen to-day:

Honorary President—William James of Cambridge, Mass.; President—James Mark Baldwin of Baltimore; Vice Presidents—Edward Bradford Titchener, Sage Professor of Psychology at Cornell University, and James McKeen Cattell, Professor of Psychology at Columbia University.

CHINESE IN DANGER.

Those at Iquique Ask Peking to Stop Immigration to Chile.

VALPARAISO, Aug. 6.—Antagonism against the Chinese at Iquique has reached a dangerous stage.

Chinamen there have telegraphed the Peking Government to stop the immigration of their countrymen to Chile.

CHINAMAN KILLS SINGER.

Slays German Girl, His Music Hall Partner, and Then Himself.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 6.—The murder of a young German music hall dancer and the suicide of her Chinese admirer at Frankfort-on-Main early this morning has caused a great stir in Germany, where the tragic end of Elsie Sigel in New York was recalled by the affair.

Fräulein Hildegard Hoffmann, aged 20 years, and Chang Cheng Yon, aged 22, had performed in a German-Chinese dancing duet at several Berlin variety theatres and an affection sprang up between the stage partners. Three weeks ago, however, the girl left Berlin for Frankfort to seek an engagement at the international aerial exhibition.

At a Japanese tea house she made the acquaintance of some Japanese men whose company she began to frequent. At the same time she decided to break off relations with her Chinese admirer. Yesterday Chang Cheng Yon received a letter telling him she wished to have nothing more to do with him.

The Chinaman, furious with jealousy, immediately left for Frankfort, and, after seeking Fräulein Hoffmann throughout the city and the exhibition, he called at her lodging at 6 o'clock this morning. The girl had hardly opened the door when she was shot twice, fatally, and while she lay on the floor the Chinaman shot her a third time in the back. Then he turned the revolver on himself.

Both dancers were dead a moment later.

MIGUEL'S MATCH NOT OFF.

Money Settlements Have Not Broken Prince's Engagement to Anita Stewart.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—I am able to state on the best authority that the report from Baltimore that the engagement of Prince Miguel of Braganza to Miss Anita Stewart had been broken off because the question of settlements on the Prince made trouble, is absolutely without foundation.

GET TOBACCO FROM IRELAND.

Declared Orders Come from America and Alabama Company Is Pushing Sale.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BELFAST, Aug. 6.—Several orders for Irish tobacco have come from America, said a speaker at the All-Ireland Industrial Conference here to-day.

The speaker added that in Alabama a company had been formed for pushing the sale of Irish tobacco.

CZAR TO SEE GERMAN FLEET.

Will Review the Battleships and 14 Cruisers Under Prince Henry.

KIEL, Aug. 6.—The German fleet, under the command of Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia, returned here to-day from its cruise to the Spanish coast, and is now engaged in taking on coal preparatory to putting to sea again to be reviewed off Kiel by the Czar, who is expected here to-morrow on board the imperial yacht Standart from Cowes. Sixteen battleships and fourteen cruisers will take part in the manoeuvres.

The Czar is again to pass through the Kiel Canal, and the extraordinary precautions for his safety while so doing adopted last week will be repeated. Both sides of the canal will be picketed at short intervals by marines, all traffic on the waterway will be stopped, and cavalry will follow the Standart through, moving along the banks at the same speed as the Czar's yacht.

MGR. AVERSA GETS OVATION.

Apostolic Delegate Visits Ponce, Porto Rico—Guest at Banquet.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Aug. 6.—Mgr. Giuseppi Aversa, Apostolic Delegate to Cuba and Porto Rico, accompanied by the Right Rev. W. A. Jones, Bishop of Porto Rico, visited Ponce to-day. Numerous prominent citizens met him in the outskirts and, after welcoming him, escorted him to the city, where one of the largest Catholic demonstrations in the history of Ponce was held.

Mgr. Aversa made an address and afterward was a guest at a banquet, which was attended by the judicial and civil authorities. In all the towns the prelate has visited since his arrival in Porto Rico July 15 he has been received with warm demonstrations of welcome.

KING'S GIFT TO GRISCOM.

Victor Emmanuel Sends Ex-Ambassador Six Young Wild Boars.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—In store for Lloyd Griscom, formerly the Ambassador to Italy, as a token from King Victor Emmanuel, is a gift of six young wild boars. The animals will arrive on the steamer Duca degli Abruzzi on Aug. 8. Mr. Griscom is now in the Adirondacks, and has sent a dispatch to a friend here announcing his expected present.

The animals may find their way finally into one of the zoological parks of the country or the owner may send them down to his father's large estate, near Philadelphia.

BETTER DIAMOND PRICES.

German Monopoly Gives "Sudden Prosperity in America" as Cause.

BERLIN, Aug. 6.—The newly established diamond monopoly of the Imperial Government in Southwest Africa has caused to be published the sale prices of the first six importations of diamonds, which show an increase from 22½ marks ($5.62) a carat, wholesale, to 29 marks ($7.25.)

The statement is made also that in addition to the fact that the last lot were better stones, they sold at higher prices because the "sudden prosperity in America makes Americans willing to pay more."

ROOSEVELTS OFF TO PARIS.

Milan Officials Present to Bid Ex-President's Wife Good-Bye.

MILAN, Aug. 6.—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, accompanied by her sister, Miss Carow, and her youngest son, left here to-day for Paris. The municipal authorities were present at the railroad station to present their formal farewell salutations.

Archie and Ethel Roosevelt will rejoin their mother in Paris after another trip with Baron Mayor des Planches, the Italian Ambassador to the United States, and his wife to the Italian lakes. Mrs. Roosevelt will return to Miss Carow's villa at Porto Maurizio in the Autumn and there await the return of Mr. Roosevelt from Africa.

BATTLESHIPS FOR RUSSIA.

Programme Calls for Eight, with Cruisers and Torpedo Boats.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 6.—The Russian naval programme for the next few years, according to plans just completed by the Navy Department, includes the construction of eight battleships, a division of armored cruisers, and 36 torpedo boats. This programme will be discussed during the Fall at a special conference of the Cabinet, and will subsequently be presented to the Czar for his sanction.

Like all matters concerning the country's defense, the programme will not be submitted to the Duma.

If you want a Business Opportunity, see Page 13.

SIGNS OF A BREAK IN SWEDISH STRIKE

Some Large Employers Announce Their Men Will Return to Work Monday.

MEDIATION TALK IS DENIED

Strikers' Meeting at Noon Yesterday, Which Resolved to Hold Out, Watched from Captive Balloon.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 6.—The tense situation arising from the general strike proclaimed a few days ago to-night seemed to be relaxing. The grave diggers returned to work this evening, and dissension is apparent in the ranks of the other strikers. The employers of some of the largest plants in Stockholm announce that their men will return to work Monday.

It is reported that the Central Federation of Trades Unions has requested the Government to mediate in the present crisis, but this is denied by the Chairman of the federation. M. Von Sydow, President of the Employers' Federation, declared to-night that intervention by the Government would be without result, as the differences between the men and the employers was too great to be settled in such a manner. The National Labor Union published a statement in this evening's newspapers disapproving the strike of the electric light and gas workers.

This morning the workmen employed at the power station which supplies the electricity for lighting the capital had joined the strikers, and the service was being maintained by officials of the lighting department.

As the strikers have been preventing farmers from bringing provisions into the city, troops have been detailed to patrol the country roads, while the military authorities continued to dispose of milk from the railroad stations for the use of children.

The authorities have forbidden the sale of methylated spirits, as it has been found that the workmen, unable to obtain their usual drink, are resorting to this as a substitute.

The strikers held their first general meeting in the woods north of Stockholm at noon to-day and adopted a resolution to continue the strike until all the questions in dispute shall have been settled to their satisfaction. They issued also a demand that the railroad, postal, telegraph, and telephone employes, and the printers join the movement. The meeting was peaceful and neither soldiers nor policemen, excepting a few detectives, were present. The authorities, however, took the precaution of watching the assemblage through telescopes from a captive balloon that was in telephonic communication with military and police headquarters. After singing the Marseillaise the strikers dispersed to the woods and had a picnic lunch.

A dispatch from Gothenburg says the street railroad employes of that city have joined the movement.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The strike in Sweden is exciting the sympathy of British workmen. The dockers' union announced today that it intends to organize a national fund to aid their Scandinavian comrades.

PUT OFF MISSIONARIES' TRIAL.

Americans in Congo Will Not Have Hearing Till Sept. 24.

LEOPOLDVILLE, Belgian Congo, Aug. 6.—A further postponement has been made in the trial here of the two American missionaries, the Rev. William Morrison and the Rev. W. H. Sheppard, on charges of libel. The hearing will now come up Sept. 24.

Messrs. Morrison and Sheppard arrived here yesterday with witnesses who will testify in their behalf. These witnesses were secured with great difficulty because of the long distance to be traveled in reaching Leopoldville.

This suit against the missionaries is brought by one of the Congo concession companies which has a monopoly of rubber gathering in the Kasai region. It claims $20,000 damages from each of the men for "calumnious denunciation." The circumstances are such that the suit is considered practically as brought by the Belgian Government against the missionaries. The hearing was originally set for May 25, but was later postponed until the first week in August.

The United States Government has been asked to take action in the trial of these two men that would secure their protection, and M. Vandervelde, the Belgian Socialist leader, has announced his intention of going to the Congo to defend them.

THREATEN HAWAIIAN JUDGE.

Violence Promised if He Convicts Japanese Strike Conspirators.

HONOLULU, Aug. 6.—Circuit Judge John T. Deboldt has received an anonymous communication, threatening that if any of the Japanese implicated in the strike conspiracy are convicted in the trials now in progress, he will meet a worse fate than that of Editor Sheba of the Hawaii Shimpo, who was stabbed and wounded last week.

The trial of the men charged with conspiracy will be pressed, despite the abandonment of the strike, which was called off yesterday. The conspiracy trial was

NEW POST FOR KITCHENER.

Made Field Marshal and Head of British Mediterranean Forces.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Lord Kitchener, commander of the British forces in India, has been appointed to succeed the Duke of Connaught as Inspector General of the Mediterranean forces, which post the Duke recently resigned on the ground of "the ineffective nature of the work and the useless expense to the nation involved therein." Lord Kitchener will take the rank of Field Marshal, and becomes also a member of the Committee of Imperial Defense. The Inspector General has command of the garrisons at Malta and Gibraltar and all the British troops in Egypt, the Soudan, and Cyprus.

The appointment of Lord Kitchener is coincident with added importance attached to the post. The Duke of Connaught in an official anouncement says:

"In view of new developments in the organization, the Mediterranean command assumes increased importance, and will be taken up by Lord Kitchener with the object of giving it its proper place in the scheme of imperial defense."

It is understood that as a result of the imperial defense conference, which is now sitting, it is intended to co-ordinate all the military forces of the empire and place Lord Kitchener at the head of an organization having the imperial army for its special care. As a preparation for this work, for which he has gained valuable experience in India, Lord Kitchener will, on vacating the Indian command in September, go to Japan to represent Great Britain at the Japanese grand manoeuvres in November, and afterward make a tour of Canada, Australia, and New Zealand, to study the military organizations and consult with the Colonial Governments concerning them.

Lord Kitchener, who was 59 years old in June, is the youngest Field Marshal in the history of Great Britain. Lord Roberts was 60 years old when he was raised to the rank, and Lord Wolseley 62.

"JACK" JOHNSON FINED.

Was Charged with Running Down Automobile with His Matchine.

LONDON, Ontario, Aug. 6.—Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, was arrested here this morning on the strength of a telegram from the Chief of Police at Woodstock, Ontario.

Johnson is alleged to have gone through Woodstock at an excessive rate of speed in his automobile and to have run down another autoist, smashing his machine.

He took his arrest quietly and wanted to pay his fine, whatever it might be. It was arranged by telephone that Police Magistrate Love of London should try the case. Johnson was fined $55 and continued on his way to Chicago.

VENEZUELA UNDER NEW LAW.

New Constitution in Effect—Gomez to be "Provisional President."

CARACAS, Aug. 6.—The new Constitution of the republic went into effect yesterday. Señor Gomez will be elected Provisional President of the country. The personnel of the new Cabinet is expected to be announced shortly.

The protocol between the United States and Venezuela, which provides for the arbitration of outstanding difficulties between the two countries, will probably be approved by Congress Monday.

Next week Mr. Russell and Señor Guinan will sign a protocol settling the Critchfield Asphalt claim. Under it Venezuela will pay the company $475,000 in eight yearly installments, and the company will renounce its right to the asphalt lake where it has been operating.

EIGHT STILL CLING TO WRECK

Maori's Men Can Talk to Shore, but Rescue Is Dubious.

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 6.—Eight members of the crew of the British steamship Maori, which ran on the rocks Wednesday night off Slang Bay, are still on board that vessel.

The wreck is close enough to the shore for the eight men in the rigging to talk with those on land, but it appears that their rescue will be most difficult, if not impossible, owing to the terrific seas running. Late to-night a line was shot across the wrecked Maori and food and brandy were sent aboard. It is still hoped that the men can be saved by use of the breeches buoy.

Forty-six persons have already perished in the wreck.

FIRE ON COTTON STEAMER.

Cargo of Cuthbert, from New York, Damaged at Liverpool Dock.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 6.—Fire started to-night in the steamer Cuthbert while she was discharging her cargo of cotton at the Queen's Dock. The fire brigade worked for four hours in subduing the flames. The damage to the cargo was considerable. There have been numerous cotton fires in Liverpool lately, and it is suspected they were of incendiary origin.

The Cuthbert is a British steamer, and sailed from New York July 24.

ITALY DECORATES ANZANI.

Rewards Builder of Motor Which Flew Over Channel with Bleriot.

ROME, Aug. 6.—King Victor Emmanuel has decorated Signor Anzani, the constructor of the motor which recently drove Louis Bleriot's monoplane across the English Channel.

The King has conferred on Signor Anzani the Order of the Crown.

MEXICO TAKES STEPS TO BLOCK REBELLION

Sweeping Changes Made in Military and Civil Department Because of Unrest

REYES'S FRIEND REMOVED

Cardenas Loses Governorship of Coahuila—Capitalist Arrested Because of Recent Uprising at Guadalajara.

MEXICO CITY, Aug 6.—Because of political unrest in the greater part of Mexico, the administration has made numerous and sweeping changes within the last few days. The headquarters of the third military zone has been supplanted and numerous officers of towns and cities have been changed, notably the administrative head of Torreon.

El Imparcial, the Government organ, in its issue of to-day, says: "These changes in the public administration of Coahuila have a great political significance and the new functionaries are a guarantee of the tranquility and progress of that State."

Gov. Cardenas, who recently was at the head of affairs in Coahuila, is a close political and personal friend of Gen. Reyes, who is named by a numerous political party as the possible successor to President Diaz. Reyes is the Anti-Administration Party candidate for the Vice Presidency in opposition to Ramon Carrol, the present incumbent. The State of Coahuila was the scene of the recent bandit raids which were reported as revolutionary movements by the press of the United States.

Some of the Chiefs of Police of the towns most affected were removed in the orders made public to-day. The universal press comment on the present state of affairs is that the political situation is growing in intensity and interest daily.

The choice of President and Vice President is to be made a year from next September. Ambrosio Ulloa, a lawyer and capitalist, of Guadalajara, where riots occurred on July 25 and 26, was arrested and charged with complicity in the movement. His arrest has caused consternation in opposition circles.

MORE ARRESTS IN BARCELONA.

Report of Prisoners Shot and Talk of New General Strike.

BARCELONA, Aug 6.—The situation here is unchanged. It was rumored to-night that a general strike would again be proclaimed Monday. The police continue to arrest persons suspected of having a share in the recent revolt, and it is said that several prisoners in the Montjuich fortress have been shot.

To-day it was said that the prospects of another outbreak depend on the course the authorities decide to pursue regarding the prisoners in the Montjuich fortress. These men include several Aldermen and a number of prominent Republicans. If they were condemned to death or received unusually severe sentences, it was said that 30,000 men were prepared to open a guerrilla warfare upon the Government in which bombs and incendiarism would play an important part. A prominent Republican of Barcelona said:

"The insurrection at first had the support of all the republican elements in the country, and promised to be a complete success, but when the Anarchists and the Anti-Clericals began burning and sacking the churches and convents the better class of Republicans withdrew. Had it not been for the insane ferocity of the fanatics, I sincerely believe that the republican flag would to-day be flying over Catalonia."

MADRID, Aug. 6.—On account of the unfavorable criticism aroused by the system of exempting rich men from military service upon the payment of $300, King Alfonso to-day issued a decree abolishing a money indemnity in lieu of service. King Alfonso also signed a decree appointing Deputy Crespo Azorin Governor of Barcelona.

Official dispatches received to-day from Melilla say that the Moors in increased numbers again attacked the advanced posts of the Spaniards and that one soldier was wounded. Artillery shelled the Plain of Nader, where horsemen were seen to be assembling. The reports also say that another convoy has been attacked by the Moors and that in the ensuing fighting two Spaniards were wounded.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—A dispatch to La Liberté from Melilla, Morocco, says the position of the Spanish is precarious. Every day the Moors cut the communications between Melilla and the outposts, and since July 29 the Spaniards have lost 50 men killed and 150 wounded in re-establishing their means of communication. The Moors captured a patrol of 50 Spaniards on Aug. 4.

ORAN, Algeria, Aug. 6.—According to official information received here, the Riffs who are opposing the Spaniards at Melilla have cut off a large part of the Spanish water supply, and the town is threatened with a water famine and epidemic.

SAY PRISONER IS CAPT. KING.

Man Held in San Francisco Declared to be Gen. King's Son.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 6.—A man said to be Capt. Harry King, U. S. A., the son of Gen. Horatio C. King and nephew of Gen. Charles King, the writer of fiction dealing with army life, spent last night in the San Francisco Prison under the name of George S. Anderson. He is believed to be the man who recently posed here as Lieut. Elmer McFarland and was arrested on charges of impersonating a United States Army officer and Secret Service agent. He is charged with passing fictitious checks and posing as Major George S. Anderson.

For three months the prisoner has been an instructor with the California Military Academy at Santa Monica under the name of Major Anderson, it is claimed. He disappeared from Los Angeles, where he is charged with passing several fictitious checks. He was arrested in San Francisco. Secret Service Agent Moffitt searched his room and found a mass of evidence which identified him as a member of the King family beyond a doubt, he says.

"I don't want to get too much notoriety out of this thing," said the prisoner, "because my family is prominent in the army. This is a dead issue with me and has been for years. I don't want it brought up again."

RALLY IN LINCOLN CENTS.

The Price Broke Before Sub-Treasury Ceased Issuing $1 Worth to All.

The Lincoln cent craze continues. When the Sub-Treasury opened yesterday morning for business fifty clerks and messengers from banks and trust companies were waiting at the Wall Street door, and the line from the Pine Street entrance, which is used by the general public, extended through to William Street and down that to Wall Street. Twelve policemen and a Sergeant were on hand to keep the copper-hunting lines in order.

The banks and trust companies each received $10 worth of the new coins. Individuals received at first $2 worth, but the demand was such that this was cut down to $1. The Sub-Treasury received $10,000 of the new pennies from the Philadelphia Mint just before it opened its doors. On Wednesday and Thursday 700,000 of the pennies were given out. Many requests were sent in from out of town for the Lincoln cents, but these were not honored.

The dealing opened strong on the Street, the coins selling at two for a nickel, but declined sharply on the news that every person was getting $2 worth instead of the $1 worth at first allowed. When this generous order was countermanded the Lincoln pennies rallied, rising again from three for a nickel to two for a nickel, and some going for even a nickel.

The small-boy operators, who cannot lose any money on the deal, are getting some adventure out of it. Isidor Seizeman of 416 East Tenth Street was arrested at Wall and Nassau Streets by Traffic Squad Policeman Collins and taken to the Tombs Court, where Collins charged that "he did unlawfully vend Lincoln cents from the hand."

Asked if he had done that awful thing, Isidor indicated that it was only too true.

"Well, Isidor, don't vend Lincoln cents from the hand any more," said Magistrate Corrigan in heavy severity. "You can go. Policeman Collins, it gratifies me intensely to see our officers take their responsibilities so seriously, but next time chase the boys away. It's less dignified, but it's really the better way."

SEEKS IMMIGRANT HUSBAND.

Indianapolis Widow Asks Commissioner Williams to Find Her One.

An Indianapolis widow, whose name is withheld, has appealed to Commissioner of Immigration Williams to find her "a mate of mature years." She inclosed a clipping from a Chicago paper headed "America the Home of Husband-Seeking Damsels," which tells how a Chicago woman married a Kansas farmer, by a strange chance, and how she went to Kansas, married him, and is living happily, though she never saw her husband until he met her at the railroad station.

The Indianapolis widow, according to her own showing, is in a position to care for a husband, and in asking the Commissioner to select a husband for her from the many newly arriving males of healthy and good appearance, she gives her own qualifications for the position of a wife.

"I am unincumbered," she explains, "35 years old, 5 feet 6 inches in height, weighing 160 pounds, and of good appearance and address."

She also says that she is accomplished, domesticated, thoroughly healthy, and of a cheerful and amiable disposition. She closes her appeal by stating that if the authorities place her on the "eligible list" and if she receives attention, "the gratitude of a very lonely (or lovely) woman would be ever at the command of this benevolent Government."

Cattle Thief in Connecticut.

WATERBURY, Conn., Aug. 6.—Thomas L. Wheeler's meadow in Watertown was invaded last night and fifty-one cows and heifers were stolen. Farmers wen in all directions hunting for the thief, who was described as a tramp. They tracked cattle to four townships and reclaimed many of them.

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DOYLE BLANKS NAPS; YANKEES GET 8 RUNS

Keeler's Four Hits and Laporte's Three Clinch Victory in Hilltop Game.

NOT A HIT FOR LAJOIE

Berger Driven to Cover and Sitton Punished, Too—Toppers Pile Up Twelve Safeties and Field Well.

Now, passing to the right, as the museum lecturer would say, we find that marvelous manager of the Clevelands, Napoleon Laurentius Lajoie, the most wonderful ball player ever seen in captivity. This amazing specimen of the genus homo, ladies and gentlemen, will perform upon this broad plateau his great feat known as larruping the locals—the most astounding, astonishing, and dazzling achievement known to the athletic stage. Prof. Lajoie will be assisted in his stupendous performance by an all-star aggregation of world-wide wonders, chief of whom is that peerless pitcher with the lightning fling, Mr. Bullfrog Berger. This last-named artist, ladies and gentlemen, with a simple sphere of glacé leather no bigger than a man's hand, will entertain you with his unparalleled aerial looping act, in which he will make the ball twist, twirl, gyrate, and spin about the bewildered batsmen one after another, without once letting it come in contact with a bat or permitting it to pass beyond the corners of the plate. Kindly walk this way, ladies and gentlemen, and purchase your tickets to see Larry's Larrupers blank the Yanks. Remember, absolutely no tickets will be sold after the performance begins, and Canadian money will not be taken at the box office.

All of which might have been said before yesterday's game on the Hilltop that opened the Cleveland series, because the Forest City boxmen and batsmen usually give a good account of themselves when they sojourn here. But it would have been very malapropos after the third inning, for in the fourth the Toppers began pounding Lajoie's pitchers, and they kept it up to the eighth round. And as Joe Doyle's tiresome but effective delivery kept the visitors guessing from the fall of the flag to the finish, the outcome of the all too late unpleasantness was a score of 8 to 0 in favor of the Stallingsites. Fact. The home players rolled up a double quartet of tallies while the whole row of figures following Cleveland's name fairly yawned with ciphers that looked like understudies for the McAdoo tunnel. It took two tedious hours to do it, but it was done to a turn, and 6,000 satisfied spectators didn't mind waiting to see the terrible Naps sewed up in a sack and sent runless to the clubhouse.

Many things besides cabbages and kings might be talked of in connection with the day's sport. Of primary interest to rooters was the excellent stickwork of Willie Keeler and Frank Laporte. Wee William made four delightful singles in five times up, and Laporte, in four turns at bat, rapped out two screaming one-baggers and a double to the blackboard. Everybody got a hit except Demmitt, Knight, and Doyle, and each of those three reached first at least once on battery errors. Sweeney singled twice in four chances, and also got a base on Lajoie's fumble. The Yankees sent Berger to the tall timber in the seventh, and treated Sitton inhospitably, too.

Double plays by the Naps spoiled New York's chances in the first and third, and another retired the locals in the fourth, but that last one didn't come until three comfortable runs were in. Keeler, with one down in the fourth, netted his second safety—a beauteous bunt that tied Perring in a running bowknot. Taking a good lead, Willie came all the way home on Engle's two-sacker to the left field fence. Elberfeld tripled to right, scoring Clyde, and the Kid counted on Laporte's hit to right centre. Then Knight forced Frank and was doubled up by Neal Ball's good pivoting of Berger's throw.

Larry's error that gave Sweeney a bag with one out in the fifth, Doyle's walk, a pitched ball that stung Demmitt's funny bone, and Clarke's high throw in returning the ball to the box added one to New York's score. In the sixth the Toppers tallied again on Laporte's second single, a wild pitch that sent Frank to third, and Austin's out at first that brought the sprinter in. Then came the lucky inning, in which the massacre of Berger was made complete. Keeler's sharp one-sacker was stopped neatly by Lord. Engle sacrificed as daintily as Little Willie could have done. Elberfeld skied to Flick, but a wild pitch put Keeler on third. Willie trotted home on Laporte's cracking two-timer. Knight strolled, and the Bullfrog went croaking to the marsh of retirement. Sitton had wide ones, too, and one of his early flings was so wild that Frank and Jack gained a base each on it. Austin drew a pass. Laporte and Knight scored on Sweeney's hit to left centre. On the return of the ball to the diamond, although Sweeney drew a throw to second, Austin was caught off third and was put out, Flick to Perring to Stovall to Lajoie to Clark.

Doyle's shut-out of the visitors was imperiled in the eighth. Sitton dropped a fly behind first that was good for two bases, because Knight loafed on it. The runner was so elated by his scratch two-bagger that he tried to stretch it to a triple, only to be nailed through Jack's fine throw from right field to Austin. Goode and Flick singled in the same inning, but a fly-out followed each safety. The visitors made two hits in the ninth, but those bingles also were sandwiched with outs.

The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dem't, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	Goode, rf.	4	0	2	0	0
Keeler, rf.	5	2	4	0	0	Stovall, 1b.	4	0	1	9	0
Engle, lf.	3	1	1	1	0	Flick, cf.	4	0	1	1	1
Elb'f'd, ss.	4	1	1	2	3	Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	0	3	4
Laporte, 2b.	4	2	3	4	3	Lord, lf.	2	0	0	2	0
Knight, 1b.	3	1	0	9	1	Clarke, c.	4	0	1	5	0
Austin, 3b.	3	0	1	4	0	Perring, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1
Sw'ney, c.	4	1	2	5	2	Ball, ss.	4	0	1	2	4
Doyle, p.	2	0	0	0	1	Berger, p.	2	0	0	0	3
						Sitton, p.	1	0	1	0	1
Total	32	8	12	27	10	*Easterly	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	0	8	24	14

*Batted for Sitton in ninth inning.

Errors—Austin, Laporte, Clarke.

New York ....0 0 0 3 1 1 3 0 .—8
Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Engle, Laporte, Sitton. Three-base hit—Elberfeld. Sacrifice hit—Engle. Stolen bases—Stovall, Ball. Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; New York, 8. First base on errors—New York, 1; Cleveland, 1. Double plays—Lajoie, Ball, and Stovall; Ball, Jajoie, and Stovall; Berger, Ball, and Stovall. Struck out—By Doyle, 5; by Berger, 2; by Sitton, 1. Bases on balls—Off Doyle, 2; off Berger, 8; off Sitton, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Berger, (Demmitt.) Wild pitches—Berger, 2. Passed ball—Clarke. Hits—Off Berger, 11 in six and two-third innings; off Sitton, 1 in one and one-third innings. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Connolly.

If you need anything at all for wear over Sunday—this morning's the time to get into the picture.

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BASEBALL SUMMARY.

SCORES OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York	8	Detroit	3
Cleveland	0	Philadelphia	1
Boston	8	St. Louis	2
Chicago	1	Washington	1

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati	1	Pittsburg	3
New York (Ten innings.)	0	Brooklyn (Fourteen innings.)	2
Chicago	3	St. Louis	3
Boston	1	Philadelphia	0

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City	2	Providence	0
Toronto	0	Montreal	0
Buffalo	11	Rochester	1
Baltimore	2	Newark (Fourteen innings.)	0

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee	6	Kansas City	4
Indianapolis	1	Louisville	0
Minneapolis	1	Columbus	4
Toledo	0	St. Paul	3

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.	1908.
Detroit	62	37	.626	.625
Philadelphia	59	40	.596	.479
Boston	58	44	.569	.469
Cleveland	52	48	.520	.557
Chicago	48	50	.490	.551
New York	46	52	.469	.330
St. Louis	43	54	.443	.606
Washington	29	72	.287	.379

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.	1908.
Pittsburg	66	27	.709	.615
Chicago	64	30	.681	.577
New York	52	37	.584	.600
Cincinnati	48	46	.511	.495
St. Louis	40	51	.440	.337
Philadelphia	41	53	.436	.554
Brooklyn	35	59	.372	.376
Boston	26	69	.274	.438

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	57	39	.593	Newark	48	48	.500
Buffalo	52	48	.520	Montreal	45	50	.474
Providence	48	45	.516	Jersey City	42	52	.447
Toronto	48	47	.505	Baltimore	44	55	.444

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Minneapolis	62	48	.564	St. Paul	53	54	.495
Milwaukee	61	50	.550	Kansas C'y	50	55	.476
Louisville	57	53	.518	Toledo	50	58	.463
Columbus	55	55	.500	Indianap'lis	48	53	.475

GAMES FOR TO-DAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York—3:30 P. M.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.
St. Louis at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Pittsburg.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto at Jersey City.
Rochester at Newark.
Buffalo at Baltimore, (2 games.)
Montreal at Providence.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Toledo at Minneapolis, (2 games.)
Indianapolis at Milwaukee, (2 games.)
Columbus at St. Paul, (2 games.)
Louisville at Kansas City, (2 games.)

At Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Heltm'r, lf.	2	0	0	0	0	McIn're, lf.	[illegible]	0	2	0	0
Hartzel, lf.	2	0	0	2	0	Bush, ss.	[illegible]	0	0	2	4
Ganley, cf.	4	0	1	1	0	Cra'f'd, cf.	4	[illegible]	0	1	0
Collins, 2b.	4	1	1	2	5	Cobb, rf.	[illegible]	2	1	3	0
Baker, 3b.	4	0	0	2	2	Ross'n, 1b.	[illegible]	0	0	11	1
Murphy, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	Mor'rty, 3b.	[illegible]	1	2	1	2
Davis, 1b.	3	0	2	10	0	O'L'ry, 2b.	[illegible]	0	0	2	3
Barry, ss.	3	0	1	2	3	Stanage, c.	[illegible]	0	0	6	1
Liv'ne, c.	3	0	0	8	3	Sum'rs, p.	[illegible]	0	0	1	1
Krause, p.	2	0	0	0	1						
Dygert, p.	0	0	0	0	0	Total	2[illegible]	3	5	27	12
*Coombs	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	31	1	5	27	13						

*Batted for Krause in the eighth inning.

Detroit ....0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—3
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Davis, Moriarty. Home run—Cobb. Hits—Off Krause, 5 in eight innings; off Dygert, none in one inning. Sacrifice hit—O'Leary. Sacrifice fly—Stanage. Stolen bases—Davis, Collins, Cobb, Moriarty. Double play—Collins, Barry, and Davis. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 4; Detroit, 2. First base on balls—Off Krause, 3. Hit by pitcher—Summers, (Murphy.) Struck out—By Krause, 5; by Summers, 6; by Dygert, 2. Wild pitch—Krause. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Evans and Perrine.

At Washington.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'tzell, rf.	3	0	1	1	1	Browne, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Stone, lf.	3	0	1	2	0	Milan, lf.	4	0	0	4	1
M'Aleese, cf.	4	0	0	4	0	Ungl'b, 1b.	3	0	1	8	1
Wallace, ss.	4	0	0	4	1	Deleh'ty, 2b.	2	0	1	3	2
Jones, 1b.	4	0	1	7	3	Lelivelt, cf.	2	0	0	1	0
W'liams, 2b.	3	0	0	1	1	Sebring, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Ferris, 3b.	3	0	0	0	1	Conroy, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1
Criger, c.	2	1	0	7	3	McB'de, ss.	3	0	0	1	2
Bailey, p.	3	1	2	1	2	Street, c.	3	1	1	8	1
						Johnson, p.	3	0	1	0	2
Total	29	2	5	27	12	*Bl'k'ship	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	28	1	5	27	10

*Batted for Lelivelt in the seventh inning.

Errors—Bailey, Browne.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2
Washington ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Street. Sacrifice hit—Hartzell. Double plays—Criger and Jones; Criger and Wallace. Left on bases—Washington, 1; St. Louis, 4. First base on balls—Off Johnson, 3; off Bailey, 1. First base on errors—Washington, 1. Struck out—By Johnson, 1; by Bailey, 6. Wild pitch—Johnson. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Kerin.

At Boston.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Miles, lf.	4	1	1	3	0	Altizer, rf.	4	0	2	1	0
Lord, 3b.	2	1	1	2	2	Parent, ss.	4	0	1	3	3
Spe'k'r, cf.	3	1	2	2	0	Isbell, cf.	[illegible]	0	0	3	0
Hooper, cf.	1	0	0	0	0	Do'h'ty, lf.	[illegible]	0	1	1	0
Gessler, rf.	3	2	2	0	0	Davis, 1b.	[illegible]	0	0	9	0
Wagner, ss.	3	2	2	2	3	Ta'hill, 3b.	[illegible]	0	0	1	3
Gardn'r, ss.	1	0	0	0	0	Atz, 2b.	[illegible]	1	1	0	3
Stahl, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0	Reilly, 2b.	[illegible]	0	0	1	0
French, 2b.	4	1	1	0	2	Owens, c.	[illegible]	0	0	2	1
Car'gan, c.	4	0	1	5	1	Payne, c.	[illegible]	0	0	1	1
Ar'lanos, p.	4	0	0	1	1	Burns, p.	[illegible]	0	0	0	0
						Sutor, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Total	33	8	11	27	10	Total	3[illegible]	1	5	24	12

Errors—Isbell, Owens, Burns.

Boston ....3 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 .—8
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Altizer, Gessler, Atz, Dougherty. Hits—Off Burns, 6 in three innings; off Sutor, 5 in five innings. Sacrifice hits—Lord, Gessler. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Boston, 4. First base on balls—Off Arrelanes, 1; off Sutor, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Struck out—By Arrelanes, 5; by Sutor, 1. Passed ball—Carrigan. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Sheridan.

If you want Country Board, see Page 13.

NO HITS FOR GIANTS WITH MEN ON BASES

Wild Throws by Ames and Doyle in Tenth Inning Win for Redlegs.

ELEVEN NEW YORKERS LEFT

Weakness of Giants at Bat Apparent When Opportunities to Win Were Passed Without a Hit.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 6.—A couple of about as glaring errors as have been seen on the local field this season lost a 1 to 0 game for the Giants here to-day. After Ames and Gaspar had pitched a classy article of ball, the former in the tenth inning threw wild to first, allowing Oakes to journey to third, and then Doyle, who had fielded the ball, threw wild to third to catch the Red's right fielder, and Oakes ran home with the only run of the contest.

Up to this time the game was well played.

Sensational fielding marked the contest throughout, but the pinch hitters were decidedly missing. The Giants had many chances to score, while the Reds also had several of these opportunities, but the desired hit was not forthcoming. Doyle was the only man on the New York team that hit anything like consistently, and in the ninth had Tenney, who was on first, taken a chance on scoring when Doyle doubled, the story might have been different.

The Giants had two men on bases in the first, two in the fourth, one in the sixth, three in the seventh, and two in the ninth. In every instance a man managed to reach third, but there were always two men out when he got there, and the hit that was needed never came. In three innings the Giants led off by getting the first man on the base, but even this did no good. Gaspar and Ames twirled about equal, but the fielding of the latter was what lost for him. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	5	0	1	2	0	Tenney, 1b.	4	0	1	11	1
Oakes, rf.	4	1	2	2	0	Doyle, 2b.	5	0	2	2	4
Egan, 2b.	4	0	0	1	7	S'mour, cf.	5	0	1	4	0
Pask't, cf.	4	0	2	4	0	Murray, lf.	4	0	1	0	0
Ho'zel, 1b.	3	0	2	10	0	McCo'k, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Down'y, ss.	4	0	1	5	2	O'Hara, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
McLean, c.	4	0	1	2	1	Devlin, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
Hug'ns, 3b.	2	0	0	4	2	B'well, ss.	4	0	0	0	2
Gaspar, p.	4	0	1	0	1	Schlei, c.	3	0	0	8	0
						Ames, p.	4	0	1	1	5
Total	34	1	10	30	13	Total	36	0	8	*27	11

*Paskert out, hit by batted ball.

One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Doyle, McCormick, Ames.

Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
New York..........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Doyle. Sacrifice hits—Huggins, Devlin. Stolen bases—Hoblitzel. Double play—Bridwell, Doyle, and Tenney. Bases on balls—Off Gaspar, 2; off Ames, 3. Struck out—By Gaspar, 2; by Ames, 7. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Johnstone.

Pirates Win in Fourteenth.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 6.—Pittsburg won to-day from Brooklyn by a score of 3 to 2, but it took fourteen innings to turn the trick. The locals scored in the first inning, but the visitors forged to the lead in the fourth by getting two runs. Pittsburg tied the score in the eighth, after the first two men up had fanned. Leach singled, stole second, and scored on Clarke's scratch hit to McMillan. Neither side could score, although both had opportunities, until the fourteenth, when Miller singled, advanced to second on Abstein's single, and scored when Hummel dropped Lennox's throw of Wilson's sacrifice. Scanlon pitched a splendid game, as did both Camnitz and Leever. The feature of the game was the hitting and playing of Leach. After getting a triple in the first inning he stole home. Score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'beau, 3b.	5	0	0	2	1	Burch, lf.	7	0	0	1	0
Leach, cf.	4	2	3	4	0	McEl'n, cf.	6	0	1	6	0
Clarke, lf.	5	0	1	4	0	Lennox, 3b.	6	0	1	3	4
Ab'chio, ss.	4	0	0	3	6	Al'm'n, 2b.	6	1	1	3	3
Miller, 2b.	5	1	2	2	4	Lumley, rf.	6	1	3	3	0
A'stein, 1b.	5	0	1	17	1	Hum'el, 1b.	4	0	1	16	0
Wilson, rf.	5	0	1	1	0	McMil'n, ss.	6	0	2	1	3
Gibson, c.	5	0	0	9	1	Bergen, c.	3	0	1	6	2
Camnitz, p.	1	0	0	0	4	†Clem'ts	1	0	0	0	0
*Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0	Marshall, c.	2	0	0	0	0
Leever, p.	1	0	0	0	3	Scanlon, p.	5	0	2	0	6
Total	41	3	8	42	20	Total	52	2	12	‡39	18

*Batted for Camnitz in the eighth inning.

†Batted for Bergen in the ninth inning.

‡None out when winning run was made.

Errors—Hummel, 2.

Pittsburg ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—3
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Scanlon. Three-base hits—Leach, Lumley. Hits—Off Camnitz, 7 in eight innings; off Leever, 5 in six innings. Sacrifice hits—Barbeau, Leach, Clarke, Miller, Abstein, Wilson, and Hummel. Stolen bases—Leach, 2; Wilson. Double play—Scanlon, Alperman, and Hummel. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 10; Brooklyn, 11. First base on balls—Off Scanlon, 4; off Leever, 1. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Leever, 1. Struck out—By Scanlon, 5; by Camnitz, 4; by Leever, 3. Time of game—Two hours and fifty minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Day.

At Chicago.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	4	2	2	2	5	Thomas, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
Shec'd, lf.	3	1	2	1	0	Becker, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
Schulte, rf.	3	0	2	0	0	Coffey, ss.	4	0	0	1	2
Chance, 1b.	3	0	1	12	0	B'mont, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
Stein't, 3b.	4	0	2	1	3	Shean, 2b.	4	0	1	1	5
Hof'n, cf.	4	0	1	4	0	Beck, 1b.	2	0	0	16	0
Tinker, ss.	4	0	0	1	4	Siner, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2
Archer, c.	3	0	0	6	0	Graham, c.	2	0	1	4	1
Kroh, p.	3	0	0	0	3	Fer'son, p.	3	0	1	0	4
						*Dahlen	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	10	27	15	Total	30	1	5	24	14

*Batted for Beck in the ninth inning.

Error—Shean.

Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 .—3
Boston ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Shean, Evers, Steinfeldt. Three-base hit—Evers. Sacrifice hits—Thomas, Chance, Schulte. Sacrifice fly—Sheckard. Stolen bases—Schulte, Sheckard. Double play—Evers, Tinker, and Chance. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Boston, 6. First base on balls—Off Kroh, 3. Struck out—By Kroh, 5; by Ferguson, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Baseball To-day, 3:30 P. M.—American League Park, N. Y. Americans vs. Cleveland.—Adv.

NEW YORK A. C. CREW WINS.

Captures International Senior Fours in Thrilling Race.

DETROIT, Aug. 6.—Canada and the East shared winning honors this afternoon in the opening events of the thirty-seventh annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, which was held on the Detroit River under the auspices of the Detroit Boat Club. Perfect weather and water conditions and splendid racing combined to make the opening of the regatta a complete success.

The international senior four-oared shell event, which went to the New York Athletic Club, was the feature race of the day. Three shells swept across the finish line so close together that the spectators could not tell which was the winner until the official announcement was made by the judges. The Ottawa Rowing Club of Ottawa, Ontario, jumped into the lead when the six shells were sent off, and for four-fifths of the course the plucky Canadians held it, with the Wahneta Boat Club of Flushing, N. Y., and the Vespers of Philadelphia close behind and threatening every instant. Three of the shells crowded dangerously close together on the outer edge of the course when about half way down, and this forced the New York Athletic Club four to drop back to avoid being bumped. The New Yorkers fell in behind the leading trio, and when the pace had told on them, spurted ahead.

James Cosgrave of the Argonaut Club of Toronto finished far ahead of the other starters in the first heat of the association senior single sculls, showing marked superiority over all the other entrants. The second heat of the association senior single sculls was a pretty race in the last quarter mile between Samuel Gordon of the Vespers of Philadelphia and William Merhoff of the Nassaus of New York. Gordon beat the New Yorker by a small margin. Fred Fuessell of the Harlem Club, after leading to the three-quarter mark, seemed to tire and finished paddling, badly beaten by both Gordon and Merhoff.

Summary of the races:

International Senior Four-Oared Shells.—Won by New York Athletic Club, New York; Arundel Boat Club, Baltimore, Md., second; Ottawa Rowing Club, Ottawa, Ontario, third. Time—6:27 2-5.

Intermediate Eight-Oared Shells.—Won by Argonaut Rowing Club, Toronto; Detroit Boat Club, Detroit, second; Wyandotte Athletic Association, Wyandotte, Mich., third. Time—6:15.

Intermediate Four-Oared Shells.—Won by Hamilton Rowing Club, Hamilton, Ontario; Detroit Boat Club, Detroit, second. Time—6:47 2-5.

Senior Double Sculls, Shells.—Won by Harlem Rowing Club, New York; Western Rowing Club, St. Louis, Mo., second. Time—6:53.

Association Single Sculls, Senior.—First Heat—Won by James Cosgrave, Argonaut Rowing Club, Toronto; A. Warneck, Springfield Boat Club, Springfield, Mass., second; George W. Allison, West Philadelphia Boat Club, Philadelphia, third. Time—7:24 2-5. Second Heat—Won by Sam. Gordon, Vesper Boat Club, Philadelphia; William Merhoff, Nassau Boat Club, New York, second; Fred Fuessell, Harlem Rowing Club, New York, third. Time—7:32. Ralph H. Knapp, Nonpareil Rowing Club, New York, capsized at the quarter post. He was picked up by a launch.

Intermediate Double Scull Shells.—Won by Arundel Boat Club, Baltimore, Md.; Springfield Boat Club, Springfield, Mass., second; Grand Rapids Boat Club, Grand Rapids, Mich., third; Wahneta Boat Club, Flushing, N. Y., fourth. Time—7:52.

At St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	3	0	0	1	4	Grant, 3b.	4	0	1	3	1
Ellis, lf.	4	1	1	2	0	Bates, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
Phelps, c.	2	1	0	4	1	Titus, rf.	4	0	1	3	0
Ko'chy, 1b.	3	1	1	13	1	Magee, lf.	4	0	2	1	0
Evans, rf.	2	0	0	2	1	Br'f'ld, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0
Del'h'y, 2b.	3	0	0	2	5	Knabe, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2
Murphy, cf.	2	0	0	0	0	Doolan, ss.	3	0	1	0	5
Charles, ss.	3	0	0	2	3	Dooin, c.	3	0	0	6	0
Lush, p.	3	0	0	1	1	Moore, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Beebe, p.	0	0	0	0	0	*Ward	1	0	0	0	0
						Scanlon, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	25	3	2	27	16	Total	32	0	6	24	8

*Batted for Moore in the eighth inning.

Errors—Delehanty, Moore.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 .—3
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Home run—Ellis. Sacrifice hits—Evans, Murphy. Double plays—Evans and Konetchy; Byrne, Delehanty, and Konetchy. Passed ball—Phelps. Stolen bases—Byrne, Bates. Wild pitch—Moore. Base on balls—Off Lush, 1; off Moore, 2. Struck out—By Lush, 2; by Moore, 2; by Scanlon, 3. Hits—Off Moore, 2 in seven innings; off Lush, 6 in eight innings; off Beebe, none in one inning. Left on bases—St. Louis, 2; Philadelphia, 6. Time of game—One hour and thirty-six minutes. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

Yankees Let Blair Go; Get Frill.

The New York American League Club announces that it has purchased Pitcher Frill from the Newark Club of the Eastern League and released Catcher Walter Blair to the Newark Club. Frill is a left hander.

M'GINNIS LUCKY IN SARATOGA RACING

Wins Two Events, Sells $600 Horse for $1,450, and Gets a Race on a Foul.

BLACKLIST FOR WELCHERS

Bookmakers to Keep Each Other Informed of Bettors Who Bet and Lose and Fail to Pay Their Wagers.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 6.—A programme of purse events decided on a sticky and slow track furnished vastly better racing than the card promised, with a full allowance of incidents to-day. The nominal feature was the mile handicap, won by Pins and Needles from the odds-on favorite Sir John Johnson, but selling class horses engaged the greater share of public attention and interest with the horses of J. L. McGinnis, winners of two races under conditions to justify the revival of the owner's old title of "Lucky Jack."

McGinnis sent out as his first starter the three-year-old Spellbound, unworthy brother of the good race horses Jenks, Mesmerist, and Hatasoo. Spellbound had been offered for sale for $600 the day before, but simply to fit the weight of the stable jockey he was entered to sell for $1,000. He raced close on the pace set by the favorite Quantico until Quantico stopped at the head of the stretch, where Spellbound went on with Ruxton, Spellbound winning ridden out by a neck from Ruxton. The winner was bid up to $1,100 and bought by Preston Burch for the Chelsea stables, McGinnis with the purse thus getting $1,450 for his $600 horse. McGinnis was even luckier with his second winner, Captain Swanson, in the sprint for maidens two years old, for Captain Swanson was beaten in a smart finish with Ben Loyal, the favorite and pacemaker, but got the race on the disqualification of Ben Loyal, for what the stewarts considered a foul, Ben Loyal bearing over from the inside toward Captain Swanson on the track at the run-in, though it was not apparent that the first horse touched or impeded Captain Swanson.

The professional betting men here have planned and have engaged a former bookmaker to make a "black list" of delinquent bettors. They complan that welching has become so common that they have lost large sums of money, one man fixing his loss for this season, through failure of bettors to pay, at $7,000. The black list is to be for private circulation among the men who lay odds for "oral wagers," the men who have joined in the movement, believing that they will be within the law if the "black list" is only circulated among the subscribers to the plan.

Results of the racing:

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, for fillies and mares, all ages; six furlongs.
R. K. Lewis's Crystal Maid, br. f., by pirate of Penzance-Silk Maid, 98, (E. Martin,) 3 to 5 and out ....1^{10}
F. D. Weir's May Amelia, 101, (Gilbert,) 7 to 1 and 1 to 1....................2^{4}
F. A. Forsythe's Berry Maid, 120, (McCarthy,) 9 to 5 and 1 to 2....................3^{4}
Trouveur, 92, (Taplin,) 40 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:15 1-5.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds, selling allowances; one mile.
J. L. McGinnis's Spellbound, b. g., by Albert-Hoodoo, 93, (Ural,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2....1^{h}
M. J. Cromwell's Ruxton, 103, (Page,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1....................2^{4}
T. Clyde's Quantico, 101, (Goldstein,) 9 to 2 and 2 to 1....................3^{8}
Michael Beck, 101, (Upton,) 6 to 1; Sententious, 96, (Glass,) 12 to 1; Descomnets, 97, (Creevy,) 10 to 1; Joe Rose, 101, (Taplin,) 3 to 2, and Nigger Baby, 105, (Grand,) 60 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—1:44 4-5.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling allowances; five and one-half furlongs.
W. S. House's Ostend, b. g., by Ogden-Lucy Lee, 107, (Butwell,) 5 to 2 and 1 to 1....1^{h}
C. Karr's Zephyr, 107, (Page,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5....................2^{3}
C. F. Clark's Zacatecas, 110, (Powers,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5....................3^{4}
Lord Clinton, 110, (Austin,) 12 to 1; Matchfield, 107, (Bergen,) 12 to 1; Rowland Otis, 102, (Williams,) 15 to 1; Dixie Dixon, 102, (C. Miller,) 25 to 1; Loco, 107, (Dugan,) 6 to 1; Moltke, (C. Garner,) 15 to 1; Frosty, 107, (Taplin,) 30 to 1; Love Watches, 105, (Creevy,) 30 to 1; Kenneth B., 105, (Davenport,) 100 to 1, and Jack Frost, 110, (McCahey, 100 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—1:10 2-5.

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap; for all ages; one mile.
H. L. Lee's Pins and Needles, b. m., by Knight of the Thistle—Sandy Bar, 100, (McCahey,) 4 to 1 and 3 to 5....................1^{2}
Beverwyck Stable's Sir John Johnson, 118, (Nicol,) 1 to 2 and out....................2^{1}
J. J. Moran's King Sol, 90, (Martin,) 12 to 1 and 8 to 5....................3^{8}
Zienap, 99, (Taplin,) 12 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:45 2-5.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; one mile and three-sixteenths.
H. G. Bedwell's Belleview, ch. g., by Bel Demonio-Gadabout, 107, (Taplin,) 3 to 1 and 1 to 1....................1^{h}
A. Weber's Console, 98, (Davenport,) 6 to 5 and 1 to 2....................2½
Thomas Wright's Rio Grande, 100, (Liebert,) 30 to 1 and 8 to 1....................3^{3}
Mellowmint, 101, (Glass,) 10 to 1; Nethermost, 88, (Garner,) 7 to 1; Miss Catesby, 105, (Grand,) 20 to 1; King of Bashan, 103, (Bergen,) 40 to 1; Lord Stanhope, 105, (Dugan.) 15 to 1, and Okenite, 107, (Butler,) 8 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—2:06 1-5.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-old maidens; six furlongs.
*Rangeley Stable's Ben Loyal, b. c., by Ben Strome-Jessie Woodson, 110, (Musgrave,) 11 to 10 and 2 to 5....................1½
J. L. McGinnis's Captain Swanson, 110, (Grand,) 5 to 1 and 6 to 5....................2½
P. T. Chinn's Judge Lassing, 110, (Truebel,) 7 to 5 and 1 to 2....................3^{1}
Top Notch, 107, (Upton,) 12 to 1 and 3 to 1.4^{10}
Momus, 110, (Butwell,) 12 to 1, and St. Regis, 110, (Taplin,) 20 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—1:18 3-5.
*Ben Loyal disqualified for a foul.

Saratoga Racing Entries.

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, for all ages; six furlongs.

	Pounds.		Pounds.
De Mund	128	Prince Ahmed	123
King Cobalt	123	Lady Irma	103
Berry Maid	114	Gold Note	92
Jeanne d'Arc	97	Rialto	110
Besom	108	Chief Hayes	97
Fort Johnson	98	John Garner	88
Bellwether	103		

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; Saratoga Steeplechase; about two miles.

Recruit	142	Black Bridge	130
Malacca	137	Reginald	132
*Grandpa	132	Sunglow	137
Byzantine	144	Waterway	147
Ballacalla	152		

THIRD RACE.—Saratoga Special, for two-year-olds; six furlongs.

Amelia Jenks	119	Shannon	122
Sweep	122	Waldo	122

FOURTH RACE.—Delaware Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile.

King's Daughter	109	Field Mouse	98
Etherial	98	Arondack	104
Far West	104	Danoscara	102

FIFTH RACE.—Selling; for two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs.

*Billiard Ball	102	Cellaret	104
Amly	99	Jack Dennerien	105
*Crack Shooter	94	*Madeline L.	97
*Diction	99	*Little King	94
Eddie Dugan	102	*Henderson	95
*May Florence	96	Duquesne	104
*Toniata	97	Compton	107

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile.

*Gloriole	88	C. W. Burt	105
Rockcastle	101	Right Guard	98
George W. Lebolt	96	*Beaucoup	111
Golden Shore	103	Ruble	97
Tony Faust	112	John Garner	106
*Black Hawk	101	Eschau	96
Pocomoke	104		

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

CHRISTIE BREAKS RECORD.

Smashes Canadian Auto Mark and Beats Oldfield in a Race.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Walter Christie was the star of the opening day's racing in the two-day auto carnival which is being held on the Fort Erie track, across the river from Buffalo. He broke the Canadian record for a mile on a circular track by making 0:54 3-5 in his trial, and in the principal event of the day easily defeated Barney Oldfield in a three-mile race, negotiating the distance in 2:49. Oldfield seemed to gain on the turns, but when the machines were straightened out Christie gained as though Oldfield were standing still. Oldfield drove a 150 horse power Benz in to-day's race.

In a mile exhibition against Christie's time Oldfield did 0:55 2-5.

Louis Chevrolet, driving a Buick, won the five-mile free-for-all from Austin and Lorimer, making the splendid time of 4:58. He and Lorimer also engaged in a great battle in the fifty-mile race, the last event on the card. Lorimer's rear tire burst while he was far behind, but he made a quick change, being two miles in the rear when he again took the track. Near the fortieth mile a rear tire on Chevrolet's machine burst and he was compelled to stop, during which time Lorimer almost caught him. It was an exciting period in a great race. The time was considered marvelous for a circular track—52:10 1-5.

WILSON A GOLF VICTOR.

Westbrook Again Captures First Honors in Shinnecock Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Playing in his best form Robert C. Watson, Jr., of Westbrook defeated E. M. Byers of Pittsburg by 4 up and 3 to play in the final round for the chief cup in the annual invitation tournament of the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club to-day. This makes Watson's second victory here, his previous success being in 1901. B. P. Merriman of Waterbury, the Connecticut champion, won the second cup.

Myopia Beats Norfolk for Polo Cups.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 6.—In the Point Judith Country Club polo tournament at Wildfield Farm this afternoon, Myopia First and Norfolk were the rival fours in the first match for the Rhode Island Cups. The match was won by Myopia by a score of 14 to 11¾.

Squadron A Polo Cup Match.

The first of a series of three polo games for the Le Boutillier Cups was played yesterday at Van Cortlandt Park between teams from Squadron A, designated respectively the Whites and the Blues. The White team won by 5¾ goals to 2.

To Men Who Know

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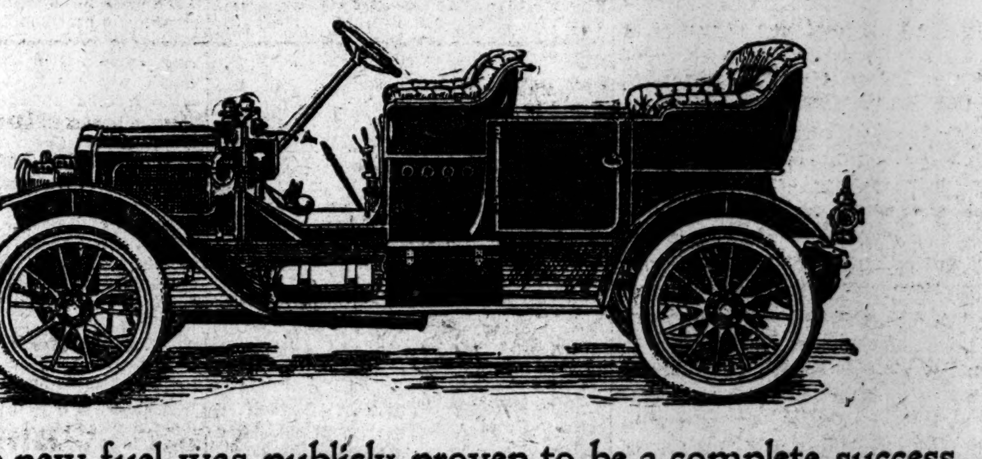

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FRONTENAC	Abendroth & Root Mfg. Co., 1,621 B'way. Phone 5177 Col.
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THE LONG HARD FIGHT.

Of far greater moment than the memorandum with which President Taft accompanied his signature of the Tariff bill is the announcement that he has advised certain Senators and Members within the last few days that he is not satisfied with some schedules of the new law, and will in good time recommend to Congress a further and substantial revision of those duties which are the cause of his dissatisfaction. We regret that the President issued his memorandum. It would have been better to sign in silence, for his statement of reasons for signing is not convincing. It reads as if he was not really convinced himself, for he excuses, palliates, explains, as if seeking to accommodate reluctant action to unpleasant circumstances. The assumed complacency with which he accepts disappointment necessarily weakens him in the conflict yet to come with the triumphant and emboldened interests, who will be compactly arrayed against him in his future efforts to cudgel them away from the trough which the tariffmakers have filled to overflowing to glut their gross and undeserving appetites.

All that is of the past, though of a very recent past. The country will do well to forget what has happened, and to turn its eyes hopefully to the promise of better things to come. We are told that Mr. Taft is dissatisfied with the woolen and cotton schedules. He will seek a "substantial revision downward of those duties." He has wisely chosen the wool and cotton schedules as the subject of his labors. No others affect so large a number of the American people, no others contain duties more flagrantly exorbitant nor any more deliberately planned to serve as "a shield for avarice and greed."

It is reported that the President hopes to secure the information upon which his revision recommendations will be based from the agents he is authorized to appoint "to assist him in the application of the maximum and minimum sections of the statute." In his memorandum Mr. Taft assumes that this authority "gives a wide latitude for the acquisition under circumstances favorable to its truth, of information in respect to goods at home and abroad, which will throw much light on the operations of the present tariff, and be of primary importance as officially collected data upon which future Executive action and Executive recommendations may be based."

It would be superfluous to give Mr. Taft the friendly warning that he will not be permitted to use these agents for the collection of revision material if Mr. Hale can help it. The Maine Senator admitted with a grin the other day that the Conference Committee had deliberately and with full intent to destroy cut the very heart out of the tariff commission clauses, and he expressed the hope that the President will not attempt to exceed his authority in using his authority under its meagre provisions. But we know of no reason why a President of the United States should be limited in the performance of his official duty by the ideas of one narrow-minded and obstructionist Senator, or of half a dozen such. The Constitution requires the President from time to time to give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and to recommend such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. He has at his command abundant means for acquiring the information he may deem useful in the performance of the duty thus imposed upon him. He will have the loyal and zealous support of the Senators and Members from the West and the Northwest, who have exhibited great ability and industry in the fight for lower duties, for an honest fulfillment of the campaign pledge of revision. He will need their aid, for no easy triumph awaits him. It will, in truth, be a long and hard fight.

It is very probable that the President will take advantage of his trip through the West to make known to the country his desire and intention to remove from the new tariff those features which, as our neighbor The World very aptly puts it, make the new law an "avowal that Government is to concern itself hereafter with the profits of selected business interests." That is the plain truth about the woolen and cotton schedules, and when the people know that it is the truth, they will rebel against it. The objection of business disturbance which might be urged against the revision of all the schedules is no argument at all against striking out increases made or unjustly high duties retained in the interests of "the communism of pelf."

TRIBUTES TO EMINENT MEN.

Mr. Battling Nelson, the hero of many severe contests, seems to have made a mistake when he lost his temper and went to law because they could not find a room for him in a Philadelphia hotel. Mr. Nelson assumes that the refusal to sell him lodging and board is a reflection on the dignity of his calling. But he need not go as far as that. The opinion of hotel keepers as to the relative merit of the various professions and trades in which men earn their bread has no great weight. As a matter of fact, the lack of vacant rooms in the hotel when Mr. Battling Nelson inquired for one at the desk, should be taken as a tribute to the eminent pugilist's glorious renown. Surely he is proud of his calling, as he has reason to be, for it is profitable, and in it he has gained great fame.

In the corridors and public rooms of any hotel Mr. Battling Nelson would be an object of general admiration. In the dining room the waiters would be likely to spill the soup on the more obscure diners in their anxiety not to miss a change of expression on his amiable countenance. The hall boys would be fairly hypnotized by his presence, the elevator men would forget their duties in contemplation of the honor of being near him. Outsiders would throng the house to get a glimpse of him, to grasp his hand, to beg the honor of a spoken word. Mr. Nelson must know that hotel keepers always desire to suppress as far as possible the individuality of their guests. The public, to them, is all one color, drab, and all to be served in the same way, by the same monstrous machinery, moving in perfect order. As a hotel guest, Mr. Battling Nelson would loom and cause such excitement as to disturb the smooth running of the machinery.

For much the same reason the merchants of Muncie, Ill., have protested against the visit of Mr. Billy Sunday, once a renowned ball player, now a revivalist, to their town. They do not want any undue excitement to disturb the course of business. Religion they do not object to, but Mr. Sunday's way of preaching religion is so strenuous and exciting that people within the sound of his voice are apt to forget everything else. There is plenty of room in the world, however, for Mr. Battling Nelson and Mr. Billy Sunday, and both should have enough philosophy to know such rebuffs as they have just received are really tributes to their genius, and proofs of their importance.

POLITICAL FINANCE.

It is not always the unexpected that happens. Speaker Cannon has lopped off the heads of several insurgent Chairmen of Committees just as it was evident that he would, and perhaps must if the discipline of the machine under his control is to be maintained. We have traveled far since Speaker Reed thanked God that the House was not a deliberative assemblage, like other representative bodies. Arguments, reports, facts are not the material out of which our laws are made nowadays, and laws are made not for the good of the Nation but as matters of party policy. It was narrow partisanship, and personal pique, which dictated the removal of obstacles to the smooth working of the Republican machine. None of the decapitated Chairmen had forfeited public confidence. Indeed they had rather demonstrated their personal efficiency in general, and in particular by daring to oppose what they deemed bad Governmental policies, and went far to prove it. None of them opposed Mr. Cannon on personal grounds, or merely because he was Speaker. He was their ranking officer, but they were the better Republicans, as is proved by what they mutinied against.

Conspicuously is this so in the case of Mr. Fowler. He has temperamental defects, and is a financier whose correct convictions are so stalwart as to admit of no compromise. Possibly he might have done more for the cause which he has so closely at heart if he had been willing to take a half loaf on account, instead of removing himself by insubordination from his official opportunities for usefulness. It is in every way to be desired that he shall continue his activities in the cause of currency reform. No man can be such a thorn to those whose path he blocked. For this reason it is to be regretted that the newspapers of his State are taking the view that the loss of his Chairmanship will be followed by the loss of his seat. Alexander Gilbert, Chairman of the New York Clearing House, is already suggested as his likeliest successor. There is no personal opposition to Mr. Gilbert in saying that his experience in public life is not such as to make him Mr. Fowler's superior in this respect.

The question at once arises, Would Mr. Gilbert be a Cannon proxy? In that case it is plain from the beginning what sort of currency reform we shall have. In general it will resemble the sort of tariff which has just been thrust upon an ungrateful and objecting Nation. There will be not a trace of monetary principle in its preparation. Proof of this is given by the substitution for Mr. Fowler of Mr. Vreeland, the gentleman who co-operated with Senator Aldrich in producing the Vreeland-Aldrich Emergency Currency bill. Happily this measure was as defective in detail as erroneous in principle, and therefore has done no harm. It was passed merely as a political expedient, and as a measure of protection to financial interests. It was designed to help make a market for bonds in general, just as the National act was designed to make a market for National bonds. We have had a sickening superfluity of proof of the evils of a currency based upon National bonds, and it is sure that lowering the quality of the bonds, and enlarging their quantity, would emphasize them.

It is said in behalf of the promoters of the Aldrich-Vreeland proposals that

> they are fully aware that a complete reorganization of the banking and currency system of the United States cannot be brought about unless it is supported by a strong public sentiment. They appreciate the wide divergence of views among bankers on this question, and it is their purpose to endeavor, if possible, to compose these conflicting opinions.

There is no such difference of banking opinion, and the Aldrich-Vreeland programme is not adapted to heal any differences, if there are any, except by uniting them in opposition to all of the programme that has been revealed. It was proposed to give bankers a representation upon the Currency Commission, and they were deliberately left off as a disturbing element. It is the height of sarcasm for Messrs. Vreeland and Aldrich to assume to instruct the banking opinion of the country. To begin by removing Mr. Fowler and substituting Mr. Vreeland adds injury to insult.

THE FREE LIST.

The silver lining of that dark cloud, the Payne Tariff, is the free list. Foreign turtles are placed within the reach of the humblest. The blessed air we breathe is not freer than spunk, which is not what the casual reader probably thinks it is, an unpurchasable and desirable attribute of human character, singularly lacking among the associates of Mr. Aldrich and Mr. Cannon, but merely what most folks nowadays call punk, or touchwood. Cudbear, myrobalans, kieserite, and pulu can be brought in without duty, as compensation for the heavily increased charges on things common humanity knows by name. Cudbear is a dyestuff made from lichens by digestion with ammonia. People who want cudbear probably want it very much. Dragon's blood is not a theatrical property, but a brown resin, and myrobalans is a dried, prune-like fruit from the East Indies, useless for ordinary boarding house purposes, but excellent for making ink. Kieserite, named for a distinguished scientist of Jena, is a magnesium sulphate, while with pulu the Hawaiians stuff their sofa pillows. Of course, everybody knows now that turtles are "hinsecks."

There remains, among the more cryptic contents of the free list, diva-diva. The appearance of diva-diva on the free list, however, has nothing to do with the greatly increased interest in opera. Diva-diva does not signify two divas, or twin prime donne for such works as "Giroflé-Girofla." It is merely tropical American tree, the reddish-brown pods of which are used for making a dye. There is much consolation, by and large, for dyers in the free list. It is a pity so few of us are dyers.

CRETE, TURKEY, AND THE POWERS.

The Cretan problem is looming large on the Near-Eastern horizon. The representatives of England, France, Italy, and Russia, under whose protection an autonomously working and tranquilizing Government had been gradually developed, withdrew from the island on July 27. In anticipation of this evacuation the Cretan population demanded union with Greece, and the Turkish Government demanded the restoration of Turkish suzerainty as it obtained in the island prior to the Greco-Turkish war of 1897. Both Cretans and the Turkish Government have asked the four Powers concerned to maintain for awhile the status quo until the matter could be settled with justice to all. Nevertheless these Powers withdrew, and a difficult and dangerous international problem has been pressed to the front.

The Powers have performed their work well on the island, but it must be confessed that they have done so through the lines of least resistance. They conscientiously observed their agreement with the old Turkish Government in 1898 and discouraged from time to time the formal attempts of the Cretans to unite with Greece. On the other hand, they did not discourage academic or popular expressions of that Cretan ambition. Their representative on the island as High Commissioner from 1898 until 1906 was Prince George of Greece. The second High Commissioner was Alexander Zaimis, a former Prime Minister of Greece. With his succession they allowed the King of Greece the privilege of nominating High Commissioners. In 1899 they withdrew the international police and replaced it by Cretans under Italian officers. In 1906 they allowed these officers to be replaced by Greek officers, who organized a regular military system. For the last ten months justice on the island has been administered in the name of the King of Greece, and contested cases have been sent to the Court of Appeal at Athens. The word "Hellas" has been printed upon Cretan stamps, and Cretan officeholders have been required to take the official oath to the King of the Hellenes. On July 27 the Greek flag was raised over all public edifices on the island. In permitting these things the Powers have sympathized with the sentiment of a large majority of the island population, and have consistently turned a deaf ear to the remonstrances of the ever-diminishing Mussulman minority. They have also ignored the possibility that the new Young Turk Government at Constantinople might be in a position to question their sincerity—a position never conceivable under Abdul Hamid. This oversight is now bearing fruit.

Turkey, with formal promises of a just and equable suzerainty, will attempt to restore Turkish garrisons and the Turkish flag. The Cretans will repel this restoration, probably by force of arms. The intolerable situation of twelve years ago seems about to be resurrected, with the natural intervention of Greece and the ultimate intervention of the Powers.

France, Italy, and Russia must now deal with the Constitutional Government of a modern Turkey, strongly backed by German and Austrian sympathy. It is impossible to believe that they have not been aware of this inevitable contingency and are, therefore, prepared, diplomatically at least, to meet it. Are they ready to acknowledge the claims of Young Turkey supported by Germany and Austria, or will they encourage the ambitions of Greece for the absorption of Crete as a first step toward the creation of a new Byzantine Empire as a check to Moslem expansion in the Near East? Their desertion of Crete at this time seems indirectly to indicate the latter. In either case the position forced upon Crete is to be deplored.

If Chicago can get Theodore A. Bingham to fill the position of Chief of its police, Chicago will be well served. He has had the benefit of richly varied experience in a similar office here, and has qualities that should help to make him popular wherever he goes. The reformation of the Chicago police force is not likely to be an easy task, but Gen. Bingham has never shirked hard work. We understand that he has made no effort to secure the place lately vacated by Chief Shippy, but that the movement in favor of his appointment originated in Chicago.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Mrs. Sage's Model Suburb Again.

We print in another column a letter from Mr. A. C. Pleydell prophesying that the suburban development planned by the Sage Foundation at Forest Hill and Jamaica, as thus far unofficially described, will do nothing by its example of tasteful architecture to solve the problem of congestion, and, if designed for clerks on a salary of $15 a week, it cannot benefit them. Either the beautiful dwellings, so light and airy, will be worth only what the clerks can afford to pay, in which case the Fund "will be doing no more than the ordinary real estate agent," or else they will be worth more than they are sold for. If that is to be the case, the plan amounts to "making a cash present to a select few," and it cannot help the many. Nothing would hinder the clerks from selling out the whole development at a profit to persons who do not figure at all in the problem of congestion.

Possibly the Trustees of the Sage Fund, who are able business men, could find a fallacy in Mr. Pleydell's reasoning. Had the inventor of the sewing machine waived his patent rights, making a free gift of his invention to humanity, the first machine manufactured would nevertheless have commanded a very high price, say $200. Companies anxious to make sewing machines would have paid a good deal for the first copy of the unpatented design, and the wives of well-to-do men would have outbid each other in the effort to obtain sewing machines while they were scarce. Mr. Pleydell notes that the excellence of the Sage project has already raised the expectation of profit among the adjacent land owners. But if it contains ideas and patterns of land improvement that can be universally copied, while the intrinsic worth of the project may remain the same, its competitive worth will surely fall. In time small-salaried men all over the country may possess homes of like beauty and utility. For have not these men already provided their households with sewing machines, despite the fact that the original invention was patented and the later patents have not expired?

But the Sage Trustees would do well not to mix "charity" with business in their new exploitation. If they can build homes artistically, healthfully, and cheaply—and they may command the world's experts on city planning in this endeavor—the homes should be sold at the highest obtainable prices, higher, even, than clerks or workmen can afford to pay. If the margin of profit be large in applying these new ideas of building, the real estate dealers and the building companies will be quick to take advantage of them, and by their competition they will ultimately force each other's prices down within the reach of the small-salaried man.

Gov. Fort on Insanity Experts.

Even the Supreme Court of the United States has declared that "opinions of persons professing to be medical experts may be obtained to support any view." But in his remarks to the physicians assembled at Sea Girt on Thursday Gov. Fort said this unjust thing about expert witnesses summoned in cases dealing with homicide:

> The man who testifies to-day in a homicide case that the defendant is insane, and that shortly afterward testifies that he is sane is neither influential with the courts nor respected by them. He is an injury to the profession, and to the cause of justice. The sooner the doctors frown down all such men the better will it be for the professionals. The State will aid you in this all it can.

Now it happens to be true that a man can testify to-day that a defendant is insane and to-morrow that he is sane and be a veracious witness both times. Some types of insanity, even of a violent nature, are curable, and it is abhorrent to the sense of justice that persons so cured should be kept in an asylum by way of punishment for irresponsible deeds. And witnesses competent to judge of their sanity are useful members of society. Of course, it is known that charlatans are often invited to the witness stand, that the character of the expert evidence is too frequently partisan, that the experts called may by their number prolong the trial intolerably, that their testimony is contradictory, sometimes vagarious and speculative, and that the litigant with the longest purse commands their services.

There are accomplished and modest experts, nevertheless, and upon these the public and the bar visit the contempt which the venal witnesses deserve. It would be surprising if some of them had not anticipated Gov. Fort's counsel to "frown down" abuses of expert psychiatric testimony. In March, 1908, Dr. G. W. Jacoby attacked the problem and proposed a remedy which was introduced before the last Legislature, namely, that Judges be permitted to appoint "physicians to the courts," these to be paid by the public, and subject to call by the court or by any party to a civil or criminal action as expert and unbiased witnesses. The measure was framed by a committee of the State Bar Association, it was approved by that body and by all the medical organizations, and was rejected by the Legislature. Clearly, if this wrong is still unredressed, it is not the fault of the physicians and the lawyers.

THE SAGE MODEL SUBURB.

Thinks It Can Do Nothing Toward Solving the Congestion Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The modern suburban development planned by the Russell Sage Foundation may set an example of tasteful architecture, but it will not, as you describe it, do anything to solve the problem of congestion.

If these plots to be sold by the Sage Fund to $15-a-week clerks are worth no more than the price asked for them, the Fund will be doing no more than the ordinary real estate agent. If, however, the plots are worth more than they will be sold for, then the Fund will simply make a present of this difference in value to certain fortunate purchasers, who are thereby given an advantage over their fellowmen and can sell their plots for more than they paid for them. Essentially this is no different from making a cash present to a select few; it does not help the many.

Enterprising men have already acquired property in the vicinity of the proposed development, so that even the architectural beauties on which the Sage Fund will spend some of its money, are going to enhance the profit of the adjacent land owners and increase the difficulty which the $15-a-week clerk will have in acquiring lots outside of the Sage Fund property.

A. C. PLEYDELL.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

SUGGESTION TO POST OFFICE.

A Plan to Save Trouble in Forwarding Mail Matter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to "Runnemead" in your issue of Thursday, July 29, will say that I agree with him in the very unsystematic way in which the Government demands postage on insufficiently paid mail matter of all classes.

Instead of notifying the addressee in the usual cumbersome way of sending notice and then requiring a return of whatever stamps are needed in a sealed envelope, thereby costing the addressee a two-cent stamp in addition to the unpaid postage to carry it to the sending office, could not a return postcard be issued by the Postal Department which would notify the addressee of a package or letter held at sending office for insufficient postage, and allow the party to whom letter or package was addressed to affix the requisite amount of postage to forward the mail to the addressed party on the return postcard and have the Post Office returning the returned half of the "notice card" cancel the stamps, thus ending bother and uncertainty?

The amount demanded could be stated on the "return" postcard and the requisite amount of stamps placed under or over the amount named in order to know what original station without further references. Sending office could easily put its "O. K." mark on package or letter to be forwarded and end foolish delay and unnecessary and inconvenient red tape. The Government certainly would be paid for the canceled postage due.

WARREN TRACY.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

Advantage of Parcels Post.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When cycling through Germany the writer sent ahead by Parcels Post 200 miles an eight-pound package at a cost equal to about 10 cents in our money. Such a service would cost over ten times as much in this country. For our failure to establish a Parcels Post there are three reasons, namely, three express companies.

ABROZALMES.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

Won't Fight Shipbuilding Board.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an article in your paper this morning regarding the American Shipbuilding Company it is stated that I intend to replace the Shipbuilding Board, and that among the stockholders associated with me in this movement are the Rockefeller interests. I must ask you kindly to correct these statements. I do not in any way represent the Rockefellers, and I do not seek to "displace" the Shipbuilding Board. In spite of the dissatisfaction which I have felt at the treatment of the common stockholders in the matter of dividends my associates and I are fully appreciative of the valuable services which many of the Directors have rendered to the company, and we regret anything that would create the impression that we were dissatisfied with them. At the same time it is our desire to obtain, if possible, upon the Board of Directors an adequate representation of the common stockholders. It is my intention to communicate with my fellow-stockholders upon this subject, but the time of that communication and the form of my circular have neither of them been determined.

WILLIAM WOART LANCASTER.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

Hunger Strike of Suffragettes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the release of the Suffragettes for fear they should starve themselves to death, a writer in THE TIMES suggests that no one seems to have thought of feeding them by force. The difficulty lay in the fact that more than 100 women had been arrested, and that all were resolute.

Miss Wallace Dunlop, who started this "hunger strike," was told that she would be fed by force. She answered, in substance: "You can feed me by force, but can you keep on feeding 100 women by force for an indefinite length of time?" The authorities gave it up, but not until they had pretty well tested the firmness of the prisoners. Miss Mackenzie had fasted for six days and seven hours, Miss Carwin for six days and six hours, and a number of others for five and six days.

ETHEL C. AVERY.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 5, 1909.

Church as Home Builder.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to suggest a plan for the church to help the working man to get a home.

There are large sums of money invested yearly in mortgages by churches. There are also quite a number of people who have bought a lot or two in the suburbs and would like to build a home for their family, but cannot on account of the enormous bonus charged in excess of the usual rate of interest by building and loan companies. If the church could form a fund for these people to get mortgages at the usual rate of interest they would be helping these people immensely, and at the same time deriving the usual income from their money.

G. W. J.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

TRAINING FOR THE SERVICE.

Responsibility for Sutton Case—Prof. Zueblins' Attack.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems to me that the American public ought to be made to feel that the sin and shame of the Sutton trial is their sin and shame.

The appointment of cadets to Annapolis and West Point rests with Congress. Congressmen are elected by the people. Every man whose vote helped to elect such men is responsible. It doesn't so much matter who killed Sutton as the fact (as apeared in the testimony at the trial) that three officers of the Marine Corps should have attacked one man. The testimony before the investigation proved that these men are without valor or any notion of fair play.

No American citizen likes to admit that there are many such men in our navy, but every American blushes that there should be one—let alone three.

The affair of the hazing of Sutton's young brother at West Point, where several cadets seriously injured Sutton while he was on duty, is equally odious.

It seems to a layman that what our schools for training men to officer our soldiers and sailors need is, first, boys who have the instincts of gentlemen, and, second, that they be trained to fight fair.

M. E. G. E.

New York, Aug. 4, 1909.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of the charge of Prof. Zueblin of "fostered snobbery" at West Point, permit me to offer a statement of facts which is based upon personal observations during a three-year residence within the immediate vicinity of West Point.

1. The general reputation which the cadets have earned for themselves in that particular community is one which bears out the charge of the professor to no small degree.

2. It is a known fact that the greatest animosity is felt on the part of the cadets toward the enlisted men who are stationed at West Point. This is hardly a proper feeling for the future officers to harbor against the men of the rank and file.

3. It has become quite a lucrative practice for some of the enlisted men to smuggle in "booze" from the outside, which they dispose of at rather liberal advances in price to the cadets. This is a notorious fact.

In short they are not as ideal as most of their patriotic admirers believe them to be.

GUSTAVE TRAFT.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Col. Larned has shown efficiency and valor in stamping out hazing at West Point. Due to his energy and ability the fearless young men under his protection may have no fears of such brutal hazing as the enforced observation of the sportive ant.

Nevertheless, one is impelled to wonder what would be the fate of the learned Prof. Zueblin if he could be imagined as entering West Point and knowledge of his recent assertion had preceded him.

GEORGE W. MACPHERSON.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

Correction Concerning Prof. Zueblin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Upon the editorial page of THE TIMES today I read the letter of Col. Charles W. Larned, U. S. A., in which he takes strong exception to the remarks alleged to have been made by Prof. Charles Zueblin in reference to the personal qualities of the graduates of West Point and Annapolis. If such remarks had been made by Prof. Zueblin, which I doubt, I quite agree with Col. Larned that they are to be resented. But Col. Larned makes the statement that Prof. Zueblin is President of the American Civic Association, which happens to be incorrect. He is not now President, and never was President of the association, although in 1901 he was President of the American League for Civic Improvement, Civic Association, whose first President was which a few years later passed out of existence and was succeeded by the American Mr. J. Horace McFarland of Harrisburg, who has been its President ever since.

RICHARD B. WATROUS.

New York, Aug. 3, 1909.

CLEVELAND REFERENDUM.

Does Not Think Johnson's Political Career Ended by It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your deductions from the outcome of the Cleveland referendum elections will sound strange to many of your readers. You have been a powerful champion of municipal noninterference in public service, and for this a public, too prone to rush into rash experiment, owes you gratitude.

Now you stigmatize as demagogy Johnson's policy in Cleveland. Can you be unaware of the relentless, petty persecution which he has experienced since he undertook to demonstrate what most unbiased students of the traction problem regard as possible, that, eliminating graft and watered stock, a three-cent fare can produce a fair profit? In your editorial you regard this referendum as settling Johnson's future. As a matter of fact, only 65,000 out of 95,000 voters participated. Assuming the normal falling off of 5 per cent, or 5,000, there still remain 25,000 votes unaccounted for, which may very materially alter the outcome of the election in November. It must be remembered that Aug. 3 was not a legal holiday, and that hence many citizens most interested in a low fare were unable without great inconvenience or loss of wages to participate in the election.

No one who has followed the progress of the fight for municipal reform in the past decade is likely to be misled as to Tom Johnson's motives. He has given Cleveland a municipal government in which common sense, honesty, and humanity are combined in higher degree than in that of any other municipality in the United States.

JOHN J. MURPHY.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

Political Influence of West.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am not much impressed with Gov. Johnson's plea for more political influence for "the States from Minnesota to Washington and the States south of us" in the councils of the Nation. They have more than twice their proportionate allotment of United States Senators as it is, for the 19,000,000 people west of the Mississippi have forty Senators, while the 56,000,000 people east of the Mississippi have only fifty-two Senators. And they break even on Congressmen.

It will be time enough to talk of increased political influence for the States west of the Mississippi when those States produce some political or common or any other kind of sense to atone for the rank nonsense which has emanated in times past from the plains of Kansas, Nebraska, and Texas, and the sand lots of 'Frisco. Perhaps Gov. Johnson is the man to furnish a better brand of Wild West statesmanship, but let's see it first, and then we can decide about influence!

W. C. T.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

A Real Aigrette.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One day last Autumn a milliner said to me, "Oh, these are not real aigrettes; they are only manufactured ones. Every milliner in New York has received a circular saying that it is illegal to buy or sell aigrettes." In another shop, not a block away, a milliner displayed to me a hat finished off with "a real aigrette." The price was $60.

M. B. B.

New York, Aug. 5, 1909.

AN OLD IRISH REAPING SONG.

Bright is the barley, gold in the sun,
Brown are the scythemen swinging as one;
Blithe are the binders sheaving the grain,
Brisk are the helpers loading the wain.
Where is a laggard trying to shirk?
Where is a reaper slacking his work?
Rouse up the idler! Give him the song—
"Lillibulero, help 'im along!
Lillibulero, lillibulero, lillibulero, help 'im along!
Lillibulero, lillibulero, lillibulero, help 'im along!"

ARTHUR GUITERMAN.

OFFICIAL DEFINES A "PUBLIC CHARGE"

It Doesn't Include Immigrants Maintained by Private Aid, Mr. Earl Holds.

MAY LESSEN DEPORTATIONS

In the Past Aliens Vouched For Here by Private Charities Have Often Been Sent Back Home.

Charles Earl, Solicitor of the Department of Commerce and Labor at Washington, upon request of the Commissioner General of Immigration, has just given an opinion as to the meaning of what constitutes a "public charge" in the immigration law that is expected by those interested in immigration matters to have an important effect in lessening the number of deportations from this country.

Mr. Earl's opinion was to the effect that where an immigrant alien is assisted by friends, relatives, private individuals, or charitable organizations which are supported by private, and not public, contributions, he is not a public charge according to the meaning of that term in the Immigration act. Any immigrant so assisted cannot, therefore, be deported under the section of the act, which provides that if he becomes a "public charge" within three years of his landing he may be sent back to his home.

In the past numerous immigrants, who have been privately assisted, particularly by private charitable organizations, have been considered as coming under the public charge section and have been deported.

The question was brought before the Commissioner General of Immigration by Simon Wolf, a lawyer, of Washington, and Chairman of the Board of Civil Rights of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. Mr. Wolf asked the department to give a legal opinion on the point, writing for information as President of an orphan asylum in Atlanta, Ga., and a home for aged and indigent people in Washington.

Mr. Earl says in his opinion that there has been one case only in which the meaning of the term "public charge" has been considered by a court, that of Day et al. vs. Fed. Rep. In that case the court ruled:

> By the expression "unable to take care of themselves without becoming a public charge" the law does not intend an inability having reference to the passenger's personal efforts alone. Such a construction would exclude every child from our shores, since no child by his personal efforts alone can take care of himself. All the means of care or support that are provided for the passenger and are available for his benefit must be taken into account. The law intends those only that are likely to become a public charge because they can neither take care of themselves nor are under the charge or protection of any other person, who, by natural relation or assumed responsibility, furnishes reasonable assurance that they will not become a public charge.

"According to this view," says Mr. Earl, "a person is not a public charge, although dependent upon charity and unable to take care of himself, if there are persons 'who, by natural relation or assumed responsibility,' provide the necessary care and support and furnish reasonable assurance that he will not become a charge upon the public. This view, furthermore, would seem to be in accord with the liberal meaning of the term.

"Section 26 provides:

"'That any alien liable to become a public charge or because of physical disability other than tuberculosis, or loathsome or dangerous or contagious disease, may, if otherwise admissible, nevertheless be admitted in the discretion of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, upon the giving of a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by said Secretary, in such amount and containing such conditions as he may prescribe, holding the United States or any State, Territory, municipality, county, or district thereof harmless against such alien becoming a public charge.'

"Therefore, in my opinion, the term 'public charge' does not include an alien as to whom it merely appears that, although incapable of self-support, he is cared for and maintained in an institution supported entirely by private aids, and not by the United States or any State, Territory, county, municipality, or district thereof."

CONGRESSMEN GOING ABROAD.

Members of Waterways Commission and Several Others Sail Tuesday.

The tariff question having been settled, Senators and Congressmen are now making vacation plans. Booked to sail on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie on Tuesday are Senators Theodore Burton of Ohio, William Alden Smith of Michigan, Jacob Gallinger of New Hampshire, F. M. Simmons of North Carolina, Simon Guggenheim of Colorado, and A. O. Bacon of Georgia. With the exception of Senators Bacon and Guggenheim, the other Senators are members of the Waterways Commission, which is to visit Europe in search of information as to the best methods of solving the problems confronting them.

Other members of the Waterways Commission who are to sail on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie are Herbert Knox Smith, Col. W. H. Bixby, U. S. A.; Representatives Alexander of New York, Stevens of Minnesota, Wagner of Pennsylvania, Moon of Tennessee, Sparkman of Florida, and Cassidy of Ohio. Prof. Emory R. Johnson of Philadelphia is also a member of the commission. He was a member of the Industrial Commission and of the Isthmian Canal Commission and was the United States Census Bureau's expert in the valuation of railway properties.

Woodbury Pulsifer, Clerk to the Senate Committee on Commerce; Joseph H. McGann, Assistant Clerk to the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors, and George McPherson will accompany the commission as secretaries.

The Waterways Commission will probably remain abroad until early in October.

LIMITS ANNULMENT LAW.

Court Holds It Doesn't Apply Where Girl's Parents Consent to Marriage.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, in refusing yesterday to grant the application made by Mrs. Anna J. Kruger to have her marriage to Henry Kruger annulled on the ground that she was under eighteen when the ceremony took place, stated that there "is an apparently increasing number of suits for an annulment" and the "statutes relative to annulment of marriages contracted under the age of legal consent are somewhat confusing."

The case in question was for annulment on the ground that Mrs. Kruger was not eighteen—in fact, just 17 years and 7 months old when she married, and that she and her husband lived together just three months. The marriage license was obtained upon the application by her stating her age as seventeen, but that her parents gave consent, which affidavit was annexed.

In dismissing the complaint the court said the right to bring the action in this case was based upon Section 1,743 of the Code, which declared that a person who has not attained the age of legal consent may bring an action for annulment, but that it must be taken in connection with Section 1,742, which states upon what other conditions it may be brought, and which applies only to a woman under 16 years of age. If an annulment of marriage, however, contracted "under 18 may not be decreed where the marriage took place with the consent of parents, it follows that the Legislature must have intended that an annulment may not be granted in the case of an infant above 16 years of age and under 18, where the consent of the parents, or guardian, had been obtained."

CHAMPION HORSES AT SPRING LAKE SHOW

First Exhibition at Sea Girt Draws Many Society People from Jersey Shore.

NOVEL FEATURE IN JUDGING

Entries Lined Up in Front of the Club House—Close Competitions in Many Classes.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 6.—The first exhibition of the Spring Lake Horse Show, held under the auspices of the Sea Girt and Spring Lake Country Club here to-day, was an unqualified success. Although the youngest exhibition in the country, the event would have reflected credit on the organizations which have been in operation for many years. The grounds are conveniently located for the visitors, and the arrangements left little to be desired.

It was a social event in all that the name implies. The leaders of society and fashion from New York, Philadelphia, and the Jersey Coast were out in force. Tasteful costumes and brilliant and effective equipages lent a coloring to the affair that insures a successful continuation of the event. The class of entries was far above the average, while the judging satisfied every one.

The threatening weather of the morning cleared away, and the sun, which broke through the clouds shortly after noon, enabled the women to display their choicest toilettes without any fear of having them spoilt. There was an unusually big attendance, the grand stand, parking spaces, and boxes being comfortably filled.

Gov. Fort and his staff put in an appearance during the afternoon. The Chief Executive of New Jersey was accompanied by Gen. Wilbur F. Sadler, Gen. Collins, Col. Austin Colgate, Major Bray, Major Moorhead, Major Alexander, Major Broadway, and Lieut. West. A guard of honor of the Second Troop of Red Bank was lined up in front of the grand stand and clubhouse. After the inspection Gov. Fort and staff occupied a box during the judging, and Gov. Fort presented the cup to the winner of the competition for officers' chargers.

One interesting feature of the show was the judging, which took place on the running track in front of the clubhouse. The horses were lined up within a few feet of the spectators, who were thus able to follow every movement of the judges and watch the close inspection of the latter.

An unusually strong contingent of Philadelphia society leaders were in evidence, led by W. T. H. Huhn, Samuel P. Huhn, and Andy J. Carty, which included two auto parties from Atlantic City, and a third from Philadelphia. The Quaker City element materially contributed to the success of the show, and assisted in the actual management of affairs.

Fashionable Crowd at the Show.

New Jersey sent its most representative set in.

Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Grant Megargee, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson McCandless, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil C. Fitler, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Williams, Mr. Degelberg, Miss Carty, Miss Phyllis J. Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wells, Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Bryce, Miss Anna Bryce, Dr. C. T. Mills of Riverton, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. George McNeely, Capt. Edwin Field, A. M. Lewis, J. Herbert Winslow, Richard Stockton, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Quentin, Col. T. J. O'Donohue, Col. Bryant, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Helloner, L. Lafflan Kellogg, Morton L. Schwartz, A. C. Schwartz, Mrs. Sophia D. Gummey, H. D. Gummey, H. H. Moore, A. H. Neilson, and Mr. and Mrs. Paul A. Sorg.

A. R. Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hemphill, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hope, Frank Sheppard, Mr. and Mrs. Welling G. Sickel, Archibald Graham, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Osborn, Dr. and Mrs. O'Donohue, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Ritchie, Mr. and Mrs. William Marbury, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Sargeant, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Limburg, Andrew P. Morland, Miss M. Morland, E. F. Steiger, Dr. Murphy of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Keyser of Chicago, H. H. Hewitt of Buffalo, Edward Campion, Mrs. Edward Campion, Miss Georgiania Gibbs, Miss Genevieve Gibbs, Jack O'Day, Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Lynch, and Miss Dollie Lynch.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Mackintosh Kellogg, E. B. Patterson, William Gibbs, William Shean, Alexander Shean, Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Cowperthwaith, P. J. Casey, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Tooker, Thomas W. Woodford, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Hicks, Karl G. Roebling, James Smith, Jr., Harry R. Williamson, Miss Mabel Brady, William C. Bain, Miss Lois B. Cassatt, Alfred B. Conkling, Miss Martha A. Hicks, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Henderson, Miss Grace Fleishman, Dr. Thomas G. Dickson, E. W. Elliott, Miss M. R. Harkness, Capt. Harlee, and Harry D. Holloway.

Mrs. Belle Beach Bain, Miss Eleanor Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hauck, Jr., Howard Heinz, Mrs. G. A. Mills, Jr., Miss R. H. Wasserman, Miss C. R. Schwartz, Miss Catherine Ritchie, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Dalymple Percival, J. H. Mulcahy, George Watson, Jr., Edward C. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Marburg, Charles L. Noble, George L. McHose, and Miss Margaret Chalfont.

Competition Was Interesting.

With much of the professional element eliminated, the affair was largely for amateurs. In the harness pony class Miss R. H. Wasserman captured the blue ribbon with a stylish acting roan mare, Morning Glory, while Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart showed the winner of the ladies' harness class with her chestnut gelding, Mayor. Morton L. Schwartz was expected to capture the event with Spider, but the veterinary surgeon declared the latter lame.

One of the best classes was for harness horses, exceeding 15.1 hands. The competition narrowed down to M. L. Schwartz's Hopcan Barony and C. Cecil Fitler's Jersey Boy. The latter showed all the good qualities of a highbred carriage horse, and was well mannered and possessed excellent style and conformation. The judges, however, selected the Schwartz entry for the first prize, placing Jersey Boy second.

Miss Eleanor Guggenheim's chestnut gelding, My Surprise, led the class of the entries for ladies' saddle horses. Miss Sophie D. Gummey's Babette and Babinette captured the tandem class, with the Schwartz entries second and third, respectively. My Surprise secured a second blue in the combination class, beating Jack O'Day's Peter Pan and other good horses.

The Governor's Cup for the best charger in the National Guard of New Jersey went to E. Edward Murray's bay gelding, The Governor, after a close competition with Austin Colgate's black gelding, Star.

Miss Gummey secured double honors in the small harness class with Babinette and Babette, which were placed first and second, respectively, and afterward annexed the harness pairs with the same team. William C. Bain's The Dude was easily the best in the small saddle horse class.

C. Cecil Fitler's Jersey Boy came into his own in the ladies' single class for the Percival Cup, showing great superiority to the other entries. Both the running races went to the Meadow Brook Stables, Tose winning the short dash and James M. finishing first in the six furlong event.

The Summaries:

Ponies in Harness, Not Exceeding 14.1 Hands.—Won by Miss R. H. Wasserman's roan m. Morning Glory; Alfred R. Conkling's blk. m. Black Pearl, second; Miss Lois B. Cassett's ch. m. Bo Peep, third.

Harness Horses, Ladies to Drive.—Won by Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart's ch. g. Mayor; Jack O'Day's ch. g. Peter Pan, second; Miss L. A. D. Percival's blk. g. Petroleum, third.

Harness Horses, Exceeding 15.1 Hands.—Won by M. L. Schwartz's b. g. Hopcan Barony; C. Cecil Fitler's b. g. Jersey Boy, second; M. L. Schwartz's br. m. Red Bird, third.

Ladies' Saddle Horses.—Won by Miss Eleanor Guggenheim's ch. g. My Surprise; Mrs. L. A. D. Percival's ch. g. Rockin, second; Miss Grace Fleishman's blk. m. Delight, third.

Tandems.—Won by Mrs. Sophie D. Gummey's b. m. Babette and b. m. Babinette; M. L. Schwartz's b. g. Boy o' Mine and b. g. Hopcan Barony, second; M. L. Schwartz's b. g. Spider and b. g. Fly, third.

Combination Horses.—Won by Miss Eleanor Guggenheim's ch. g. My Surprise; Jack O'Day's ch. g. Peter Pan, second; Miss Grace Fleishman's blk. m., Delight, third.

Governor's Cup, Best Charger in Use in the National Guard, State of New Jersey, to be Shown by Officers of N. G., N. J., in Full Uniform.—Won by E. Edward Murphy's b. g. The Governor; Austin Colgate's blk. g. Star, second; Wilbur F. Sadler, Jr.'s br. g. Tom Brown, third.

Harness Horses, Not Exceeding 15.1 Hands.—Won by Mrs. Sophie D. Gummey's b. m. Babinette; Mrs. Sophie D. Gummey's b. m. Babette, second; Mrs. L. A. Dalrymple Percival's blk. g. Petroleum, third.

Single Harness Horses.—Won by M. L. Schwartz's b. g. Hopcan Barony; Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart's ch. g. Mayor, second; Mrs. L. A. D. Percival's blk. g. Petroleum, third.

Pairs of Harness Horses.—Won by Mrs. Sophie D. Gummey's b. m. Babette and b. m. Babinette. No other entries.

Saddle Horses, Not Exceeding 15.1 Hands.—Won by William C. Bain's br. g. The Dude; Miss Grace Fleishman's blk. m. Delight, second; Jack O'Day's ch. g. Peter Pan, third.

Ladies' Single Harness Horses.—Won by C. Cecil Fitler's b. g. Jersey Boy; M. L. Schwartz's b. g. Spider, second; Mrs. Sophie D. Gummey's ch. g. Sunset, third.

Hunters and Jumpers.—Won by Elmwood Farm's b. g. Irish Reel; A. C. Schwartz's b. g. Kennitt, second; Peter Hauck, Jr.'s, Virginia, third.

Quarter-Mile Dash for Horses Under 15 Hands.—Won by Meadowbrook Stable's b. g. Tose; J. H. Mulcahy's br. m. Marie Delaney, second; Peter Hauck, Jr.'s, ch. m. Fancy, third.

Six Furlong Dash for Horses Under 15 Hands.—Won by Meadowbrook Stable's b. g. James N.; James Smith, Jr.'s, b. f. Ardeena, second; Capt. Bryant's b. m. Sunflower, third.

All coffee ails yield to well-made
Postum Coffee
Be sure it's well boiled.

HELPING MOTHER, CHILD DIES.

Little Girl Falls Down Stairs Carrying Rent Money to Janitress.

Mrs. William Timmons of 280 East 155th Street, who has been sick for a month, called her eight-year-old daughter Agnes to her bedside yesterday morning and told her to take $5 of rent money down to Mrs. Camilla Pothoff, the housekeeper. The little girl must have lost her balance while looking down into the well formed by the winding staircase. She fell to the bottom of the well, five floors below.

Mrs. Pothoff heard the girl scream once, and then heard her body hit the floor. She found the girl unconscious, with the blood streaming out of her mouth and nose. She was removed to the Lebanon Hospital, where she died in an hour.

Yesterday's accident was only one of several misfortunes that have been bearing down on the Timmons family. Some months ago six-year-old Walter Timmons lost his leg under a street car. The father lost his position, and then Mrs. Timmons fell ill. A week ago things seemed to be shaping themselves better for the family. Mr. Timmons got regular work as a laborer in the Subway and his wife began to grow stronger. Agnes was the oldest of four children. She had been attending to the house during her mother's illness.

FALLS 120 FEET INTO RIVER.

Workman's Misstep on Manhattan Bridge Sends Him to Death.

While treading a perilous path across the open iron work on the new Manhattan Bridge yesterday afternoon, Charles Woods, a laborer, of 45 South Third Street, Brooklyn, fell through an opening, and before any of his three companions could stretch out a hand to save him, dropped 120 feet into the East River.

A steam yacht, the name of which could not be learned, shot out from a pier near the Manhattan side of the bridge and made for the spot where Woods disappeared. A boat was lowered and its crew rowed in circles in a vain attempt to recover the body, which did not come up after hitting the water.

Woods, with Henry Long of 40 Plymouth Street, Brooklyn; Walter Renshaw of 108 East 102d Street, and James Petty of 376 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, all employes of Terry & Tench, contractors for the bridge, was on his way across to the branch office in Pike Street to draw his pay.

BEGIN BATTLESHIPS' REPAIRS.

The Maine, Kentucky, Kearsarge, and Alabama Out of Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The Navy Department is putting the battleships in first-class condition, and in pursuance of this policy the Maine, Kentucky, Kearsarge, and Alabama were ordered out of commision. They will go to various navy yards for extensive repairs. The Illinois was ordered out of commission only a few days ago, and is at the present time undergoing a thorough overhauling.

The battleship fleet, now engaged in manoeuvres, will not be crippled by the withdrawal of the vessels named, for their places are being taken by the new vessels, only recently commissioned. In order to have the navy yards maintain their present high grade of efficiency, Acting Secretary of the Navy Winthrop left this evening to inspect the yards at Portsmouth, N. H., and Boston. He will spend several days in going over the Government's plants.

ELIOT DEFENDS 5-FOOT SHELF

Left Out Bible as Ancient History—Shakespeare for Other Good Books.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Aug. 6.—President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard to-day in an interview defended his five-foot library and answered the criticisms which have been showered upon him on account of his failure to include in his list the Bible and Shakespeare's works.

"Personally," he said, "I have no intention of adding another foot to the five-foot library already selected by me, as rumor has it, and my publishers would hardly do anything in the matter without first questioning my desires.

"The Bible and Shakespeare are all right in their place. Why I did not include the former in my selection is that many things in it, while they breathe beautiful lessons, are antiquated happenings of a bygone day, and while both the Good Book and Shakespeare will be read more or less by every one, it is a question whether their reading should be advocated to the extent of excluding many other good books.

"You may state positively that, while another foot addition to my library has been talked about, nothing has been done, and, so far as I am concerned in the matter, the library will stand as originally selected."

Dr. Eliot is in town, having come from his Summer home at Northeast Harbor, Me., to superintend the removal of his household to his new home in Brattle Street.

Social Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens and Miss Elizabeth Winthrop Stevens are spending the Summer at the Hotel Belmont in Bar Harbor, where they will remain until Sept. 15, when they return to the New Weston for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Tilton Bowen of Chicago and New York are at their country seat at Hulls Cove, Me. John de Koven Bowen, their eldest son, will return to Yale in the Fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew are sailing to-day for Europe on the Philadelphia, to be gone until October. They will visit Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Depew's mother, in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Norman de R. Whitehouse are at the Weaver cottage at Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Steinbrugge are at the Hotel de Crillon in Paris. They will return to New York in the Autumn.

Mr and Mrs. J. S. Bache and family, who have been spending the Summer at their place at Hastings-on-Hudson, have gone to Proudsneck, Me., for the rest of the month.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Carpenter of Ardsley-on-Hudson are automobiling through the northern part of the State, their destination being Loon Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacques S. Halle of 32 West Fifty-fourth Street have returned from a few weeks' visit in Europe, where they were the guests of Mr. Halle's father, Henry Sidenberg, who has recovered from a serious illness.

Mrs. Thomas W. Broadhurst and her daughter, Miss Harriet Broadhurst, have returned to New York after a visit to Hastings-on-Hudson.

Mrs. John H. Bradford of 179 Lexington Avenue and her sister, Miss Ada Phipp, are at Bar Harbor, Me.

Dr. and Mrs. John S. Thatcher are at Bar Harbor, Me., occupying the Richardson villa.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel J. Hess have returned from a two months' motor trip on the Continent, and are at the Hotel Gotham in this city.

If you want a Furnished Room, see Page 13.

J. H. HANAN DINES TWO GOVERNORS

New Yorker Gives Most Elaborate Function of Season at Narragansett Pier.

DANCING FOLLOWS DINNER

Timothy Woodruff, Ex-Gov. Higgins, and Staff of Gov. Potheir Among the Guests.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, Aug. 6.—Gov. Aram J. Pothier and Mrs. Pothier of Rhode Island, who arrived here to-day from Providence, were tendered an elaborate dinner to-night at the Casino by Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hanan of New York and Narragansett Pier. Gov. Pothier was accompanied by his entire staff, who were in full uniform. From the Casino flagstaff a pennant was unfurled bearing the arms and colors of Rhode Island in compliment to the chief executive of the State.

Receiving with Mr. and Mrs. Hanan in the Casino were Gov. and Mrs. Pothier and ex-Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff and Mrs. Woodruff of New York. The guests were escorted to the ballroom by Edward Connor, James F. Shaw, Harry Batcheler, George E. Learnard, and Herbert E. Caswell.

The table at which the 125 guests were seated was shaped as a Maltese cross, in the centre of which was a huge floral piece, representing the coat of arms of Rhode Island, with shield of blue and anchor of yellow asters, the colors of Rhode Island. At the conclusion of the dinner the hostess liberated two score of white-winged doves from a huge casserole at the head of the table. During the dinner there was music. Afterward there was dancing on the plaza of the Casino.

Among those present were Gov. and Mrs. Pothier, Gov. and Mrs. Draper, Col. and Mrs. H. L. Lippitt, Col. and Mrs. George R. Dyer, Gen. and Mrs. Sackett, ex-Gov. and Mrs. J. H. Higgins, ex-Lieut. Gov. and Mrs. Timothy L. Woodruff, Gen. and Mrs. H. L. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Franklin, J. P. Sanborn, Col. and Mrs. Samuel Nicholson, Chief Justice and Mrs. E. C. Dubois, Col. E. A. Sherman, Col. and Mrs. E. H. Guerni, Gen. and Mrs. W. R. Siness, Col. Ambrose Kennedy, Col. F. B. Lawton, Gen. and Mrs. W. H. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Somerville, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Browning, Miss Browning, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Plunkett, Henry Batcheller, G. E. Learnard, W. Herbert Caswell, Dr. and Mrs. Horace Wilcox, H. W. Greenough, Mr. and Mrs. George Caswell, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Connor, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Kane, the Misses Harriet and Helen Watson, Miss Mildred Hanan, Mrs. N. B. Pettis, Miss Calista Fales, Mrs. M. V. Sands, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Caswell, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Hunter, Howard Caswell, Dr. William Francis Hanan, S. D. Pope, S. W. Mathewson, Willard Ward, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Hitchcock, Charles H. Dorr, Judge S. G. Thompson, William Thompson, Wilson Marshall, Col. Joseph E. Fletcher, the Rev. and Mrs. P. M. Prescott, the Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Ballen, Alice Foster, William C. Marrow, Dr. and Mrs. James E. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Garretson, Dr. F. E. Burke, Alfred P. Hanan, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Kent, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Adams, Howard Mansfield Snevly, Bernard Miller, C. Talbot Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James Gee, Miss Gee, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Tucker, Albert Schurch, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Watts, Thomas Slidell, and Charles A. Conard.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Charles Frohman will present Otis Skinner in "Your Humble Servant," a new play by Booth Tarkington and Leon Wilson, for the first time at the Lyceum Theatre, Rochester, on Oct. 9. The supporting company will include Charles B. Welles, A. G. Hudson, Jr., Edward Fielding, Izetta Jewel, Isabel Richards, and Jessie Cromette. In addition to the production of "Arsene Lupin" at the Lyceum Theatre on Aug. 26, Mr. Frohman has completed arrangements to present the same play at the Duke of York's Theatre, London, on Aug. 31.

The Majestic Theatre will open for the season on Saturday evening, Sept. 4, when Mr. Harrison Grey Fiske will present Rupert Hughes's new play, "The Bridge." In this play Mr. Guy Bates will become a star.

Miss Lucy Sibley and Mr Oscar Adye of the Drury Lane company will arrive Saturday on the St. Paul. They are coming to play their original parts in "The Sins of Society" when it comes to New York on Aug. 31.

Miss Frances Starr is due to arrive on the Campania to-day. Miss Starr has been in London and Paris for six weeks. "The Easiest Way" will open its second year at the Belasco-Stuyvesant Theatre on Sept. 4.

Ned Wayburn has been engaged by Lew Fields to produce Blanche Ring's new musical comedy, "the Yankee Girl," by Hobart and Hein.

BANK ACCOUNT FOR ESTREINS.

Mrs. Pastor Has $192 on Deposit for Them and Is Fitting Up Their Flat.

THE TIMES turned over yesterday to Mrs. A. Pastor, mother of Rose Pastor Stokes, for the family of Abraham Estrein of 1,651 Bathgate Avenue, the Bronx, $2 from "H. G." $1 from Dr. Mohn, Long Island City, which was received under same cover, and $1 from "S. T."

The money turned over for the use of the Estrein family up to date comes to $254.99. As Mr. Estrein has to work till 7 P. M. every day, and desired that Mrs. Pastor should take charge of getting his flat in order, and as his wife was in Fordham Hospital till yesterday, when she went to the Loeb Convalescent Home, Eastview, N. Y., Mrs. Pastor has opened a bank account separate from her own, though under her name, to be turned over to Mrs. Estrein in three weeks, when she is expected to be well.

She has now in the bank $170. She will deposit to-day $22 more; $38.90 she has used in overhauling and refitting the flat, and $24 Mr. Estrein has used.

52 YEARS A SCHOOL TEACHER.

Miss Lucretia McGuire, Who Began Teaching at 17, Dead at 81.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Miss Lucretia McGuire, the oldest woman school Principal of New York City, died to-day in her eighty-first year at the home of the late Dr. Samuel Beyoa, 102 Centre Avenue, New Rochelle.

Miss McGuire taught school in New York City for fifty-two years, and for twenty-five years of that time she was Principal of the Eighteenth Street School. Her former pupils are scattered from Maine to California, and many of them are prominent in business and professional life.

She was born in Fairfield, Conn., and her parents took her to New York City when she was a little girl. She began her career as a teacher at the age of 17. She was known among her friends as the "Duchess," because she was always so well dressed and dainty.

Miss McGuire was retired ten years ago on a pension. She leaves one sister, Mrs. Manderville, a widow.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Col. and Mrs. Henry Watterson Sail on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today, and some of those booked to depart on them, are:

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA (Hamburg)—O. S. Ache, Mr. and Mrs. Lazar Andersen, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Ames, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Boyd, Dr. J. M. De Birmingham, Col. and Mrs. C. Baker Clotworthy, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Durand, Col. and Mrs. H. F. du Pont, Mr. and Mrs. Garret W. McEnerny, Mrs. Alexander C. Ferguson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Gillette Gwyer, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Goodrich, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harris, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Adrian H. Joline, Mrs. I. W. Kirkland, Lieut. Commander Andrew T. Long, Reginald B. Lanier, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Newbold, Capt. Hugo Rose, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Schultz, William Sohmer, Lieut. and Mrs. William Tidball, U. S. A.; Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Walbridge, and Col. and Mrs. Henry Watterson.

CEDRIC (Liverpool)—Mrs. C. W. Allen, L. H. Bentall, Miss Dorothy Burns, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Daly, Mr. and Mrs. U. W. Denett, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Fields, Mrs. John P. Gallendat, Judge Frank W. Glezer, Mrs. George W. Graham, William A. Halley, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Herndon, Mr. and Mrs. Allerton D. Hitch, Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. S. Johnston, H. R. Jolles, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kiralfy, Miss Frances Latimer, Mrs. F. B. Mandeville, Mrs. Elizabeth Richmond Miller, George W. Pepper, Mr. and Mrs. Gavin Rowat, Prof. and Mrs. Arthur N. Talbot, Mrs. John R. Thayer, Victor E. Whitlock, and Mr. and Mrs. Franham Yardley.

MINNEWASKA (London)—J. P. Baa, William J. Bok, A. R. Carthcart, Dr. and Mrs. W. P. Cunningham, Miss M. C. Corcran, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Gerry, Miss M. M. Harper, Mrs. Leah P. Hill, A. E. Ingram, United States Consul at Bradford, England; Mrs. Ingram, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Miller, Miss Violet Oakley, E. B. Paynter, Dr. and Mrs. R. R. Sinclair, and Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Taussig.

PHILADELPHIA (Southampton.)—Mr. and Mrs. Louis D. Angelo, Charles G. Aschmann, S. F. B. Biddle, H. R. W. Browne, John Francis Day, S. G. De Kay, Mrs. Jacob J. Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fox, O. B. Gillmor, Mme. Therese Laurent, Mrs. E. L. Nourse, Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Smith, Miss L. C. Vincent-Verne, and Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Whitaker.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow.)—Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Balfour, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Brusstar, Mrs. Gustavus R. Erb, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Fraser-Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred E. Horn, William E. Orr, Robert Boyd Robertson, Capt. William Smith, and Mrs. M. E. Weymouth.

THAMES (Southampton via West Indies.)—W. H. Tegoning, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Amador, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Ridstine; the Right Rev. Bishop Collings of Jamaica, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. de Lisser, Miss Mallory Dillet, C. Clark Johnson, and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Burton.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday from Hamburg on the Hamburg-American steamship Pennsylvania were:

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Best, Lionel Barrymore, Mrs. Doris Barrymore, John G. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Levy, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Silvestri, Capt. P. E. Traub, and Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Williams.

Proctor Gets Two More Houses.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Aug. 6.—F. F. Proctor, Sr., and Harry S. Sanderson, who have been associated in the management of Proctor's Theatre here since Nov. 3, have taken over the Plainfield Theatre and the Majestic Theatre at Perth Amboy. The change will be effective on Aug. 16. The Plainfield Theatre will be devoted to legitimate plays, while the Proctor Theatre will continue as a moving picture and vaudeville house. The Majestic Theatre will also present pictures and vaudeville.

SAY EBY SOUGHT TREASURE.

Reported He Wanted to Dig Where Jefferson Davis Is Buried.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—Abram C. Eby, the Mayor of Burkeville, Va., who was committed to jail yesterday in default of $10,000 bail on the charge of sending letters to the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, threatening the destruction of railroad property by means of high explosives unless $45,000 were paid him, entered into communication to-day with friends at Burkeville, Va., to secure bail.

The prisoner refused to make any statement to-day. A Deputy Marshal declared to-day that Eby said on the way from the hearing yesterday that the railroads had "cheated him of $200,000."

The accused Mayor is said to be the son of Samuel Eby, for many years a prominent resident of Lancaster County, Penn. At the age of 17 he went to Virginia, where he studied law and was appointed referee in bankruptcy by the United States District Court.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 6.—Eby is well known in Richmond, where he once practiced law. He was the author of "Citations to the Code of Virginia," which was considered a very creditable work among lawyers here, and which during its day had a large circulation among the members of the bar. He married a daughter of Dr. Aristides Monteiro, once a well-known physician in this city, but lived with her only a year before they were divorced.

Eby, it is said, once had an idea that untold treasure was buried in Hollywood Cemetery, the sleeping place of Jefferson Davis, Fitzhugh Lee, and other Confederate heroes, and he attempted to form a company to search for the gold. None was found.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Abram C. Eby is liable, according to the postal officials, to punishment on three counts, on each of which the penalty is eighteen months' imprisonment, or an aggregate of four and a half years. It was stated to-day at the Post Office Department that Eby probably would be tried in the United States Court of the Eastern District of Virginia, which has jurisdiction in his case.

HAMMERSTEIN MANAGER OUT.

Hasn't Decided on Alimonte's Successor in Philadelphia Yet.

John Alimonte, who has represented Oscar Hammerstein as the manager of the Philadelphia Opera House since that institution was opened nearly a year ago, was notified yesterday that his services would no longer be required. His successor has as yet not been named.

"The reason I am dispensing with Mr. Alimonte," said Mr. Hammerstein last night, "is because I want some one in charge of the house who knows more about opera and theatres in general. Mr. Alimonte, when he took charge of the theatre, had had little experience in that line, and he has not succeeded in doing the work which I shall require to have done this next season, when I shall be presenting opera very nearly every night in Philadelphia on a very large scale."

Mr. Hammerstein announced last night that Ernest Goerlitz, his new business manager, who formerly occupied a similar position at the Metropolitan Opera House, and William Guard, his press representative, would arrive in New York this coming week. When they are here work will commence in earnest upon his early Fall season, which begins Aug. 30 with a production of "Le Prophète," in which Mme. Valdarez and Mr. Carasa will appear.

THE REV. HENRY HOVEY DIES.

He Was Rector of St. John's Church, Portsmouth, N. H.

The Rev. Henry Emerson Hovey, since 1882 rector of St. John's Church, Portsmouth, N. H., died yesterday. He was the founder of the Portsmouth Hospital, President of the Portsmouth Children's Home, President of the New Hampshire Society of Sons of the Revolution, and a Trustee of the Home for Aged Women, and was also a member of the Portsmouth School Board and the Boston Athletic Association.

Mr. Hovey was born in Lowell, Mass. He was graduated from Trinity College, Hartford, in 1866, and received the degree of M. A. three years later. After receiving the degree of LL. B. from the General Theological Seminary, New York, in the same year, he was ordained to the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and became rector of St. John's Church, at Fort Hamilton.

He became rector of the Church of the Ascension, Fall River, in 1871; rector of St. Barnabas's Church, in Brooklyn, in 1873, and since 1882 had been rector of St. John's, Portsmouth.

On April 19, 1871, in St. George's Church, New York, he married Miss Louise Folsom, who, with five children, survives him.

BRIGHAM YOUNG WIDOW DEAD.

One of Four Surviving Wives of Mormon Church Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Aug. 6.—One of the four surviving widows of Brigham Young died here yesterday. She was Hannah K. J. C. T. Young, and was married to the Mormon leader at Nauvoo, Ill., before the westward pilgrimage of the Mormons. She was 88 years old.

No children were born to her.

Miguel Antonio Caro Dead.

BOGOTA, Aug. 6.—Miguel Antonio Caro, a former President of the Republic and well known as an author, died in this city yesterday. National mourning has been declared in his honor

FIRST ED. JULY 21; SECOND ED. JULY 28; THIRD ED. READY AUG. 10.

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MRS. ALTHEA COX DEAD.

She Was Well Known in Brooklyn as a Teacher and Philanthropist.

Mrs. Althea Crawford Cox died at her home, 89 Joralemon Street, Brooklyn, yesterday. For many years she had taught in the preparatory school of her sister, Miss Rebekah Crawford. The children of many of the old families on the Heights received their preparatory education there. Mrs. Cox also found time to do much philanthropic work among the poor of her neighborhood.

She wrote "Letters from Great Musicians," especially for the pupils in her sister's school. Its idea was to embody advice from the great musicians in the form of letters, supposed to be sent from spirit land. Mrs. Cox also lectured in this city on well known authors.

She was born in Middletown, N. J., forty-seven years ago, and graduated from St. Mary's Hall, Burlington, N. J., in 1887. The funeral services will take place at her late home to-morrow afternoon and the burial will take place on Monday in the family plot at Elizabeth, N. J. Mrs. Cox leaves a husband.

Belden J. Rogers.

The funeral of Belden J. Rogers will take place at the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street, at 1:30 this afternoon. He was a Captain in the Old Guard, and four of the pallbearers, H. H. Brockway of the Ashland House, S. W. Seybell, William H. Sealtch, and E. Barnes, are also members of that organization. The burial will be at Woodlawn in the family vault. Mr. Rogers died suddenly at the Grand Union Hotel, Saratoga, on Wednesday night. He resided at 43 East Twenty-seventh Street. Besides being in the Old Guard he was a civil war veteran, a member of the New York Athletic Club and the Larchmont Yacht Club, and a Free Mason. He was a Director of the New Netherland Bank and the head of Hull, Grippen & Co., 308 Third Avenue.

Captain Drops Dead on Vessel.

PORT HURON, Mich., Aug. 6.—Capt. James Travis dropped dead last night while chatting in the engine room of his steamer, the Jesse Spaulding, while she was proceeding up Lake Huron, off Lexington. The Spaulding returned to this port with Capt. Travis's body.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. HELEN KIMBALL WISHART, wife of W. W. Wishart, a Pittsburg attorney, died in that city on Thursday. She was a daughter of Israel Kimball, head of the Internal Revenue Department during the Administration of President Cleveland. Mrs. Wishart had for many years been closely identified with the Daughters of the American Revolution and other patriotic societies.

Judge SILAS W. LAMOREUX, United States Land Commissioner under President Cleveland, and a prominent Wisconsin steel manufacturer, died Thursday night at Beaver Dam, Wis. His death followed a long illness from sepsis, arising from a small scratch on his hand from a fishhook. He was 66 years old.

BERNARD F. SHARKEY, formerly engaged in the business of manufacturing cocoa matting in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at Hartford, Conn., of Bridgt's disease, aged 60 years. He was the son of Patrick F. Sharkey, said to be one of the first cocoa matmakers in this State.

HOMER A. EOFF, newspaper publisher, died at his home in Toledo, Ohio, yesterday, of spinal trouble. He was formerly Vice President and general manager of the Toledo Newspaper Company, publishers of The Toledo News-Bee.

CHARLES FORTESQUE PORTER, for many years a Government timber Inspector at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died at his home, 24 Sheffield Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. He was a civil war veteran, and was a Captain in the Second Nebraska Cavalry. Mr. Porter was born in London in 1829. He was a Mason and belonged to the New York Lodge of Elks. A widow survives him.

Capt. WILLIAM B. WILSON died on Thursday in the Sailors' Snug Harbor, Staten Island, after being ill for two months with gastritis. He was 73 years old. A sister, Mrs. Carrie B. Hurley, of 24 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn, survives him.

RICHARD BENNETT, one of the few survivors of the original Flatbush policemen, died of apaplexy on Thursday at his home, 184 Prospect Street, Brooklyn. After the consolidation of Flatbush with Brooklyn in 1893, Bennett became a member of the Brooklyn force. Lately he has been stationed at Coney Island. He leaves a widow.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KASE.—July 28, to Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Kase, a daughter.

WARNER.—Aug. 3, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Warner, a son.

Married.

CHARABAY—VAN BEUREN.—Aug. 4, Hoboken, Florence Van Beuren to Marrus A. Charabay.

GALLAGHER—SHARKEY.—Aug. 4, Elizabeth, N. J., Mary Sharkey to Patrick Gallagher.

KERR—HALL.—Aug. 4, Guilford, Conn., Mary M. Hall to Milton R. Kerr.

NOLAN—McGRATH.—Aug. 4, Cecilia McGrath to George F. Nolan.

O'ROURKE—FITZPATRICK.—Aug. 4, Alice Fitzpatrick to Frank J. O'Rourke.

VANAMAN—HENDERSON.—Aug. 4, Millville, N. J., Emma Henderson to Roy Vanaman.

Died.

CLAPP.—On Aug. 6, at New York Hospital, Sally Rennell, beloved wife of Parmly S. Clapp. Funeral at the Church of the Transfiguration, Aug. 9, at 10:30 A. M.

COX.—Friday, Aug. 6, at her home, 89 Joralemon St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Alethea Crawford Cox, beloved wife of Arthur Parcells Cox, and sister of Rebekah Crawford. Funeral services at her late home, Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment private. Cincinnati, Chicago, and San Francisco papers please copy.

FAIRBANKS.—On Thursday, Aug. 5, 1909, Mary Sophia, widow of David Fairbanks and daughter of the late Charles Cotton, M. D., of Newport, R. I. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 9 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Aug. 8, at 2:30 P. M.

HOLLY.—On Aug. 5, 1909, John B. Holly. Interment private at convenience of the family. Stamford papers please copy.

HORN.—On Aug. 4, after a short illness, in his 43d year, Michael, beloved son of the late Isaac and Bertha Horn, and brother of Abram, Henry, and Mrs. Rebecca Bock. Body lying at home of Henry Horn, 317 East 17th St. Relatives, friends, and members of Darcy Lodge, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Temple Rodeph Sholem, 63d St. and Lexington Av., Sunday, Aug. 8, 10:30 A. M. Plattsburg (N. Y.) papers please copy.

HOVEY.—On Aug. 6, 1909, Rev. Henry Emerson Hovey. Funeral services at St. John's Church, Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 10, 1909.

PALMER.—Joseph Sexton Palmer, husband of Louise Holkins Palmer, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral services Monday, Aug. 9, at 3 P. M. at St. John's Church.

PECK.—In Chicago, July 20, 1909, James William Peck, son of the late Charles A. and Mary H. Peck of New York City.

SELIGMAN.—Henrietta Hellmann Seligman, widow of Jesse Seligman, born Feb. 3, 1836; died July 23, 1909, at Marienbad, Austria. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 2 East 46th St., on Monday morning, Aug. 9, at 10:30.

SMITH.—On Friday, Aug. 6, 1909, Constance Mary, beloved daughter of Mary F. and James Rufus Smith. Funeral from her late home, No. 47 West 39th St., on Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

ST. JOHN.—In Brooklyn, Aug. 5, 1909, Emily, daughter of the late Rev. Oliver S. St. John, in her 63d year. Funeral service in the chapel of Plymouth Church, Cranberry St., on Saturday, Aug. 7, at 10 A. M. Interment at Danbury, Conn.

SUMMER READING

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Died.

WELLS.—East Orange, N. J., Friday, Aug. 6, Josephine L., youngest daughter of the late James N. Wells of New York City, at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Samuel W. Whittemore, 7 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, East Orange, on Monday, Aug. 9, at 3:15 P. M.

BREUNIG.—Henry, 404 East 141st St., Aug. 5. Funeral private.

BURGDORF.—Grover C., 94 Beekman Av., Mount Vernon, Aug. 4, aged 24.

DONAHUE.—William, New Haven, Conn., Aug. 5. Funeral to-day.

DOWNING.—Clara, Aug. 4, aged 27. Funeral 171 8th Av.

CUDDY.—Abraham, 76 Hunter Av., Long Island City, Aug. 3.

GERNSHEIMER.—Caroline, 19 Waverly Av., Rockaway Beach, Aug. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

HUGHES.—Margaret, 348 East 78th St., Aug. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

JARCHOW.—Ellen M., 408 East 140th St., Aug. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KEENEY.—Caroline R., Waterford, Conn., Aug. 5. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

KOONTZ.—Anthony, 430 East 149th St., Aug. 4.

LANDSBERG.—Albert, 668 Lexington Av., Aug. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LEDERLE.—Francis A., Monroe, N. Y., Aug. 4, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

LOUIS.—William, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Aug. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MATZKE.—Annie, 958 Prospect Av., Bronx, Aug. 4.

MERRILL.—Caroline, New Haven, Conn., Aug. 4, aged 79.

MILLER.—Eliza, 1 Sterling Av., White Plains, Aug. 5, aged 79. Funeral to-day.

MOLLOY.—Charles H., 4,154 Park Av., Aug. 3, aged 4.

O'LEARY.—Timothy, Tompkinsville, S. I., Aug. 5, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

OWEN.—Florence A., 74 Columbia Av., Woodlawn, Aug. 4, aged 28.

PIESCH.—Augusta, Rockaway Beach, Aug. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

PALEN.—Frank A., Jr., Kingston, N. Y., Aug. 4, aged 11. Funeral private.

POLLACK.—Mina, 212 East 56th St., Aug. 4.

PRIOR.—William H., Rockville Centre, L. I., Aug. 4, aged 80.

ROGERS.—Belden J., Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 4, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SENN.—Reinhard, 470 East 139th St., Aug. 4. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

STONE.—Mrs. Abernethy B., Hartford, Conn., Aug. 3, aged 71.

TANSEY.—Patrick J., 253 West 131st St., Aug. 4. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

TURNER.—Matilda, 402 West 29th St., Aug. 5.

VOSS.—Katie, 2,968 3d Av., Aug. 5.

WILSON.—William D., Sailors' Snug Harbor, S. I., Aug. 4, aged 71.

Brooklyn.

BELL.—Julia S., 863 St. John's Place, Aug. 5, aged 50.

BENNETT.—Bernard F., 184 Prospect St., Flatbush, Aug. 5, aged 52.

CLUNIE.—Sophia J., 839 Greene Av., Aug. 5, aged 42.

CONNELLY.—Patrick, 166 14th St., Aug. 5, aged 38. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CURRAN.—Sarah B., 329 Herkimer St., Aug. 4, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HALLOCK.—Emma C., 80 Monroe St., Aug. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

MOELOTH.—Philipp, 114 South 8th St., Aug. 5, aged 75.

NOUZA.—Mary, 417A 18th St., Aug. 4, aged 67.

PURCELL.—Catherine, 129 Butler St., Aug. 5.

ROCHLER.—Luding, 9 Judge St., Aug. 3.

RUST.—Ida M., Seney Hospital, Aug. 5, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

SUSSMAN.—William, 973 Myrtle Av., Aug. 5, aged 83.

New Jersey.

ANDRUSKI.—Helen, Elizabeth, Aug. 4, aged 2.

CERNY.—Mary, Linden Township, Aug. 4, aged 79.

CONKLIN.—Lewis W., 103 3d St., Newark, Aug. 5.

COOKE.—L. Elizabeth, 62 Osborne Terrace, Newark, Aug. 5, aged 73.

DE FERRO.—Mary, 120 Bright St., Jersey City, Aug. 5. Funeral to-day.

EPTING.—Violette F., 639 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Aug. 5.

FARMER.—Josephine, 65 Hudson St., Jersey City, Aug. 5.

FERRETTY.—Mary, 201 Central Av., Newark, Aug. 5, aged 1.

FLYNN.—Peter, 564 2d Av., Elizabeth, Aug. 5.

FOSTER.—Thomas A., 47 Jordan Av., Jersey City, Aug. 4, aged 41.

GRAESSLE.—Christian, 20 Lentz Av., Newark, Aug. 4, aged 26.

GRANT.—Mildred J., Jersey City, Aug. 5, aged 28.

HARVEY.—Fred, West New York, Aug. 5.

HOWELL.—Catherine E., South Orange, Aug. 5, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow.

HUNT.—Sarah C., 103 Thomas St., Newark, Aug. 5, aged 52.

KANE.—Catherine, 403 Court St., Elizabeth, Aug. 4. Funeral to-day.

KING.—Clara, 209 Academy St., Newark, Aug. 5. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

KOLLOR.—Edward, Jersey City, Aug. 5, aged 49.

LAHEY.—Catherine, Harrison, Aug. 6. Funeral notice later.

LEONARD.—Anna M., 32 Colden St., Newark, Aug. 5.

MANZ.—Carolina, 303 Mulberry St., Newark, Aug. 5, aged 65.

MARGERUM.—Mary J., Trenton, Aug. 4, aged 55. Funeral Aug. 9.

NEVINS.—Raymond, 1,027 Bond St., Elizabeth, Aug. 4.

POST.—Julia, Union Hill, Aug. 5, aged 48.

PURCELL.—S. C., Trenton, Aug. 4, aged 81.

RANDOLPH.—Julia V., 216 Fairmount Av., Newark, Aug. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

REEVE.—James H., 415 South 7th St., Newark, Aug. 5, aged 67.

STEPHENSON.—Hattie B., Montclair, Aug. 4.

TAULUSSEN.—Catherine, Jersey City, Aug. 5, aged 53. Funeral Aug. 9.

THRUNK.—Mary, Weehawken, Aug. 5, aged 65. Funeral Aug. 9.

TUCKER.—Charles F., Jersey City, Aug. 5. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

VREELAND.—Albert, East 14th St., Bayonne, Aug. 4.

WILSON.—Clara M., Trenton, Aug. 5, aged 28. Funeral Aug. 9.

In Memoriam.

BRADY.—Hugh, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

FITZPATRICK.—Patrick, in memory of, died Aug. 7, 1907.

HICKEY.—Bridget, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

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INVESTMENT ISSUES ACTIVE

Heavy Buying of Better Class Rails and Industrials—Bank Clearings Still Increase.

It became apparent shortly after the opening of the stock market yesterday morning that the heavy selling and consequent declines in securities in the final hour of business on Thursday were the result of a concentrated movement against the market by speculators for the fall. The basis for this movement was apparently found in the signing of the Tariff bill by President Taft, the theory being that the good news, so far as tariff legislation was concerned, was out, and that stocks should fall back. In place of the weakness naturally looked for at the opening of the market yesterday following so reactionary a closing, there was decided strength. Apparently banking interests in the financial district as well as larger market operators and the public generally took a very different view of the settlement of the tariff legislation from that indulged in by the general speculative community on Thursday afternoon. Commission house buying enlarged materially, and as the market developed strength short covering promoted additional advances, which ran steadily on to the close of the session, when the general level of prices was higher than any touched heretofore in the present movement. The most noteworthy feature of the trading was the liberal buying of high-class railroad shares and of the better grade of industrial stocks. St. Paul, Union Pacific, Northwestern, Northern Pacific, and Atchison were all in demand, while United States Steel common touched a new high record at 76⅜, with corresponding strength in American Smelting, American Car and Foundry, American Locomotive, American Cotton Oil, and General Electric. The outlook for continued ease in money, for an excellent Government crop report on Monday, and for continued expansion of general business undoubtedly underlay the obvious investment buying of the day. On grain markets prices were heavy again owing to the very favorable crop news from the three big Spring wheat States, and to a forecast by the Modern Miller of larger yields of wheat in other States than had been generally anticipated. Among minor items of the day's news were again many referring to substantial purchases of equipment and supplies of all kinds by the railroads, while reflecting the trade activity was the compilation of bank clearings for the present week, showing a gain of 30.3 per cent. over the same week last year and about 16 per cent. over the first week of August, 1906.

Preliminary estimates of the currency movements of the week foreshadowed a cash loss by the local banks of not less than $2,000,000. Receipts from the interior disclosed practically no falling off from remittances of earlier weeks, and the gain of $4,000,000 or so on balance from this source went to reduce the $6,000,000 loss to the Sub-Treasury, which has been draining funds heavily owing to the large customs payments of the week made to anticipate the passage of the Tariff bill. For the second day time money rates worked easier, but in banking quarters this is considered a natural reaction from the recent sharp upturn in quotations, and is not considered a permanent tendency. No engagements of gold were reported, and, in fact, the end of the export movement is now believed to be well within sight.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

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SPECIAL MEETING.

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Mercantile paper rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4@4¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 1 7-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 1¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2⅛ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $332,552,109; balances, $14,449,288; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $2,087,125.

The local banks have lost $6,132,000 to the Sub-Treasury since Friday.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8655@$4.8665, sixty days at $4.8510@$4.8525, and cables at $4.8680@$4.8690.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½@5.17½ plus 3-64 for cables, 5.17½ less 3-64@5.17½ for sight, and 5.18¾ less 1-16@5.18¾ for sixty days; reichsmarks, 95¼@95 5-16 less 1-64 for cables, 95¼ less 3-64@95¼ less 1-64 for sight, and 94 13-16@94 15-16 for sixty days.

Exchanges on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; St. Paul, 60c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London at 23½d per ounce, and unchanged in New York at 50⅞c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44c.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	84 5-16	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, account	84⅜	..	..	+ ⅛
Anaconda	10	48¾	48¾	..
Atchison	122½	119⅛	119⅜	+ ¾
Can. Pacific	191½	186⅛	185¾	+ ¾
St. Paul	163½	159⅛	158⅜	+ ⅝
Erie	38⅝	37⅝	37	+ ⅝
Erie 1st pf.	57¼	55⅝	55⅜	+ ⅜
Ill. Central	159¾	155⅜	155½	..
Louis. & Nash.	150	146¼	146	+ ¼
N. Y. Central	144	140¼	139¾	+ ½
Pennsylvania	72½	141¼	141⅛	+ ½
Reading	83¾	163	162⅝	+ ⅞
So. Pacific	138⅜	134⅝	134⅜	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	206⅝	201⅛	200⅝	+ ½
U. S. Steel	76½	74½	74⅜	..
U. S. Steel pf.	131½	127⅞	126⅝ ex	− ¼

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consols 3½s	95	96
German consols 3s	85	86
Prussian Government 4s	102½	103½
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	94½	95½
Saxony Government 3s	85½	86½
Hamburg Government 3s	84½	85½
City of Berlin 4s	101½	102½
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	101	102
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	95	96
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	101¼	102¼
Russian Government gold 4s	88½	89½
French Government rente 3s	97¼	98¼
British consols 2½s	83¾	84¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s	d		£	s	d
Camp Bird	1	7	0	Esperanza	2	17	6
Tomboy	1	1	3	Dolores	1	5	0
El Oro	1	5	0	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Aug. 6, 1909 798,078
From Jan. 1, 1909 116,385,191
Corresponding period last year 103,637,086

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
16⅛	16¼	1,800	Allis-Chalmers	15¾	16⅜	15¾	16⅜	+ ⅝
56⅞	57	2,200	Allis-Chalmers pf.	55⅝	57	55⅝	57	+1
85⅛	85¼	11,400	*Amalgamated Cop.	84¾	85¼	84	85¼	+1⅛
49⅛	49¼	2,300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	49	49½	49	49¼	+1⅝
47¾	48	3,000	Am. Beet Sugar	48¼	48½	47½	47½	− ¾
12⅞	13	800	Am. Can	12¾	13	12¾	12⅞	+ ⅜
83¾	84	600	Am. Can pf.	84	84¼	83½	83½	− ½
69¼	69½	6,800	Am. Car & Foundry	68⅝	69¾	68⅝	69⅜	+ ½
76⅝	77	4,100	Am. Cotton Oil	75¾	77	75¾	76¾	+1¼
229	235	200	Am. Express	228¼	228¼	228¼	228¼	−1¾
9	9¼	300	Am. Hide & Leather	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	− ¼
47¼	47¾	5,550	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	48¾	49½	47¼	47¼	−1¼
37½	37⅞	1,710	Am. Ice Securities	36¼	37¾	36⅛	37¾	+1¾
17	17½	200	*Am. Linseed	17	17	17	17	...
45	45½	100	*Am. Linseed pf.	45½	45½	45½	45½	− ½
68	68½	2,500	Am. Locomotive	67½	68½	67½	68	+ ¼
120½	121	100	*Am. Locomotive pf.	121	121	121	121	−1
9½	10	200	Am. Malt	9¼	9¾	9¼	9¾	+ ⅛
56	56¼	1,100	Am. Malt pf.	53¾	56	53¾	55¼	+1¼
100¾	100⅞	42,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	99	101⅛	99	100⅞	+2¼
116¼	116½	3,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	115½	116¾	115¼	116¼	+ ½
89⅛	89⅜	700	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	89⅛	89⅜	89⅛	89⅜	+ ¼
62¼	62½	1,200	Am. Steel Foundries	60	62½	60	62½	+1½
131¾	131⅞	1,300	Am. Sugar Ref.	130	131¾	130	131¾	+1⅜
142⅞	143	8,573	Am. Tel. & Tel.	142¾	143	142⅝	142⅞	+ ⅜
102	102½	300	Am. Tobacco pf.	102⅛	102⅛	102	102	...
39	39⅞	1,800	*Am. Woolen	38½	39¾	38⅛	39⅜	+1⅜
105⅞	106	500	*Am. Woolen pf.	106	106	106	106	− ¼
49¼	49¾	1,200	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	48⅝	49½	48⅝	49½	+ ¾
119⅝	119¾	32,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	118⅝	119¾	118⅝	119¾	+1⅛
104¾	105	140	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	105	105	105	105	+ ¼
133¾	134	600	Atlantic Coast Line	133	133¾	133	133¾	− ¼
119½	119⅝	7,500	Baltimore & Ohio	118⅞	119⅝	118⅞	119½	+ ⅞
4⅞	5⅛	200	Batopilas Mining	5	5	4⅞	4⅞	− ⅛
33	33⅞	1,700	Bethlehem Steel	32⅝	34⅛	32	33¾	+1¼
63¼	65	200	Bethlehem Steel pf.	64	65	64	65	− ½
80⅜	80½	3,010	Brook. Rapid Transit	80¼	80½	80	80⅜	+ ⅜
144	145	200	Brooklyn Union Gas	144½	144½	144½	144½	+ ½
30¾	32	200	Butterick Co.	32	32	32	32	...
187	187¼	3,700	Canadian Pacific	186¼	187⅛	186¼	187⅛	+1⅜
36¾	37	4,500	Central Leather Co.	36½	37¼	36½	36⅞	+ ⅛
308	315	125	Central R. R. of N. J.	310	310	310	310	−5
79⅞	80	18,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	78⅞	80	78⅝	80	+1¼
69	69½	1,700	Chicago & Alton	68	69½	68	69½	+1½
4	4¼	1,600	Chicago Gt. Western	4¼	4¼	3⅞	4	− ⅛
6¾	7½	600	Chi. Gt. West. pf., B	7	7¼	7	7¼	− ½
161⅛	161¼	87,193	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	158½	161½	158½	161¼	+3
172	172¼	2,780	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	171¼	172¼	171¼	172¼	+1¼
191½	192½	4,000	Chi. & Northwestern	188½	192½	188½	192¼	+4¼
170	190	75	Chi., St.P., M. & O.pf	170	170	170	170	...
3½	3⅞	700	Chi. Terminal Trans.	3¼	3⅞	3¼	3¾	+ ¾
6	6¼	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta	6	6	6	6	− ¼
73	76	200	Clev., C. C. & St. L.	75¾	76	75¾	76	+1
47	47¼	4,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	46½	47½	46½	47⅛	+1
56	56½	900	Colorado & Southern	55¼	56½	55¼	56½	+1½
71½	72¾	3,300	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	70	73¼	69¼	72¾	+2¾
145	145¼	5,700	Consolidated Gas	144¼	145½	144¼	145	+ ¾
24⅞	25	2,100	Corn Products Ref.	24¾	25	24¾	24⅞	+ ¼
88⅝	89¼	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	89	89	89	89	...
196¼	196¾	2,500	Delaware & Hudson	195¼	196⅜	195¼	196⅜	+1⅝
..	600	100	Del., Lack. & West.	550	550	550	550	...
50⅞	51	4,400	Denver & Rio Grande	51	51½	50¾	51	+ ⅝
86	86¼	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf	86	86⅛	86	86	...
40	40¼	500	*Distillers' Securities	40	40	39⅞	40	+ ⅛
16¾	17¼	240	Duluth, S. S. & A.	17	17	17	17	+ ⅝
32¾	33	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	− ¼
38½	38⅝	17,200	Erie	37½	38½	37⅜	38½	+1½
56⅛	56¼	1,700	Erie 1st pf.	55½	56⅛	55½	56⅛	+ ¾
45½	45¾	800	Erie 2d pf.	45	46	45	45½	+ ½
92	93	200	Federal M. & S. pf.	92	93	92	93	+1½
106	110	100	General Chemical pf	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	−1½
172	172½	2,275	General Electric	170¼	172½	170¼	172½	+2¼
154¾	155¼	8,140	Great Northern pf.	153⅜	154½	153⅜	154½	+1⅜
81⅞	82	13,200	*G. N. certs. ore prop	81¼	82	81¼	82	+1⅛
63½	64	500	Havana Electric	63½	63⅞	63½	63⅞	+ ⅞
156⅝	156¾	4,350	Illinois Central	155⅝	156¾	155⅝	156¾	+1¼
15⅞	16	1,000	Interborough-Met.	15¾	15⅞	15¾	15⅞	+ ¼
49½	49⅝	1,500	Interborough-Met. pf	48⅝	49⅝	48½	49½	+ ¾
121½	122	400	Intern'l Harvester pf	122	122	122	122	− ⅜
17½	18	2,100	Intern'l Paper	17¼	17⅝	17	17⅝	+ ⅝
68	68½	800	Intern'l Paper pf.	67⅞	68¼	67½	68¼	+ ¼
40¾	41	100	Intern'l Steam Pump	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	+ ¼
88⅛	88½	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜	+ ¾
31¾	32	1,110	Iowa Central	31½	31⅞	31½	31¾	+ ⅛
57⅛	57½	2,280	Iowa Central pf.	56⅞	57½	56¾	57½	+1⅛
78	78½	117	Kan. C., Ft. S. & M. pf	78½	78½	78½	78½	...
47⅞	48	1,200	Kansas City South.	47¼	48	47¼	48	+ ¾
9	10	100	Keokuk & Des Moines	9	9	9	9	−1
59	62	100	Lake Erie & West. pf	60	60	60	60	−3
146½	146⅝	1,100	Louisville & Nash.	146	146⅝	145⅝	146⅝	+ ⅝
22⅜	22½	400	Mercantile Marine pf	21½	22½	21	22½	+ ½
52	56	120	Minn. & St. Louis	55	55	55	55	−1
144¾	145¼	1,200	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M	143¼	145	143¼	145	+2
161	163	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf	163	163	163	163	...
89⅛	89¾	100	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	...
43¼	43⅜	12,100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	43¼	43⅜	43	43⅛	+ ¼
74⅛	74¾	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	74½	74½	74½	74½	+ ⅜
77¼	77½	5,050	Missouri Pacific	77⅛	77⅞	76⅝	77⅝	+1⅜
107	108	300	*National Biscuit Co.	108	108	108	108	...
17	17½	200	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	17	17	17	17	...
91⅛	91⅜	11,700	Nat. Lead Co.	90	91½	90	91¼	+1¾
112½	113	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	113	113	113	113	− ½
52¼	52½	100	N. Rays. of Mex. 1st pf	52¼	52¼	52¼	52¼	...
24¾	24⅞	500	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	− ⅛
2½	3	100	*Newhouse M. & S.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅝
96	96¼	300	N. Y. Air Brake	96	96	96	96	+1
141	141¼	14,300	N. Y. Central	140	141½	140	141	+1¼
56¾	57½	1,000	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	56½	57⅝	56½	57⅝	− ½
171½	172	575	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	172	172	171½	171⅞	+ ⅜
51½	52	840	N. Y., Ont. & West.	51	51¾	51	51½	+ ¼
96	96¼	4,000	Norfolk & Western	95⅝	96⅜	95¼	96⅜	+ ⅛
85	85½	200	North American	85½	85½	85¼	85¼	+ ¼
155⅞	156	12,550	Northern Pacific	154½	156	154½	156	+1½
32	32½	500	Pacific Mail	32	32½	32	32½	− ½
141⅞	142	20,400	Pennsylvania R. R.	141	142¼	141	142	+ ⅞
115½	115¾	2,000	People's Gas, Chi.	115⅝	116	115⅝	115½	+ ¼
91¾	92	300	P., C., C. & St. Louis	92	92	92	92	...
115	120	200	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	116	116	115	115	−1
16¼	16¾	2,300	Pittsburg Coal	16½	16⅞	16	16½	+ ½
55½	56½	500	Pittsburg Coal pf.	56¼	56⅝	56¼	56½	− ¼
54	54¼	940	Pressed Steel Car	53¼	54¼	53¼	54	+ ⅝
109	110	120	Pressed Steel Car pf.	109	109	109	109	...
195	200	800	Pullman Company	194	200	194	199	+6½
5¼	5½	500	Quicksilver	5½	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	− ⅜
5¼	6	100	Quicksilver pf.	5½	5½	5½	5½	+ ½
53⅛	53½	900	*R'way Steel Spring	52¾	53¼	52¾	53	+ ½
108	109	200	*R'way Steel Sp. pf.	108½	108½	108½	108½	...
164	164⅛	96,700	Reading	163	164⅛	163	164⅛	+1¼
93½	94½	300	Reading 1st pf.	94	94½	94	94½	+1
101	103	500	Reading 2d pf.	101¾	102	101¾	102	+ ⅛
39⅜	39½	18,600	Rep. Iron & S., ex r.	37½	39⅝	37½	39¼	+1⅜
108⅛	108¼	2,000	Rep. I. & S. pf., ex r	108	108¾	107½	108⅛	+ ⅝
39½	39⅝	22,550	Rock Island Co.	38¼	39⅝	38¼	39⅝	+ ½
77⅛	77¼	3,600	Rock Island Co. pf.	76⅞	77½	76⅞	77¼	+ ¾
71	73	200	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	72	72¼	72	72¼	+ ¼
55¾	56	600	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	55	56	55	56	+1
27⅞	28	1,300	St. Louis Southwest'n	28¼	28¼	28	28	− ¼
67¾	67⅞	600	St. L. Southwest'n pf	67⅝	68⅛	67⅝	67⅞	...
86¼	86½	1,700	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	85¾	86½	85½	86½	+ ¾
135¾	135⅞	34,700	Southern Pacific	134½	135⅞	134½	135⅞	+1½
32½	32⅝	1,700	Southern R'way ext.	32	32½	32	32½	+ ½
72½	73	500	South. R'way pf., ext	72½	72½	72½	72½	− ¼
40½	40¾	9,000	*Tennessee Copper	38⅜	40¾	38⅜	40½	+2
36½	36¾	4,700	Texas & Pacific	36¾	37	36½	36½	...
91	93	100	Texas Pac. Land Tr.	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	+ ¾
19	19¼	800	Third Avenue	19	20	19	19¼	+ ¾
11¼	11⅜	1,200	Tol. R'way & Light	9⅛	11¼	9⅛	11¼	+2¼
53	53½	3,100	Tol., St. L. & West.	52½	54⅛	52½	53¾	+1¼
70⅝	71	1,600	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	70¼	71⅛	70¼	71⅛	+1⅛
202⅞	203	43,300	Union Pacific	200⅞	203	200½	203	+2⅞
104	104⅜	5,200	Union Pacific pf.	103⅜	104¼	103⅜	104¼	+1
111½	111¾	200	*United Dry G. pf. cfs	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	+ ⅛
54	55¼	100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	−1¾
34	34¼	300	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼	+ ¼
84	85	500	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	85	85	84⅛	84⅛	− ⅞
83	83½	300	U. S. Realty & Imp.	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜	+ ⅝
46	46¼	1,650	U. S. Rubber	45	46½	45	46⅜	+1⅜
117⅝	117⅞	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	117½	117⅞	117½	117⅞	+ ⅜
85½	86¼	350	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	85½	86	85½	86	...
76¼	76⅜	97,600	U. S. Steel	74⅜	76⅜	74⅜	76⅜	+1⅞
127¼	127½	4,870	U. S. Steel pf.	126¼	127½	126¼	127½	+1⅛
51½	52	900	Utah Copper	51⅛	52⅛	51⅛	51½	+ ½
50⅜	50½	2,100	Va.-Caro. Chemical	50⅜	51	50½	50½	...
15	16	25	Vulcan Detinning	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
21⅞	22	2,300	Wabash	21⅞	22¼	21⅞	22	+ ¼
58⅜	58½	8,800	Wabash pf.	57¾	58⅜	57¾	58½	+1
5½	6	4,500	Western Maryland	7¼	7½	6	6	−1
75¾	76	370	Western Union Tel.	75¾	76	75¾	76	+ ½
88¾	89	13,800	Westinghouse E. & M.	86	89	86	88⅞	+2⅞
6¾	7½	700	Wheel. & Lake Erie	7	7½	7	7¼	+1
18	18½	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	18	18	18	18	−1
56¾	57¾	400	Wisconsin Central	57¼	57¼	57	57	− ⅜

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	101½
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	101½
3s, r., 1918	101	102
3s, c., 1918	101	102
4s, r., 1925	116	116¾
4s, c., 1925	119½	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	101½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100½	101½
D. C. 3-65s	108	..
Adams Exp.	218	..
Alb. & S.	224½	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	99	110
Am. Beet S. pf.	95	96½
A. C. & F. pf.	123	124
Am. Coal	120	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	102½	107
Am. D. Tel.	20	30
Am. Snuff	230	300
Am. Sn. pf.	101	106
Am. Sug. R. pf.	124½	125⅝
A. T. & C.	76	86
Ann Arbor	15	30
Ann A. pf.	..	80
Asso. M. 1st pf.	107¾	..
Asso. M. 2d pf.	107½	..
B. & O. pf.	93	94
Bruns. City	17	19
B., R. & P.	90	99¾
B., R. & P. pf.	121	133
B. & S. pf.	..	70
Canada So.	69	70
Cent. L. pf.	109	110
C. & S. A. Tel.	114	119
C. & A. pf.	72	80
C., B. & Q.	250	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	116	150
Chi. Gt. W. pf., A	25	45
Chi. Gt. W. deb.	61	64
C., I. & L. pf.	40	80
C. & N. W. pf.	221½	230
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	160	165
C. T. T. pf.	12	18¾
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	103	..
Cleve. & P.	175	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	90	125
Col. So. 1st pf.	81⅝	82¼
Col. So. 2d pf.	80¼	81¼
Crex Carpet	56	60
D. M. & Ft. D.	12	17
D. & M. pf.	..	96
Det. U. R.	65	70
Ev. & T. H.	56	65
Ev. & T. H. pf.	83	95
F. M. & S.	84¾	88
F. M. & S. pf.	92	93
Fed. S. pf.	90	98½
Gen. C. Co.	90	93
Granby Con.	100	105
G. B. & W.	80	..
Hav. E. R. pf.	84	90
Hock. V. r.	110	115
Hock. V. pf.	92	93½
Homestake	83½	91
Ill. C. l. l.	98	..
Inger.-Rand.	55	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	90	..
Int. Harv.	88	89⅝
Int. Power	..	35
Jol. & Chi.	168¾	..
K. & M. r.	50	60
Kan. C. So. pf.	72½	73¼
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
Kn. I. Chi. pf.	67	80
Lacl. Gas	104	..
Lacl. G. pf.	..	98
L. E. & W.	26	29
Lake Shore	300	400
Long Island	68½	70
Mackay Cos.	83¼	84¼
Mackay Cos. pf.	74⅝	75
Mah. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach	4	6
Man. Elev.	144½	146
Md. C. pf.	70	..
Mer. Marine	6⅜	7¼
Met. St. R.	22	24
Mich. Cent.	150	180
M. S. T. pf.	..	90
M. & St. L. pf.	84	90
N., C. & St. L.	130	135
Nat. B. pf.	125	..
Nat. En. pf.	88	90
N. Cent. C.	40	53
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	85	89
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	82	83
N. Y. D. Co.	40	47
N. Y., L. & W.	126	130
N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	142¼	142½
N. & West. pf.	90	92
N. O. T. & L.	27¼	30
Ont. Mining	3¾	4⅛
Pac. Coast	96	99
Pac. C. 1st pf.	98	100
Pac. C. 2d pf.	97	100
Peo. & E.	25	27
Phelps D'ge	175	..
P., Ft. W. & C.	174¼	..
R. R. Sec., Ill. C. stk. ctfs.	90½	..
Rens. & S.	195	..
R., W. & O.	125	..
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
Rutland pf.	36½	37½
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	..	130
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	62	69
Sears-R. pf.	..	117½
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	116	125
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	118	120
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	85	90
Texas Cent.	35	..
Tex. C. pf.	70	..
T., P. & W.	17	23½
T. C. R. T.	103	103½
U. B. & P.	13½	14
U. B. & P. pf.	76½	79¾
Un. Cig. M. pf.	108	110
U. Rys. Inv.	36	37
U. S. Exp.	90	95
U. S. L. pf.	114	120
U. S. R. & Ref.	15	16½
U. & E. R.	174	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	121	123
Va. I., C. & Coke	64	67
Vul. D. pf.	64	67
W.-F. Exp.	310	..
Westingh'se 1st pf.	125	130
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	8	9
Wis. C. pf. rec.	88	90

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 6.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
98	Cent. D. & P. Tel.	133	132¾	133
40	Consolidated Ice	12¼	12¼	12¼
1,720	Crucible Steel	14¼	13	14¼
488	Crucible Steel pf.	81⅝	81	81⅝
175	Fireproof	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
310	Fireproof pf.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
190	Independent Brewing	6	5¾	5¾
2,732	Mfrs. L. & H.	22¼	21¾	21⅞
345	Ohio Fuel	44½	41	44
200	Pittsburg Brew.	24½	24	24
537	Pittsburg Coal pf.	56⅝	56	56⅝
215	River Coal	7½	7¼	7½
110	River Coal pf.	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
1,800	Ross Mining	24c.	24c.	24c.
77	Sewer Pipe	19	19	19
300	Tonopah Extension	49c.	47c.	49c.
1	United States Steel pf.	126¾	126¾	126¾
10	West. Air Brake	118	118	118
51	West. Elec. 2ds.	44⅝	43½	44⅝
	UNLISTED.			
120	Kansas Gas	52	51½	51½
750	Lustre	65c.	60c.	60c.
800	Mount Elliott	29c.	28c.	29c.
40	Oklahoma Gas	42	41½	41½
11,200	San Toy	54c.	51c.	52c.
10	Union Gas	115	115	115
	BOND.			
$1,000	Kansas Gas 1st 6s	100	100	100

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Strenuous Day on 'Change Without Effect in Stimulating Trade on the Curb.

PRICES MOVE NARROWLY

Chicago Great Western Shares "When Issued" Sell Off—Coppers Find Only Indifferent Market.

Curb stocks did not share in the activity of the big Exchange yesterday, and after a day of moderately large trading closed with minor price changes. The stocks of the reorganized Chicago Great Western, "when issued," were weak, the common selling down from 24⅛ to 23¼ and the preferred from 57½ to 56. Among the coppers little business was done and at the close many were even with opening prices, fluctuations having been inconsiderable. The bond list was more active and gave signs of strength.

⁂

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
20	Am. Tobacco	467	467	467	467
5,000	Bay State Gas	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
600	Bor. C. M. rts.	3¼	3¼	3	3
100	R. Isl. Coal	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
200	Sears-Roebuck	97½	97½	97½	97½
400	S. I. & S. w. i.	20¼	20⅜	20¼	20⅜
15	Standard Oil	700½	701	700½	701
200	Unit. Cigar Co.	73½	74½	73½	74½
	RAILROADS.				
500	C. G. W. w. i.	24⅛	24⅛	†23¼	†23¼
700	C. G. W. pf.	57½	57½	56	56
3,100	Chi. Subway	21⅞	22¼	21⅞	22¼
	MINING STOCKS.				
1,500	Br. Col. Cop.	7¼	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
300	Butte Coalition	25⅛	25⅜	25⅛	25⅜
300	Butte & N. Y.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
300	*Carisa	98	98	98	98
15,000	*Cob. Central	41½	41½	40½	40½
1,400	*Com. Frac.	50	60	59	60
600	C. Ar. Smelt.	13-16	13-16	13-16	13-16
2,500	Cum.-Ely Min.	7¼	7⅜	7 1-16	7¼
800	D.-Daly Cop.	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
100	El Rayo	2½	2½	2½	2½
1,200	Giroux Min.	10	10	9⅞	10
1,800	Goldfield Con.	6⅝	6⅝	6 7-16	6 7-16
1,000	Greene-Canan.	10¼	10¼	10	10¼
45	Gug'heim Exp.	213	216	213	216
100	Inspirat'n Cop.	7¼	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
3,000	Kerr Lake	7¾	7¾	7 11-16	7 11-16
6,600	La Rose Con.	8 1-16	8¼	8⅛	8 3-16
100	*Majestic Cop.	97	97	97	97
3,200	Miami Copper	16¾	17	16¾	16¾
100	*McK.-Darragh	85	85	85	85
1,400	*Mont. of C.R.	29	29	29	29
1,500	Nev. Con. Cop.	24¼	24¼	24⅛	24¼
100	Nev. Smelting	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
800	N.-U. M. & S.	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
100	Nipis'g M. Co.	10½	10½	10½	10½
5,600	Ohio Copper	4 5-16	4 9-16	4¼	4 9-16
1,000	*Otisse	38	38	38	38
140	Prec. Metals	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
30,000	*R'hide Coali'n	23	24	19	23
3,000	Ray Central	2 15-16	3	2⅞	2 15-16
1,050	Ray Consol.	19½	19½	†19	19⅝
200	Tonopah Min.	7	7	6 15-16	6 15-16
800	Tri-Bullion	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
1,800	Union Mines	1	†1	13-16	13-16
1,325	United Cop.	†9½	10	9½	9⅞
700	Yukon G. M.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅝	5 13-16
	BONDS.				
$40,000	Jones & L. 5s	101⅞	102	101⅞	102
18,000	Nat. Min. & L. 6s w. i.	93½	93¾	93½	93¾
5,000	Tidewater 6% notes	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
12,000	West. Pac. 5s	98⅝	†98⅝	98⅝	98⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	Aug. 6. Bid.	Aug. 6. Asked.	Aug. 5. Bid.	Aug. 5. Asked.
American Tobacco	460	465	460	465
Am. Writing Paper	4	5	3½	4
Am. Writing Paper pf.	25	26	25	25½
Am. Lt. & Traction	245	250	245	248
Am. Lt. & Traction pf.	107	108	107	108
Bay State Gas	1 3-16	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Boston Copper	15¾	16	15¾	15⅞
British Col. Copper	7¼	7½	7¼	7⅜
Butte Coalition	25⅛	25⅜	25⅛	26¼
Butte & New York	1	1¼	1	1¼
Chicago Subway	22⅛	22¼	20½	21
Combination Fraction	60	61	58	60
Cobalt Central	40	40½	41½	42
Cumb.-Ely Mining	7 1-16	7 3-16	7 1-16	7 3-16
Davis-Daly	7⅜	7½	7⅛	7¼
Dolores, Limited	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	7¼
Giroux Mining	9 15-16	10	9⅞	10
Goldfield Con.	6 7-16	6½	6½	6 9-16
Greene-Cananea	10	10¼	10¼	10½
Inter. S. & R.	128	132	130	135
Kerr Lake	7 11-16	7¾	7⅝	7¾
La Rose Con.	8 3-16	8¼	8 3-16	8 5-16
Manhattan Transit	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Mason Valley	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Mines Co. of America	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
Miami Copper	16⅝	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞
McKinley-Darragh	85	90	85	90
Nevada Con. Cop.	24⅛	24¼	24⅛	24¼
Nev.-Utah M. & S.	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
Nipissing Mines Co.	10½	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝
Ohio Copper	4½	4⅝	4 7-16	4½
Ray Central	2⅞	3	2⅞	2 15-16
Ray Consolidated	19¼	19½	19¼	19⅝
Standard Milling	17	19	17	19
Standard Milling pf.	58	59	56	58
Standard Oil	700	701	700	701
Tri-Bullion	⅝	11-16	9-16	11-16
United Copper	9⅝	10	9⅝	10
Yukon Gold Mines	5¾	5⅞	5 13-16	5 13-16

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 6.—Maryland Trust preferred stock advanced another point to 105. Houston Oil was easy and lost ⅛, to 8⅞, with a fair amount of trading. Seaboard 4s certificates were dealt in for the first time at practically the same price as Seaboard 4s, ex interest. Shares, 2,110; bonds, $59,000.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	BONDS.			
$4,000	Atl. C. L. con. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
1,000	B. S. P. & C. 4½s	95	95	95
1,000	Col. & Sou. 4s	98¾	98¾	98¾
10,000	C. G., E. L. & P. 4½s	85½	85½	85½
1,000	Cons. Gas 4½s	96¼	96¼	96¼
4,000	Con. Gas 5s	111½	111½	111½
5,000	Detroit United 4½s	84	84	84
2,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	47½	47	47½
13,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s	101	101	101
6,000	Seaboard 4s, ctfs	83½	83½	83½
2,000	United Railways 4s	88¼	88¼	88¼
10,000	Un. Railways, inc.	59¼	59¼	59¼
	STOCKS.			
10	Con. Cot. Duck pfd.	23¼	23¼	23¼
10	Continental Trust	215	215	215
1,125	Houston Oil	9	8⅞	8⅞
85	Maryland Trust pfd.	105	105	105
670	Mary'd Amuse. Co.	50c	50c	50c
10	Union Bank	122	122	122
200	United Railways	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—Swift shares were the feature on the local Exchange. Street's Stable Car advanced further, while Sears-Roebuck common was easier. Subway crossed 22 again and Edison receded to 119½ before midday.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
620	American Can	13	12⅝	12⅝
101	American Can pf.	84	83½	84
40	Am. Shipbuilding	67¼	67	67¼
280	Booth Fisheries	16	16	16
100	Booth Fisheries pf.	54½	54¼	54½
985	Chicago Subway	22½	21¾	22¼
14	Chicago Telephone	134	134	134
461	Com. Edison	120	119½	120
100	Diamond Match	134	134	134
111	Illinois Brick	49½	48¾	49½
45	National Biscuit	109	108	109
1	National Biscuit pf.	125½	125½	125½
50	Quaker Oats pf.	103	103	103
26	People's Gas Light	116	115⅜	116
699	Sear's-Roebuck	97⅝	97½	97⅝
545	Street's Stable Car	47¼	46½	47¼
4,642	Swift & Co.	114½	111	113
70	United B. B.	14⅝	14¼	14⅝

THE TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

TRUST FUNDS.

Gold coin	$850,022,869
Silver dollars	486,370,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,150,000
Silver certificates outstanding	486,370,000

GENERAL FUND.

Standard silver dollars in general fund	5,802,127
Current liabilities	97,542,217
Working balance in treasury offices	37,549,940
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	59,244,696
Subsidiary silver coin	26,512,915
Minor coin	2,355,403
Total balance in general fund	$108,210,757

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	98⅝	99⅛
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	98	98½
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, January, 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Atlantic C. L. 5s, March, 1910	100⅝	101
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	101¼	101½
Interborough 5s, March, 1910	101	101½
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	104	104½
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	99⅞	100⅜
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99½	100¼
Lake Shore 5s, February, 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100⅝	101
Michigan Cen. 5s, February, 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99½	100
N. Y. Central 5s, February, 1910	100⅜	100⅝
Norfolk & West. 5s, May, 1910	100⅝	101
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Southern 5s, February, 1910	100⅜	100⅝
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	102⅝	103
Westing. E. & M. 6s, August, 1910	100	100½

Interest to be added.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Friday.

	Sales.	Price.
United States 3s reg. 1908-18	2,000	101
Argentine 5s, J P M & Co rcts	5,000	95½
Imp Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan	3,000	94⅝
4s, sterl loan	2,500	86⅛
Sao Paulo 6s, trust rects	6,000	95
	5,000	95¼
Rep of Cuba 5s	5,000	102½
U S Mexico 4s	2,000	94
Vir 6s def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs	5,000	42½
N Y City 4s, 1959, temp rects	5,000	101¼
	88,000	101⅜
N Y City 4½s, 1957 new	20,000	112¼
Alb & Sus 3½s	2,000	105
	6,000	104¾
Allis-Chalmers 5s	5,000	80½
Am Hide & L 6s	1,000	101⅝
	2,000	101½
Am Ice Secur 5s	3,000	79
	1,000	78
Am Spirits M 6s	7,000	99⅝
Am T & T conv 4s	35,000	106¼
	20,000	106⅛
	8,000	106¼
Am Tobacco 5s	1,000	112
Am Tobacco 4s	10,000	80¾
registered	1,000	80⅝
Armour 4½s, inter ctfs	12,000	94⅜
	13,000	94½
	27,000	94⅜
A, T & S F gen 4s	15,000	100⅜
	5,000	100⅜
adjustment 4s	1,000	93½
stamped	1,000	93½
conv 5s	3,000s20f	119
	10,000	119¼
	10,000s20f	119⅛
	65,000	119⅛
	6,000	119½
	20,000	119⅝
	60,000	119⅞
	5,000s20f	119⅞
	35,000	120
	20,000	119⅞
	5,000	120
	15,000	119⅞
	14,000	119⅞
conv 4s	25,000s20f	118¼
	50,000	118½
	57,000	118⅝
	10,000	118⅞
	35,000s20f	118⅞
	85,000	118⅞
	3,000	118⅞
	22,000	118⅞
	10,000	119
	10,000	119⅛
conv 4s, sub rcts	20,000	117¼
	10,000	117½
	20,000	117⅝
	42,000	118
	10,000	118⅛
	10,000	118⅛
	10,000	118⅛
1st paid	12,000	116½
Trans S L 4s	10,000	94⅝
At Coast Line L & N col 4s	1,000	89¼
	13,000	89½
B & O prior lien 3½s	15,000	94¼
gold 4s	2,000	100¼
P, L E & W V 4s	3,000	93½
Beth Steel 5s	5,000	89¾
	5,000	89⅞
	13,000	89⅞
	10,000	89⅞
Bk Rap Tran ref conv 4s	6,000	87½
Cent of Ga Ry conv 5s	5,000	111
Cent Leather 5s	12,000	100¼
	4,000	100
Cent Pac gtd 4s	116,000	97⅜
C & O 6s, 1911	1,000	102½
	10,000	102⅞
C & O fund 5s	10,000	101⅛
C, B & Q joint 4s	10,000	98¼
	8,000	98⅛
C, B & Q gen 4s	9,000	100⅛
	10,000	100
Ill div 3½s	2,000	90
C, R I & P gen 4s	10,000	99¼
C, R I & P R R 4s	23,000	81
	5,000	80⅞
	6,000	81
	2,000	80⅞
Lacl Gas Light of St L 1st 5s	1,000s6f	103
L S & M S 4s 1937	5,000	94⅝
	13,000	95
Long Island unif 4s	2,500	96
Louis & Nash unif 4s	2,000	100⅝
	22,000	100¾
Mer Marine col tr 4½s	1,000	70
	1,000	70½
Mex Cent 1st inc	2,000	26
Mich State T 5s	5,000	98⅝
Mo, K & T 1st 4s	1,000	100⅝
Mo, K & T s f 4½s	1,000s6f	91¼
Mo Pacific 4s	15,000	83⅜
	13,000	83¼
	10,000	83½
	20,000	83⅜
	10,000	83½
Nat R R of Mex prior lien 4½s	5,000	95
N Y Cent & H R R R deb 4s, 1934	1,000	93⅝
N Y C & St L 4s	1,000	101
N Y Gas, El L, H & P col tr 5s	10,000	104
pur money 4s	2,000	86¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	2,000	138⅛
	2,000	138¼
	28,000	138⅛
conv 3½s	11,000	108½
N Y, O & W ref 4s	1,000	99
Norf & West conv 4s	165,000	101¾
	3,000	102
Norf & West divis 1st 4s	2,000	93⅝
North Pac 3s	16,000	74⅝
	500	73¼
North Pac 4s	35,000	102⅜
Ore Short Line gtd refg 4s	25,000 3	95
	15,000	95
	7,000	94⅞
Pac Coast 1st 5s	1,000	110
Pac Tel & T 5s	1,000	97⅝
	9,000	97½
Penn Co gtd 3½s, Trust Co ctfs	1,000	97½
Penn R R 4s, 1948	2,000	104⅝
Penn conv 3½s	10,000	102⅝
	8,000	102½
	54,000	102⅝
	10,000	102⅜
1915	107,000	97⅜
	69,000	97½
	15,000	98
	5,000	97⅝
	10,000	98
Peo & East 1st 4s	8,000	93⅝
Peo & E inc 4s	2,000	57½
	5,000	58¼
	5,000	58½
Reading gen 4s	13,000	100⅜
	2,000	100⅞
	2,000	100⅜
Roch & P 1st 6s	2,000	118⅞
Roch & P con 6s	4,000	120½
Rio Gr West 1st	5,000	95⅝
St L, I M & So gen 5s	2,000	110½
St L, I M & So, Riv & Gulf 4s	25,000	89¼
St L & S F R R gen 5s	2,000s10f	91
	1,000	91
	1,000	91¼
	7,000	91
St L S W con 4s	5,000	73¼
San A & A P 4s	5,000	90⅛
South Pac 4s	12,000	93¼
So Pac conv 4s	5,000	104¾
	45,000	104⅝
	10,000	104⅝
	4,000	104⅞
	41,000	105
	80,000	104⅞
	5,000	104⅞
	137,000	104⅞
So Pac 1st ref 4s	5,000	95½
So Pac col tr 4s	6,000	90⅞
So Ry 1st 5s	2,000	112½
So Ry gen 4s	2,000	83¼
United Railroads of London 4½s	10,000	84½
	500	84⅜
	1,000	84⅞
Un Pac 1st 4s	4,000	103⅞
	1,000	103½

[illegible]

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—Further realizing was in evidence in the local market at the opening this morning, and prices during the early trading were inclined to sag. Later, however, buying orders were brought in, and the undertone soon became strong. During the afternoon the market showed considerable improvement, and some good advances were made. Among the active features in the copper shares were North Butte, United States Smelting, Amalgamated, and Lake. The general list closed strong at the recovery.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	BONDS.			
$5,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
24,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	94	94	94
10,000	Am. Tel. & T. cv. 5s	106¼	106¼	106¼
5,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	73	73	73
12,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	98¼	97⅞	98¼
5,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	103	103	103
5,000	Chi. & No. Mich. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
2,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1910	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
3,000	United Fruit 4½s	97	97	97
13,000	U. S. Coal & Oil 6s	150	145	150
	RAILROADS.			
540	Atchison	119¾	119	119¾
2	Boston Elevated	127½	127½	127½
15	Boston El., $55 paid	70	70	70
300	Boston Suburban	17½	17½	17½
318	Boston & Albany	230	230	230
2	Boston & Maine	147	147	147
3	C. J. R. & S. Y.	159	159	159
5	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	121	121	121
162	Fitchburg pf	130	129⅝	130
50	Mass. Electric	12½	12½	12½
175	Mass. Electric pf	74½	74	74½
136	N. Y., N. H. & H.	172	171½	171⅞
21	West End pf	105	105	105
	TELEPHONES.			
1,808	American	143	142¼	142⅞
50	Cumberland	145	145	145
100	Mexican pf	6¼	6¼	6¼
50	New England	137⅞	137⅞	137⅞
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
3,300	Am. Ag. Chem.	49½	48	49½
50	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	103	103	103
14	At. Gulf & W. I.	10⅜	10	10⅜
15	At. Gulf & W. I. pf.	31½	30½	31½
110	Am. Pneu. Service	8	8	8
50	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf.	19½	19	19½
190	Am. Sugar Rfg.	131¼	130½	131¼
82	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	125½	125½	125½
45	*Am. Woolen	39¼	39	39
323	*Am. Woolen pf.	106	105⅞	106
5,579	Am. Woolen rights	40c	37c	39c
150	East Boston Land	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
21	Edison	254	254	254
131	General Electric	172⅝	171½	172⅝
50	Mass. Gas	64½	64	64
10	Mass. Gas pf	91½	91½	91½
5	Mergenthaler	211	211	211
52	Pullman	198	192	198
100	Reece Fold. Machine	6	6	6
10	Rotary Ring	6½	6½	6½
10	Seattle Electric	108½	108½	108½
4,025	Swift	114½	111½	113½
168	United Fruit	146	146	146
332	United Shoe	64⅝	64	64⅝
10	United Shoe pf.	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
2,882	U. S. Steel	76⅜	74⅜	76
3	U. S. Steel pf	127⅜	126⅞	127⅜
	MINING.			
2,142	Amalgamated	85¼	83⅞	85
65	Allouez	47	46½	47
1,362	Am. Zinc	32⅞	32	32⅞
15	Arizona Commercial	44	43¼	43⅝
25	Atlantic	10	10	10
350	Batopilas	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
280	Boston Con	16	15⅞	16
360	Boston & Corbin	20	19⅝	19⅝
780	Butte Coalition	25½	25	25½
25	Calumet & Arizona	106	105½	106
21	Calumet & Hecla	680	677	680
25	Centennial	34½	34	34½
570	Copper Range	84	82½	83⅝
50	Daly-West	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
1,215	East Butte	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞
20	Elm River	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
25	Franklin	18⅝	18	18
1,425	Giroux	10	10	10
50	Granby	103	103	103
595	Greene-Cananea	10⅝	10	10
95	Hancock	11	11	11
555	Helvetia	7⅝	7	7⅝
391	Isle Royale	29	28½	28½
560	Kerr Lake	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
100	Keweenaw	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
3,030	Lake	31	30	30⅝
509	La Salle	15½	15	15
100	Mass	9	8¼	8½
300	Mayflower	70c	65c	70c
616	Miami	17¼	16⅜	16⅞
90	Michigan	10½	10⅜	10½
65	Mohawk	64	64	64
180	Nevada	24⅜	24	24
500	Newhouse	3	3	3
420	Nipissing	10⅝	10½	10½
2,040	North Butte	57½	55⅞	56⅞
8,668	North Lake	11⅜	10⅝	11
15	Ojibway	12½	12½	12½
60	Old Colony	75c	60c	75c
60	Old Dominion	56⅜	56⅛	56⅛
65	Osceola	143¼	141	143¼
278	Parrot	33⅝	32⅞	32⅞
30	Quincy	91	90	91
93	Shannon	16⅝	16	16⅝
10	St. Mary's Land	46	46	46
315	Superior	58⅝	58	58
380	Superior & Boston	16	16	16
440	Superior & Pittsburg	17⅝	17	17⅜
34	Trinity	13⅞	13¼	13¾
1,905	U. S. Oil	36	35	35⅞
2,980	U. S. Smelting	55	54¼	54⅞
590	U. S. Smelting pf.	52	51⅞	52
273	Utah Con	45	43	45
50	Utah Copper	52	52	52
42	†Winona	6¼	5	6¼

*Ex dividend. †Assessment paid.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—Cambria Steel continued the feature on the local market this morning, its price advancing a point over last night's closing. It is persistently rumored that there is to be a stock issue at 50, and the advance in price is laid to the doors of those who want this stock to be sold above that mark in order that the price offered to stockholders may be considered inviting by them. A more friendly disposition was evident toward Rapid Transit, and its price advanced ⅝ of a point shortly after the noon hour.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Amal. Copper	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
210	Am. Cement	41½	41½	41½
5	Am. Railways	46	46	46
66	Bell Telephone	124½	124¼	124½
8,750	Cambria Steel	45⅜	44⅝	44⅝
1,645	Con. Trac. of N. J.	77¼	77	77¼
512	Electric Storage	61	60½	61
100	Erie	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞
65	Fairmount Park	10½	10	10
20	Frankford & Pass	387	387	387
100	General Asphalt	23¼	23⅛	23¼
150	Gen. Asphalt pf.	68¼	67⅞	67⅞
375	Lake Superior Corp.	26	25⅝	25⅝
1,215	Lehigh Valley	84	83⅝	84
10	Lehigh Navigation	112	112	112
5	Minehill	62	62	62
40	Northern Central	106	106	106
1,257	Pennsylvania R. R.	71⅛	70 9-16	71
3	Penna. Salt Mfg.	110½	110½	110½
10	Penn. Steel pf.	116½	116½	116½
125	Phila. Co.	44	43⅞	44
806	Phila. Co. pf.	44½	44	44½
515	Phila. Electric	12⅝	12½	12½
1,640	Phila. Rap. Transit	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝
67	Phila. Traction	91	90⅝	91
6,717	Reading	82 3-16	81⅝	82
4	Reading 2d pf.	50½	50½	50½
150	Southern Ry.	32½	32½	32½
1,545	Tonopah Mining	7 1-16	7	7
680	Union Traction	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
337	United Gas Imp.	90⅞	90½	90⅞
10,415	U. S. Steel	76¼	74⅝	76⅛
13	Warwick I. & S.	9	9	9
10	Wabash	22¼	22¼	22¼

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4½% Bonds

JULY, 1929.

PRICE ON APPLICATION.

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Guaranty Trust Co.

OF NEW YORK

28 NASSAU ST., New York. 33 LOMBARD ST., London, E. C.

Capital $2,000,000
Surplus and undivided Profits 5,391,197

THE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital and Surplus $12,000,000
Oldest, Largest and most Progressive in New York

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Evidence of Strength.

Experts or so-called experts in tape reading determined yesterday morning that the indications were for a strong market. Presumably their test was that on every decline the market became appreciably duller. If they had other tests they did not speak of them, and this particular explanation of their confidence in better prices was repeated frequently. The market gave evidence of strength at all times, but one fact in connection with the slightly irregular tone manifest from time to time was the prevalence among the small traders of greater timidity than they have exhibited for some time. Even the well-developed strength manifested around the noon hour did not seem to be conclusively reassuring. Brokers explained this feeling by the theory that many traders were looking for a reaction to follow the final passage of the Tariff bill. The decline on the previous day was not in their estimation sufficient. Professional traders had apparently relegated the Tariff bill to the background, simply making the exception that it would probably become a moot question again when Congress reconvened on the first Monday in December. Their logic in this regard was that the first Monday in December is a long way off, speculatively speaking.

⁂

Curious Concentrated Interest.

Some of the wire houses are receiving so many queries concerning certain industrials that they would not be surprised if something like a small-sized boom in these particular issues should develop. There are those who seem to feel that this inquiry for information on these particular stocks comes a little too fast and appears to be too much concentrated. In other words, it is curious that a certain stock which has attracted no particular attention, or perhaps two or three in that same group, should be singled out in the space of a week and made the subject of speculative questioning from out-of-town localities. It may be that it is only a manifestation of an expectation that these stocks will do better, but there are skeptics who seem to think that curiosity had been stimulated to some extent and that it is this rather than an actual belief in possibilities that suggests the inquiries.

⁂

Tabulation of Bonds.

One of the Western bond houses has issued to its customers a list of New York listed bonds with the approximate market and yield. The list is a comprehensive one and shows good bonds that yield from say 3.30 per cent. to as high as 6¾ per cent. Naturally the quality of the particular bond yielding 6¾ per cent. is a matter of opinion. It happens to be a collateral trust 5 per cent. issue, and a collateral trust 4 per cent. issue of the same road sells at a price netting about 4.90 per cent. return. The difference, of course, is the result of the different collateral behind the bonds. There are any number of high grade bonds on the list yielding above 4 per cent. and many good bonds in the class between a yield of 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. There is an interesting comparison also between the present market and the high figure of the year which shows that there is a substantial reduction in many bonds and in some cases losses ranging from 2½ to 5½ points between high and present figures. There is a substantial decline, taking the average of the high prices and the average of present prices. Still the fact remains that the conservative investor can get good bonds, yielding above 4 per cent. in the present market. The point may be made whether he can eventually get them lower.

⁂

Where the Public Stands.

Difference of opinion is essential to the maintenance of the speculative markets, and there is no reason whatever to worry at the present time about the market getting into the doldrums because of growing uniformity of views with regard to stocks. There is an obvious difference of opinion as to the position of the public at the present time. There are some good traders who hold to the belief that the public at the present time and for the past few weeks has become very much interested in the market and that a lot of stocks have been absorbed for that account. The logical supplement to that theory is that should the public continue to buy stocks they will not be withheld and that a distribution is being made which may have an aftermath in a sharp reaction. That is one point of view and the other is just the reverse, that the public is not interested or that it has liquidated its holdings of speculative stocks.

⁂

Calls on Steel Common.

Brokers report inquiries for calls on Steel common, information which they are not at all keen in supplying. These inquiries come from traders who are not strong enough in their bullish faith to purchase the stock on margin. Many of the calls that have been issued and sold recently have not netted very much in the way of profit, and extensions are granted on the usual rates which may, perhaps, bring about the desired profit. There was a time when brokerage offices had many customers who dealt only in puts and calls, using the privilege when it showed a profit or when it limited the margin required to be put up to trade against. The palmy days of the put and call men have passed, however, although there seems to be no change in the number of privilege brokers, or for that matter in their identity.

THE COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee was sluggish yesterday, but ruled steadier, and closed net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales were reported of 8,250 bags.

The market opened steady net unchanged to 5 points higher, and showed little further movement. Havre was unchanged to ¼ lower, Rio 75 reis lower, and Santos 100 reis higher. Very cold weather was reported in all districts of Sao Paulo. Spot coffee was quiet, 7⅝@7½ for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
August	6.00	5.95	5.90@5.95	5.90
September	5.70	5.70	5.65@5.70	5.65
October	5.40	5.40	5.35@5.40	5.35
November	..	..	5.30@5.40	5.25
December	5.35	5.35	5.30@5.40	5.25
January	..	..	5.30@5.40	5.30
February	..	..	5.30@5.40	5.30
March	5.40	5.40	5.35@5.40	5.30
April	..	..	5.35@5.40	5.30
May	5.45	5.45	5.40@5.45	5.35
June	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
July	..	..	5.40@5.50	5.40

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on general trade conditions throughout the country, Dun's Review says:

Every important development of the week confirms the revival of trade, which set in even with the tariff under discussion, and which has no vital obstacle to oppose it now that the Tariff bill has passed both houses of Congress and has become a law. Business can now adjust itself to the new schedules and go ahead without any uncertainty as to the future so far as customs duties and their effect upon prices are concerned. As it is, the volume of trade is large and is steadily expanding.

Grain crop news could scarcely be better, the outlook for Spring wheat and corn being most encouraging. While the August statement for cotton indicated a low condition, yet in value the crop may bear comparison with former larger yields, although, notwithstanding the Government report, prices have declined. The dry goods trade continues to broaden and basic conditions are excellent, and it would seem, it is bound to improve now that tariff uncertainties are at an end. Foreign commerce at New York for the latest week amounted to $25,394,800, which is $5,567,883 larger than in 1908, but $1,073,028 less than in 1907. Exports were heavier than in the former two years, but imports, while $4,528,220 larger than in 1908, are $5,870,300 less than in 1907.

UNION PACIFIC BUYS MORE N. Y. CENTRAL

Additional Block of Stock Bought with Proceeds of Sale of Other Securities.

ERIE PURCHASES RUMORED

Increased Harriman Interest in Central May Give Him More Power in the Board Later On.

The Union Pacific has materially increased its holdings of New York Central stock, it was learned yesterday. When E. H. Harriman, in the Summer and Fall of 1906, purchased large blocks of stocks in other roads for the Union Pacific, he acquired among other blocks of stock, $14,285,700 of New York Central. Through purchases made recently, largely probably within the last thirty days, these Union Pacific holdings of New York Central have been materially increased. The extent of this further purchase of New York Central by the Union Pacific could not be learned, but the information had yesterday leaves little doubt that the newly purchased stock represents an important addition to the Union Pacific's former holdings.

Whether the stock has been acquired directly by the Union Pacific or in its interests by one of the system's subsidiaries, was not revealed. The 1906 purchases of outside stocks were made partly in the name of the Union Pacific and partly by the Oregon Short Line, which, to all intents and purposes, is the Union Pacific itself. It was the Oregon Short Line which paid for the New York Central stock acquired by the Harriman system in 1906.

The funds for these recent additional purchases of New York Central stock were supplied through the sale by the Union Pacific of part of its holdings of securities. By such sales the Union Pacific raised cash to the extent of about $45,000,000, including the proceeds of its holdings of Southern Pacific bonds and of Atchison preferred, the latter amounting to $10,000,000 and the former to $37,500,000. The sale of these securities gave the Union Pacific a very large amount of free cash, and at least part of this money was invested in New York Central, thus strengthening the Harriman influence in that system.

E. H. Harriman was elected a Director of the New York Central last Winter, a place on the board being given him because of the large interest which he represented. The voice which he thus gained in the affairs of the road and of its numerous subsidiary lines is now likely to be strengthened, even without any further addition of Harriman representatives to the Board of Directors, although the selection later on of more Harriman associates as Directors of the New York Central is one of the things naturally suggested by this increase in the Harriman holdings of the stock.

Purchases of Erie stock by the Union Pacific were also reported yesterday, but no confirmation of this suggestion was forthcoming in quarters well informed regarding the Union Pacific's operations. E. H. Harriman, as is well known, has a large interest in Erie, but there is nothing to indicate that this interest has been changed from a personal one on the part of Mr. Harriman to a direct Union Pacific interest in the Erie.

Through its ownership of Baltimore & Ohio, and through its holdings of New York Central, recently largely increased, the Union Pacific has a most important voice in two lines to the Atlantic seaboard and in the great network of lines operated by these two systems.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Allis-Chalmers	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
40	Allis-Chalm. pf.	57	57	57	57
4,720	Amal. Cop.	84¼	85½	84	85¼
280	Am. Beet Sug.	48¼	48¼	47¾	47¾
20	Am. Can	12½	12½	12½	12½
290	Am. C. & F.	68⅝	69⅝	68⅝	69⅝
30	Am. Cot. Oil	77½	77½	77	77
10	Am. Hide & L.	9½	9½	9½	9½
50	A. H. & L. pf.	48½	48½	48½	48½
70	Am. Ice	36½	37½	36½	37½
290	Am. Loco	67¾	68¼	67¾	68⅛
7,780	Am. Smelting	99⅞	101	99	100⅞
170	Am. Sugar	130	131⅝	130	131⅝
50	Anaconda Cop.	48¾	49½	48¾	49½
1,180	A., T. & S. F.	118¾	119⅞	118⅝	119⅝
190	Balt. & Ohio	119⅝	119⅞	119½	119⅞
430	Brooklyn R. T.	80⅜	80⅝	80	80⅝
20	Can. Pac.	187	187	187	187
680	Cent. Leather	36¼	37¼	36¼	37¼
1,190	Ches. & Ohio	79	80¼	79	80¼
60	Chi. Gt. West.	3¾	4¼	3¾	4¼
2,040	C., M. & St. P.	158¼	161⅝	158¼	161¼
750	Col. Fuel & I.	46⅝	47¼	46⅝	47⅛
10	C. & H. Coal	73	73	73	73
110	Con. Gas	144	145½	144	145½
200	Corn Products	24⅝	25¼	24⅝	25¼
170	Den. & R. G.	51	51⅜	51	51⅜
310	Dist. Sec.	39⅞	40⅛	39⅞	40⅛
1,040	Erie	37⅝	38⅜	37⅝	38⅜
60	Erie 1st pf.	56	56½	56	56½
120	Gt. North. pf.	153⅝	154⅝	153⅝	154⅝
170	Gt. N. ore ctfs.	81⅛	81⅜	81⅛	81⅜
20	Ill. Central	156⅜	156⅜	156¼	156¼
30	Inter.-Met.	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜
260	Int.-Met. pf.	48⅝	49⅝	48⅝	49⅝
50	Int. Paper	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
150	Kan. City So.	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜
20	Louis. & Nash.	145¾	146¼	145¾	146¼
270	Mo., K. & T.	43⅛	43⅜	43⅛	43⅜
570	Mo. Pac.	76⅝	77	76⅝	77
2,460	Nat. Lead	90	91½	89⅞	91½
1,100	N. Y. Central	140	141⅜	140	141⅜
70	N. Y., O. & W.	51⅜	51⅜	51⅜	51⅜
110	Norf. & West.	96⅝	96⅝	96	96⅝
760	Northern Pac.	155	156⅛	155	156⅛
1,360	Pennsylvania	141½	142⅜	141¼	142⅜
120	People's Gas	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝
40	Press. Steel Car	53⅛	54⅛	53⅛	54⅛
14,120	Reading	163	164¼	163	164
700	Republic Steel	38⅜	39⅛	37⅞	39⅛
20	Rep. Steel pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108	108
1,700	Rock Island	38⅞	39⅜	38⅞	39⅜
70	Rock Island pf.	76⅝	77⅛	76⅝	77
120	St. L. Southw'n	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
2,900	Southern Pac.	134⅝	135⅞	134⅝	136
170	Southern Ry.	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
20	South. Ry. pf.	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
260	Tenn. Cop.	39	40⅛	39	40⅜
690	Texas Pac.	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝
120	Third Av.	19	19⅛	19	19⅛
10,110	Union Pac.	200⅜	203⅛	200⅜	203⅛
60	U. S. Rub.	45⅝	46⅛	45⅝	46⅛
18,540	U. S. Steel	74⅝	76⅛	74⅝	76⅛
220	U. S. Steel pf.	126⅞	127⅛	126⅞	127⅛
50	Utah Cop.	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛
260	Va.-Car. Chem.	51	51⅛	50⅞	51⅛
190	Wabash	22⅛	22⅛	21⅝	22⅛
820	Wabash pf.	58⅝	59	58⅛	58⅝
100	West. Maryland	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
120	West. E. & Mfg.	86	88	86	88
81,290					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Atlanta	.15	.15	.15	.15
400	Best & Belch.	.41	.41	.41	.41
300	Belcher	.70	.70	.70	.70
1,200	Comb. Frac.	.60	.60	.59	.59
600	Chollar	.20	.21	.20	.21
400	Crown Point	.60	.61	.60	.61
200	Elkton	.71	.71	.71	.71
500	Gt. Bend	.08	.08	.08	.08
120	Goldfield Con.	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
400	Goldf'd Daisy	.22½	.22½	.22½	.22½
300	Hale & Nor.	.35	.35	.35	.35
200	Mexican	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
500	McNamara	.28	.28	.28	.28
20	Ontario	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
30	Quicksilver	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
400	Tonopah Ext.	.49	.49	.48	.48
1,000	Work	.06½	.06½	.06½	.06½
7,570					

WHEAT.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
325,000	Sept. option	.99⅝	$1.00	.99⅝	.99⅞

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Union and Southern Pacific dividend meetings, which were expected to be held early next week, may have to be postponed, it was said yesterday, until a little later in the month, owing to the difficulty of getting a quorum of the two boards.

The St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad's $7,124,000 of notes which were recently called in ahead of maturity, were being paid off yesterday.

The St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company began paying off yesterday $7,114,000 five-year 4½ per cent. gold notes which became due on Dec. 1 last, but which were extended for one year. The company has thus anticipated the redemption of the notes by about three months.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Trading in London Featureless—Paris Dull—German Prices Weaker.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Money was quiet and plentiful on the market to-day, and discounts were steady.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was featureless, and business had a sluggish tendency and was irregular. Gilt-edged securities benefited by cheap money, but home rails and Kaffirs suffered from realizations and lack of support. Foreigners drooped on Continental advices.

American securities opened about parity. Prices then drooped on lack of support, but steadied later with the appearance of buying orders for the specialties. At noon the market was irregular and from ¼ below to ¾ above yesterday's New York opening.

The Harriman issues and Canadian Pacific received the most attention, and with New York buying Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul in the afternoon, prices hardened and the market closed firm.

Bar silver quiet at 23½d per ounce.

Money, ½@⅝ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 1¼@1⅜ per cent.; for three months' bills, 1 7-16@1½ per cent.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was lifeless. Copper shares were lower on New York advices.

At closing, 3 per cent. rentes were 98f 2½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 19c for checks.

BERLIN, Aug. 6.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were weaker on the Turkish and Grecian difficulties.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Decline Succeeds Early Gain—Closes Unchanged to 11 Points Up.

Cotton showed continued nervousness yesterday, and after a sharp early advance on firm cables and reports of continued damaging crop conditions in the Southwest, eased off, closing steady at an advance of 5 points on September, 11 points on August, but generally unchanged to only 2 points higher.

The market opened steady at an advance of 4@9 points. Liverpool was 12½ points higher at the New York opening, when due to come 6½ to 9 points higher. The English spot market was 5 points higher on sales of 9,000 bales. A continuation of very hot, dry weather, reported in the Southwest, also helped the advance, while accounts from the Eastern belt were somewhat more encouraging.

Weekly total crop movement figures of the New York Cotton Exchange follow: Port receipts, 9,890,973 bales, (10,154 added receipts season, Pacific ports, &c.,) against 8,393,770 last year; overland to mills and Canada, 1,280,039, against 841,947 last year; Southern mill takings, 2,315,000, against 2,006,000 last year; stock at interior towns in excess of September last, nil, against 36,794 last year; brought into sight thus far for season, 13,495,012, against 11,278,511 last year; brought into sight during the month of July, 203,300, against 184,288 last year.

Total crop movement is for 340 days this season, against 342 days last season.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
August	12.32	12.20	12.27@12.28	12.16
September	12.26	12.22	12.20@12.21	12.15
October	12.27	12.11	12.17@12.18	12.15
November	..	..	12.17@12.19	12.15
December	12.32	12.17	12.22@12.23	12.20
January	12.31	12.15	12.20@12.21	12.18
February	..	..	12.20@12.22	12.19
March	12.31	12.18	12.22@12.24	12.22
April	..	..	12.22@12.24	12.21
May	12.31	12.20	12.24@12.26	12.23

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, with prices 10 points higher, at 12.70 for middling upland and 12.95 for middling Gulf. Sales, 2,139 bales; delivered on contract, 5,300 bales.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: New Orleans steady, 1-16c higher, at 12⅜c; sales, 450 bales. Charleston quiet and nominal. Wilmington nominal. Norfolk steady, unchanged, at 12⅜c; sales, 2 bales. Augusta steady, unchanged, at 12 11-16@12⅞c; sales, 141 bales. Memphis quiet, ⅛c higher, at 12¼c; sales, 25 bales. St. Louis quiet, unchanged, at 12⅜c; sales, 32 bales.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT.—Surprisingly weak English cables sent prices off yesterday to new low levels for the present movement. For the first time September in Chicago sold under a dollar. The weakness continued up to the last hour, when sharp rallies occurred, and the market closed quite firm. Liverpool broke ½ to 1⅞d on light rains in Southern Argentine, lower American offers, weakness in cash, and a decline in cargoes, which were offered 3d lower. Declines of 1⅝c at Berlin and of ⅜c at Budapest were also noted. Interior receipts were slightly larger than last year, and seaboard wheat and flour clearances amounted to 334,000 bushels. Actual export business amounted to eighteen loads, but it was rumored that 100 loads had been worked late Thursday in the Northwest. Freight room for 100 loads was taken for Hamburg, Bremen, and Mediterranean ports for December, January, February, and March shipment. Cash wheat in New York closed: No. 2 red new, $1.11, in elevator, domestic, and $1.13¼, free on board, afloat, prompt; old No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.38⅝, and new No. 2 hard Winter, $1.11⅝, free on board, afloat, both nominal.

CORN.—At first sharing the wheat heaviness yesterday, the market later developed marked strength, closing very firm. Liverpool was ⅛ to ¼d net lower, Argentine shipments were about the same as the previous week, and interior receipts amounted to 100,000 bushels more than for the corresponding day last year. Exporters took two loads. No. 2 yellow corn was quoted 79½c, nominal, and 80c asked, delivered; No. 2 corn new, 60½c, free on board, afloat, Winter shipment.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
Wheat—				
September	$1.08 13-16	$1.08 1-16	$1.08⅝	$1.09⅛
December	1.06	1.05⅜	1.06	1.06⅜
May	1.07⅝	1.07⅛	1.07⅝	1.08⅛
Corn—				
September	..	..	71⅝	71⅞
December	..	..	63⅝	64

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
Wheat—				
September	1.00⅛	99⅛	99⅞	1.00⅛
December	98⅛	97⅛	98	98⅜
May	1.01⅝	1.01	1.01½	1.01⅞
Corn—				
September	63⅝	62⅝	63⅝	63
December	52⅛	51⅛	52	52
May	53⅛	52⅛	53⅛	52⅝
Oats—				
September	36⅛	36	36⅝	36⅛
December	36⅞	36⅛	36⅝	36⅝
May	38⅝	38⅛	38⅝	38⅛
Lard—				
September	11.37	11.27	11.32	11.30
October	11.32	11.20	11.27	11.27
Ribs—				
September	11.12	11.05	11.07	11.02
October	10.77	10.70	10.72	10.70
Pork—				
September	20.55	20.40	20.55	20.50
January	16.50	16.37	16.47	16.37

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 6.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.03	Julia	.05
Alpha Con.	.06	Justice	.03
Andes	.11	Kentucky Con.	.05
Belcher	.61	Mexican	.90
Best & Belcher	.38	Occidental Con.	.17
Bullion	.16	Ophir	1.17
Caledonia	.26	Overman	.25
Challenge Con.	.20	Potosi	.39
Chollar	.19	Savage	.37
Confidence	.85	Sag Belcher	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.53	Sierra Nevada	.36
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.45
Crown Point	.55	Utah Con.	.04
Gould & Curry	.17	Yellow Jacket	.78
Hale & Norcross	.33		

Silver bars, 50⅝; Mexican dollars, 49@51; drafts, sight, 4@5 cents premium; telegraph, 6@7½ cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.22
Belmont	.85	Diamondf'ld	.02
Jim Butler	.08	Goldfield C. M.	6.52
McNamara	.29	Great Bend	.07
Midway	.22	Jumbo Extension	.18
Montana	.76	Kendall	.06
West End	.28	Lone Star	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.06
Adams	.01	St. Ives	.06
Atlanta	.14	Silver Pick	.11
Blue Bell	.02	BULLFROG.	
Combination Fract.	.60	Bullfrog N. B.	.01
Crackerjack	.01	Tramps Cons.	.03

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 6.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Doctor	9¾	12	Jackpot	8	11
Elkton	73½	74	McKinney	45	50
El Paso	65⅝	68	Portland	77⅝	82
Gold Dollar	13	15	Vindicator	65½	70
Isabella	24½	25	Sample	6½	8

New Subway Station at Intervale Av.

A new station on the Lenox Avenue branch of the Subway in the Bronx, at Intervale Avenue, will be constructed by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. The station was built by the company's own funds and lies between two existing stations, sixteen city (Bronx) blocks apart. The new station will be open in about nine months.

DIVIDENDS OR NO MERGER.

Kanawha & Michigan Minority Serves Notice on Hocking Valley.

The minority stockholders' committee of the Kanawha & Michigan, it was learned yesterday, has made known to the Hocking Valley management that if they are to continue bound by the agreement in respect to the merger of their road with the Hocking Valley, they will expect to be paid their proportion of back dividends and to be assured of 3½ per cent. dividends on their stock until such time as the litigation which has held up the merger is finally settled. By the terms of the merger agreement entered into in 1906, the Kanawha & Michigan minority stockholders were to get 60 per cent. in Hocking Valley stock, which would have given them the equivalent of 60 per cent. of the Hocking Valley's dividend. Since the agreement was entered into 13 per cent. has been declared on Hocking Valley common, and the Kanawha & Michigan minority now ask 60 per cent. of this amount, and for the future annual dividends at the rate of 3½ per cent.

Unless the Hocking Valley reaches an understanding with the Kanawha & Michigan minority in respect to these dividends they will consider themselves, their committee, says, free to take independent action.

ABSORBS ALL SUBSIDIARIES.

Missouri Pacific's New Capitalization to be $240,000,000.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 6.—All subsidiary lines of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company lost their identity to-day when the stockholders at a special meeting voted to consolidate them in the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, which it is intended to capitalize at $240,000,000 in stock.

The stockholders authorized the new capitalization and a mortgage aggregating $150,000,000. Of this about $90,000,000 will be used in funding outstanding indebtedness.

A. H. Caleff, Secretary and Treasurer, of New York, was the only out-of-town man present. Other officers were represented by proxies. The corporations which lost their identity to-day are located in Missouri and Kansas.

Service Board Increases Salaries.

To check a wholesale desertion of its engineers to city departments or private corporations, where much higher salaries are paid, the Public Service Commission has voted salary increases to about twenty of its engineering force, ranging from $150 to $30 annually, and involving increased salary expenditures of about $7,000. Commissioner Maltbie said the commission had lost twenty-five engineers to the Catskill Water Board and many to private corporations since the return of business prosperity.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
CANADIAN NORTHERN—			
4th week July	$261,200	$227,800	$33,400
July 1-July 31	843,500	728,500	115,000
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
4th week July	838,811	716,200	122,611
Month of July	2,316,394	2,095,132	221,262
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
4th week July	34,609	34,844	*236
Month of July	102,125	103,347	*1,222
DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC—			
4th week July	96,298	75,678	20,620
Month of July	297,564	230,932	66,632
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY—			
Month of July	5,144,975	4,450,493	694,482
INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY OF MEXICO—			
4th week July	147,610	166,271	*18,661
Month of July	552,736	544,542	8,294
MEXICAN INTERNATIONAL—			
4th week July	180,605	169,668	10,937
Month of July	552,354	556,591	*4,237
MINERAL RANGE—			
4th week July	25,694	23,912	1,782
Month of July	73,257	71,199	2,058
MOBILE & OHIO—			
4th week July	270,904	239,143	31,761
Month of July	764,149	727,166	36,983
NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO—			
4th week July	1,337,482	1,126,783	210,699
Month of July	3,870,267	3,641,019	229,248
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
4th week July	265,924	253,541	12,383
Month of July	803,867	777,106	26,761
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
4th week July	1,372,191	1,292,500	79,691
Month of July	4,223,404	4,086,061	137,342
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
4th week July	31,868	33,162	*1,294
Month of July	83,166	91,365	*8,199

*Decrease.

ALBANY & HUDSON for the year ended June 30—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross earnings	365,514	345,267	351,992
Oper. expenses	272,301	232,591	239,769
Net earnings	93,213	112,676	112,222
Int. and taxes	114,139	114,203	108,597
Deficit for year	20,926	1,527	*3,625

*Surplus.

FONDA, JOHNSTOWN & GLOVERSVILLE for June—			
Gross	69,715	63,622	68,073
Expenses	30,683	28,490	34,650
Net	39,032	35,132	33,423
12 mos. gross	773,849	777,475	774,536
Expenses	355,588	379,041	382,185
12 months net	418,261	398,434	392,351
MARYLAND & PENNSYLVANIA for June—			
Gross	29,805	29,722	29,731
Expenses	22,260	22,189	21,373
Net	7,545	7,533	8,358
Charges	3,958	3,970	3,983
Surplus	3,587	3,554	4,375
12 mos. gross	378,022	383,348	360,550
Expenses	266,865	266,836	238,741
12 mos. net	111,157	116,512	121,809
Charges	47,669	47,669	47,809
12 mos. surplus	63,487	68,843	74,000
MOBILE & OHIO for June—			
Gross	785,731	722,837	931,151
Expenses & tax	506,040	556,581	745,890
Net	279,691	166,226	185,261
12 mos. gross	9,727,726	9,663,791	10,747,844
Expenses & tax	6,861,750	7,122,469	7,656,351
12 mos. net	2,865,976	2,541,322	3,182,493

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN CITIES RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY for six months ended June 30—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Gross	2,775,747	2,620,523	146,224
Expenses & tax	1,608,763	1,584,747	24,016
Net	1,165,984	1,044,776	122,208
Interest & sinking fund	637,073	621,067	16,006
6 mos. surplus	529,911	423,709	106,202

VICTOR FUEL COMPANY OF COLORADO for June—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Net earnings	37,977	45,398	54,907
Management	8,010	8,906	......
Balance	29,967	36,492	54,907
Other income	5,107	4,778	8,470
Total income	35,074	41,270	63,377
Fixed charges	11,820	12,032	12,667
Balance	23,245	29,238	50,710
Depreciation	5,826	5,400	6,965
Surplus	17,419	23,838	43,745
July 1 to June 30:			
Net earnings	504,437	675,135	593,210
Management	105,846	107,045	......
Balance	398,591	568,000	593,210
Other income	65,430	75,881	97,294
Total income	464,021	643,971	690,504
Fixed charges	141,970	149,115	146,446
Balance	322,051	494,856	544,058
Depreciation	66,888	77,073	82,568
Surplus	255,173	417,783	461,490

Statement of coal and coke produced for the month of June and twelve months:

Tons.			
Coal mined	125,191	110,718	154,702
Coke produced	9,058	8,766	6,009
July 1 to June 30:			
Coal mined	1,394,033	1,649,722	1,773,312
Coke produced	93,382	76,502	99,827

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday for the cotton and grain States as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Showers Saturday and probably Sunday.

Eastern Texas—Partly cloudy; local showers in northern portion Saturday; cooler in northwest portion. Sunday partly cloudy; light to moderate, variable winds.

Western Texas—Partly cloudy; probably showers and cooler in norther portion Saturday. Sunday fair.

Oklahoma, Kansas, and Nebraska—Local showers and cooler Saturday. Sunday partly cloudy.

Arkansas—Local showers Saturday and probably Sunday.

Indiana and Illinois—Generally fair, except showers in extreme southern portions Saturday night or Sunday; light to moderate, variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Partly cloudy; showers and cooler by Saturday night or Sunday; moderate, variable winds.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy; showers by Saturday night or Sunday. Cooler Sunday; light to moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Showers Saturday; cooler in southern portion. Sunday partly cloudy; moderate, variable winds.

Iowa—Showers Saturday; cooler in western portion. Sunday showers.

Missouri—Partly cloudy; showers in western portion Saturday. Sunday partly cloudy.

North Dakota—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday.

South Dakota—Showers Saturday; cooler in eastern portion. Sunday unsettled.

DOG SAVES LIVES OF FAMILY.

Arouses Four Affected by Gas with Which Burges Killed Self.

Mrs. Alfred Burges, wife of a steam fitter of 724 Fairmount Place, the Bronx, was awakened at 4 o'clock yesterday morning by her St. Bernard dog, Prince, who pushed open the door of Mrs. Burges's bedroom, and, barking, pulled the bed clothes down on the floor. Mrs. Burges noticed that Prince was gasping and barking feebly as he started to lead the way downstairs.

Mrs. Burges smelled gas, and hurriedly followed the dog. Prince led the way to the bathroom, and Mrs. Burges found her husband lying on the floor with a gas tube in his mouth. The frightened woman then hurried upstairs, and tried to awaken her son, John, and her three daughters. She found them sleeping heavily and evidently almost overcome by the gas. She raised the windows, and her cries finally aroused the children.

Dr. William N. Dunning of 1,990 Clinton Avenue was summoned by the son, but when he saw Mr. Burges he said there was nothing to be done for him. The man had been dead several hours.

"I have no reason to suggest for father's act," said John Burges last night. "Last night when we all went to bed he seemed to be in a good humor. He had no financial troubles that I know of, and had had no other trouble of consequence. He drank but little—not enough to lead him to this. There were no letters left, and I am afraid we will never know the reason why he killed himself."

CALL DOCTOR AND THRASH HIM

Dr. J. Walter Wood Badly Beaten as He Answers Telephone Summons.

Dr. J. Walter Wood of 2,180 Richmond Terrace, Port Richmond, S. I., received a telephone message shortly after noon yesterday to go to the home of Frank Cameron of 1,985 Richmond Terrace. William L. Lawson, Mrs. Cameron's brother, also lives in the same house. All the women folk of the house were in Manhattan. Cameron and Lawson are machinists.

Dr. Wood entered the Cameron home, walked up two flights of stairs, and then came tumbling down the stairs and out on the sidewalk, with Cameron and Lawson after him. He was bleeding at the mouth and nose and was otherwise disabled, it appeared to those who saw him come out on the sidewalk. George Miller, a contractor, of West Brighton, who drove by in a wagon at that time, said he saw Lawson and Cameron beating and kicking the fallen physician.

Cameron and Lawson were arrested and arraigned before Magistrate Marsh at Stapleton, S. I., who held them in $1,000 bail until Aug. 13. Bail was furnished. Neither of the prisoners would say why they had attached Dr. Wood.

NO JOKER IN LAND TRANSFER.

Commissioner Loughman Declares the Long Island R. R. Agreement Regular.

Acting Water Commissioner Loughman issued a statement yesterday on the Long Island Railroad land transfer squabble, in which he denied that there was any "joker" in the proposed lease now before the Sinking Fund Commission and declared that it was drawn with the full knowledge of the Corporation Counsel's office.

The fact duly recorded in the official minutes, he says, is that the new deal was referred to Mr. Lewis, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment's chief engineer, to whom as one of a sub-committee, as has been stated, the condemnation matter was referred in June, 1908.

He was familiar with the matter from the beginning, and after consulting with the department's chief engineer and learning the reason for the so-called "new matter," he reported favorably upon it at the meeting of June 25, 1909, at which the deed in its present form was formally—and unanimously—approved. Nothing was concealed.

LAUGHED HIMSELF INTO JAIL.

Zey, Out $40, Said Suspect Was Always Merry and Police Got Motley.

If John F. Motley, 20 years old, of 265 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, had not laughed yesterday morning when Detectives O'Connor and Doyle of the Brooklyn Detective Bureau spoke to him in the street near his home, he probably would not have been arrested and taken to Rye, N. Y., on the charge of stealing $40 from Alfred Zey, a horse owner of that town. The detectives have been on the lookout for Motley since July 19, when they received information from the police of Rye of the robbery of Mr. Zey by a man who took $40 from his dresser. Besides other details of the thief, the alarm stated that the culprit was a man who usually laughed when he talked.

Motley talked to the detectives for several minutes, all the time punctuating his sentences with a chuckle or a broad grin. Apparently, taken off his guard, he admitted that he lived in Rye not long ago, and the detectives arrested him immediately.

Late in the afternoon Mr. Zey came down from Rye and identified Motley as the man who worked for him as a steeplechase jockey for a week and disappeared the day the $40 was stolen from his dresser.

TO CLOSE KENWOOD HOUSE.

Alleged Resort Is City Property and License May Be Revoked.

In continuation of his efforts to prove the Kenwood House, Bayard Street and the Bowery, a resort, Capt. Day of the Eldridge Street Police Station had six prisoners in the Essex Market Court yesterday. The Kenwood House now belongs to the city, and if Capt. Day can prove his case Controller Metz will have the license revoked.

Frank Provanti and John Porge, who were charged with being the proprietors of the place and with having violated the excise law, were held for trial. Four young men who were charged with acting as lookouts for the place, signaling the approach of the police, were fined $10 each.

Policeman Glennon told Magistrate Cornell that Alexander Lang, a lawyer of 60 Essex Street, counsel for all six defendants, had admitted to him that Porge was the proprietor of the place. This Lang denied.

Sue in Federal Courts, Lacombe Rules.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, decided yesterday that the receiver of the Twenty-third Street Crosstown Railway, who wants to bring suit against the Morton Trust Company in the State Courts to recover $200,000 of its extended bonds and $150,000 of its debenture bonds, must sue in the United States Circuit Court. In a memorandum conveying his decision, Judge Lacombe stated that no good reason had appeared in the argument why the suit should be brought elsewhere than in the Federal Courts.

Corporation Fined $500.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday, entered an order imposing a fine of $500 on William Barnard, Inc., for an alleged violation of an injunction obtained by Leo Frank and Israel de Keyser, restraining William Barnard from infringing upon a patent on bronze match boxes. Barnard individually was fined $1,250 and costs, amounting to about $2,500, not long ago, and yesterday's decree was against the corporation.

DIVIDENDS.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT AND COKE COMPANY (of Chicago.)

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable on August 25th, 1909, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on July 31st, 1909.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,

New York.

LONDON: 18 Bishopsgate St. Within.

PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Cable Transfers.

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Payable Throughout the World

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THE NEW TARIFF

A CORRECT COPY OF THE OFFICIAL TEXT OF THE PAYNE TARIFF BILL

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GET THE CORRECT COPY

AND SEND IT TO YOUR CUSTOMERS

Western Maryland Railroad Company

GENERAL LIEN AND CONVERTIBLE MORTGAGE BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Committee has formulated and adopted a plan for the reorganization of the affairs of Western Maryland Rail Road Company, and has filed copies of the same with The Equitable Trust Company of New York and the City Trust Company of Boston, at which offices copies of the plan may be obtained by holders of certificates of deposit representing General Lien and Convertible Mortgage Bonds.

New York, July 26, 1909.

ALVIN W. KRECH,
MYRON T. HERRICK,
HENRY S. REDMOND,
GEO. P. BUTLER,
WINSLOW S. PIERCE,
FREDERICK T. GATES,
HENRY E. COOPER,

Committee of General Lien and Convertible Mortgage Bondholders of Western Maryland Rail Road Company.

To Stockholders of Western Maryland Rail Road Company:

A Syndicate, of which the undersigned are Managers, has agreed to purchase, if, when and as issued, $20,635,400 (out of a proposed immediate issue in reorganization of $23,959,560) of the new common stock of the Company to be formed under the plan of reorganization of Western Maryland Rail Road Company, referred to in the foregoing notice. Said Syndicate hereby offers to sell $15,685,400 of the new stock so to be purchased, as, if, when and as received by said Syndicate, to holders of the outstanding $15,685,400 of stock of Western Maryland Rail Road Company, who shall pay for the same by surrender and transfer of their shares of old stock in said Western Maryland Rail Road Company in equal par amounts and payment of $40 per share for the new stock of a par value of $100 per share; such sale and purchase and the surrender and transfer of said old stock to be made in accordance with and subject to all of the terms of a form of agreement providing therefor, to be entered into by stockholders desiring to take advantage of this offer, copies of which agreement are lodged with The Equitable Trust Company of New York.

Stockholders of Western Maryland Rail Road Company desiring to avail of this offer must deposit the certificates representing their shares, duly endorsed in blank for transfer, with the depositary, The Equitable Trust Company of New York, at its office, No. 15 Nassau Street, New York City, on or before September 1, 1909, accompanied by payment of 25 per cent. of the purchase price of the new stock, namely $10 per share, receiving therefor a transferable deposit receipt which will entitle the registered holder thereof to complete the purchase of said new stock, if, when and as received by the Syndicate, by payment of three further instalments of $10 per share each on or before the first days, respectively, of October, November and December, 1909, or, in the event that the above-mentioned plan should be declared inoperative or abandoned, or the agreement under which such deposit may be made should be terminated as herein provided, to a return of his deposited stock and all instalments of purchase price (without interest) theretofore paid in respect thereof upon surrender of the deposit receipt, duly endorsed.

Copies of said agreement are obtainable at the office of the above-mentioned Trust Company.

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit of The Equitable Trust Company of New York and City Trust Company of Boston for General Lien and Convertible Mortgage Bonds of Western Maryland Rail Road Company:

The Syndicate mentioned in the foregoing offer hereby offers to sell to holders of the above-mentioned certificates of deposit an amount of the new common stock to be purchased by the Syndicate and mentioned in said offer, if, when and as received by the Syndicate, equivalent at par to 50 per cent. of the par amount of the General Lien and Convertible Mortgage Bonds represented by their several certificates of deposit, at the price of $40 per share (par value $100) for said new common stock.

Holders of said certificates of deposit desiring to avail of this offer must present their certificates at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, No. 15 Nassau Street, New York City, on or before September 1, 1909, accompanied by a payment of $10 per share for each share of said new common stock so to be purchased. The certificates of deposit must be stamped to show that the purchase right has been exercised in respect thereof and a transferable purchase warrant issued by the depositary which will certify to the right of the registered holder thereof, upon the terms and conditions therein stated, to complete the purchase of said new common stock, as, if and when received by the Syndicate, by payment of three further instalments of $10 per share each, on or before the first days respectively of October, November and December, 1909, or in the event that the plan of reorganization should be declared inoperative or abandoned, or this offer terminated or withdrawn by the undersigned, to the return, upon surrender of the purchase warrant duly endorsed, of all instalments of purchase price (without interest) theretofore paid in respect thereof.

BLAIR & CO., Syndicate Managers.

New York, July 26, 1909.

TO HOLDERS OF

San Francisco and North Pacific Railway Co FIRST MORTGAGE 5% BONDS

The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under the Mortgage or Deed of Trust of the San Francisco and North Pacific Railway Company, dated January 1st, 1889, hereby gives notice, pursuant to the Sinking Fund provision of the said Mortgage, that the following seventeen bonds have been designated by lot for redemption at 110 per cent. and interest to February 7th, 1910, viz.:

Nos. 597, 703, 831, 1384, 1452, 1507, 1523, 2076, 2250, 2308, 2435, 2711, 2733, 2808, 2881, 3637, 4051.

The above bonds will be paid upon presentation at the office of the Trustee, in the City of New York, on February 7th, 1910, at which date interest thereon will cease.

THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY
Trustee

By GUY RICHARDS, Secretary.

No. 120 Broadway, New York, July 15, 1909.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION.

Quarterly dividend No. 33 of 1¾% on the Preferred stock, payable Aug. 30, 1909, was declared July 27, to stockholders of record Aug. 5. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. Aug. 5 and reopen at 10 A. M. Aug. 31.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON

OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,

Wednesday, August 11th, 1909

at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

All the right, title, and interest of Everett J. Lake, as subscriber for $10,000 of bonds and $5,000 of stock, referred to in a certain underwriting agreement of the Feather River Water Power Project, dated of June 6th, 1906, and agreements thereto.

- 50 shares Joseph Gath Company.
- 10 shares Irving National Exchange Bank.
- 200 shares American Investment Securities Company.
- 30 shares American Type Founders' Company, common.
- 50 shares American Type Founders' Company, preferred.
- $10,000 American Type Founders' Company 6 per cent. debenture bonds.
- 200 shares Predilecta Mining Company, interim certificates.
- 200 shares German-American Company of N. C., preferred.
- 25 shares City Investing Company, common.
- 25 shares City Investing Company, preferred.
- 10 shares Babcock & Wilcox Co.
- $10,000 Fairmount Coal Company, 5 per cent. bonds, 1931.
- 50 shares Hall Signal Company.
- 200 shares Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis R. R.
- 20 shares Safety Car Heating and Lighting Company.
- 5 shares Title Guarantee and Trust Company.
- 300 shares Clyde Steamship Company.
- $25,000 Kings County Elec. Light and Power Company 5 per cent. bonds, 1937.
- 20 shares Merchants National Bank.
- $10,000 United Lead Company 5 per cent. debenture bonds.
- 50 shares United Bank Note Company.
- 50 shares Union Ferry Company.
- 100 shares Maryland Coal Company, preferred.
- 30 shares The Henry Company.
- $5000 Consolidated Rubber Tire Company income bonds.
- 25 shares American Thread Company, preferred.
- 10 shares Mahoning Investment Company.
- 50 shares Casein Company of America, preferred.
- 50 shares American Coal Products Company.
- 10 shares Royal Baking Company, preferred.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY REPRESENTING FIVE PER CENT. GOLD NOTES OF THE ABOVE RAILWAY COMPANY MATURING AUGUST 1ST, 1909:

Upon presentation and surrender, duly indorsed in blank, on and after the 4TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1909, at the office of THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, No. 26 Broad Street, New York City, of the above-described Certificates of Deposit issued under the Noteholders' Protective Agreement, dated the 4th day of February, 1908, holders of Certificates for Registered notes will receive the sum of $5,500.69 for each note represented by such certificates, (being the principal of such note, together with interest thereon for two years and one day at 5% per annum,) and holders of Certificates for Coupon Notes will receive the sum of $5,523.41 for each note represented by such certificates, (being the principal of such note and one day's interest thereon at 6%, together with the amount of the defaulted coupons and interest thereon at 6% to August 2d, 1909,) subject, however, to a deduction of $65.00 on each registered or coupon note of $5,000.00, to meet the expenses and obligations under said Protective Agreement.

Dated New York, August 3d, 1909.

OTTO T. BANNARD, Chairman;
SIDNEY C. BORG,
WINTHROP BURR,
Committee.

LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Counsel.

WILLIAM H. BROWN, Secretary
20 Nassau Street,
New York City.

THE JOHNSON COMPANY (OF PENNSYLVANIA.)

The bonds numbered below, secured by the Johnson Company's First Mortgage to the undersigned as Trustee, have been drawn for redemption at 105 and accrued interest on September 1st, 1909, out of the funds to be provided by the Mortgagor for the purpose:

16	439	842	1365
18	447	856	1408
27	455	865	1411
47	484	869	1421
71	486	876	1428
79	497	920	1440
87	556	1028	1462
92	562	1070	1463
93	584	1077	1471
134	637	1082	1487
135	646	1091	1590
145	650	1097	1592
168	662	1107	1695
177	698	1117	1697
249	702	1122	1707
260	714	1133	1763
274	718	1135	1786
292	735	1156	1796
300	742	1163	1797
320	780	1187	1823
331	796	1195	1841
333	797	1214	1858
339	800	1253	1866
365	808	1285	1870
394	823	1300	1877

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee,
By HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.
August 3, 1909.

Are Prices Too High?

We gather from every source, condense, classify, and put at your fingers' ends in card index form, all the statistics and news affecting each prominent security dealt in on the big stock exchanges of the country.

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IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Purchases for Large Apartment Building Projects on Riverside Drive and Upper Broadway—Other Dealings and Auction Sales.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for Florence A. Alter three lots, 75 by 100, on the east side of Riverside Drive, 150 feet south of 119th Street, and for John J. Mahoney the two lots, 50 by 100, adjoining the foregoing plot on the north. The buyer is the Michael E. Paterno Realty Company, which will erect on the entire plot two twelve-story apartment houses. The Paterno Company recently sold its new Barnard Court apartment house at 15 Claremont Avenue to Louis Ottman through Slawson & Hobbs.

Slawson & Hobbs have also sold for Christian Trinks the southeast corner of Broadway and 165th Street, a plot, 110 by 100, to a builder, who will erect a ten-story apartment house on the site.

Astor Estate Sells to Builder.

Irving Judis, President of the Irving Judis Realty and Construction Company, has bought from the Trustees of the estate of William Astor the plot on the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 109th Street, 100 by 100.11, on which he will erect an eight-story apartment house. This is one of several operations in which Mr. Judis is interested in the immediate neighborhood.

Another large sale by the Astors in this block was reported about three weeks ago, when a plot of eight lots at the northeast corner of Broadway and 108th Street was bought by Charles E. McManus. William Waldorf Astor was the seller of the latter parcel.

Purchase on West 35th Street.

Matilda A. Beiser has sold to Gustave Reimer 343 West Thirty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 15 by 98.9. Catharine York is the owner of record.

The Duross Company has leased for Frank J. Cassidy the building 326 East Forty-eighth Street, to the Continental Roofing Company for five years.

Loan for Harlem Building Project.

The City Mortgage Company has made a building loan of $55,000 to the Abingdon Construction Company on the property, 50 by 100, on the east side of Fifth Avenue, 24.11 feet south of 128th Street.

George H. McCarthy and George P. Fellows have organized the real estate brokerage firm of McCarthy & Fellows, with offices in the Transit Building, 5 and 7 East Forty-second Street.

Slavic Alliance to Sell Property.

The Slavic Alliance of New York has obtained leave from Justice Bischoff to sell its property on the south side of Seventy-second Street, 183.4 feet west of Second Avenue, 16.8 by 102.2, to Myron Sulzberger for $15,000.

New Church Planned for Bronx.

Architect N. Serracino is preparing plans for a church and rectory to be built at the corner of Commonwealth Avenue and Mansion Street, in the Westchester Village section of the Bronx. The Rev. H. De Vivo is the rector of the church.

Builders Sell Brooklyn Houses.

Donovan Brothers have sold two out of the row of six one-family dwellings recently completed by them on Fifty-fifth Street, between Ninth and Fort Hamilton Avenues, Brooklyn. This neighborhood, occupying one of the highest bits of ground in the borough, is being rapidly built up with one and two-family houses of substantial character.

Abraham Bachrach has bought 149 Bay Thirty-fifth Street, Bensonhurst, a two-story dwelling, on plot 30 by 98. Mr. Bachrach recently purchased 147, adjoining.

Long Island Lots Find Buyers.

The Dunton Lodge Realty Company has sold, at Dunton Lodge, L. I., a plot at Minnesota and Metropolis Avenues to R. C. Robertson and to James C. Setright.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

140th St, 43 to 57, n s, 325 ft e of Lenox Av, 200x98.9, four two-story dwellings, two-story building and vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, John Monks, $25,000.

Edgecombe Av, 142, s e corner of 142d St, 25x73.11x24.11x71.3, five-story flat and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, George Kitt, $24,500.

120th St, 536, s s, 400 ft e of Pleasant Av, 18.9x100.11, two-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiffs, J. S. Friedman and others, $5,268.

College Av, 476 to 480, n e corner of 146th St, 109.7x59.6x irregular; two five-story flats and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiffs, Fannie Lieberman and others, $92,600.

215th St, s s, 148 ft e of Maple Av, 27x125, Wakefield; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, E. M. Patterson, $3,757.

2d Av, n w corner of 126th St, 99.11x100, three six-story tenements; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, H. H. Jackson, $119,172.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

1st Av, 1,895, s w corner of 98th St, 25x99.6, five-story loft and store building; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Aug. 16.

By Hugh D. Smyth.

112th St, 160, s s, 245 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100.11, four-story synagogue; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Max Levin, $24,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

Fort Independence St, e s, 873.87 ft s of 238th St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20x52; Ellsworth Mills of 335 Madison Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $4,000.

Eagle Av, e s, 462.8 ft n of Westchester Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x92; Liss Realty Co. of 3,455 3d Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $50,000.

Grand Av, n w corner of 176th St, for a two-and-one-half-story brick dwelling, 37x38; Samuel Jackson of 36 Wall St, owner; William L. Rouse, architect; cost, $9,000.

Mohegan Av, e s, 165.2 ft n of 179th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 41x100; Estates Building Co., (Frank Martonia of 113 6th Av., President,) owner; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $45,000.

Simpson St, e s, 121.8 ft n of Westchester Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 40x87; Tully Construction Co. of Whitlock Av, owner; Edward J. Byrne, architect; cost, $80,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

East Broadway, 65, to a four-story brick loft building; H. Elias & Son, premises, owners; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $12,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, AUG. 6.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 27.11 ft s of 165th St, 30x100; Mary J. Heuer to August F. Viemeister of Brooklyn, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

BROADWAY, w s, 59 ft s of Tremont Road, 59x144.8x50x113.3; Denis O'L. Cohalan, referee, to Bankers' Realty and Security Co., $1,890.

CEDAR ST, 5, 21.10x—; John H. Rhoades and others, executors, to John H. Rhoades and others, trustees, $28,500.

CHRYSTIE ST, 213, 28.10x—; Augusta Briefuer to Louis Briefuer, (mtg $28,400,) $100.

CHISHOLM ST, 1,339, w s, 25x95.8; Martha Huebner to Hanna Young, (mtg $7,500,) $100.

CLAY AV, 1,264, e s, 40.3x80; A. J. Schwarzler Co. to Catrine Helbock, (mtg $23,500,) $100.

CLINTON AV, w s, 119 ft s of Columbia Av, 24x125; Martha G. Seggermann to Edward L. Norton, trustee, $1.

COLUMBUS AV, s e corner of 77th St, 102.2x50; Victor H. Anderson to Minnie H. Steinmetz, (mtg $137,500,) $1.

COLUMBUS AV, s e corner of 77th St, 102.2x50; Minnie H. Steinmetz to Sarah E. Crowell, (mtg $137,500,) $1.

ELLIS AV, s s, 355 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 50x103; Van Ness Woodworking Co. to George Costar, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

FERRIS AV, w s, 303.5 ft s of land of St. Joseph's Institute at Throgg's Neck, 512.10x irregular; J. Harold McLain to Albert L. Lowenstein, quitclaim, $1.

FILLMORE ST, e s, 225 ft n of Columbus Av, 25x100; Charles Meyer to John J. Cork, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

GRAND ST, 415, 25x100; Benjamin M. Kremer to Kremuf Realty Co., (mtg $41,000,) $100.

LOT 13, Parcel 27, map of estate of William B. Ogden; John Janick to Albine, wife of John Janick of Jersey City, N. J., $100.

LOT 4, Parcel 9, map of estate of William B. Ogden; John Janick to Albine Janick of Jersey City, N. J., $100.

MADISON AV, s w s, part of lot 137, map of William Adee, Westchester; Augusta B. Fromm to Marcus Nathan, (mtg $700,) $100.

PARK AV, 1,490, s w corner of 109th St, 80.10x irregular; Benjamin F. Vineburg and another to Hodus Berman, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

PLOT begins 100 ft w of White Plains Road, 445 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x45; Regent Realty Co. to Edward W. Bowne of Tarrytown, N. Y., $1.

RAILROAD AV, n w corner of Jefferson St, 125x358; George Costar to Van Nest Woodworking Co., (mtg $8,250,) $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 107.6 ft n of 116th St, 57.6x— to centre line of Old Bloomingdale Road; Samuel H. Spingarn to Paterno Bros., (mtg $70,000,) $1.

KOSSUTH AV, s e corner of Byron St, 99.4x—; F. Parisi to Rachel Milone, (mtg $5,450,) $100.

TEASDALE PLACE, s s, 119.10 ft e of 3d Av, old line, 25x100; Henry T. Fitzell to George W. McDermott, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

VALENTINE AV, e s, 375.3 ft n of 179th St, 28x irregular; Albert W. Vanino to Samuel Forbes, $9,100.

3D AV, w s, 69.9 ft s of 113th St, 19x100; Levi Hussey and another to Francis Hustace, $22,000.

6TH ST, 532 East, s s, 25x97; Jennie Wolf to Louis Wolf, (mtg $23,000,) $100.

12TH AV, w s, from 134th to 135th Sts, 199.10x1.4x201x23.1; Homer R. Gillies to Viola M. Scudder, $100.

13TH ST, n s, 269 ft e of 1st Av, —x irregular gore; U. S. Trust Co. to Thomas J. Bannon, all title, $250.

24TH ST, 19 and 21 West, n s, 50.6x98.9; Andrew J. Bastine to 19 West 24th St, (mtg $44,500,) $1.

51ST ST, 222 and 224 East, s s, 35.4x irregular; Emanuel Heller to Morris Schindler of Newark, N. J., ½ part, $1.

79TH ST, s s, 381.3 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x102.2; the Cherokee Club to Eva E. Muller, $13,500.

72D ST, s s, 283.4 ft e of 2d Av, 16.8x102.2; Sara N. Foss to Louis Fondiller, (mtg $5,000,) $1.

91ST ST, 110 East, s s, 27x100.8; Louis Starr to Esther Schulman, (mtg $26,000,) $100.

116TH ST, n s, 256 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11; John J. McQuaide to Johnston Umsted Realty Co., (mtg $65,000,) $100.

134TH ST, 89 West, n s, 17.6x99.11; Alfred Pionier to Alonzo G. McLaughlin of Brooklyn and another, (mtg $3,150,) $100.

157TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 200x99.11; Leo M. Klein et al to Mabel R. Thrush of Brooklyn, (mtg $56,000,) $1.

157TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 200x99.11; Mabel R. Thrush to Allenel Construction Co., (mtg $74,000,) $100.

167TH ST, 458 East, s s, 22.2x100; Catrine Helbock to Minnie Schwarzler, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

175TH ST, s s, 20 ft e of Prospect Av, 20x95; Michael Haas to Rebecca Haas, (mtg $11,000,) $100.

179TH ST, s s, 116.8 ft w of Clinton Av, 16.8x95; Emil C. Jaeckel to Elizabeth D. Jaeckel, 1-3 part, (mtg $4,900,) $1.

162D ST, n s, 196.3 ft e of Melrose Av, 37.6x100; Werner Knaus Realty Co. to John Muth, $1.

261ST ST, n s, 86.4 ft e of Spencer Av, 37.6x89; Frederick P. Forster to Sydney Grant, $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

ABINGDON CONSTRUCTION COMPANY to City Mortgage Company; 5th Av, e s, 24.11 ft s of 128th St, 50x100, demand, 6%.......$55,000

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ALTHERR, John D., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Westchester Av, s s, 32.5 ft w of Eagle Av, 29.4x —, 5 years, 4½%..$18,000

AYMAR, Herbert A., to Greenwich Savings Bank; 6th Av., 642, due, &c, as per bond.......$2,000

ANDRIACCIO, James G., to Charles W. Banby; 106th St, 332 East, due, &c., as per bond.......$5,000

BALFOUR, Madeline, to Patrick A. Fogarty; Ridge St, 81; 9th Av, s e corner of 17th St, 26.4x100, 2 years, 6%.......$2,000

BERAN, Marie H., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company; lot 8, map Section 9, Vyse Estate, 5 years.......$5,000

BLYTH, Margery H., to Florence V. Burden; Mott St, 41, w s, 3 years.......$18,000

BOHM, Victoria, to Ray Bat[illegible]; Harrington Av, n s, 155.4 ft e of Fort Schuyler Road, 100x100, 5 years.......$5,000

BOWNE, E. W., to Regent Realty Co.; plot begins 100 ft w of White Plains Road x445 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x45, 3 years, 5½%.......$775

CLEMENTE, Gaetano, to Frederick K. Morris; Willow Lane, s s, 25 ft e of Robin Av, 25x96.9, 1 year, 6%.......$700

CONNEALLY, Hubert A., to Catharine F. Farrell; 239th St, s s, 105 ft w of Katonah Av, 40x100, due Jan. 4, 1912.......$500

COSGROVE, Patrick J., to William F. Cosgrove; 63d St, 147 West, prior mtg $12,500, due Feb. 5, 1912, 6%.......$2,700

DAVIS, Annie, to Patrick A. Fogarty; Ridge St., 81; 9th Av, s e corner of 17th St, 26.4x100, 1 year, 6%.......$500

ELVILL REALTY COMPANY to Morris M. Sinske; Bryant Av, w s, 40 ft s of Jennings Av, 100x20, 3 years.......$12,000

ELVILL REALTY COMPANY to Morris M. Shinske; Bryant Av, w s, 40 ft s of Jennings St, 3 lots each, 20x100, 3 mtgs each $8,500, 3 years.......$25,500

FONDILLER, Louis, to Sara N. Foss; 72d St, s s, 283.4 ft e of 2d Av, 16.8x102.2, prior mtg $5,000, 6 years, 6%.......$4,000

FORBES, Samuel, to John Biggart; Valentine Av, e s, 375.3 ft n of 179th St, 28x—, due, &c., as per bond.......$5,000

FORBES, Samuel, to Martin Walter; Valentine Av, e s, 375.3 ft n of 179th St, prior mtg $5,000, due, &c., as per bond.......$4,000

FRASCIELLO, Francesco, and another to Nicola Mandano; 111th St, n s, 225 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.10, prior mtg $11,000, 5 years, 6%.......$1,500

GAREIS, Max C., to Frederick K. Morris; Lot 1, Block 47, map of Section 1 of Morris Park, 3 months.......$300

GUIDONE & GALARDE COMPANY to Park Mortgage Company; lots 14, 15, 22, and 23, parcel 22, map of Sub-divided estate of William B. Ogden, 3 years, 6%.......$6,000

GUION, George G., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 24th St, 39 West, 3 years, 4½%.......$35,000

HARRINGTON, Richard V., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Lots 55 and 56, map of 62 lots at Mount Hope, 3 years.......$3,000

HELBOCK, Catrine, to A. J. Schwarzler Company; Clay Av, 1,264, 3 years, 6%.......$2,500

HENER, Mary J., to Frieda Wane; Murray St, 72, 1 year, 6%.......$6,000

HENNESSY, Catherine, to Anna Flock; Lot 7, amended map of Cammann estate, 3 years, 6%.......$2,000

HERRMAN, Caroline, to Jacob Mattern; 241st St, n s, 49.3 ft w of Mathilda St, 34.1x100, 3 years, 6%.......$1,000

HITCHMAN, John C., to William Stursberg; 138th St, w s, 94.1 ft w of Brook Av, 25x100, 5 years.......$20,000

HUSTACE, Francis, to North River Savings Bank; 3d Av, w s, 50.5 ft s of 113th St, 38.4x100, 3 years, 4½%.......$25,000

JOHANNSEN, Johannes M., to Anna McNally; 8th Av, e s, 49.11 ft s of 130th St., 50x100, (prior mtg,) $65,000, due June 30, 1911, 6%.......$22,000

JOHN MASSIMINO COMPANY to William I. Seaman; Davidson Av, e s, 183 ft w of 177th St, 51.4x54.10, prior mtg $9,000, 2 years, 6%.......$1,450

JOHNSTON-UMSTEAD REALTY CO. to Marion F. Ackley; 116th St, n s, 256 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11, installments, 6%.......$3,000

KEENAN, Annie M., to Elizabeth F. King and others, executors; Pleasant Av, e s, 80 ft n of 116th St, 20.10x98, 3 years.......$8,500

KEENAN, Annie M., to Elizabeth F. King and others, executors; Pleasant Av, e s, 72.5 ft s of 117th St, 28.5x98, 3 years.......$13,000

KOHN, Ludwig, to Baron De Hirsch Fund; 120th St, n s, 150 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11, 3 years, 4½%.......$20,000

KOPF, Barbara, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 1st Av, 506, 3 years, 4½%..$12,000

LANG, Jacob, to Regent Realty Co.; Morris Park Av, n s, 615 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x70, 3 years, 5½%.......$3,000

LAWRENCE KRONENBERGER CONSTRUCTION Co. to William Schmitz and another; Seabury Place, e s, 275 ft s of 172d St, 37.6x100, prior mtg $16,500, due Sept. 1, 1910, 6%, $8,000

LESLEY, George H., to Cornelia L. Nelson; Arlington Av, w s, 135 ft s of 227th St, 40x75, due Jan. 23, 1910.......$3,000

McKEON, Margaret, to Margaret Fitzell; 147th St, n s, 187.3 ft e of Bergen Av, 27.5x—, prior mtg $16,000, 3 years, 6%.......$3,000

MELLWIN REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Harlem Savings Bank; Honeywell Av, n e corner of 128th St, 24.11x88, 3 years.. $18,000

MELLWIN REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Harlem Savings Bank; 178th St, n s, 88 ft e of Honeywell Av, 24.8x65.1, 3 years, $7,500

MELLWIN REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Harlem Savings Bank; Honeywell Av, e s, 44.11 ft n of 178th St, 20x88, 3 years.. $8,000

MOSHOLU REALTY CO. to Peter Herche; Belmont Av, w s, 425 ft s of 183d St, 3 years, 6 %.......$5,000

MULLER, Eva E., to Bowery Savings Bank; 79th St, s s, 381.3 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x100, 5 years, 4½%.......$9,000

MUTH, John, to Morris M. Sinske; 162d St, n s, 196.2 ft e of Melrose Av, 37.6x100, 5 years.......$31,000

MUTH, John, to Conrad J. Muth; 162d St, n s, 196.2 ft e of Melrose Av, 37.6x100, prior mtg $31,000, 2 years, 6%.......$4,500

NATKINS, Benjamin, individually and as trustee, to Julius Cohen; Madison Av, w s, 60 ft n of 116th St, 40.11x110; prior mtg $75,000, 6 months, 6%.......$1,500

OFFNER, Louis, to American Mortgage Company; 39th St, 532 West, 5 years.....$14,500

PANDOZZA, Teresa, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company; 117th St, 337 and 339 East, 5 years.......$26,000

PATERNO BROTHERS, Corporation, to Samuel H. Spingarn; Riverside Drive, e s, 107.6 ft n of 116th St, 57.6x92.3; Old Bloomingdale Road, w s, 107.6 ft n of 116th St, 58.7x —, 2 years.......$70,000

PIPPO, Felippo to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 108th St, s s, 286.6 ft e of 3d Av, 24.6x100, 1 year, 4½%.......$4,500

RULTMAN, Margery S., to John W. Sterling and another, trustees; 33d St, n s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 20x78.9, due, &c., as per bond. $8,000

SCHWARZLER Minnie, to Catrine Helbock; 167th St, 458 East, 3 years, 6%.......$2,500

SCHULMAN, Esther, to Louis Starr; 91st St, 110 East, due Jan. 29, 1912, 6%.......$4,500

SCUDDER, Viola M., to Homer R. Gillies, executor; 12th Av, n w corner of 134th St, 199.10x—, 3 years.......$13,000

SCULLY, Michael, to George Hauser; Lot 40, map of Van Nest Park, due Dec. 1, 1912, 5½%.......$3,500

TASSI, Joseph, to Dominick Berni; Houston St, s s, 25 ft e of Sullivan St, 25x95, prior mtg $20,000, due April 15, 1912, 6%.....$6,504

THRUSH, Mabel R., to Leo M. Klein and another; 157th St, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 2 lots, each 100x99.11, 2 mtgs, each $9,000, 2 prior mtgs, $28,000, due, &c, as per bond, $18,000.

VALK, Nathan, to Lena Salmanowitz; Broome St, 77, prior mtg $15,000, 3 years, 6%...$4,750

VAN NEST WOODWORKING COMPANY, to George Costar; Jefferson St, n w corner Railroad Av, 358x265.6, prior mtg, $6,250, 2 years, 6%.......$2,000

19 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 24th St, 19 and 21 West, 5 years, 6%.......$250,000

WILKINS, Julia, to Irving Savings Institution; 65th St, 8 West, prior mtg $23,000, 1 year, 4½%.......$3,500

WOLFE, Peter, and another to George B. Lauck, committee; 105th St, 71 West, 5 years, 4½%.......$15,000

WEISMAN & HERMAN, Corporation, to Catharine M. Finnen; Minford Place, e s, 150 ft n of 172d St, 2 lots, each 37.6x100, 2 mtgs, each $5,000, 2 prior mtgs, $18,000, 3 years, 6%.......$10,000

WILSON, Mary, and another to Josephine Klar; Houston St, 162 East, prior mtg $26,000, 2 years, 6%.......$4,500

WOOLF, Rosamond, to John E. Eastmond; West End Av, e s, 85 ft n of 100th St, 15.11x100, prior mtg $15,000, 2 years, 6%.......$500

Mechanics' Liens.

42D ST, 328 West; Brooklyn Vault Light Co. against West Side German Dispensary, owner; New York Structural Glass Co., contractor, $203.

VYSE AV, n w corner of 167th St, 100x100; New York and New Jersey Brick Co. against O'Leary Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor, $525.

14TH ST, 250 West; Samuel Epstein against Victoria E. Mazendo, owner; Stephen Ilmacki, contractor, $73.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 101st St, 123x150; Ross Lumber Co. against Franklin Building Co., owner; Charles T. Towett, contractor, (renewal,) $179.

EASTBURN AV, e s, 188 ft n of 174th St, 50x100; Builders' Stone Contracting Co. against Sol David, owner and contractor, $425.

86TH ST, 422 and 424 East; Ignatz Vogel against Morris Rubin, owner; Moses Rosenberg, contractor, $48.

BOWERY, 298; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against Henry Dazian, Henry W. Dazian, and Sophie Cohen, trustees, owners; Christ Holtz, contractor, $150.

INTERVALE AV, w s, 50 ft s of intersection of Home and 169th Sts, 25x irregular; George Fiencke against Halvonsen-Barmore Construction Co., owner and contractor, $80.

INTERVALE AV, w s, 50 ft s of intersection of Home and 169th Sts, 25x irregular; George Fiencke against Halvonsen-Barmore Construction Co., owner; Ditman & Adler, contractors, $38.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

HONEYWELL AV, n e corner of 178th St; Frank Stola against Mellwin Realty and Construction Co. and others, July 12, 1909, $176.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 98th St, Standard Carpenter Works against Century Holding Co. and others, July 23, 1909, $3,250.

86TH ST, 50 West; Domenico Bravin against Sarah Harris and others, Jan. 17, 1908, $338.

86TH ST, 50 West; Schrager & Zhengebot against Sarah Harris and others, Nov. 27, 1907, $200.

140TH ST, 161 to 169 West; Harry Rotman against Lenox Realty Co. and others, July 28, 1909, $42.

PEARL ST, 32; Abe Warm against Hungarian Relief Society and others, July 12, 1909, (by bond,) $1,135.

Lis Pendens.

MADISON ST., 397; Edmund Bittner against Pauline Cahn and others (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Morris.

1ST AV, 2,199; Lincoln Mortgage Co. against Charles A. Pecora and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. A. Blumenthal.

13TH ST, s w s, 416 ft n w of 2d Av, 15.6x103.3; Philip J. Stein against Susan Stein, (accounting, &c.;) attorney, J. C. Stein.

86TH ST, 340 East; Abraham Leipzig against Joseph Manganaro and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Jacobs & Livingston.

WILLETT ST, 7 to 11; Meyer Jarmulowsky and others against Beth Haknesses Anschei Bialystock, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. Alexander.

MADISON ST, 351; Mathilde E. Weber against Philip Morgenstern and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. W. Clune.

9TH AV, s w corner of 59th St, 50.5x100; Philip J. Curry against William Keil, Jr., and others, (action to impress lien;) attorney, H. N. Holde.

51ST ST, 222 and 224 East; Margaret Jaeger against Abraham Drimmer and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Davis & Kaufmann.

GRAND AV, s e corner of Evelyn Place, 50x100; Antoinette B. Dewitt against Mary A. McCormick and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. A. Hitchcock.

DIGNEY AV, e s, 215.11 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 100x100; Antoinette B. Dewitt against James T. Doyle and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. A. Hitchcock.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

CASH

in any amount at lowest rates on first or second mortgages for building or permanent loans in Greater New York. Quick action on owner's application. Brokers protected.

CITY & SHORE REALTY CO.,
TRIBUNE BUILDING, NEW YORK.

A.—
$60,000 TO LOAN, FIRST MORTGAGE.
Private houses or elevator apartments, 4½%.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
284 Columbus Av.

Have unlimited amount of money for mortgages; all sections; reasonable charges. Roberts, 500 5th Av., New York. 'Phone Bryant 238.

To Loan—$200,000, suitable amounts, 5½-6%, Bronx improved realty. Behrman, 222d St., Williamsbridge.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

THE ONLY MORTGAGE COMPANY
which
2nd. Limits its profits to ½% per annum—thus avoiding doubtful loans for larger profits.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President,
CAPITAL & SURPLUS, $6,000,000
59 Liberty St., Manhattan.
184 Montague St., Brooklyn.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
Transacts All Trust Co. Business.
160 Broadway, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

Horace S. Ely & Co
REAL ESTATE,
21 Liberty St. 27 W. 30th St

Geo R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 3 East 35th St.

Nothing is Cleaner and Brighter than
WHITEWASHING
well done.
407 West 18th St.
F. J. FLECK & CO.,
Tel. 99 Chelsea.

Downtown Property.—A few good parcels at sacrifice prices; long term mortgages; will consider trade. Carlucci & Co., 150 Nassau. St.

West Side.

Beautiful Two-Family Houses.

Heated with hot water, four bathrooms, trimmed in hardwood, and wired for electricity; price $16,000. Apartments to let. "Forster Property Builders," Inc. Office 17 State St., N. Y., and n. w. cor. 261st St. and Broadway, N. Y. How to get there: Take Broadway express in the Subway to 242d St. Then take Broadway trolley car to 261st St. and B'way.

Two 5-story west side avenue properties for sale at a sacrifice.. Apply at once if you want to get a bargain. Buyers only.
S. A. ISRAEL, 198 Broadway. Tel. 6355 Cort.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Colonial Ridge
PORT CHESTER, NEW YORK

The ideal location for a home, with wide streets and every modern convenience; trees and beautiful views and surroundings; the advantages of a city of 15,000 persons; all trains operated by electricity; 42 minutes from Grand Central; express station.
Plots 3 to 7 City lots in size.
Send for price list and booklet, and let us show you the best site for a home.
Attractive prices. Easy terms.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
537 Fifth Avenue, New York.

For Sale—On account of owner going abroad, gentleman's fine all-year-round country house; stables, gardens; on the Hudson. Agents considered. I 168 Times Downtown.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BELLE HARBOR

LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK CITY.

The West Rockaway Land Company has heretofore announced, and again announces, that it will hold no sales at Public Auction this year.

We are now offering only a limited number of Building Sites for sale until Sept. 1st, when prices will be advanced not less than five per cent.

Therefore

Take advantage of the present low prices and secure your building site now.

BELLE HARBOR

(on the Rockaway Coast)

is within 35 minutes from Manhattan. It is desirably located between the Atlantic Ocean and Jamaica Bay, and has magnificent beaches extending along its entire water front. Its development may well be called high class, having an excellent

SEWERAGE SYSTEM

macadamized boulevards from 70 to 100 feet in width, cement sidewalks from 5 to 8 feet in width, and absolutely pure water supply. Gas, electric light and telephone service have been installed throughout the property.

BELLE HARBOR attracts not only those who desire to spend the Summer months amidst delightful surroundings, but because of its great accessibility and its many other attractive features attracts those who desire to live there throughout the entire year. Two large churches have been built at Belle Harbor and excellent schools are within easy reach of its residents. Unlimited opportunity is afforded for yachting, rowing, fishing, surf and still water bathing, and all outdoor recreation. In a word, Belle Harbor possesses all city conveniences, yet is "down by the sea."

PROPERTY AT BELLE HARBOR CANNOT BE ASSESSED FOR FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS.

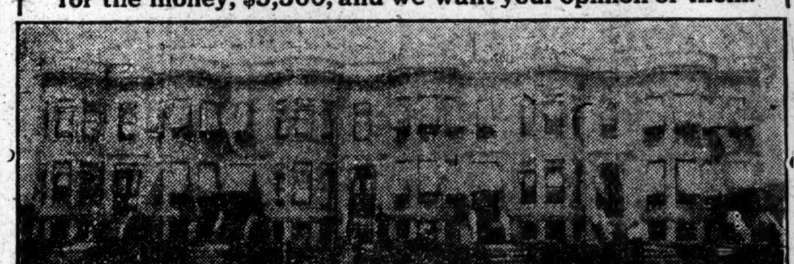
Prices $575 per Lot and Upward

TITLES GUARANTEED WITHOUT COST TO PURCHASER.
For printed price list, maps, and further particulars apply to
WALTER SCHULZE, General Manager,
1170 Broadway, New York City,
or at the Office of the Company, at
Rockaway Park and Belle Harbor.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WE ARE TOLD

That we have the finest one-family brick houses in Brooklyn for the money, $5,500, and we want your opinion of them.



They are situated on 55th St., 200 feet from Brooklyn's famous Driveway, Fort Hamilton Av., on an eminence overlooking Borough Park and the adjoining territory. They are within seven minutes' walk of the 54th St. Station, Borough Park Line, and within 30 minutes of the City Hall Park, five-cent fare. The houses themselves are built in the best possible manner on a full-sized lot, 20x100. Seven rooms, bath, and laundry, hardwood trim, and parquet flooring on the first floor; parlor finished in mahogany; dining room in dark oak, panelled, plate shelves, and china closets, and magnificent beam ceilings; handsome oak staircase, with two landings, grill and hall seat. Bedrooms and bathroom finished in white enamel; furnace heat; laundry in cellar. Ready for occupancy. Price $5,500. Liberal Terms.

The locality in which to buy either for investment or speculation is the one that is being developed, where you reap the benefit of the improvements of the adjoining owner.

DONOVAN BROS.
Owners; on Premises, 969 55th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone No. 1625 Bay Ridge.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

$600--$1000 Cash

will purchase outright a lot at Pinecrest on the Hudson (36 minutes from New York)—property highly restricted for a residence section for the best people.

No Installments to Purchasers Are Offered

By purchasing a 60 foot plot and erecting a house costing $5000 (no less), 50% secured on mortgage, building 20 feet back from the sidewalk line and at least five feet from the side lines, you will be installed in one of the most beautiful sites in the State with the Hudson River and the Palisades surrounding you. You will be among the best people, you will have all city conveniences—gas, electricity, water, sewer connections and telephone, and you can get to and from New York every twenty minutes to one hour, in 36 minutes via New York Central (station at Hastings).

The roads are modernized with macadam drives and cement sidewalks. The parkway is planted with flowering shrubs. The property abounds with large shade and fruit trees.

See Pinecrest to-day

Go on the 1.19 or 2.06 train and the Pinecrest-on-the-Hudson carriage will meet you at the station.

Or Go to Pinecrest

by the trolley for 5 cents from the end of the (Van Cortlandt Park) subway.

Go to Pinecrest to-day

or send for prices, photos and terms,
METROPOLIS EXTENSION CO.,
56 Liberty Street, N. Y.
Telephone, 4705 Cortlandt.

A Site for a Country Home AT SCARSDALE

A number of carefully restricted plots, one to five acres, surrounded by fine country estates; most healthful country within 20 miles of New York. Write for illustrated booklet.
SCARSDALE ESTATES
White Plains, N. Y., & 28 E. 42d St., N. Y. C.

Attractive Building Lot AT LARCHMONT

150x135; price, $8,500; part mortgage; balance cash. Address Land, 22 East 48th St.

LEONARD MOODY REAL ESTATE CO. REAL HOMES

No Cash Down
1% Monthly
covers all expenses and BUYS one of our
1 or 2 FAMILY HOUSES
Flatbush, Bay Ridge, and Homecrest,
5 cent Fare Zones.
$4,000 to $8,000.
ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
Apply 187 MONTAGUE ST., B'klyn.

Houses That Sell Fast

32 more 1-family houses, on Sterling St., near Rogers Av., Brooklyn, nearly ready. Price, $6,750. Nearly half sold already. Very easy terms. 5c. fares.
Realty Associates,
176 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.

$750 CASH gives title to an elegant three-story and cellar two-family detached frame dwelling, 15 rooms, 2 baths; separate heating plants and entrances; tiled baths and vestibules, parquet floors, hardwood trim, dumbwaiters; a delightful modern home; 3 minutes' walk to "L" station; plot 32x100; automobile driveway and privileges.
J. D. RANCK REALTY CO.,
44 Court St., Brooklyn.

$450 CASH required for this modern $5,500 2-family brick house, fronting on a Parked Av. 80 feet wide; 11 rooms and 2 baths; all conveniences and comforts of a larger building; 35 minutes from Park Row; 5-cent fare. Call or write for our 16-page booklet, "New Houses—Old Prices." It's free.
J. D. RANCK REALTY CO.,
44 Court St., Brooklyn.

$350 CASH will buy a fine $4,250 one-family brick house, fronting on a Parked Av. 80 feet wide; 7 rooms and bath; an ideal home; has all modern conveniences; 35 minutes from Park Row; 5-cent fare. Call or write for our 16-page booklet, "New Houses—Old Prices." It's free.
J. D. RANCK REALTY CO.,
44 Court St., Brooklyn.

$350 CASH required for this $3,800 beautiful one-family semi-detached house, 6 rooms and bath, parquet floors; unique in construction; lot 20x100 (now being finished); 35 minutes from Park Row; 5-cent fare. Call or write for our 16-page booklet, "New Houses—Old Prices." It's free. J. D. RANCK REALTY CO., 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

$500 CASH will buy an elegant $4,750 one-family detached house, 7 large rooms and bath; built with all modern improvements; 35 minutes from Park Row; 5 cents fare. Call or write for our 16-page booklet, "New Houses—Old Prices." It's free.
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44 Court St., Brooklyn.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BARGAINS.—Near "L" and Subway stations; elegant neighborhood; fine houses, all improvements; oak trim, tiled baths, vestibules, &c.; private; seven large, light rooms, $5,500; two-family, 12 rooms, $6,800; two-family, 14 rooms, $8,300; two-family, 11 rooms and store, $7,500; three-family, 15 rooms, $8,000; three-family, 17 rooms, $10,500; three-family, 20 rooms, $11,500; easy terms. H. T. WOOD, 60 Liberty St.

ONE-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES.
All latest improvements; open for inspection daily. Briggs Av., north of 194th St., Fordham.
WM. H. WRIGHT & SON, Owners.

Two-family new house, 13 rooms, near Subway station; bargain. Owner, 143 Times Downtown.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET

Lots, $175; improvements; overlooking ocean; $10 cash, $5 monthly; restrictions. Refined, 161 Times Downtown.

Lots, $175; improvements; overlooking ocean; $10 cash, $5 monthly; restrictions. Refined, 161 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—CITY. | REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—CITY.

EASY TO REACH
Manhattan Beach Estates
Swept by Ocean Breezes

Bungalow Lots are getting scarce.
DON'T WAIT!

GO DOWN TO-DAY!
Only a limited number left.

PRICES Exceptionally Low.
Terms Very Lenient.
NO ASSESSMENTS
Trains Every 10 Minutes. Trolleys Every 2 Minutes.

Offices on property, between the Manhattan Beach Hotel and bathing pavilion, also at Manhattan Beach entrance of Sheepshead Bay Bridge. Also 31 Nassau St., New York.

Joseph P. Day
Sales Agent.

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Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.
Beautiful modern white stucco house, artistic design, superior construction, finest finish, decorations and fixtures costly and in excellent taste; 13 rooms, 2 baths, billiard room, hot water heat, parquet floors, large plot; best section of Chester Hill, 6 minutes from station; can be bought for less than $20,000; terms easy; will rent for $100 a month.
MRS. C. P. HOUSER,
30 East 1st St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

WHERE? WHY NOT MOUNT VERNON?
A number of new houses in course of construction. Closest inspection invited. Beautiful, restricted section. No assessments. Eight to eleven rooms, every modern improvement; 1st mortgage, $5,000, 5 years, 5%; $1,500 cash required, balance on 2d mortgage; no payments required. Prices, $8,000 to $10,000. Can't be duplicated anywhere at the price. Several already sold from plans.
ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY,
near New Haven Station, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

TRULY COLONIAL.
Absolutely new house, finished in wide clapboards, quaint architecture; grand location in Bronxville; plot 100x150; near trolley; 15 minutes' walk from the station; house has 3 bathrooms, 4 toilets, steam heat, electric lights, 12 rooms, parquet floors, hardwood trim; owner pressed for cash; will sacrifice; mortgage, $8,500. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Chester Hill residence; 9 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; handsomely decorated; lot 50x100; choice location; near station; $9,750; easy terms; excellent value. Neason Jones, Argus Building, Mount Vernon.

At Tarrytown.—Fully furnished 12-room house, near station; two acres, on bank Hudson; low rent or for sale at a bargain; immediate possession. Emberson, 101 West 42d St.

Scarsdale, near station; 12-room house; modern improvements. E 96 Times, Times Square.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

If You Live in a Flat
YOUR RENT

has cost you from $2,500 to $5,000 during the past five years. Your accommodations were cramped, poorly lighted, and poorly ventilated.

We are able to show you how, with a small effort on your part, you will be able to live rent free during the next 5 years in an 8 or 10 room detached house in a fine residential part, with sewers and paved streets. Convenient to schools, churches, stores, &c., and only 15 minutes by train or 35 minutes by trolley from the business heart of the city.

Get full information about this unusual proposition at once.

Kissena Park Corporation,
'Phone 4813—Madison. 1123 BROADWAY
WM. F. HENCKEN, President.
JOHN W. PARIS, Secretary.

LET YOUR RENT PAY
for a home in Queens, N. Y. City, (L. I.) built to your order; 7 rooms, bath; all city improvements; plot 40x100; artistic, well-built houses; small amount cash; 28 minutes from B'way, electric, Subway, and train service; schools, churches, &c.; all city conveniences. Call, write, or 'phone 8257 Cortlandt. J. MEADE BRIGGS, 200 BROADWAY, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE—NEW YORK.

A Dutchess County Home
3 Acres, $700

This would be a bargain at $1,000, but as an estate must be settled immediately it will be sacrificed for only $700; dandy little garden and poultry farm, 3 acres good soil; 8-room cottage, shaded by maples; good barn; pure water; near neighbors, stores, schools, railroads; Page 105, Strout's Farm Buyers Guide No. 27, just out, copy free. E. A. Strout, Dept. 1,093, 47 West 34th St., corner Broadway, New York.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Cottage for rent by the week; completely furnished, including bed and table linen, dishes, &c.; near-by resort, combining charming country and seaside; exceptional opportunity for right people. Address Seaside, E 103 Times, Times Square.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BRAISTED & BETTMAN,
25 West 42d Street.
Managers of income property.
We increase the income.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS

Complete List West Side
PRIVATE DWELLINGS
For Rent
3 and 4 story high-stoop, also a number of American basement houses,
$1200 to $5000.
Will mail list and full particulars on application.
Fred'k Zittel & Sons
79th St. and Broadway. Tel. 9200 River.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO RENT FOR 30 OR 60 DAYS, STORE, 471 TREMONT AV., COR. WASHINGTON AV. APPLY TO ROOM 1,510, NO. 59 PEARL ST., NEW YORK CITY.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

BILLIARD TABLE, new, 4½x9, mahogany, with cues, racks, markers, rubber cover; will exchange for single-foot caddie horse, carriages, one-horse wagon, Victor talking machine, paintings. Address "D.," care Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 29 W. 32d.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

When you come to New York City stop at the
HOTEL ROLAND
Handy to everything. Street cars to everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL.
NICE ROOMS WITH BATH FOR PER DAY $1.00 $1.50 $2.50
59th St., Madison and Park Avs.
Block from Plaza entrance to Park.
ROLAND D. JONES, Prop.

You must live somewhere, why not at
HOTEL FREDERICK?
WEST 56TH ST.,
Between Seventh Av. and Broadway, finest location in the city, only 3 blocks from Central Park; a fine location. Rooms and private bath, $1.00 per day. Parlor, bedroom, and private bath for one or two persons, $2.00 per day. Greatest value in New York for the money. Elevator service day and night. Telephone in every room. Rooms are large, with extra large closets.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Allenhurst
BROADWAY
Southeast Cor. 100th St.

The best planned, most carefully constructed and elaborately finished apartment house on the West Side; 12 stories high. Filtered Water, Service Elevator, Mail Chute, Laundry on Roof.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
6, 7 and 8 Rooms and 2 Baths;
Rents $1,200 to $2,000
Every Room an Outside Room.
RESIDENT MANAGER
ON PREMISES OR
Allenel Construction Co.
135 BROADWAY.

Stanley Court
West End Av. and 106th St.
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
One Apartment to rent from October 1; 10 rooms and three baths; rent, $2,680. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

Life Building Apartments
21 WEST 31ST STREET.
For rent, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st or immediate possession, apartments of Parlor, two Bedrooms, and two Bathrooms; also one smaller suite. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

CROSS CHAMBERS.
210 FIFTH AVENUE.
Apartments of two rooms and bath from Oct. 1st; all improvements; ideal for bachelor or married couple; rents from $800 to $1,500. James E. Ball, Superintendent.

124th Street, West 509, "Poinciannа."—5, 6 rooms; elevator; telephones; all night; $40-$50.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

SPECIAL SUMMER PRICES.
134th St., 511 West.—Apartments 4, 5, 6 rooms; new house, with all improvements; telephone service and electric light; rent $23 to $38. Agent, 215 West 111th St.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS & CO.

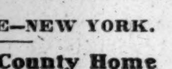
141st St., 239 West.—Wyndham Court, 5—6 large rooms; telephone and elevator service day and night; $38-$48 a month.

143d Street, West 619.—Riverside Drive view; 5, 6 rooms; private 'phones; $31-$40.

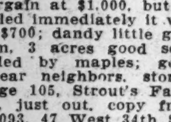
Brooklyn.

GEORGEAN COURT,
GATES AND FRANKLIN AVS., BROOKLYN
HANDSOMEST ELEVATOR APARTMENT IN BROOKLYN; SERVICE NIGHT AND DAY; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE; SUITES OF 8 AND 9 ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; RENTS $960 TO $1,080 PER ANNUM; CAN BE LEASED FROM SEPT. 1 OR OCT. 1. APPLY TO SUPT. TEL. 2900 BED.

FOR SALE.



TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months, rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 3 Cortlandt st. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.



BUDD & CO., 71 Spring St., Near Subway, High-grade Office Furniture, desks, tables, chairs, partitions; also several sound-proof telephone booths and stock quotation boards at reasonable prices. Tel. 5483 Spg

OFFICE PARTITIONS
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

SAFES New and second-hand, of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged and repaired. YORK SAFE & LOCK CO., formerly J. M. Mossman, 35 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423 John

MIRRORS BARGAINS. All kinds, framed, unframed.
PLATE GLASS TOPS
to cover desks, furniture, etc. Nathan Lyons, 129-131 West 31st St. Tel. 7190 Mad. Sq.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Upright pianos, $60, $75, $115, $125, $135, $150. New pianos, $175; $5 per month. Wissner, 96 5th Av., cor. 15th St.

New York make piano this week only $60. Lifetime bargain. Wissner, 96 5th Av., cor. 15th St.

Steinway upright and baby grand piano for sale cheap. 35 West 14th St.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—LOUIS F. BELL, Complainant, against NEW YORK SAFETY STEAM POWER COMPANY, Respondent.

To all creditors of the New York Safety Steam Power Company, a New York corporation.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the bill filed in this cause, the undersigned has been appointed receiver for the above-named company by an order entered in the above-named cause on July 17th, 1909; that the undersigned has duly qualified as such and has entered into and taken possession of the property, assets and accounts, books and papers of the said company located within the jurisdiction of the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York.

By the said order the undersigned as receiver is directed to require all creditors of the said company to file their respective claims against said company with the receiver on or before the first day of December, 1909, or they may be excluded from the benefit of these proceedings.

By said order all persons whatsoever are enjoined "from taking or removing from the jurisdiction of this court any of the moneys, properties or choses in action of said company; and the institution of any separate suits within the jurisdiction of this court by any of the creditors of respondent corporation is hereby enjoined."

Notice is therefore hereby given to all creditors of said company of the facts and proceedings aforesaid that they may govern themselves accordingly and file their claims with the undersigned as receiver on or before the first day of December, 1909, or they may be excluded from the benefit of the proceedings in which the undersigned was appointed.

Dated, July 22, 1909.
CHARLES P. HOWLAND,
35 Wall Street, New York City,
Receiver New York Safety Steam Power Company.

AUCTION SALES.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, AUCTIONEER.
DIAMOND JEWELRY SALE.
Will sell on Monday, August 9, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, the following articles of jewelry:

1 large diamond sunburst containing about eight hundred (800) diamonds.
1 Studded diamond watch and pin.
1 Large diamond brooch containing large yellow brilliant about thirty-two (32) carats and small diamonds and sapphire.

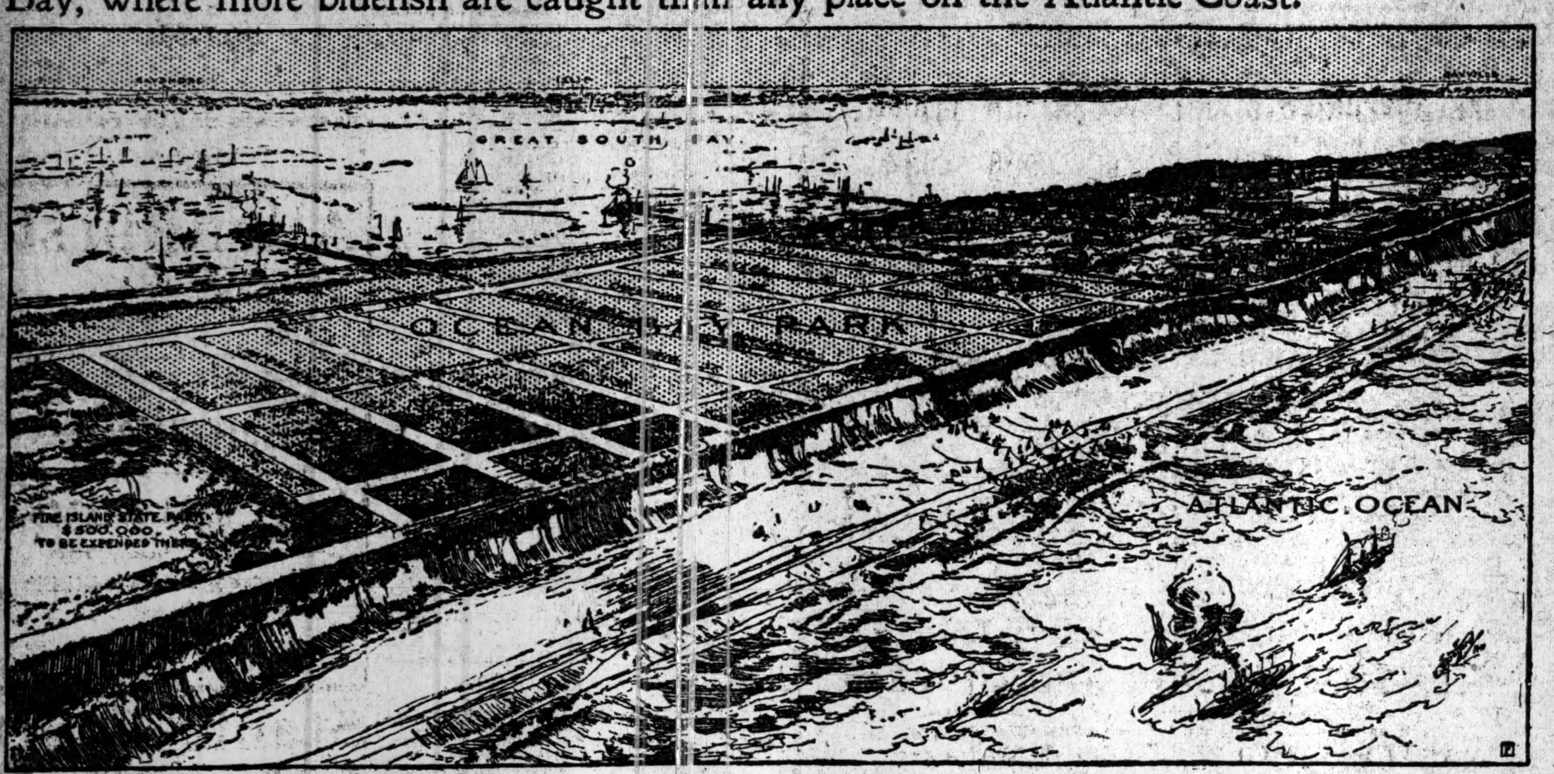
Sale will be held at No. 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, at the time and place above named.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$125 A LOT $125

On the Ocean—On the Bay

Away from the boiling air of the great city and country to the cool and refreshing breezes of the ocean. A locality which equals that of Atlantic City, Long Branch or Long Beach; at just one-tenth to one-twentieth the price. Every requirement of nature filled. A combination of the sea and bay, and right at the Fire Island Channel, in Great South Bay, where more bluefish are caught than any place on the Atlantic Coast.



OCEAN BAY PARK

OPPOSITE BAY SHORE AND ISLIP

across Great South Bay and adjoining, and west of Point o' Woods, the Chautauqua of Long Island; 3,000 feet front on the ocean running across Fire Island, 1,600 feet, frontage of 3,000 feet on Great South Bay. A beauty spot.

$50,000 Will Be Expended to Beautify It

60-foot boulevard on ocean front; 40-foot avenues from ocean to bay and along the bay; 13-foot boardwalk through Main avenue; 20 houses and large hotel already contracted to be built upon this property at once.

350 Foot Pier, 13 Feet Wide, Extending Into the Bay

You know and we know that lots on the beach will improve 100 per cent. a year for the next five years. Why? Because the State will make an outlay of $500,000 on Fire Island Park to make it the playground for every citizen of Long Island. You want to get in now and buy as many lots as you can conveniently purchase.

Friday, Aug. 6
Saturday, Aug. 7

FOUR GREAT SALE DAYS

Special Train each day, leaving Long Island City and Flatbush Av.

TRANSPORTATION FREE TO INVESTORS

FREE TICKETS for these four days are now ready at our office by writing or applying for same. Tickets limited to 250 each day.

Sunday, Aug. 8
Wed'day, Aug. 11

Inland Lots
$125-$5 down monthly

Bay Front Lots
$450-$10 down monthly

Ocean Front Lots
$600-$10 down monthly

Every lot full frontage, 25 feet on streets and avenues. 10 per cent from this price for cash.

Our representatives will be at the station one-half hour before the departure of trains. To buy now is buying ahead of the improvements; we guarantee to do all we say and you need have no hesitation in purchasing for investment or a place for a beach home. THIS SALE IS WITHOUT ANY DOUBT THE GREATEST WATERFRONT SALE EVER KNOWN IN THE HISTORY OF LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE. These lots all absolutely front on the water—ocean and bay—and have greater facilities for summer convenience and pleasure than any water fronts on the Atlantic Coast. See where they are located—within 40 miles of New York, where you can come in and out to New York by the best express train service on Long Island.

WRITE OR CALL IMMEDIATELY FOR MAPS AND PRICES.

$125 WM. H. MOFFITT REALTY CO.
Main Office: 192 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY.
Tel. 793 CORTLANDT.

SEASHORE LOTS

ON FIRE ISLAND BEACH.

$100 to $500, sold on easy time payments or 10 per cent. discount for cash. Best Boating, Fishing, and Bathing in the World.

For Folders, Maps, & Guests' tickets address

OCEAN BEACH IMP'T CO.,
John A. Wilbur, Pres., Bay Shore, L. I.
New York Office: 334 Fifth Av., Suite 407.

A beautiful home directly on the water front of Long Island's North Shore for rent or sale; just completed; all improvements; finished in hardwoods; situated in restricted colony with picturesque surroundings; only [illegible] minutes from Herald Square. Keith, 60 Liberty St., New York.

SEA GATE.

CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE.
EASY TERMS. F. J. PEACOCKE,
503 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

Demi-Bungalow for Sale—7 rooms and bath; easy payments; all improvements; close to water; gas, electric light, water; 5 minutes to R. R. station. Problem Solved, Box 160 Times, Times Square.

Jamaica Estates; highly restricted property; one of choicest corner plots, 115x120; company's list price, $4,750; my price, $4,000; [illegible],700 cash, balance easy payments. F. R. Raiff, 165 Broadway.

For Sale—Two lots at East Rockaway; very desirable; close to R. R. station; gas, electric light, water, boating, bathing, and fishing; easy payments. Profit Sharer, Box 225 Times, Times Square.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Country estate of several acres for gentleman; modern house, exceptionally located; right on seashore; bargain price; must sell immediately. P. O. Box 328, New York City.

Sell handsome furnished home, Miami, Fla., near the bay. Forsyth, 879 Longwood Av., Bronx.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHNSTON & HENDERSON,

25,000 acres coal and timber in Kentucky; a bargain. Title good.
Timber and Agricultural Lands,
Room 605. 115 Broadway.

I HAVE WHAT YOU WANT.
FARMS I. J. AUERBACH HOMES
14 E. 23D ST., N. Y. CITY.
BUYERS FOR WHAT YOU DON'T WANT.

Roofs repaired and painted; work guaranteed. American Roofing Co., 79 Maiden Lane. Telephone.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Lehigh Valley "Park View" Station On Property

Weequahic Park Tract

NEWARK, N. J.

Directly Opposite Weequahic Park

COME, SEE IT.

This tract is only fifteen minutes from Broad and Market Streets.

"Mt. Prospect" and "Main Line" trolleys pass the property. "Clifton" line now runs to within 100 feet of property at Hawthorne Ave. and Bergen St., with the prospect of being extended through the tract very soon. "Broad" line within 3 minutes walk.

THESE LOTS ARE ALMOST AS ACCESSIBLE FROM NEW YORK AS FROM THE CENTRE OF NEWARK

Lehigh Valley "Park View" passenger station within 150 ft. of the property. The Lehigh Valley Railroad operates its line into New York over the Pennsylvania Railroad tracks and ferries and will use P. R. R. North River tunnels upon completion of same. This means 20 minutes to New York without change of cars.

TITLE GUARANTEED **MONTHLY PAYMENTS**

MAPS AND FURTHER PARTICULARS

FRANK J. BOCK 800 Broad St., Newark
Or Office on Property
Elizabeth and Meeker Aves.

BUILD A HOME IN THE COUNTRY

In an ideal spot, among lovely surroundings and grand views, heights of Chatham, N. J. Less than one hour from New York, on Del., Lack. & West. R. R. An attractive and inviting suburb, possessing all advantages, churches, schools, clubhouse, pure water supply, electric light, telephone. High altitude. Healthy, restricted, easy housekeeping markets. For booklet and information address ESTATE WM. A. MARTIN, 114 Liberty St., N. Y. City.

Plainfield, N. J.—Modern house, brick and frame construction; gas, electricity, all conveniences; stable; corner lot, 150x214; seven minutes station; price, $16,000. I 200 Times Downtown.

Bargain—Must sell house, 9 rooms, bath, barn, chicken house, one acre; convenient school and station; abundance fruit and shade; macadam road; sidewalks; moderate price. Knackenbush, Ridgewood.

Millburn, N. J., 10 minutes' walk from station, over an acre, 12 rooms, $12,000; probably the most beautiful house, architecturally, in America. E 93 Times Times Sq.

Farms, bungalow locations, suburban residences; extraordinary bargains; catalogue. Apply Kennedy, 1?? Fulton St., Manhattan.

RARE CHANCE

The finest residence in Llewellyn Park, N. J., can now be bought very cheap; contains 14 rooms, besides halls, baths, etc. All improvements, including gas, electric light, hot water supply, and steam heat; would consider exchange. Caretaker on premises. Owner, Room 1016, 32 Union Square, New York City.

Cozy seven-room house, all modern improvements, just completed; choice location, in beautiful Dumont, 12 miles; fare 9 cents, via West Shore Railroad; small first payment; easy terms. Full particulars Charles C. Hough, 601 West 33d St., New York City.

Farms every description everywhere; Matawan; 5 acres, 6 rooms, $2,000; 10 acres, 8 rooms, $3,000; catalogue mailed. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

Modern house, ten rooms, bath, 3 acres lawn, shade, fruit; steam heat; ten minutes station; cheap. Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J.

Newark and surrounding real estate. Mayo & Co., 788 Broad St., Newark. Established 1894.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

Sacrifice on account of leaving town, new 11-room house, hot water heat, every modern improvement, on corner plot, 125x200, in good location; fine lawn shrubs, &c.; cost over $8,000; will sell to immediate purchaser for $7,250; $2,250 cash, balance at 5%. Apply C. Gordon, Ridgewood, N. J.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSION TO NEW HAVEN

ON SUNDAYS superb steamer RICHARD PECK leaves Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M.; foot East 22d St., 10.00 A. M.; due New Haven 2.30 P. M. Return, due N. Y. 8.45 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, $1.00. Children, 50 cents.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAYS

Splendid steamer CITY OF LOWELL leaves Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:30 A. M., for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie. No landing. Return, due N. Y. 6 P. M. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents. These excursions under management of FALL RIVER LINE. Tickets at Piers only on day of excursion.

EXCURSIONS.

Sunday Excursion UP THE Hudson

To West Point & Newburgh

Str. Homer Ramsdell AND Wm. F. Romer

Leave foot FRANKLIN ST., 9:00 A. M.; WEST 129TH ST., 9:30 A. M.
Returning, leave NEWBURGH, 6:00 P. M.; WEST POINT, 7:00 P. M.

Round Trip, 90 Cents

DINNER SERVED ON BOARD, 50c.

TROLLEY CONNECTS with Steamers at Newburgh for ORANGE LAKE PARK, 35 minutes' ride from dock to this beautiful Summer resort and amusement park. Music, boating, and all modern attractions.

Excursion tickets from New York to Orange Lake Park, $1.10. Tickets sold on Steamers.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS

Up the Picturesque Hudson to West Point, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie

Daily (except Sunday) by Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," and "Albany." Brooklyn, Fulton St (by Annex,) 8; Debrosses St., 8:40 and 9:40; W. 42d St., 9:00 and 10:00; W. 129th St., 9:20 and 10:20 A. M. Returning on either down boat due 42d St. 5:30 or 8:40 P. M. MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO

WEST POINT

STEAMER MARY POWELL.

Leaving Debrosses St. 1:45; W. 42d St. 2:00; W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Arriving West Point 5 P. M., where close connection for New York is made with Day Line steamer "ALBANY." Excursion fare $1.00. Also choice when buying ticket of return by any West Shore or N. Y. Cent. train or Cent. Hud. Str., $1.10, giving ample time to see Cadets in Camp, Public Buildings, etc. Orchestra on board.

This Excursion Made Daily, except Sunday.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.

THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO

CONEY ISLAND

LANDING AT DREAMLAND

Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.

TIME TABLE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE):

Leave foot 129th St., North River, 9.00, 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A. M., 12.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.50, 7.45 P. M.

Leave foot 22d St., North River, 9.45, 10.30, 11:15 A. M., 12.00 M., 1.15, 2.00, 2.45, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.15, 7.00, 7.45, 8.30, 9.10 P. M.

Leave Pier 1, N. R., half hour later than at 22d St.

Returning—Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, *11.25 A. M., 12.10, *12.55, *1.40, 2.55, 3.40, *4.25, 5.25, 6.10, 7.10, *7.55, *8.40, *9.25, *10.10, 10.40 P. M.

Returning from Coney Island trips marked with a * go to 129th St., North River.

Round Trip Tickets, 40 Cents.
Round Trip Tickets, 129th St., 50 Cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERY DAY to FISHING BANKS. Leave 129th St., N. R., 7:00 A. M.; 22d St., N. R., 7:40 A. M.; Pier (new) No. 1 N. R., 8:20 A. M. Bait and Tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

STEAMER GRAND REPUBLIC

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Lv. Yonkers, 8.30 A. M.
Lv. Foot 129th St., N. R., 9.30 A. M., *12.30 P. M.
Lv. 22d St., N. R., 10.15 A. M., *2.00 P. M.
Lv. Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 10.40 A. M., 2.30 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12.30 P. M., 5.30 P. M.

Trip marked * transfers to Str. "Grand Republic" at Pier 1, N. R.

Round Trip Tickets 50c., Children 25c., include admission to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Steamer Rosedale leaves 129th St., at 9.00; West 22d St., 9.45; Battery, 10.15 and 2.00.
Leaving Seaside Landing, Rockaway, 12.00, 5.30 P. M.
Round Trip Tickets 50c.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I. EVERY SUNDAY. $1.50

Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; B'klyn, Flatbush Ave., 8:40; Nostrand Ave., 8:44, and East N. Y., 8:48 A. M., for Montauk; thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK."

Lve. Block Island, ret. via Sag Harbor, 4 P. M.

Tickets on sale, commencing Friday of each week, at 120 B'way, 263 Fifth Ave., and Long Island R. R. station, foot of 34th St., E. R., N. Y., and at Long Island City and Brooklyn stations. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Music and refreshments on steamer.

Mauch Chunk and Glen Onoko

SUNDAY, AUGUST 8th. **$1.50**

Bellewood

EVERY SUNDAY. **$1.00**

Lehigh Valley Railroad

Trains leave New York, Penn. Ferries.

	For Mauch Chunk.	For Bellewood.
23d St.	7.55 A.M.	8.55 A.M.
Desbrosses St.	8.00 A.M.	9.00 A.M.
Cortlandt St.	8.00 A.M.	9.00 A.M.

TO BOSTON

Metropolitan Line.
Direct All-the-Way-by-Water Route.
Luxurious Express

Turbine Steel Steamships **YALE AND HARVARD**

Lve. Pier 45, N. R., near foot Christopher St., Week Days and Sundays, 5 P. M., due Boston, 8 A. M. next day. Same schedule returning. Staterooms, etc., at Pier and Principal Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co offices. Through tickets all points.

UP THE HUDSON EVERY SUNDAY

To Highland Falls—West Point.

Steel Steamer "Montauk."

Lve. L. I. City, L. I. R. R. Dock.. 9:30 A. M.
" Ft. New Chambers St., E. R.. 9:45 A. M.
" Pier 8, E. R., (Nr. Hanover Sq.).10:00 A. M.
" 131st Street, N. R., N. Y.....11:00 A. M.
Ret. due N. Y., 7:00; L. I. City, 8:00 P. M.

Round Trip, 75c.

Music and Refreshments.

EVERY SATURDAY AND SUNDAY UP THE SOUND

To Sea Cliff and Glenwood

Str. "Nantasket" lvs. Pier 8, E. R. (near Hanover Sq.), Saturdays at 1:00; 31st St., E. R., 1:20 P. M. Ret. due N.Y. 9:25 P. M. On Sundays lvs. Pier 8, E. R., 9:30; 31st St., E. R., 9:50 A. M. Additional boat on Sun. when necessary. Ret. lve. Glenwood 5:30 P. M.

Excursion 50c. Tickets.

DAYLIGHT TRIPS ON Long Island Sound

NORWICH LINE: On Mondays Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN lvs. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., 10.00 A. M.; ft. of East 22d St., 10.45 A. M. for New London, connecting there for Stonington, Fishers Island, Norwich, Watch Hill, Narragansett Pier, Providence, Boston, &c. For New Haven and Bridgeport Line Service see regular advertisement. Folder on request.

City Ticket Agent, 171 Broadway, N. Y.

PACIFIC COAST EXCURSION $87.50

Also

Thirty-day tour, including hotels, Pullman, etc. $197.50

Send for descriptive booklet.

TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE
FRANK TOURIST CO., 347 B'way, N. Y.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Leave N. Y., E. 34th St. Sta., (via Long Island R. R.,) week days, (4.10, Hammel only,) 6.30, 8.20, 9.10, 10.30, 11.20 A. M., 12.50, *1.20, 1.50, *2.20, 2.50, 3.40, 4.30, 5.30, 6.40, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30, 12.00 P. M.

Leave Brooklyn, (Flatbush Av. Sta.,) 6.03, 6.50, 7.10, 7.34, 8.14, 9.20, 10.00, 10.42, 11.15 A. M., 12.10, *12.50, 1.06, *1.40, 1.56, *2.15, 2.29, *2.57, 3.17, 3.57, 4.27, 4.48, 5.07, 5.27, 5.47, 6.07, 6.32, 7.05, 7.50, 8.21, 9.45, 10.40, 11.20, 12.10 P. M.—*Saturdays only.

SEEING NEW YORK STEAM YACHT; free transportation from Seeing N. Y. Auto office, Flatiron Bldg., 5th Av. Side; only starting point W. 22d St., N. R., 10 A. M., 2:30 P. M.; 3 hours' trip; fare $1; the most instructive and enjoyable trip in the world. Tel. 4944 Gramercy.

COOL VACATIONS AFFORDING PLEASURE AND REST

DELIGHTFUL SHORT SEA TRIPS TO
OLD POINT COMFORT, NORFOLK,
RICHMOND, WASHINGTON, D. C., or BALTIMORE
VIA

OLD DOMINION LINE

The only direct line to Old Point Comfort and Norfolk without change.

Steamers are all equipped with the United Wireless Telegraph System.

Round Trip Tickets, including meals and stateroom berth on Old Dominion Steamer:
Old Point Comfort or Norfolk **$14** — Richmond, Washington, or Baltimore **$15**

STEAMERS SAIL EVERY WEEKDAY AT 3 P. M.

Tickets and stateroom reservations, Pier 26, North River, foot of Beach St., N. Y. Tel. 3900 Franklin.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLET.

W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager. J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agent.
General Offices, 84 Beach St., N. Y.

FALL RIVER LINE

(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

Fall River Line chefs are masters of the art of good cooking—

The meals they serve are fit for a king.

And the sea trip gives you *such* an appetite!

Fall River Line Steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like. Fare to Boston.... **$3.65**

Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information. City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT.

Palatial Steamers "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," and "MARY POWELL," of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the world.

Lve. Read Down.				Arr. Read Up.		
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Daily, ex. Sun.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:00	.....	†	B'klyn Annex	†	6:20	.....
8:40	9:40	1:45	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00	.....
9:00	10:00	2:00	West 42d St.	11:20	5:30	8:40
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:00	5:10	8:10
9:45	10:50	.....	Yonkers	.....	4:30	7:35
.....	.....	4:50	Highl'd Falls	8:40	.....	.....
11:50	1:00	5:00	West Point	8:35	2:50	5:45
.....	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15	.....	*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15	5:05
.....	.....	6:15	New Hamb'g	7:30	.....	.....
.....	.....	6:30	Milton	7:15	.....	.....
1:15	2:35	6:45	Po'keepsie	7:00	1:20	4:10
2:10	.....	.....	Kingston Pt.	.....	12:25	.....
.....	.....	7:45	Kingston	6:00	.....	.....
3:25	.....	.....	Catsill	.....	11:00	.....
3:40	.....	.....	Hudson	.....	10:40	.....
6:10	.....	.....	Albany	.....	8:30	.....
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry. Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†

Perfect Afternoon Outing. Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., connecting at West Point with **STR. ALBANY,** due West 42d St. 8:40 P.M. Orchestra on each steamer.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

UP THE HUDSON BY SEARCHLIGHT.

PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY

Steamers C. W. Morse or Adirondack leave New York, weekdays and Sundays, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:30 P. M.

CITIZENS LINE TO TROY

Magnificent new steamers Trojan or Rensselaer leave New York, weekdays and Sundays, Pier 46, N. R., foot West 10th St., at 6 P. M., and Yonkers, 7 P. M.

Splendid accommodations. Best service. Direct connection at Albany or Troy with trains for points North, East or West. Tickets and staterooms secured at piers and principal ticket offices in Greater N. Y. Horses, carriages and automobiles carried at reasonable rates. Express Freight Service. Quick Delivery.

Central Hudson Line

For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, & Kingston.
From Pier 24 N. R., Foot Franklin St., weekdays (except Saturday) 4 P. M.
Saturdays 1 P. M. West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.
For WEST POINT, NEWBURGH, and intermediate landings, weekdays (except Saturday,) 5 P. M.
Saturdays 3 P. M. West 129th St., 3:30 P.M.
SUNDAYS 9 A. M., Pier 24 N. R. 9:30 A. M., West 129th St.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE.

For Catskill Mountains, all points, Hudson, Coxsackie. Leave, week days, ft. Christopher Street, 6 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 7 P. M. Also Sat. "Special" 1 P. M., ft. Christopher Street; 1:20 P. M., ft. W. 129th St.

Summer resort directory free. Address Pier 43, N. R.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.

Str. "Shinnecock" leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tues. & Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sats., 1:00 P. M. Str. "Montauk" Mon., Wed. & Fri. for Sag Harbor and intermediate landings, 5:30 PM. Runs through to Block Island on Fri.

HARTFORD LINE.

From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

"CINCINNATI"

80 Days—$325 Up.
Leaves N. Y., Jan. 29, '10.
20th Annual Cruise.
Most Comprehensive Arrangements
Interesting Itineraries.
Finest & Largest Vessel Ever Sent.

Orient Cruise

Hamburg-American Line
45 BROADWAY, N. Y.

EXCURSIONS.

BRIDGEPORT SUNDAY EXCURSION

To VALLEY GROVE, L. I., and Return.

Mammoth Palace Steamer CITY OF WORCESTER Lve. Pier 29, E. R. (ft. Market St.,) 10 A. M.; E. 24th St., 10:30 A. M. Return, due N. Y. 6 P. M.

75c. ROUND TRIP FARE 75c.

Music. Entertainment. Restaurant. Refreshments.

SPECIAL SUNDAY EVENING TRIP
Up the Sound. Fare, round trip, 50c.
Lve. E. 24th St. 7:15 P. M.; Battery 8 P. M.

DAILY EXCURSIONS:

50c. Afternoons Up the Hudson 50c.
6 hours; lve. E. 24th St. 2 P. M.; Battery 2:30 P. M.

50c. Evenings Up the Sound 50c.
and return, 5-hour sail; lve. W. 131st St. 6:45 P. M.; Battery 8 P. M.; E. 24th St. 8:20 P. M.; Return, land E. 24th St. only. For Sundays see above.

Music, Dancing, Refreshments, Restaurant.
For Staterooms or Information 'Phone Orch. 606.

SIGHT SEEING STEAMER ZEPHYR AROUND MANHATTAN ISLAND. Lvs. Daily & Sunday, Battery 10:30 A. M. & 2:30 P. M.; E. 24th St. 11:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M. Lecturer. Fare $1.00.

UP THE SOUND

Best Sunday Excursion

OUT OF NEW YORK.

BRIDGEPORT 75c Round Trip.

AND RETURN.

Every Sunday at 10:30 A. M. from Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, by elegant Fast Str. EDGEMONT, stopping a short time at City Dock, Bridgeport, Ct. Telephone 2700 Beekman.

EXCURSIONS

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CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
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ELMINA BEATS QUEEN IN ASTOR CUP RACE

Avenger Wins Trophy for Sloops in Light Airs Over Block Island Course.

SEVENTEEN YACHTS START

Big Steam Flotilla Follows the Racers Over Course Off Newport in New York Y. C. Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 6.—As a result of to-day's largely attended but unexciting race for the Astor trophies, F. S. Brewster has added another to his large collection of trophies, his schooner Elmina capturing the Astor Cup for schooners. The sloop Avenger, although she changed owners two days ago, does not appear to have changed her form. For the past two years she has won the Astor Cup for sloops, and to-day she won for the third time. Charlie Barr sailed the fast sloop to victory, and with him was Lem Miller, who sailed with him on the old cup defender Columbia. Until her sale two days ago the Avenger was owned by R. W. Emmons, second. She is now owned by A. S. Cochran of Ardsley, N. Y.

It was over a thirty-eight-mile triangle laid over the Brenton Reef course that five of the biggest schooners in the fleet of the New York Yacht Club, twelve sloops and one yawl, fought it out for the Astor trophies. A large fleet of steam yachts came out to see the sport. The weather of the early morning hours gave promise of high winds, of flying spray, and buckling booms, but when the starting time arrived the weather had revised itself downward so far that the weakest could easily face it with topsails. A dull leaden sky and a dead leaden sea gave a touch of sombreness to this yachting picture which seemed alien to this gathering of dainty pleasure craft.

Jesse H. Metcalf's steam yacht Felicia had been chosen as the committee boat. Taking her station near the Brenton Reef Lightship the Felicia set signals indicating the course. This, with the breeze that was then blowing, made a six-and-a-half-mile close reach, a broad reach of eighteen miles to an outer mark located one mile due east of Block Island Buoy, and a beat back to the lightship from that point. But before the race was done the shifting wind worked considerable changes. The eighteen yachts made a pretty picture as they wheeled here and there to leeward of the starting line.

Winsome crossed first at 10:40:14, followed ten seconds later by Istalena, which had been traveling close under the weather quarter of the Lippitt yacht. Next came the old cup defender, Vigilant, now under yawl rig. In the shadow of the stately Vigilant rode the Mimosa III., a little sloop, which was soon to draw discouraged from the race. Then came the Altair, with Dorello, Aurora, Avenger, Aspirant, Weetamoe, Adventuress, and Eleanora in the order named. Following these came the schooners, the Queen leading the procession, the others being Corona Elmina, Muriel, and Irolita.

The steam flotilla set out after the racers, and soon there was stretched out on the course the flagship Aloha, Corsair, Haouli, Narada, Visitor II., Electra, Diana, Privateer, Florence, Eugenia, Ituna, Christini, and many others.

Vigilant was the first at the mark, rounding it at 11:21:33. Jibing around it, she sent up her jig topsail. Queen, which followed her around the mark, had her balloon jib in stops, but it was considerable time before she could get the big sail set.

The wind at this time made the second leg a broad reach. Hardly had the racers got well straightened out before the wind began to weaken. In anticipation that it would veer to the northwest, most of the yachts luffed sharply, but the wind died to a faint zephyr. Anon the seventeen yachts were pointing their jibbooms in seventeen different directions, while the cortage of steam-driven craft which had followed them thus far, stopped their engines, and as they rolled listlessly in the long swell appeared to be sunk in profound meditation on the vagaries of August weather.

Then came puffs of air varyin in strength and from varying directions. In this lottery of wind Elmina and Vigilant, which had been keeping each other company to eastward of the course, drew fine prizes in the way of a quickening breeze, the Queen and the others in her windless neighborhood drawing an equally fine number of blanks. At last the wind veered and settled into a steady breeze from the southwest quadrant. One by one the slatting sails bellied out, and from fifteen widely scattered points fifteen widely scattered yachts came beating and reaching to the outer mark.

By favor of the partial wind the Elmina and the Vigilant were now nearest to the second turning point, and both heading for it as close hauled as they could lie. But although she hugged the wind so ardently that her head sails were a shiver, the big schooner could not make it, and lost much time by the necessity of having to tack. Then it was that Vigilant displayed her superb qualities when engaged in windward work, and the gallant old cup defender came surging around the mark but a short distance in the wake of the Elmina, which had had a fine lead over the Vigilant, but which, thanks to the latter's superior windward qualities, the old cup champion had considerably overcome.

The run to the finish was an unexciting saunter, the Elmina managing to maintain her lead over the Vigilant and beat the yawl by a narrow margin. Elmina's triumph did not cause much commotion among the flotilla, there being only two or three whistles sounded, and even these had a deprecatory "who'd-have-thout-it'" ring to them. Close on the heels of Elmina came the Vigilant, and in her wake, though at a good distance astern, came the Istalena, and following her the Queen.

One by one the rest straggled to the line and sauntered over it—Queen, Istalena, Aurora, Winsome, Corona, Avenger, Muriel, Weetamoe, Adventuress, Eleanora, Irolita, Aspirant, Altair, and Dorello. The summaries:

Schooners—Distance, 38 miles.

Yacht.	Start. H.M.S.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elap. Time. H.M.S.	Cor. Time. H.M.S.
Elmina	10:46:04	4:06:14	5:20:10	5:06:59
Muriel	10:46:11	4:38:24	5:52:13	5:52:13
Queen	10:45:34	4:16:52	5:31:18	5:20:40
Corona	10:46:00	4:35:37	5:49:37	5:36:59
Irolita	10:46:30	5:17:24	6:30:54	5:50:56
Sloops and Yawls—Distance, 38 miles.				
Avenger	10:42:00	4:37:27	5:5527	5:02:54
Istalena	10:40:24	4:17:30	5:37:06	5:04:13
Aurora	10:41:43	4:31:10	5:49:27	5:16:18
Advaneturess	10:42:00	5:05:16	6:23:16	5:17:02
Winsome	10:40:14	4:31:53	5:51:39	5:18:46
Dorello	10:41:27	5:29:52	6:48:25	5:22:42
Vigilant	10:41:03	4:10:04	5:29:01	5:22:53
Weetamoe	10:42:00	4:45:42	6:03:42	5:26:12
Eleanora	10:42:00	5:15:56	6:33:56	5:26:34
Altair	10:41:06	5:28:42	6:47:36	5:53:24
Aspirant	10:42:00	5:19:32	6:37:32	6:37:52
Mimosa III.	10:41:06	Did not finish.		

The race to-morrow will be for the King's Cup, the trophy given by King Edward and which was won last year by Avenger. There are nine entries—four schooners and five sloops. The schooners are J. Rogers Maxwell's Queen, F. J. Brewster's Elmina, Charles Smithers's Muriel, and W. C. Clark's Irolite. The sloops comprise George W. Pynchon's Istalena, H. F. Lippitt's Winsome, Cornelius Vanderbilt's Aurora, Charles Lane Poor's Weetamoe, and A. S. Cochran's Avenger.

FLEET OFFICERS ENTERTAIN.

Several Large Parties Taken Out for the Races.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 6.—Commodore Arthur Curtiss James had the largest party out for the yacht races to-day on the Flagship Aloha. Among his guests were Rear Admiral French E. Chadwick, Rear Admiral J. H. Upshur, Commander Mark L. Bristol, Capt. William F. Fullam, Col. Walter Howe, Dr. Roderick Terry, Lispenard Stewart, Hugh D. Auchincloss, Lieut. Commander W. W. Phelps, A. Lanfear Norrie, Paul A. Andrews, Walter S. Andrews, William B. Bristow, F. P. Garrettson, Prescott Lawrence, Albert H. Olmstead, Gen. J. Frederick Pierson, George L. Rives, J. Stewart Barney, Austin Gray, Frederick M. Davies, William R. Hunter, William G. Roelker, Archibald Thatcher, Royal Phelps Carroll, William W. Sherman, Ralph N. Ellis, Charles F. Hoffman, and James D. Smith.

Among Henry Walter's guests out on the steam yacht Narada were Pembroke Jones, Davis Barnes, and George Sheldon.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Iselin sailed on the Vigilant.

Commodore E. C. Benedict had Commodore Frederick G. Bourne on the steam yacht Oneida.

Commodore J. Pierpont Morgan, on the steam yacht Corsair, had as his guests James Stillman, Edward J. Berwind, and E. Rollins Morse.

Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry had on his steam yacht Electra the Rev. Charles C. Grafton, Daniel B. Fearing, Attorney General William B. Greenough of Rhode Island, Collector of Customs Robert S. Burlingame, Henry de Sibour, United States Inspectors Edward Wilcox and Charles A. Potter, William P. Cross, J. Moss, Charles R. Haslam, G. Sheffield, Edward M. Guild, Chester W. Barrows, Henry W. Hayes, Peter G. Gerry, F. L. Ames, A. G. McVey, and Capt. J. C. Sumners.

When the races for the King's Cup start to-morrow there will be many more guests on the yachts than to-day. Mr. Walters will take out sixty guests.

Mrs. Robert Goelet gave a large dance at her villa this evening, with many of the yachtsmen of the New York Yacht Club fleet present and wearing their uniforms. About 200 cards were issued for the affair, and the arrangements were perfect. Beger's Hungarian band and Sherry's orchestra played, and a buffet supper was served.

A number of large dinners were given previous to the dance, including those of Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Warren and Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dicker.

Commodore J. Pierpont Morgan entertained a dinner company aboard the steam yacht Corsair to-night.

Others of the New York Yacht Club entertaining this evening were Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt, on the steam yacht North Star, and George F. Baker, Jr., on board the steam yacht Viking.

Commodore George J. Gould entertained a dinner company on the flagship Atalanta.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt have chartered a steam yacht for the remainder of the season.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

By the time that Melville H. Long, the Pacific Coast champion, had raced through nine sets of lawn tennis yesterday in the finals of the New York State championship tournament he was fully conversant with the difference between the asphalt courts of California and the turf of the Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge. In contesting this lawn tennis Marathon he also learned the lesson that the shooting drop stroke ball of the Eastern cracks will not rise to any height of bound upon the grass playing surface. It took Long the better part of ninety-six games, which was his amazing portion of the day's play, to realize and acknowledge this. Before he had reached this conclusion Raymond D. Little had defeated him for the place in the final round of the singles, 6—2, 6—4 and 6—1.

The other final bracket was won by Robert Le Roy, who defeated Clarence C. Pell, 6—4, 6—4 and 6—2.

The play in the doubles produced three good matches and one unfinished semi-final. In the latter Long and the Texan, Harvey M. Macquiston, finally got their bearings and were playing the two former internationalists, Earl H. Behr and Raymond D. Little, to a standstill when the setting sun over the Staten Island hills saved them from defeat, with the score at 2—6, 7—5 and 10—8, in favor of the pair from the West.

Before beginning this contest Long and Macquiston had gained their place in the fifth round by defeating their team mates from the Pacific Coast, Thomas C. Bundy and Simpson M. Sinsabaugh, 7—5, 3—6, 6—3.

W. A. Campbell and F. Otto Affeld gained the fourth round of the doubles in the lower half by defeating C. Frederick Watson, Jr., and George H. Miles of Orange, 6—3, 2—6 and 6—2. Campbell and Affeld then met Walter Merrill Hall and George M. Church, the latter winning by their fast ralying at 5—7, 6—1 and 6—1.

Morrises Win Bar Harbor Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 6.—The tennis tournament finals in mixed doubles at the Swimming Club this morning were won by Mr. and Mrs. G. Morris of New York over Mr. and Mrs. John Kersley Mitchell, 3d, of Philadelphia, 6—3, 8—6.

The Kebo Valley Club tournament in ladies' singles was started to-day with twenty-six entries. The first round:

Miss N. Emmet beat Miss Amory by default. Mrs. Paul Dinckia Mills of Philadelphia beat Miss Samuel of Philadelphia, 6—0, 6—3. Miss Ursula Brown of New York beat Miss Tolfree by default. Miss Madeline Force of New York beat Miss L. Emmet of New York, 6—4, 6—3. Miss Elizabeth Stevens of New York beat Mrs. John Kersley Mitchell of Philadelphia by default. Miss Stribling of New York beat Miss Frances Mears of Philadelphia by default. Miss Davis beat Miss Katherine Force of New York, 6—4, 6—3. Miss Rhea H. Reid of New York beat Miss J. Auchincloss of New York, 6—3, 6—4. Miss Green of New York beat Miss Violet Cushman of New York, 6—1, 6—3.

New Record for Tuxedo Links.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Harry Vinall, a well-known professional golfer and instructor of the Tuxedo Golf Club, in an exhibition match to-day broke all records for the course, doing the eighteen holes in 70, and the thirty-six holes in 141. The best previous record for the thirty-six holes was 147, made by Vinall two years ago. The amateur record is held by L. S. Kellogg, who made 72, 84—156. Vinall's card to-day was as follows:

Out ....4 3 4 4 4 5 3 4 3—34
In ....4 4 4 4 5 4 3 4 4—36—70
Out ....4 4 3 4 4 5 3 5 3—35
In ....4 4 4 4 5 4 3 4 4—36—71—141

The Eel Wins in Fast Heats.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Aug. 6.—The Grand Circuit meeting here wound up with great racing and the fastest heats of the year. The two-minute pace brought the first clash of The Eel with the free-for-all brigade. The Canadian horse was favorite and justified the opinion in which he was held. The first heat saw Hedgewood Boy trail The Eel all the way. In the stretch Hedgewood Boy got as far as The Eel's flank, but hung there until he broke, The Eel winning under a drive. Hedgewood Boy broke on the last turn in the second round, and Citation and Aileen Wilson took up the chase. It was a spectacular finish, and The Eel won by a nose from Citation, which beat Aileen Wilson a nose. The time—2:05 and 2:02¾—is the season's record, and within a quarter second of Joe Patchen's stallion record for two heats.

The 2:10 trot also proved a hard race, and the veteran Country Jay lasted just long enough to get the decision.

Ahearn's World Record Not Allowed.

Daniel Ahearn's world's record of 50 feet 6½ inches, made last Sunday in the games at Celtic Park, was disallowed by the A. A. U. Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association, which met last night at the Astor House. It was shown that Ahearn, who is a member of the Irish-American Club, competed without being officially entered, and this fact led to the committee's action notwithstanding the fact that the record was questioned owing to the use of a linen tape to measure the distance instead of a steel one as required by the A. A. U. rules. Furthermore, by competing as a post entrant, the committee ruled that Ahearn was not entitled to the first prize. Jimmy Lee, the long-distance runner, was allowed to resign in good standing from the A. A. U. Lee has turned professional, and will make his debut to-day in a professional race at Philadelphia. Nine athletes were suspended for competing as novices in more than one event of that nature.

New York Dories Beaten.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 6.—In a light east by northeast wind and a smooth sea, J. J. Blaney's dory Barbara won the second of a series of match races between the Massachusetts and Gravesend Bay Yacht Racing Associations. This is the Barbara's second successive victory. The Gravesend Bay dory, Queen, owned by F. L. Billingham, took fourth place. The Slow Poke and Masque, New York entries, failed to finish. The boats sailed nine and one-half miles.

Southern League.

New Orleans, 5; Memphis, 0.
Atlanta, 3; Birmingham, 0.
Little Rock, 10; Mobile, 2.
Montgomery-Nashville, rain.

New York State League.

Syracuse, 3; Troy, 2.
Wilkesbarre, 6; Elmira, 0.
Binghamton, 2; Scranton, 0.
Utica, 2; Albany, 1, (13 innings.)

Tri-State League.

Harrisburg, 8; Williamsport, 2.
Altoona, 7; Johnstown, 0.
Reading, 6; Lancaster, 3.
York, 3; Trenton, 0.

Connecticut League.

New Haven, 4; Springfield, 2.
Northampton, 12; Bridgeport, 5.
Hartford, 3; New Britain, 2.
Hartford, 3; New Britain, 3, (called.)
Springfield, 1; New Haven, 0.

New England League.

Lynn, 9; New Bedford 1.
Brockton, 3; Haverhill, 2.
Worcester, 5; Fall River, 1.
Lowell, 4; Lawrence, 0.

FAST CARS IN HILL CLIMB.

Autoists to Hold Carnival at Richfield Springs To-Day.

There was a large gathering of automobilists at Richfield Springs, N. Y., yesterday afternoon to take part in the first annual automobile carnival and hill climb to be held at the resort. In the afternoon there was a sociability run around the lake, and this was followed by a reception tendered by John B. Cary. Last night a benefit concert was given by college men in the Opera House.

The programme of yesterday, however, was only a curtain raiser to the hill-climbing contest, which is scheduled to take place this afternoon. A number of fast cars have been nominated for the slope-climbing event, among them a Fiat, a Mercedes, two Knoxes, two Chalmers-Detroits, a Chadwick "Six," and several Buicks. The cars will be piloted by daring professional and amateur drivers. It is announced that thirty cars have been entered for the climb.

The sociability run yesterday was a unique affair. It was a time schedule guessing contest, competitors starting out on several trips around the lake without knowing the number of hours and minutes allotted for the distance by the judges. It proved to be an interesting innovation and helped to make the visiting automobilists acquainted with each other. Prizes were awarded to the contestants driving nearest the mark set by the Technical Committee.

BRANIGAN WHIPS KENRICK.

Fast Fighting at the Fairmont A. C.—Thirty Rounds in All.

Patsy Branigan put it all over Jim Kenrick of England last night at the Fairmont Athletic Club, and at the end of the tenth round Kenrick was wabbling badly. The little Englishman showed much cleverness in the early rounds, and used his left to good advantage, but Branigan was too strong for him and gradually bore him down.

In the preliminaries Jeff Dougherty and Jimmy Perry boxed a draw. Young O'Leary failed to put in an appearance for his bout with Harry Meyers, and Billy Moran and Joe Hyland were substituted. There was little to choose between them at the end of the contest.

New York Shooters Win in Maine.

RANGELEY, Me., Aug. 6.—R. L. Spotts of New York, an amateur, was general "high gun" in the shooting of the closing day of the Hillside Gun Club's annual tournament with a consecutive run of 39 breaks, and best scores in two other events. John Fanning of New York won the professional division of a 500-shot match, with 467 breaks. George Darton of New York was second, having 456. Among the amateurs in the match Spotts scored 453 and W. G. Hinds of Portland 448.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Capt. Fox Connor, General Staff, is detailed to attend the camp of instruction of militia medical officers at Antietam, Md.

First Lieut. D. Van Voorhis, Third Cavalry, to Washington and to report to the Chief of Staff for temporary duty.

Capt. C. Doster, Quartermaster, will assume charge of the construction work at Fort Logan.

Major W. C. Wren, Twelfth Infantry, to home and await orders.

Capt. A. A. Maybach, Coast Artillery, recently promoted, is placed on the unassigned list.

Capt. A. C. Knowles, Signal Corps, to Brant Rock, Lynn, and Pittsfield, Mass., to inspect material.

The Navy.

Commissioned.—Captains—A. G. Winterhalter, A. F. Fechteler, R. B. Sullivan; Commanders—W. W. Gilmer, G. F. Cooper, W. H. G. Bullard, P. Andrews, H. K. Hines, R. E. Coontz, W. A. Edgar, B. C. Decker, J. S. McKean; Lieutenant Commanders—A. J. Hepburn, T. C. Hart, R. I. Curtin, H. C. Mustin, N. L. Jones; Medical Inspector—L. W. Curtis; Paymasters—H. R. Insley, T. J. Arms, D. V. Chadwick, M. R. Goldsborough.

Lieuts. J. S. Graham, W. D. Puleston, W. Bertholf, W. T. Conn, Jr., J. W. Greenslade, F. L. Pinney, F. W. Sterling, C. T. Wade, J. P. Lannon, and E. E. Scranton to the Naval Academy. Lieut. Commander N. L. Jones to the Colorado. Lieut. W. McDowell to the Colorado as ordnance officer. Lieut. J. C. Townsend to duty in connection with submarine boat Narwhal. Lieut. P. P. Bassett to the Tarpon.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Maine at Portsmouth; Brutus at Lambert Point; Olympia, Chicago, Hartford, and Tonopah at Portsmouth; Worden, Blakely, Shubrick, MacDonough, Thornton, Tingey, Wilkes, Stockton, Biddle, Du Pont, Porter, and Patuxent at Newport; Monterey at Olongapo; Dixie at Newport.

Sailed—Olympia, Chicago, Hartford, and Tonopah from Gloucester for Portsmouth; Manley from New York for Annapolis; Nanshan from Chinwangtao for Cheefoo; Supply from Bremerton for San Francisco; Galveston from Yokohama for Chefoo.

TAGGART'S MAN BEATEN.

C. B. Clarke Loses Nomination for Mayor in Indianapolis Primary.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 6.—The counting of the ballots cast yesterday in the primary election for municipal officers showed to-day that Charles B. Clarke, who had the open indorsement and active support of Thomas Taggart, former Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, was defeated for the Democratic nomination for Mayor by Charles A. Gauss, who has not been a prominent factor in politics. Gauss's majority is 2,384. This result caused some surprise.

Samuel Lewis Shank, an auctioneer and storage house keeper, was nominated for Mayor by the Republicans by a majority of 6,038. His opponent, William N. Harding, was the candidate approved by the party workers in control of the organization.

Mrs. Spencer and Miss Fullam Win.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 6.—The final match of the woman's tennis handicap doubles was played at the Newport Casino to-day on the dirt courts, as the rain of the night had put all the lawn courts out of commission.

Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., and Miss Marianna Fullam won the handsome cups from Miss Blanche Oelrichs and Miss Ruth Twombly by the score of 4—6, 6—0, 6—1.

New York Veteran Cricketers Win.

Schenectady's cricketers met with a reverse yesterday in the second game of their tour. They were opposed to the eleven of the New York Veterans at Williamsbridge and suffered defeat by a margin of 37 runs.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

HOPKINS-JORDAN COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Hopkins-Jordan Company, contractors for steam heating, &c., 148 West Twenty-fourth Street, by these creditors: Lobel-Andrews Company, $459; Eugene Kulinski, $78, on an assigned claim of the Lobel-Andrews Company, and Frank Claudat & Son, $306. Judge Hough appointed Walter B. Allen receiver, with a bond of $500. It was stated that the assets are about $1,500.

ABRAHAM DIAMOND.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham Diamond, manufacturer of shirts at 27 Walker Street, by these creditors: W. Karon & Co., $415; Benjamin Singer, $65, and the H. B. Claflin Company, $30. Judge Hough appointed William F. Allen receiver, with a bond of $1,000. Liabilities are $3,500 and assets $1,500.

HARRY NADLER.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Harry Nadler, manufacturer of teddy bears and other stuffed animals, 167 Wooster Street, show liabilities of $16,463, of which $8,166 is contingent on unexpired lease, and assets of $5,250.

T. A. McINTYRE & CO.—Judge Hough of the United States District Court has confirmed the report of Peter B. Olney, Special Master in the case of T. A. McIntyre & Co., stock brokers, of 71 Broadway, regarding the claims of twenty-nine claimants to the surplus cash and securities formerly in the possession of the National Bank of Commerce, Corn Exchange Bank, Consolidated National Bank, East River National Bank, and Metropolitan Trust Company. The securities were pledged by T. A. McIntyre & Co. to the banks as collateral for loans, and most of the securities have been sold by the banks. On May 6, 1908, the National Bank of Commerce had a balance of $32,177 to the credit of the firm, and also some securities.

NAHOUM HATEM.—A meeting of creditors of Nahoum Hatem, wholesale dealer in dry goods and notions at 98 Greenwich Street, was held yesterday at 299 Broadway. A statement was rendered showing liabilities of $103,000. The assets are $23,000. An offer of settlement at 25 cents on the dollar was made. This was favorably received by most of the merchandise creditors, who appointed a committee to confer with the banks to see if the latter would accept it. Mr. Stern announced that the same offer of 25 cents on the dollar would be made in the cases of Michael, Korkemas & Co. of 34 West Street, and Elias & M. Abousleman of 74 Greenwich Street, as they are all connected in the exchange of notes. Mr. Stern said that in the six Syrian failures ten banks hold about $400,000 of these exchanged notes, and one bank has $150,000 of them.

JOSEPH SHEHAB & CO.—A meeting of creditors of Joseph Shehab & Co., manufacturers of kimonos at 54 Washington Street, with a retail store on Broadway, near Thirty-eighth Street, was held yesterday at the office of Epstein Brothers, 320 Broadway. Jesse Epstein stated that the liabilities are $43,112 and the assets $22,920. Mr. Epstein made an offer of settlement at 25 cents on the dollar.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Lawrence Machine Company of Lawrence, Mass.

BUFFALO, Aug. 6.—John Cannellos, a confectioner of Geneva, N. Y., to-day filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court. His liabilities are placed at $9,098.18, with unsecured claims of $5,136.92, and assets of $428.73.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 184 failures in the United States during the week, against 223 for the previous week and 205, 157, 137, and 166 for the corresponding weeks of 1908 to 1905. The Middle States had 54, New England 21, Southern 47, Western 43, Northwestern 4, Far West 14, and Territories 1. Canada had 27, against 34 for the preceding week. About 87 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 9 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Block, Wesley S., et al.—W. H. Kirtland, $246.
Berezin, Israel—B. Reich et al., $139.
Bodenstein, Frank—D. J. Loewenthal, $220.
Eisenberg, Harry, et al.—Phenix Cheese Co., $129.
Egan, Patrick J.—G. Durham, $321.
Engeman, William A., et al.—C. R. Fleischman, $806.
Hagen, Henry—T. F. Mulligan, $115.
Heymann, Edw. B.—Mansfield Machine Co., $1,267.
Kossman, Rose—Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co., $439.
Kranz, Lena, (not summoned,) et al.—A. L. Feldman, $197.
Leshitzky, Liedman, et al.—Phenix Cheese Co., $129.
Levy, Abraham, et al.—L. Goldberg, $222.
Laffin, Elizabeth, or Roberts—C. Fruchthauder et al., $366.
Lockitt, F. Poynton, Jr.—Am. Cartoon, $108.
Leiser, Adolph—A. J. Appell, $181.
Lempert, Moses—Hydraulic Press Mfg. Co., $213.
Little, Arthur W.—F. Corbin, $129.
Lankind, Morris, et al.—B. Reich et al., $139.
Moshier, Anthony J.—F. C. Cornish, $180.
Milano, Maria, or Angela M. and Giuseppe—M. A. Granieri, $122.
Marcus, Athol—H. Hartman et al., $192.
Miggins, Abram, or Abraham—M. Fischer, $509.
Murphy, George F.—M. Moskowitz, $1,580.
McAneney, Jane—C. Greenwood, $259.
Roberts, Elizabeth, of Laffin—C. Fruchthauder et al., $366
Riccardi, Luigi—C. Penceroli, $159.
Rowan, Patrick, (not summoned,) and Michael—C. H. Young et al., $321.
Reston, John—H. H. Graff, $209.
Roth, Henry—W. C. Fredenburg et al., $105.
Rich, Maurice B., et al.—A. L. Feldman, $197.
Schnepp, Nickolaus—C. Greenwood, $386.
Stenson, Annie, administratrix—J. H. Flick Construction Co., costs, $108.
Tierney, Sarah—A. Marks, $125.
Thompson, Percy—Continental Finance Co., $1,083.
Wingenfeld, Joseph W.—A. Halliday & Co., $103.
Wohlrab, Anna M., and Richard—C. Schirner, $404.
Walker, John C.—M. C. Demorest, $1,011.
Weisberger, Adolf—J. H. Bernheim, $5,774.
Wohl, Joseph, et al.—B. Reich et al., $139.
Brighton Beach Racing Association et al.—C. R. Fleischman, $806.
Derby Desk Co.—H. S. Jones, $119.
Amelie Ritz Mfg Co.—L. Stettiner et al., $257.
I. Schwartz & Co.—English Lumber Co., incorporated, $664.
Forty-Ninth Street and Madison Avenue Co.—Knickerbocker Trust Co., $9,513.
Sherman & Co.—S. A. Pope, $5,627.
N. Y. Safety Steam Power Co.—Crocker Wheeler Co., $1,092.
Chapter General Knights of St. John and Malta—J. J. Kinkaid, $400.
Same—Same, $401.
Roberts Chemical Co. et al.—W. H. Kirtland, $246.
I. Danziger Construction Co. et al.—United States Gas Fixtures Co., $139.
Art Embossing Co. et al.—Mansfield Machine Co., costs, $114.
Same—Maryland Fidelity Deposit Co. of Maryland, costs, $107.
Sherman & Co.—J. G. Schanck et al., $1,711.
Alaska Schnettaham Gold Mining Co.—P. J. Shields, $1,002.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Ball, Charles E., et al.—E. McDonald, March 25, 1909, $1,809.
Whicher, L. E., et al.—E. McDonald, March 25, 1909, $1,809.
Chinn, L. L., et al.—E. McDonald, March 25, 1909, $1,809.
Helme, George A., et al.—E. McDonald, March 25, 1909, $1,809.
Wren, Oliver, et al.—E. McDonald, March 25, 1909, $1,809.
Hekeman, Elizabeth—A. M. Stein & Co., June 7, 1909, $355.
Montgomery, George L.—L. Schlessinger, April 12, 1905, $6,532.
Mayer, David—M. Mayer, June 17, 1909, $108.
Newcombe, Isaac B.—S. Browne, March 9, 1906, $1,496.
Same—Same, March 9, 1906, $1,591.
Uncas Co.—J. E. Nichols et al., March 2, 1909, $580.
Weiss, Louis, et al.—D. Galewski, July 30, 1909, $114.
Weinstein, Louis, et al.—D. Galewski, July 30, 1909, $114.
Shufro, Joseph, et al.—D. Galewski, July 30, 1909, $114.
Schreiber, Isaac, et al.—D. Galewski, July 30, 1909, $114.
Fine, Samuel L., et al.—D. Galewski, July 30, 1909, $114.
Markel, Louis, et al.—D. Galewski, July 30, 1909, $114.
Weiss, Louis, et al.—L. Markel, July 30, 1909, $111.
Weinstein, Louis, et al.—L. Markel, July 30, 1909, $111.
Shufro, Joseph, et al.—L. Markel, July 30, 1909, $111.
Schreiber, Isaac, et al.—L. Markel, July 30, 1909, $111.
Fine, Samuel L., et al.—L. Markel, July 30, 1909, $111.
Walcoff, Philip—S. Grossman, July 3, 1909, $717.
Sax, William, et al—Middletown Realty Co., Jan. 28, 1907, (canceled,) $1,698.
Sussman, Samuel, et al.—Same, Jan. 28, 1907, $1,698.
Halpin, Harry, et al.—Middletown Realty Co., Jan. 28, 1907, (canceled,) $1,698.
Same—J. A. Philbrick et al., March 2, 1907, (canceled,) $4,337.
Sax, William, et al.—J. A. Philbrick et al., March 2, 1907, (canceled,) $4,337.
Sussman, Samuel, et al.—J. A. Philbrick, March 2, 1907, (canceled,) $4,337.
Harris, Davis, et al.—L. Reichenbach et al., June 5, 1908, (vacated,) $511.
Jabaly, Michael—L. Reichenbach et al., June 5, 1908, (vacated,) $511

John Morton in Search of a Wife

In The Sunday Times To-morrow

The second installment of "John Morton's Problem" will be published, and its readers are invited to send in their advice to the perplexed young man. Helping John Morton to see his way clear should offer plenty of opportunities for ingenious readers to exercise their wits and have a good deal of fun at the same time.

THE SITUATION IN SPAIN
will be explained and analyzed by Stephen Bonsal.

WHAT THE TARIFF BILL COST
in dollars and cents, and why it cost so much.

OPEN AIR THEATRES IN GERMANY.
Their growth described by Percival Pollard.

THE NEXT EAST RIVER BRIDGE.
A full-page drawing by Vernon Howe Bailey.

"HELP WANTED—FEMALE."
A woman's experience in answering alluring advertisements.

TAFT'S GOLF CABINET.
The new White House set which has succeeded the Roosevelt "Tennis Cabinet."

BIG NATIONAL EXTRAVAGANCES
that are little known—described by E. J. Edwards.

OTHER FEATURES:
A lively letter from the "Japanese Schoolboy," another of Dr. Eliot's "Best Books" in condensed form, a bright page by Hy. Mayer, and many more.

THE PICTORIAL SECTION
will contain a page of photographs of England's great naval demonstration in the Thames; a charming picture of child and animal life entitled "Soft Persuasion"; a series on the recent Horse Show at Long Branch; photographs of the "younger set" at Washington; the training of horses for the New York mounted police; the water carnival at Deal, N. J.; a panorama of the White Mountains; well-known people at the Rockaway Hunt; a group of the New York yachts now on their Summer cruise; the great target shooting tournament at Camp Perry, Ohio, and a number of equally interesting and timely pictures.

COURT CALENDAR.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Brady, J.—Ex parte business.
CITY COURT—Special Term and Chambers—Lynch, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—McDonnell vs. Winthrop Realty Co.—Henry A. Brann. Bohland vs. Schnee—Edwin W. Sohner.
CITY COURT—Lynch, J.—Eure vs. Dan—John F. O'Ryan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Margaret Jaeger vs. Abraham Drimmer—Jacob Katz. Northern Bank vs. Adelaide Bureando—William H. Delany.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Lurie, A., Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. Lurie, general merchandise; M. Lurie, dress goods; Miss M. Valcena, cloaks and suits; 491 Broadway; Prince George Hotel.
Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; N. S. Fechtenboch, manufacturing department; 15 Mercer Street.
Punton & White Company, Duluth, Minn.; E. H. Bloedell, cloaks, suits, and waists; J. E. Millard, jewelry; A. McDonald, furnishing goods; 31 Union Square.
Kennedy Brothers, Tacoma, Wash.; Mrs. B. H. Graham, muslin underwear, corsets, and ladies' and infants' wear; 821 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.
McCabe, L. S., & Co., Rock Island, Ill.; W. P. Apperman, housefurnishing goods; Hotel Cumberland.
Emporium, San Francisco, Cal.; C. F. Wiley, ribbons and veilings; 108 Worth Street.
Taft & Pennoyer, Oakland, Cal.; F. A. Bush, notions; 31 Union Square.
Atkinson, E. E., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; W. F. Short, cloaks and millinery; Hotel St. Andrew.
Fusenot, A., Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; R. E. Barry, silks and dress goods; M. A. Millbach, laces and dress goods; 487 Broadway.
Epstein, J., Baltimore, Md.; R. K. West, dress goods; Hotel Broztell.
Bennett Company, Omaha, Neb.; C. A. Hand, millinery; 41 Union Square.
Central Store Company, Youngstown, Ohio; W. H. Toulmin, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Grand.
Williams-Smith Dry Goods Company, Pueblo, Col.; Miss E. Spicer, millinery; Hotel Broztell.
Crowley, Milner Company, Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Hansman, ladies' hosiery, men's furnishing goods and underwear; 684 Broadway.
Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; J. L. Flanagan, domestics; 214 Church Street; Prince George Hotel.
Smith, G. Y., Fort Smith, Ark.; dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Cincinnati Cloak and Suit Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; H. Livingstone, cloaks and suits; Hotel Woodward.
Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.; L. Loeb, millinery, laces, and trimmings; 31 Union Square; Hotel Flanders.
Root & McBride Company, Cleveland, Ohio; W. P. Jackson, white goods; 72 Leonard Street; The Breslin.
Nachman & Meertief, Montgomery, Ala.; M. R. Nachman, dry goods; 31 Union Square; Hoffman House.
Beirle, G. J., Chicago, Ill.; millinery; The Hermitage.
Reeves, J. S., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; C. V. Phelps, dress goods and silks; 258 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; C. Dillemuth, dress and wash goods; 683 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Reis-Jones Dry Goods Company, Beaumont, Texas; A. H. Reis, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Fellman, Leon, New Orleans, La.; S. Keller, cloaks and suits; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Hodges Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. Larrabee, notions; Hotel Grand.
Porter, J. J., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. J. Porter, millinery; Hotel Grand.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss M. L. Sneeon, ladies' wear; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.
Vanzandt, Jacobs & Co., Troy, N. Y.; C. E. Vanzandt, 636 Broadway; The Breslin.
Barney, H. S., Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; J. C. Horbeck, notions and laces; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.
Stone, M. M., Perry, Okla.; J. E. Stone, department store; Broadway Central Hotel.
Daniels & Fisher Stores Company, Denver, Col.; H. C. Marshall, department store; King Edward Hotel.
Kris & Pass Company, Duluth, Minn.; Nathan Kris, cloaks, suits, and millinery; King Edward Hotel.
Akers, Joseph B., Lorraine, Ohio; Joseph B. Akers, clothing; Broadway Central Hotel.
Naumann, H. J., Bastiet, Texas; dry goods; care of C. B. Rouss.
The James Black Dry Goods Company, Waterloo, Iowa; W. J. Stevenson, cloaks and suits; James M. Graham, dry goods; Hotel Woodstock.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; H. Shepherd, dry goods; 684 Broadway.
New England Furniture and Carpet Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; J. H. Daunt, rugs; The Breslin.
Maugham, W., Pueblo, Col.; ladies' outfitters; Herald Square Hotel.
Milam & Doolen, Childress, Texas; W. T. Milam, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Lewis, Henry, & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Henry Lewis, handkerchiefs, &c.; Hotel Marlborough.
Bogart, Mattie, Cincinnati, Ohio; laces; Hotel Marlborough.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. Rubin, department store; 684 Broadway.
The Golden Rule Company, St. Paul, Minn.; L. F. Orinstein, department store; Hotel Navarre.
Murray, C. U., Marceline, Mo.; dry goods; Hotel Churchill.
Mandelbaum, J., & Sons, Des Moines, Iowa; H. D. Drake, department store; Hotel Woodward.
Schunneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; A. M. Fross, department store; Hotel Woodstock.
Barnett, M. D., Denver, Col.; men's furnishings; 44 East Fourteenth Street.
Manheimer Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; William Kelly, dry goods; Prince George Hotel.
Johnson, G. W., Hugo, Okla.; dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Roberts, A. L., Mannie, La.; dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Miller-Mitcher Company, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Marks Miller, notions and fancy goods; Hotel York.
Beck, Steve C., St. Paul, Minn.; clothiers; Herald Square Hotel.
Kellog, Drake & Co., Galesburg, Ill.; J. C. Hart, dry goods; King Edward Hotel.
McBride, W. M., Greenville, Texas; dry goods; Hotel Earlington.

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ALBUMS.
Wm. E. Leuchtenberg, 32 Union Square.
AUTOMOBILE COATS.
L. Felsenheld, 20 E. 17. (also Raincoats.)
Huchberger, 684 B'way, (also clothing spec.)
Oceanus Manufacturing Co., 18 W. 18th St.
BRAIDS.
Gibson & Ballow Co., 321 & 323 W. 13th St.
Novelty Braid Mills, 25 East 20th St.
CLOAKS AND SUITS.
W. Bloom & Son, 123-125 Bleecker St.
CORSETS.
American Lady Corset Co., 44 East 14th St.
C|B a la Spirite Corsets, 45 East 17th St.
La Reine Corsets, Birdsey-Somers Co., 3 W. 19th.
Princess Corset Co., 406 Broadway.
COSTUMES AND DRESSES.
David Harris, 122 Fifth Avenue.
I. D. Levy & Bro., 56 W. 22d St., nr. 6th Av.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
CUSTOMS BROKERS AND FORWARDERS.
Chas. Friedenberg, 17-19 State St. Est. 1890.
DRESS TRIMMINGS AND ROBES.
Royal Embroidery Works, 79 Fifth Av.
EMBROIDERIES.
Stein, Doblin & Co., 583-5-7 Broadway.
Zahner & Schiess Co., 515-17 Broadway.
FLANNELETTE GOWNS, PETTICOATS, &c.
M. & G. Sperling, 336 Canal, (also Aprons.)
FURS.
A. Arnstam & Co., 97 Fifth Av., cor. 17th.
Kahn & Baskin, 25 Union Sq. W., bet. 15th & 16.
HOSIERY.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
Buster Brown's Hosiery Mill, 369 B'way.
HUMAN HAIR GOODS.
E. Bloom, 237 6th Av., (Importer & M'f'r.)
JEWELRY.
S. F. Myers Co., 47-49 Maiden Lane.
Jewelry Boxes and Window Novelties.
Wolfsheim & Sachs, 85 Maiden Lane.
KIMONOS AND NEGLIGEES.
Samuel Franklin & Co., 56 East 11th St.
LADIES' SWEATERS AND AUTO COATS.
The "Luxe" Fashion Knit Works, 13 W. 17.
LEATHER Novelties, Trav. Bags, Belts, &c.
John Davenport & Co., 760 Broadway.
Deitsch Bros., 14 East 17th St.
Grossman Leather Co., Inc., 78 Fifth Avs.
Samstag & Hilder Bros., 557-59 Broadway.
LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 133 Fifth Av.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Bachrach Co., 15 West 24th St.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Charles W. Lyford & Son, 141 Fifth Avenue.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
Hano Cravats, 1161 B'way, at 27th St.
C. Stern & Mayer, 44 E. 14th St., Union Sq. S.
NECKWEAR AND BELTS—Women's.
Amer. Renaissance Novelty Co., 78 Grand St.
Boehm & Levine, 561 B'way, (also Ruchings.)
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.
Mayer & Crowley, 5 East 17th St.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.
Klein Bros., 441 B'way. (Best Values.)
Oceanus Manufacturing Co., 18 W. 18th St.
RIBBONS.
Manhattan Ribbon Co., 96-98 Prince St.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
The Julius King Optical Co., 12 Maiden Lane.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
STATIONERY.
A. L. Salomon & Co., 345-347 B'way.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.
Yale Suspender Co., 452 Broadway.
VEILINGS AND NETS.
The Ideal Veiling Co., 620 Broadway.

Shipping and Mails

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:01|Sun sets..7:10|Moon rises..10:31

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:00	12:10	5:50	6:21
Governors Island	12:10	12:27	6:22	[illegible]
Hell Gate	1:50	2:17	7:54	[illegible]

Arrived—Friday, Aug. 6.

SS Merida, Havana, Aug. 3.
SS Ramsdal, Baracoa, Aug. 1.
SS Campania, Liverpool, July 31.
SS Camaguey, Cienfuegos, July 30.
SS Taff, Tanamo, Aug. 5.
SS Parran, Port Spain, July 14.
SS City of Macon, Savannah, Aug. 3.
SS El Sud, Galveston, July 31.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, Aug. 5.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Aug. 5.
SS Taormina, Philadelphia, Aug. 5.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
K. A. Victoria, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Rosalind, Newfoundland	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, Curacoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, Mayaguez	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sarnia, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Cr. of Grenada, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Thames, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Minnewaska, London	———	10:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	———	11:00 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	———	10:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Perugia, Naples	———	1:00 P.M.
Denver, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Algonquin, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
C. of Macon, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Saramacca, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Ripley, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Quentin, Montevideo	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
C. of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
St. Paul	Southampton	July 31
La Touraine	Havre	July 31
Duca degli Abruzzi	Naples	July 29
Hamburg	Naples	July 26
St. Andrew	Antwerp	July 25
Prins Willem V	Haiti	Aug. [illegible]
El Mar	Galveston	Aug. 1
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Aug. 4
Princess Anne	Norfolk	Aug. 6
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Lapland	Antwerp	July 31
Baltic	Queenstown	Aug. 1
San Giorgio	Naples	July 25
Seguranca	Santiago	July [illegible]
Colorado	Tampa	Aug. 3
Iroquois	Jacksonville	Aug. 5
City of Columbus	Savannah	Aug. 5
Monroe	Norfolk	Aug. 7
DUE MONDAY.		
Ryndam	Rotterdam	July 31
Minnehaha	London	July 31
Madonna	Naples	July 24
Furnessia	Glasgow	July 31
Shimosa	Algiers	July 23
Caracas	Curacoa	Aug. 1
Suriname	Paramaribo	July 31
Ponce	Porto Rico	Aug. 4
S. V. Luckenbach	San Juan	Aug. 4
El Monte	Galveston	Aug. 3
Comus	New Orleans	Aug. 4

Reported by Wireless.

SS Duca degli Abruzzi, incoming from Naples, was reported by Marconi wireless 780 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday noon.

SS Hamburg, incoming from Naples, was reported by Marconi wireless 368 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11:30 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, this noon.

SS Furnessia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported by Marconi wireless 1,160 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, Monday forenoon.

SS San Giorgio, incoming from Naples, was reported by Marconi wireless 360 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:40 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS St. Paul, incoming from Southampton, was reported by Marconi wireless 670 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-night or early Sunday morning.

SS Baltic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 755 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday morning.

SS Caronia, outgoing, was reported by Marconi wireless 204 miles west of Fastnet at 2 P. M. yesterday. Due at Queenstown at 4 A. M. to-day.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Grosser Kurfuerst, at Plymouth, Aug. 6.
SS Cuthbert, at Liverpool, Aug. 5.
SS Prins Willem IV., at Amsterdam, Aug. 5.
SS Russia, at Copenhagen, Aug. 3.

Sailed.

SS Cincinnati, from Southampton, Aug. 6.
SS Kasama, from Colombo, Aug. 5.
SS Martello, from Hull, Aug. 5.
SS Tintoretto, from Barbados, Aug. 5.
SS Brika, from Huelva, Aug. 3.
SS Indrani, from Gibraltar, Aug. 4.
SS Falls of Nith, from Shields, Aug. 5.

Passed.

SS Galileo, New York for Hull, passed Portland Bill.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.		Mails Close in New York.
Australia, (except West,) New Zealand, Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Marama	Aug. 8	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco) — Nippon Maru	Aug. 12	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—Tango Maru	Aug. 12	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (specially addressed only,) Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—Siberia	Aug. 19	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) (via Seattle)—Oceano	Aug. 19	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria)—Empress of India	Aug. 20	6:30 P.M.
New Zealand, Australia, (except West,) Samoan Islands and New Caledonia, (via San Francisco)—Yeddo	Aug. 22	6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Sept. 1	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—A disturbance central near the Mississippi Delta is causing showery weather in the Gulf and South Atlantic States, but thus far without high winds.

Somewhat higher temperature is reported from the East and the Lake region and considerably cooler weather prevails in the Northwest.

Temperatures above 100 degrees were recorded Friday afternoon in Western Kansas and Oklahoma.

Cooler weather will overspread the plains States and the Upper Mississippi Valley Saturday and Sunday; in the East temperature changes will be slight.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate variable winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Winds along the Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate variable.

Eastern New York, New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature; light to moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1908.	1909.		1908.	1909.
3 A. M.	72	64	4 P. M.	73	72
6 A. M.	73	66	6 P. M.	73	73
9 A. M.	77	67	9 P. M.	75	70
12 M.	79	72	12 P. M.	74	68

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 70; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 71. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 64 degrees at 3 A. M.

Humidity, 78 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 77 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The "Open Sesame" to the good cars which make automobiling a joy forever—the Automobile Exchange in next Sunday's Times. Consult it, the car you want is listed there.—Adv.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CLOAK MODELS; MUST BE 36 BUST, 41 SKIRT; STYLISH WOMAN WITHOUT EXPERIENCE WILL ANSWER. APPLY IMMEDIATELY, HOLLSTEIN, YOUNG & CO., 7 E. 17TH ST.

FORELADY wanted with knowledge of passe partout work to take charge of small department. Apply 338 East 59th St.

MODELS.—36-38; stylish, experienced, $25; inexperienced, $15; instructions given. Agent, Bristal, 38 East 21st St.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED in the office of a large manufacturing concern; must have commercial experience, good education, and come well recommended. Address, giving full particulars, Driffield, P. O. Box 645, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER.—Woolen house requires the service of a young lady stenographer and bookkeeper; one who can take complete charge of books preferred; state age and salary. Box P 134 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, $6 per week to commence; state experience and references. M. A., Box E 91 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Positions for competent female stenographers at good salaries. Apply at once to the Remington Typewriter Company, 325 Broadway. No charge for the service.

WANTED—Janitress with good reference; must speak English. Dr. H. Pessen, 256 East Broadway.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

HELP WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT WANTED—Certified public accountants or English or Scottish chartered accountants only need apply. State fully experience, salary, and reference, to Patterson, Teele & Dennis, 30 Broad St., New York.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Wanted, for the position of Advertising Manager of a metropolitan publication, a thoroughly equipped man of experience and energy; if possible, one whose name is known in advertising circles; the man wanted must be worth at least $7,500 a year. Address S, Box 50 Times, Times Square.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for high-class publication; salary and commission; good opportunity for the right man; state experience. B. G., Box E 92 Times, Times Square.

AN OPPORTUNITY is offered an elderly gentleman of good reputation, (Christian Scientist preferred,) and who can also furnish very best reference, to represent a prominent New York financial house. Address, with full particulars, Credentials, Box 171 Times.

FOREMAN.—To take charge of plant manufacturing children's dresses; must be capable of handling help, and have some knowledge of designing; interest in business will be given to right party. L 133 Times Downtown.

INTELLIGENT MAN.—A young manufacturing concern wants an intelligent, middle-aged man of good address and business ability, possessing initiative; familiar with general office work; accurate and systematic in accounts and determining costs; capable of selling, (if desired,) and acquainted with follow-up methods. Address, stating references, experience and compensation expected, Chemicals, Box E 79 Times, Times Square.

MILLINERY SALESMAN.—Handle line ladies' fur skin hats; city, Eastern, Western territory. Apply Monday, Ungar, Greenwald & Miller, 7 Great Jones St.

SALESMAN.—Traveling salesman calling on groceries, dry goods, fancy, hardware, household furnishing stores, &c.; good commission; new article; a great seller; man must be responsible. Write to Ad. Danner Co., Yonkers, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, experienced salesmen for kimonos, commission basis; good references or bond required. Kassab & Co., 81-85 Washington St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in the shirt line, for city and vicinity; only those acquainted with the trade need apply. Call 4 P. M., Abrams & Marcus, 43 Walker St.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Young man about 23 years of age; must be competent and accurate; references required. Bankers, C 164 Times Downtown.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

AGENTS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS wanted to sell our riders' policies, issued to both men and women, covering accidents, sickness, and death, and all occupations, giving $3,000 death and $15 weekly benefits, costing but $5 per annum; something entirely new; extra large commission given. Call or address National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, New York. Established 24 years.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—First-class double entry bookkeeper; six years' experience; very accurate; trial balance; highest reference. G 27 Times, Times Square.

COMPANION-SECRETARY.—Refined, highly educated lady seeks position of trust in wealthy family as companion-secretary; would conduct household; visiting or resident; New York City or vicinity; references. E 105 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—In private family; Scotch. Address Mrs. Haines, 119 East 24th St., New York.

EXPERIENCED law stenographer wishes permanent position; best reference. E 70 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. Telephone 4786—Columbus.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—German girl, lately landed, speaking French, Spanish, little English, as lady's maid or companion. Hamburg, 251 West 24th St.

LADY, experienced, would open houses and refurnish for Fall occupancy; New York City or vicinity; resident or visiting; references. E 107 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—A professional nurse, English graduate, Swiss nationality, speaking English and French; would take position as companion or with children; traveling preferred; personal references. E. A. L., P. O. Norwich, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, accurate, wide-awake; good penman; six months' experience; anxious secure position reliable firm; references; $6-$8. Ambitious, 149 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; neat, accurate, rapid, competent to fill difficult position; $15. Qualified, 148 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience; well trained, educated; good foundation for expert. Helen Seymour, General Delivery.

STENOGRAPHER.—Broad experience; very quick, accurate worker; good education; best references. Recharche, P. O. Box 1,045.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper and stenographer; best references. Miss A. Johnson, 1,729 44th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER seeks occupation part time; paying copy now running. C. H. Williams, 253 Broadway.

ATTORNEY, commercial experience, desires suitable position, commercial house. Attorney, Box I 129 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and auditor, expert, receiving $30 per week, will work five hours per day for $18. E. Bruce, 1,200 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant opens, closes, systematizes books; moderate rate. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOY, 14, desires position as office or errand boy. M. Epstein, 72 Atlantic St., J. C., N. J.

CHAUFFEUR or COACHMAN.—Single; seven years' with last employer, who can be referred to. J. D., 47 East 62d St.

WHERE THE LOST IS FOUND.

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LOST—Left on a Putnam Av. car bound for New York, about 11 or 11:30 A. M., Aug. 6, an alligator-skin handbag, containing valuable papers, eyeglasses, about $14.18; identification case from the Fidelity and Casualty Co.; the party who found the bag can keep the money, but return the bag and other contents, which are valuable only to the loser, no questions asked. Mrs. E. B. Kemp, 53 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Thursday, at West End, N. J., black pocketbook containing large sum of money, railroad tickets, and owner's cards; liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Postmaster, West End, N. J.

LOST—Woman's gold watch monogram "L. H. N." on front of case, between 12th St. and 2d Av. and Broadway and 10th St.; liberal reward if returned to L. H. Noah, 229 East 12th St.

LOST—Near Maiden Lane, diamond ring in box of Benedict Bros., wrapped in blue paper, with name Bruel; reward. N. H. Bruel, 26 Liberty St., city, Room 906.

LOST—Friday noon, vicinity Times Square; Hudson Trust Bankbook No. 243, and $25; $15 for return to E 106 Times, Times Square.

LOST.—Watch fob; carved ivory; suitable reward for return to E. H. Cooke, 627 West 43d.

LOST—Bank Book No. 2?8,0?8, Harlem Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—Aug. 3, card case containing checks; payment stopped; reward. Jordan, 3,577 Broadway.

LOST—Plain gold bracelet, 3 diamonds, Saturday; reward. Return A. H., 271 Broadway, room 35.

LOST—A gold pencil marked "G. M. M."; reasonable reward. Room 34, 96 5th Av.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

FOUND, Aug. 6—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: 7 umbrellas, 2 overcoats, 2 pairs rubbers, lady's suit case, lady's coat, handbag, package, cape, wallet, commutation ticket.

FOUND, Aug. 6—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Cape, gloves, umbrella.

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FOUND, Aug. 6—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, (Record Room,) 300 Mulberry St.:
Dark bay horse, set harness on.
Large gray horse, 16 hands.
White and red cow.
Gray horse, 16 hands, and shed wagon, green body, red gear, marked "5882 E."
Suit case and handbag containing wearing apparel.
Irish setter dog.
Dachshund bitch, black and tan color, white breast, 4 white feet.
Great Dane brindle bitch, license No. 2,482.

FOUND, Aug. 6—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Umbrella, suit, package.

FOUND, Aug. 6—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: 8 umbrellas, bottle of bromo headache powders, small basket containing box writing paper and napkins.

FOUND, Aug. 6—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: 7 packages, 3 umbrellas, coat.

FOUND, Aug. 6—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Soap dish, shawl, kimono, 3 nightshirts, military brush and comb, handbag, pajama coat, lady's hat, lady's collar, 6 umbrellas, pair shoes, fan, 2 packages. JERSEY CITY STATION—Pair eyeglasses, lady's coat.

FOUND, Aug. 5—THE NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA, Fall River Line—Box cigars, tooth powder, lodge button, waist and gloves, crash coat, beach shirt, pajamas, baby's dress, purse, bracelet, stickpin, umbrella, nightshirt, toothbrush, 2 watches and chains, lady's hat and handkerchief. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Providence Line—Handkerchief, scarf pin, peroxide of hydrogen. S. S. LOWELL, Norwich Line—Shoes, straw hat, eyeglasses and cleaner.

FOUND, Aug. 5—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—3 umbrellas, valise, purse, blue print, box underwear, package papers, coat, shawl, spoon and saucer. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—3 umbrellas, pocketbook, handbag, catalogue, newspapers, 2 pairs gloves, sketch, photos, hatpin, 3 hats, overalls, overalls and tools, odd slipper, waist and comb, coat, box collars, &c.; sample cloth, package eggs. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—5 umbrellas, eyeglasses, books, addressed letter, package letters, &c.; key, hat, 2 pairs gloves, shirts. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, 2 pairs gloves, package collars, &c.; cap. IN SUBWAY—13 umbrellas, rule, purse, match case, stickpin, book wall paper, book music, roll music, addressed letter, letter and pictures, package estimates, catalogue, 3 pairs gloves, pawn and laundry tickets, package letters, keys, belt, pair rubbers, overalls, collars, shirt, stockings and handkerchief, waist, package samples, pictures, box fasteners, bottle medicine.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

DETECTIVE seeks confidential work; shadowing, investigating; charges moderate. A. R. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

DETECTIVE.—Propositions accepted; reasonable rates; confidential services; licensed, bonded. Write Wagner, 162 East 86th St.

GARDENER.—Middle-aged Englishman, strictly conscientious, uses neither tobacco nor intoxicants, seeks position with family in country; experienced in lawn making and grading; cares for horses, chickens, garden; would appreciate good home with people who would appreciate the services of a good man; references. Box 134 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Position in office by very respectable young man, age 21; 18 months' experience; chance to advance; first-class reference. Harry Rippin, Pequot Av., New London, Conn.

WATCHMAN.—Middle age; strictly temperate; fourteen years' reference. F. Herbin, 1,017 Willow Av., Hoboken.

HELP WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712—Barclay, Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

A.—SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS.—Jupp's Bureau recommends efficient employes only; prompt, free; references investigated; expert facsimile duplicating. 87 Nassau. Tel. 4221 Cortlandt.

A.—STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, secretaries, male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

SUMMER PRICES.
139 West 69th St.
TRANSIENTS ACCOMMODATED.

Double Rooms, private baths; clean and cool; all modern conveniences; highest class furnishings in profusion; parlor suites; two rooms, private baths. Phone, Columbus—5774.

5TH AV., 46.—Well furnished, large, small rooms; home comforts; dining room opens Sept. 1st.

8TH ST., 24 WEST.—Large front parlor, running water; small rooms; private house; neatly kept.

13TH ST., 104, West of 6th Av.—Desirable square and hall rooms, adjoining bathrooms; gentlemen.

14TH ST., 308 WEST.—Cool, neatly furnished rooms, separate, together; reasonable terms.

42D ST., 242 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; electricity; $4 up. Telephone 1721—Bryant.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 217 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; parlor suite, especially desirable doctor; dentist; first-class service.

48TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; baths; all conveniences; telephone.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Exceptionally large parlor floor; physician; rooms, bath. Telephone 5169 Bryant.

56TH ST., 367 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished large front room suitable for doctor or dentist; also rooms with bath. Telephone 4848 Bryant.

62D ST., 100 EAST, Corner of Park Av.—Parlor floor; suitable for physician's office, or separate; also smaller rooms; modern improvements.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water in every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 72 WEST.—Small and large rooms; well furnished; clean; telephone; Summer rates.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent service; breakfast optional; telephone; Subway, "L"; Summer prices.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath; also single room; hot, cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, suites; private family; telephone; breakfast; reference; $4 up.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished large and single rooms; Summer prices; breakfast; telephone.

76TH ST., 100 West.—Nicely furnished rooms, 1 flight, elevator, telephone; inquire in hall.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable large room; suitable two; also medium room; all conveniences.

81ST ST., 141 WEST.—Desirable rooms; newly furnished; park, "L," Subway; splendid location; reference.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Large, airy, artistically furnished rooms; spotlessly kept; all conveniences; very reasonable.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; running water; first-class house; breakfast if desired.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable large, medium rooms; also back parlor, suitable physician; lavatory; conveniences.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive, private house; south; cool; large, small; abundant hot water; telephone.

83D ST., 68 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms; conveniences; lowest rates; telephone; breakfast; references.

93D ST., 119 WEST.—Large and small airy, well-furnished rooms; running water, telephone; reasonable.

145TH ST., 508 WEST.—New, cool, comfortable; bath; Subway; Riverside Drive; $2.50 up; reference. Fisher.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished four, five, six rooms, bath, elevator, telephone, electricity, silver, linen; $10 weekly upward; single rooms, bath, $3 weekly upward. Windermere, 343 St. Nicholas Av, corner 127th St.

EDGECOMBE ROAD (170th St., Amsterdam Av.)—Newly furnished room in private house; bath. Fuentes.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 41-42.—Handsome large front room, overlooking park; also single ones.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable single rooms, with board; exceptionally good table.

31ST ST., 39 EAST.—Rooms, singly, en suite; private bath; Summer rates. Telephone 187—Madison.

33D ST., 18 EAST.—Large, comfortable furnished front room, with private bath; Summer rates.

39TH ST., 222 EAST.—Two large adjoining rooms, furnished for light housekeeping; all accommodations.

49TH ST., 231 EAST.—Parlor floor suitable for doctor; will be furnished to suit; landlady will assist; private house.

116TH ST., 123 EAST, "The Leland."—Nicely furnished, cool rooms; private baths; $3 up.

138TH ST., Corner Willis Av.—Large, light, and airy single and double rooms; telephone service. 250 Willis Av.

IRVING PLACE, 53, (Nicholas Fish Mansion.)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast (served in room.)

IRVING PLACE, 67—Large, small, front, rear rooms, near bath; block Gramercy Park; references.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 89, Brooklyn.—Light, clean, well-furnished rooms, very desirable; single, large or connecting; 15 minutes' Subway ride to 14th St.

HENRY ST., 139, Heights—High-class rooms, all conveniences; running water; reasonable; convenient Subway.

Staten Island.

ST. GEORGE.—5 minutes' walk to ferry; best locality; single room, closet, water view; $3; gentleman. 296 Tompkins Av.

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Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, with bath and all conveniences; private house.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Wanted.—Five or six nicely furnished rooms; must be good neighborhood. Telephone Columbus 2574.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

23D, 418 WEST.—Suites; double and single rooms; private bath; steam heat; excellent table.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; homelike. Telephone 34—Bryant.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private bath; other large and small rooms; running water; board optional; near Central Park; references.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms; board; suitable terms; references.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Recently opened; one and two-room suites; private baths; high-class accommodations; moderate cost.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suites; private bath; single room; electric lights; Southerners accommodated.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

76TH ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful suite with dressing room; large closets; toilet, bath; other rooms.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.
Beautiful second floor; other desirable rooms; Jewish house; exceptionally fine table. Mrs. Rosa Ioescher.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Two high-class houses, with board; private bath; newly furnished.

80TH ST., 150 AND 152 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or en suite; parlor dining room; table guests.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent service; table guests; Subway, "L"; Summer rates; references.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well-kept house; Summer rates; table board; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST, (Central Park.)—Desirable, large, small rooms; baths; convenience; table guests accommodated.

93D ST., 257 WEST.—Unusual opportunity; beautiful, cool rooms; running water; excellent table; lovely home; table guests; near drive.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; good board; telephone; references exchanged.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; good table and service; telephone; table guests.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; private bath; also doctor's or dentist's offices; references.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Desirable vacancies; private baths; refined, homelike surroundings; parlor dining room; references.

124TH ST., WEST, (258 St. Nicholas Av.,) Hancock Court.—Desirable families, married couples, bachelors, business women, are invited to inspect our apartment, where they can board in own home; handsome rooms, furnished, unfurnished, baths, shower, laundry; excellent, liberal table; home cooking; every comfort; $8 single, $14 two up; concession families. Dingelman.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, with lavatory; also single rooms; newly decorated; all conveniences; steam heat; telephone; Subway; table guests.

149TH ST., 542 WEST, Near B'way Subway.—Most beautiful and healthiest section in city; "THE AUDUBON."
A few large rooms to desirable parties $18 and $20 per room,
Including first-class board for two;
refined surroundings; first-class accommodations
20% reduction during Summer season.
Write for illustrated booklet.

160TH ST., 555 WEST.—Attractive room, board, for lady; reasonable; elevator, telephone, Subway; references. McKie.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d.—Finest location N. Y.; block from Riverside Park, Drive and Subway express and surface cars; beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; superior table.

East Side.

22D ST., 39 EAST.—Desirable large rooms and hall rooms, with board; table board; references.

63D ST., 135 EAST.—Large front room; running water; good home cooking; moderate.

MADISON AV., (61st Corner,) 673, 694-696, One Block Park.—Large and single rooms; private baths; excellent board optional; Summer rates.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Large, cool rooms, overlooking Wall St.; Subway; three minutes Broadway; accessible seashore; house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets; Summer rates.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, 1902, 1908 Voorhees Av.—Large, cool double room; running water; electric lights; best table; refined. Hurlburt. Telephone 1510—Coney.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

New York.

Elm Place Farm.—Mountain air; shady lawn; piano; terms on application. S. J. Reeve, Middletown, N. Y.

Elliswood Highland, New York.—Board on fruit farm; own produce; excellent table. White, 309 West 46th.

Long Island.

BENSONHURST, 180 BAY 25TH.—Cool rooms, with board, near beach and station; moderate prices.

New Jersey.

THE CHATEAU.—An enjoyable, quiet home; excellent, bright, first-class accommodations; refined; cook and table unsurpassed; at the handsome Chateau in large, beautiful Evergreen Park; 30 minutes from city; near Erie Station. Come and see or write for particulars. Mrs. Raeder, the manager, is particularly attentive to aged persons. Address for circulars, Chateau, Passaic, N. J.

PRIVATE modern home, quiet, refined, forty minutes to Broadway; always breezy, view for miles from every window. The Mansion, Hasbrouck Heights.

A backward or nervous child may receive tender, firm care and training in country home of lady having large experience; highest testimonials. Box 715, Westfield, New Jersey.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

A SOUND 8% INVESTMENT.

FIRST MORTGAGES ON NEW YORK AND SUBURBAN PROPERTY YIELDING 8% PER ANNUM MAY BE SECURED BY INVESTORS WHO HAVE LARGE OR SMALL CAPITAL AT THEIR COMMAND. INTEREST PAYABLE MONTHLY AND PRINCIPAL REPAYABLE ON DEMAND. CALL OR WRITE FOR PARTICULARS INTERSTATE LAND AND BUILDING CO-OPERATIVE ASSN., 261 BROADWAY. 'PHONES BARCLAY 5620 TO 5623.

Wanted—A good money-making business, where $1,000 and personal services can be employed to advantage; must be a business capable of wide development; exclusive ownership or controlling interest desired; party desiring this opening is now earning a salary of $5,000 per year as business manager and advertising expert. 1313 Everett Av., Louisville, Ky.

APARTMENT HOTEL for lease. High-class two and three-room and bath apartment hotel, overlooking Central Park, for a term of 21 years or less; excellent opportunity for the right party. For further particulars inquire real estate office, 71-73 West 109th St.

$3,000 buys an old established, profitable, easily managed business in one of the most beautiful, prosperous and healthful large villages in the State. Write to-day for particulars, J. R. Stannard, Boonville, N. Y.

Partner.—Smart, active business man with $3,000 for well-established business, manufacturing a proprietary article; reference given and required. Box D 163 Times, Times Square.

For Sale.—A first-class laundry at a great bargain; owner wishes time to devote to other business. Address S, Box 50 Times, Times Square.

We distribute catalogues, circulars, samples, anything, in the West Indies. A. Crawford, 24 Stone.

For Sale.—Plumbing shop, cheap. Henry A. Weber, Legget Av., near Jamaica Av., Woodhaven.

Partner for indispensable popular-priced profitable cash business; $5,000 required. Multum, 181 Times Downtown.

Partner, $1,000, one-third interest, brush making; mail order house. 472 Canal St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 12,584.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOHN T. GARRISON, individually and as surviving partner of the firm of Eastman & Co. and said firm of Eastman & Co., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1909, the said John T. Garrison individually and as surviving partner of the firm of Eastman & Co., and said firm of Eastman & Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 80 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City, on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1909, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
August 6th, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ARNOLD ROSENBAUM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Arnold Rosenbaum, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 25th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 18th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

J. J. TOWNSEND, acting for NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 6th, 1909.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—SAMUEL FRIEDMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Friedman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 23rd, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 18th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

J. J. TOWNSEND, acting for NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 6th, 1909.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of P. GREEN & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Aug. 11, 1909, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 508 East 117th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of bags and barrels of flour, safe, office fixtures, &c.
WM. R. A. KOEHL, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PAUL SORENSON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, August 13, 1909, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 87 Cortlandt St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wines, liquors, cigars, cigarettes, safe, fixtures, &c.
WILSON LEE CANNON, Receiver.
LOUIS LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, Room 1,536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1909.
Borough of Queens.

No. 5. For furnishing, delivering, erecting, and connecting two pumping engines, with steam piping, suction and discharge piping, and all other appurtenances and appliances complete in the Bayside pumping station, Broadway and Little Neck Bay, Bayside, Third Ward, Borough of Queens.

No. 6. For furnishing all the labor and material required, and doing all the necessary work to remove well house, removing storehouse, for constructing a gate vault and a receiving well, and laying suction and filter delivery pipes at the Bayside pumping station, Broadway and Little Neck Bay, Bayside, Third Ward, Borough of Queens.

For full particulars see City Record.
M. F. LOUGHMAN,
Deputy and Acting Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity.
Dated New York, August 4, 1909.

Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, Room 1,536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1909.
Boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx.

No. 2. For furnishing, delivering, and laying water mains in One Hundred and Twentieth, One Hundred and Sixtieth, One Hundred and Sixty-first, One Hundred and Sixty-second, One Hundred and Sixty-third, One Hundred and Sixty-fourth, One Hundred and Sixty-seventh, One Hundred and Sixty-eighth, One Hundred and Sixty-ninth, One Hundred and Seventy-ninth, Two Hundred and Seventh, and Two Hundred and Fifteenth Streets, and in Broadway.

For full particulars see City Record.
M. F. LOUGHMAN,
Deputy and Acting Commissioner.
Dated New York, August 4, 1909.

CONTRACT 50.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply in Room 910, 299 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, August 17, 1909, for CONTRACT 50 for the construction of three field office buildings and two horse-sheds and moving one horse-shed in the Croton division of the Catskill aqueduct in the towns of Yorktown and Newcastle, Westchester County, New York. At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at Room 1510 at the above address by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

JOHN A. BENSEL, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
CHARLES A. SHAW,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
J. WALDO SMITH, Chief Engineer.
THOMAS HASSETT, Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. —SEALED ESTIMATES for furnishing coal, (Contract No. 1,183,) for paving, (Contract No. 1,186,) and for furnishing lumber and piles, (Contract No. 1,190,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, August 17, 1909.
(For particulars see City Record.)

Church Services To-morrow

BAPTIST.—Memorial Baptist, Washington Square, Edward Judson, Pastor; Edward B. Simmons, Summer Pastor.—11 A. M., "Jesus at the River"; 8 P. M., "Saved by an Earthquake."

Central Baptist Church, 42d, West of Broadway, Rev. Frank M. Goodchild, Pastor.—Dr. T. A. K. Gessler will preach Sunday morning and evening.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street,
Pastor, I. M. HALDEMAN.
Rev. Peter B. Guernsey, D. D.,
will preach 11 A. M.—8 P. M.

Madison Avenue Baptist Church,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST STREET,
Charles A. Eaton, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. F. W. Hagar, ass't pastor, preaches.
8 P. M.—Evangelistic Meeting and Service of Song.
Both Services in Parish House, Sanders Hall.
Strangers Cordially Invited.

CONGREGATIONAL.—BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St.,
REV. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D.D., Pastor.
Public Worship at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. Willard F. Ottarson will preach.
Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Prayer Meeting.

LUTHERAN.—Evang. Luth. Church of the Advent, Broadway and 93d St., Rev. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M.

METHODIST.—ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street,
Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Sermon by Dr. M. B. Chapman.

Grace Church, 104th St., West of Columbus Av.—Preaching by A. R. Kent. 11 A. M., "Salt and Light Related"; 8 P. M., "An Ultra Independent."

PRESBYTERIAN.—Brick Church,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street,
Ministers: { Rev. WM. R. RICHARDS, D. D.,
Rev. ROBERT DAVIS.
Rev. Harris E. Kirk, D. D., of Baltimore, Md., will preach at 11.
Wednesday Evening Service at 8 o'clock at Church of the Covenant,
No. 310 East 42d St.

Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church,
Fifth Avenue and 55th St.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Rev. Charles Brown, M. A.,
of London, Pastor Ferme Park Baptist Church, will preach both morning and afternoon. Strangers are cordially invited.

Madison Av. Presbyterian Church,
Northeast corner of 73d Street.
Public Worship 10:30 A. M.
Rev. Wm. Raymond Jelliffe will preach.

Old First Church,
Fifth Avenue and 12th Street,
HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor.
Mr. Hadley will preach 11 A. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. of 10th St., Rev. GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.—Service tomorrow at 11 A. M. Rev. A. W. Halsey, D. D., will preach. No evening service. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

West End Presbyterian Church, Amsterdam Av. and 105th St., Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.—CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street,
REV. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Sermon subject: "The Sign from Heaven."
8 P. M.—Sermon subject: "The Christian Citizenship."
Rev. Andrew F. Underhill, preacher.

SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES
ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue, corner 44th Street.
Sunday mornings at 11 o'clock.
Full Choir will be present. Seats free.
PREACHER AUG. 8TH,
The Rev. J. Stuart Holden, D. D.,
Rector of St. Paul's Church,
Portman Square, London.

REFORMED.—34th St. Reformed Church, West of 8th Av., Rev. ROBERT W. COURTNEY, Pastor.—Morning service only during the Summer.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
2d Ave. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Rev. JOHN W. VAN ZANTEN
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
5th Ave. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister.
Rev. JOHN S. ALLEN, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "Pardon for a Paralytic."
Evening: "Halted Half-way."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Ave. and 48th St.
Rev. FRANK W. GUNSAULUS, D. D., of Chicago, Ill., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
West End Ave. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister.
Rev. J. FREDERIC BERG, D. D.,
will preach at 11 A. M.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Religious Society of Friends, (Orthodox.)—Meetings for worship, 144 East 20th St., New York, 11. J. Lindley Spicer expects to attend.

Religious Society of Friends.—Religious meetings, 11 A. M., at East 15th St. and Rutherfurd Place, Manhattan, and Schermerhorn St., near Boerum Place, Brooklyn.

UNITARIAN.—All Souls' Church, 4th Av. and 20th St.—Union Service, 11 A. M., conducted by Rev. Leon A. Harvey of Brooklyn. Subject: "DR. ELIOT'S NEW RELIGION." The public cordially invited.

OTHER SERVICES.

Tent Evangel, 125th St., bet. Ams. and Manhattan Avs.—Rev. J. Stewart Holden, Sunday, at 8 P. M. Noted speaker also for 4 P. M. and nightly.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Department of Health, corner of Fifty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Board of Health of the Department of Health until 10 o'clock A. M. on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1909.

For furnishing all necessary labor and material required to drain approximately fifty (50) acres of salt meadow at Locust Point, Throggs Neck, Borough of the Bronx.

For full particulars see City Record.
THOMAS DARLINGTON, M. D.,
President;
ALVAH H. DOTY, M. D.,
WILLIAM F. BAKER,
Board of Health.
Dated August 5, 1909.

Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, Room 1,536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1909.
Borough of Richmond.

No. 3. For furnishing and delivering cast iron pipe and special castings.

No. 4. For furnishing, delivering, and laying water mains and appurtenances in Bay, Griffin, and Arrietta Streets, Columbia Street, Stuyvesant Place, and Richmond Terrace.

For full particulars see City Record.
M. F. LOUGHMAN,
Deputy and Acting Commissioner.
Dated New York, August 4, 1909.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTment of the City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York:

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1909.
Borough of Brooklyn.

No. 1. For furnishing all the labor and materials required for repairs and replacements to Headquarters Building, Nos. 365 and 367 Jay Street, Brooklyn.

For full particulars see City Record.
NICHOLAS J. HAYES,
Commissioner.
Dated August 5, 1909.

SUMMER RESORTS.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap

WATER GAP HOUSE

A Mountain Paradise. Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Open to December. Unquestionably the finest equipped, most luxurious, newest, and best situated hotel. Highest altitude; coolest location; 100 tiled private baths; running water in all rooms; steam heat; log fires; elevators, electric lights, telephones, &c. Cuisine of highest standard; white service; own farms and registered cows. Orchestra; golf; saddle horses, and every outdoor diversion. New garage; livery. Special Autumn rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Coaches meet trains. Ownership management.
JOHN PURDY COPE.

THE KITTATINNY

THE LEADING HOTEL AT
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Open all year. Every convenience. Capacity 500. Bell 'Phone 92. Telegraph office in hotel. Write for illustrated booklet showing hotel, Kittatinny Park scenes, Auto maps, &c. Orchestra; steam heat; open log fires. Livery, Garage. Special Autumn Rates. G. Frank Cope.

PENNSYLVANIA.

MANUNKA CHUNK HOUSE, on beautiful Manunka Chunk Island, in the Delaware, below the Gap; always cool; large rooms; modern conveniences; excellent table; fruit and vegetables from home farm; no mosquitos or noise; dancing, fishing, bathing, boating; pool free; $8-$12 per week. Address Mrs. Brisbane, Mount Bethel, Penn. 'Phone Easton (Penn) Central.

MICHIGAN.

MT. CLEMENS, favorite Health Resort. Its Mineral Baths cure Rheumatism. Write for Ill. Booklet to F. R. Eastman, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

THE
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS

noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.

in connection with West Shore and Pennsylvania Railroads forms the only all rail through car line between Philadelphia, Jersey City, New York, and all points in this famous Mountain region.

The Summer Schedule for Season of 1909 inaugurated Sunday, June 20th, including the famous RIP VAN WINKLE FLYER and the CATSKILL MOUNTAIN LIMITED trains.

An illustrated Summer Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 9 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS,
Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

HOTEL KAATERSKILL

CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
Elevation 3,000 feet.
GARAGE.
HOTEL KAATERSKILL CO.,
Kaaterskill P. O., New York.

THE WHITTLEY HOUSE; modern; acc. 50; terms $7 to $10; first class table; large rooms; piano; tennis; booklets; Highland, N. Y. Mrs. T. TAFE and Mrs. L. BOTT.

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.

The MURRAY HILL

MURRAY ISLE, N. Y.
IN THE HEART OF THE 1000 ISLANDS.
Beautifully situated on an Island Gem. Surrounded by waters alive with Pickerel, Muscalonge, and Bass. Isolated from flies and mosquitoes. More comforts for rates charged than elsewhere.

NEW YORK—Staten Island.

TERRA-MARINE INN

ON THE BEACH
HUGUENOT PARK, STATEN ISL'D, N. Y.
Hour from Battery by ferry and train. Hotel autos meet every train. Baths, running water. Cuisine unsurpassed. Low rates. Fine motoring, fishing, bathing, sailing. Long pier.
FRED F. NEEDHAM, Manager.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

TAKE A BATH

In the ocean—the finest Bathing Beach on the Atlantic Coast,

LONG BEACH

50 minutes from New York, E. 34th St., Long Island R. R. One hour by motor. Something new. Stationary platform 360 feet off shore with spring boards, etc.

Nothing like it in this country. The most modern and best equipped Bathing Pavilion in the world.

BEST TRAINS

Saturday	Sunday
9:32, 12:20,	8:50, 9:50,
1:00, 1:50, 4:50	11:10, 1:50, 2:50

SEA VIEW HOUSE

SAG HARBOR, L. I.
Situation unsurpassed; a delightful Summer home; our table supplied with our own products. Surf and still-water bathing, fishing, and boating. Everything homelike at moderate price. Catering to automobilists a specialty. The hotel has all modern improvements. For rates, &c., write to John K. Morris, Proprietor. Can be reached by boat or train.

PROSPECT HOUSE

SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I.
OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
Golf, Bathing, Yachting, Tennis, Garage. Booklet. E. D. LANGWORTHY, Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

RALEIGH St. Charles Place and the Beach. 200 large, airy rooms, elegantly furnished, most with ocean view; private baths, elevator, library, electric lights, &c. Large porches facing the ocean. Cuisine and service famed for their excellence. Guaranteed equal to any hotel in the city. Moderate rates. Booklet.
H. J. DYNES.

HOTEL WILTSHIRE OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
Virginia Av., overlooking Ocean. Capacity 300. Elevator to street level. Steam heat; suites with bath, and every convenience. Best cuisine and service. Music. Special $2.50 up daily, $12.50 up weekly. Booklet.
SAMUEL A. ELLIS.

HOTEL BOSCOBEL, Kentucky Ave., near beach. Baths, elevator, fine table. Write for special rates, booklet, menu and souvenir pencil. 21st season. Capacity 350. A. E. MARION.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

The MONTCLAIR

ON THE MOUNTAIN TOP
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Information at
America's Hotel Bureau, 1122 B'way, N.Y.

NEW JERSEY—Seabright.

THE OCTAGON 75 min. N. Y. via Sandy Hook Boats.
Built directly on beach, Casino over Ocean; perfect roads; superb bathing, riding, and tennis. Telephone 40 Seabright.

NEW JERSEY—Plainfield.

Plainfield Sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J.—Located Watchung Mountains; chronic and nervous cases; no insane; open all the year. Booklet. Telephone 84.

NEW JERSEY—Beach Haven.

THE BREAKERS

Right on ocean; newly renovated; every convenience for comfort; college girl waitresses. Send for booklet.

NEW JERSEY—Elberon.

ELBERON HOTEL and Cottages,
ELBERON, N. J.
'Phone 321—West End.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

Hotel Frederick, 1 blk. ocean; strictly kosher; Amer.-Hung. cuisine. Rachlin & Schaelnen.

New Jersey.

HEALTH HOME "Columbia," Butler, N. J.—(Erholungsheim) Ideal elevated spot. Kneipp and Naturopathic treatments.

NEW ENGLAND—Rhode Island.

THE GLENWOOD In-the-Pines, LAKE BOMOSEEN
Rates, $8 to $14. Fishing. Hydeville, Vt.

NEW ENGLAND—Maine.

Dirigo House, Long Island, Me.
MRS. J. PERRY, Prop. Booklet.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

Stockbridge, Mass.
Red Lion Inn and Heaton Hall
Two of the best appointed hotels in the Berkshires. Allen T. Treadway, Prop., New York Office, Hotel Flanders, West 47th St.

A STENOGRAPHER?
If you want one, turn to Page 13 and read the Situation Wanted advertisements. The best stenographer you ever had may await you there. The Times is read by the best class of employers.

CLAIMANT'S STORY OF LAUTERBACH CASE

Her Lawyer Publishes the Alleged Marriage Certificate and Gives Her Side.

SAYS CEREMONY WAS LEGAL

Even If Arranged as a Mock Marriage —Lauterbach Family Awaiting Further Proofs.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—By way of defending his client, Miss Sophia Cunningham of Oaklyn, N. J., who is seeking to establish the fact that she married Alfred Lauterbach of New York, the ceremony being performed in this city July 21, 1908, Eugene Raymond, a lawyer with offices in South Penn Square, made public yesterday Miss Cunningham's deposition relating the circumstances of the alleged wedding.

Mr. Raymond also discussed the question of the legality of a "mock marriage," saying that if Lauterbach had prearranged the ceremony with a friend, which has been stated, that the marriage would be legal just the same. He did not admit, however, that he believed that the marriage was a mock one. He said he believed the couple were married, as Mrs. Lauterbach (or Miss Cunningham) claims.

Meantime, while there is a great deal of investigating of the case going on by the lawyers and the Lauterbach family, Miss Cunningham has gone to her father's home, at Rutherford, N. J., taking her three months' old boy with her.

Mr. Raymond said yesterday that because of the stories being circulated he felt it his duty to make known the details of the marriage as he kne wthem from Miss Cunningham herself.

The Marriage Certificate.

He showed the marriage certificate which the officiating "clergyman" had handed to Miss Cunningham after the ceremony. The certificate was printed on heavy bond paper and read as follows:

> Alfred Lauterbach of New York City and Sophia Cunningham of New York City were by me united in holy matrimony according to tchordinance of God and the laws of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, on the twenty-first day of July, 1908.

The document was signed "Rudolf Lindauer," and there were three witnesses—N. Hahn, Peter (X) Crowley, and Clara Jacobs.

None of these alleged witnesses have been located. The fact that leads most strongly to the belief that the marriage was a "mock" one, is that Miss Cunningham says Lauterbach and "Lindauer" met each other like old friends and conversed together in a distant part of the room before the ceremony was performed.

In the statement which Miss Cunningham made to Raymond she said that she came to Philadelphia on July 20, a day ahead of Lauterbach, and stopped at the Bellevue-Stratford, Lauterbach arrived at the Broad Street Station the morning of July 21 from New York.

"We entered a hansom," she said, "and drove very fast, for it was a very quick ride for a crowded city like Philadelphia. We arrived at a house in the good neighborhood,l wel built up, and the house looked respectable. I rang the bell, as Mr. Lauterbach told me to do. The woman who opened the door later signed the wedding certificate as 'Sara Jacobs.' Mr. Lauterbach asked her if Mr. Lindauer was in and she said, 'come in and I will see.' She led us into the parlor.

"She went on to say that the man she called Dr. Lindauer was in the rear of the room sitting at a desk and when he saw then enter, he got up and closed the doors. She said that the two men appeared to be very glad to see each other and walked to the rear of the room and held a conversation in low tones.

"After the preliminaries Dr. Lindauer picked up a small book, opened the door of the hall, and called out to Miss Jacobs. Miss Jacobs came and later brought two other witnesses. Then we wer married by Dr. Lindauer."

The Return to New York.

She told of leaving for New York almost immediately after the ceremony and going with Lauterbach to New York to the latter's apartments in West Thirty-eighth Street.

She also told Mr. Raymond how she came to meet Lauterbach, and of their friendship prior to the alleged marriage. They had been acquainted about three years, she said, during which time Lauterbach often talked of marriage, saying that he "wanted a level-headed woman for a wife."

Lauterbach is said to have told Miss Cunningham that he wished the marriage to be kept secret for a year for family reasons.

Mr. Raymond said yesterday that he had been told that there were seven other women after Lauterbach's estate, which is said to be valued at $200,000, and was left to his mother. Six of the women are said to live in New York and one in this city.

LAUTERBACHS AWAIT PROOF.

If It Doesn't Come They May Sue to Correct Birth Record.

The presence of the name "Alfred Allen Lauterbach" on the Brooklyn birth records has become so unpleasant to the family of Edward Lauterbach, the lawyer, that members of the family stated yesterday that if Sophia Houston Cunningham, the twenty-one-year-old daughter of the Rev. S. R. Cunningham, the Dutch Reformed Church clergyman of Oakland, N. J., does not quickly prove that she is the legal widow of the late Alfred Lauterbach court proceedings will be instituted to have the name removed from the records.

When her boy was born in the Long Island College Hospital, in Brooklyn, on May 5 last, the mother was asked by the hospital clerk what name the child was to go by on the hospital books. The young woman had already entered her own name as "Mrs. Alfred Lauterbach."

The investigation which the Lauterbach family have been making of all the young woman's actions have disclosed the fact, according to Henry G. Hershfield, Mr. Lauterbach's son-in-law, that the young mother first directed that the boy be named "Allen Lauterbach" and that it was several days later when she asked that "Alfred" be placed before the other two names.

According to Mr. Hershfield this was one of the first questions he put to the clergyman's daughter when he first called at her parents' Oakland cottage, after the belated birth and marriage notices were printed last Monday:

"What did you do in Philadelphia on July 20, while you were waiting—as you say—to meet Alfred Lauterbach next morning at the Broad Street Station?"

"I sent a telegram to Walter Allen, who was the brother-in-law of Dr. Charles H. May of 698 Madison Avenue," was the clergyman's daughter's answer, according to Mr. Hershfield. "I was Dr. May's secretary at the time, and Mr. Allen had been courteous to me. I telegraphed to him that I had arrived safely."

Walter Allen, President of the Allen-Kingston Motor Company at 3 West Forty-fourth Street, stated to a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night that he had met Miss Cunningham on three or four occasions while she was in his brother-in-law's employ, but he did not see why she should have sent him a telegram, since he was in Europe in July, 1908, and had not seen the young woman for six months before that time.

As the case stands now, according to Mr. Hershfield, the Lauterbachs know from the hotel record that Miss Cunningham spent the night of July 20 at the Bellevue-Stratford in Philadelphia, occupying a single room. They have accounted, too, for all but a few hours of Alfred Lauterbach's time on July 21, the day on which, according to the clergyman's daughter, the marriage took place. They say that, so far, they have not found a scintilla of evidence that Alfred Lauterbach and Sophia Cunningham ever met in Philadelphia or even knew each other at all.

Mr. Hershfield stated that Alfred Lauterbach's estate was mostly in real estate and that its value was hard to estimate. He said that it was worth probably $200,000. He added that, as her daughters' trustee, Mrs. Lauterbach receives a substantial income and is in no way dependent on her inheritance from her son. He added that the settlement made at the time of her separation from Edward Lauterbach had been ample. Mrs. Lauterbach is now staying at a health resort at Watkins Glen, N. Y.

Mr. Hershfield stated that the Lauterbach family had already been approached by a firm of lawyers who said that for a financial consideration they would stop all the notoriety attending Miss Cunningham's claim.

BANKS' CLAIMS ARE UPHELD.

They Need Not Hand Over Bankrupt's Excess Collateral to Trustee.

Judge Hough, in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, confirmed a report by Peter B. Olney, the receiver in bankruptcy of the firm of Thomas H. McIntyre & Co., to the effect that a number of banks, from whom the McIntyre firm was a borrower, need not turn over to the trustee for the bankrupts certain surplus funds realized on collateral held against loans of McIntyre & Co.

The banks in question are the Consolidated National, now merged in the National Reserve Bank, the East River National, the Corn Exchange Bank, the National Bank of Commerce, and the Metropolitan Trust Company.

The trustee in bankruptcy of the McIntyre firm sought to recover the surplus in excess of the face of the loans, when the collateral had been realized upon, and the banks refused, claiming that creditors of the firm had special claims upon any excess collateral that might exist.

Judge Hough disallows the claim of the trustee, saying:

"It happens that these securities have been held on a rising market. If prices had declined, it seems to me quite obvious that the complainant would not have been heard. Any rule will work occasional hardship, but the rule adopted by the Master has been the uniform practice of this court and it seems to me right."

CUTS OFF SONS WITH $25.

Didn't Consider Her, Says Mrs. Johnston, Leaving Estate to Daughter.

Mrs. Elizabeth P. Kellow of 144 Liberty Avenue, Jamaica, is to receive the bulk of her mother's estate, while her two brothers, James A. Johnston and George S. Johnston, are to receive only $25 each. In making these bequests, the mother, the late Mrs. Elizabeth P. Johnston of Jamaica, explained them thus:

"I bequeath to my son, James A. Johnston of Albany, the sum of $25. This amount I decide to be all that he is entitled to out of my estate in view of the fact that his conduct toward me in the conduct of my business, in which he was a partner with me, shows he is fully able to provide for himself and family. He has shown plainly that he had very little consideration for me. I bequeath to my son, George S. Johnston of Port Washington, L. I., the sum of $25 for the same reasons that I have given for the legacy to my son James, and also for the reason that he is better provided for than any of my children."

Mrs. Johnston, who made many thousands of dollars while engaged in business, gives all the residue of her property to her daughter, who is named as executrix.

MARQUIS AND SINGER WED.

Immigration Authorities Release de Reymonde and Ceremony Follows.

The Marquis Edouard de Reymonde, who, according to his own account, is physician, soldier, world traveler, and soldier of fortune, and Madeline d'Espinoy, at one time a singer in Paris, were married yesterday at Ellis Island, where the bride had been detained for some weeks. The law having consented after the ceremony to the landing of the young woman, the couple will set up housekeeping in West Twenty-fifth Street.

The bridegroom, when he sought a license at the City Hall, claimed no title. He said he was a physician, resident of St. Petersburg, and 36 years old. Mlle. d'Espinoy said she was born in Paris, and was a professional singer. Both admitted having been married before, but the Marquis said he had been divorced in Egypt. They were married in the afternoon by the Rev. Ferdinand Lugscheider of the Protestant Episcopal Missionary Society.

Dr. de Reymonde came to this country on the Oceanic in June. The Immigration Inspector who examined him was not satisfied as to his right to land, and he was sent to Ellis Island. After a short delay he was allowed to land. The Marchioness came here two weeks after the doctor's arrival. She was a passenger on the Themistocles of the Greek Line, and her name appeared on the passenger list as the Marchioness de Reymonde. By a strange chance the Inspector who examined her was he who had sent the Marquis to Ellis Island. He found that she was on the manifest under two names, and her baggage had been marked with her title and her maiden name. She was ordered to the immigration station, and held for deportation.

In the meantime de Reymonde was again taken into custody by the authorities as having brought the woman in improperly. Again he proved that he was worthy of landing, and again he was discharged. It was a very disconsolate young singer who remained on the island during the days when she faced deportation. The man said he and the singer had been married by "Masonic rite" in Cairo, March 23, 1907. The pair remained in uncertainty until the final word came that Miss d'Espinoy would be allowed to marry and land.

The doctor says he is a British subject, and declares that he was a Major in the Russian Army in the Boxer rebellion. He declared that he met his wife first in Paris, where he was visiting the Marquis Torre Alvini. She was a singer. They fell in love and she followed him to Egypt, where they were married. He also served as surgeon in the British Army, he says.

BETTING QUESTION UNSETTLED

Race Men Hoped Kline Case Would Show Telephone Betting Legal.

Contrary to the hopes of the police and of those who bet on the races, the question of whether taking bets over the telephone on horse races comes under the head of oral betting and is, therefore, permissable under the law, was not decided yesterday when the case of John O. Kline was heard in the Adams Street Court, Brooklyn. In fact, the all-important point was not even considered by the court. The defendant was discharged when the one witness for the prosecution, a detective, admitted that he did not see or hear any wager taken by Kline.

Men of the staff of Borough Inspector Holohan raided the offices of Kline at 107 Montague Street on July 27. They suspected that Kline was running a pool room. In the place, the raiders assert, they found two telephones, some alleged racing charts, and a list of names of persons. While the detectives were in the room a man, who identified himself as "Mike," called up on the telephone, according to Detective Flynn, who answered the call, and wanted to place a bet on a horse. This was about all Flynn was permitted to testify to in court. It thus appearing that Kline himself had not responded to the call and he could not, therefore, have heard what "Mike" said, the case was dismissed.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

	Loss.
A. M.	
5:15—87 E. 107th St.; J. Levinson	$10
6:55—50 Laight St.; Carmine Santullo	None
9:40—337 E. 90th St.; W. Heisler	$20
10:00—100 W. 63d St.; Annie Lynch	$200
10:20—27 E. 103d St.; W. Roe	None
P. M.	
12:50—1,578 1st Av.; J. Goodman	$300
3:25—319 E. 102d St.; Lena Karninsky	$25
4:30—224 Sullivan St.; A. Potato	$50
4:40—138 Mott St.; Mietz & Co.	$5,000
5:45—137th St. and 5th Av.; A. Van Bueren	Trifling
7:20—514 W. 16th St.; P. McGirr	Trifling
7:30—201 Brown Place; unknown	Trifling
7:50—349 E. 115th St.; Tony Strutti	Trifling
9:10—58 East 23d St.; Sarnoff Hat Co.	$5,000
9:25—2,009 La Fontaine Av.; D. Michimiel	$50
10:30—159 West 51st St.; Lucy Buckner	$100

MURDERS HIS WIFE AS SHE FORETOLD

Truckman, Crazed by Liquor, Split Her Head Open with a Cleaver as She Lay Asleep.

HID WEAPON IN A WELL

Mrs. Ahearn Had Refused to Have Him Arrested, Saying He'd Never Be Taken Save for Killing Her.

In a fit of drunken frenzy, it is alleged by the police, James Ahearn, owner of a prosperous trucking business, killed his wife at an early hour yesterday morning at their home, 110 Washington Avenue, Laurel Hill, Long Island, by cutting her head open with a butcher's cleaver while she was asleep in her bed. The man refused to make any statement when arraigned before Magistrate Smith in the Fifth Street Court yesterday, and was held without bail to await the action of the Coroner's jury.

After a search lasting several hours the detectives found the cleaver, with which the murder was committed, at the bottom of a well in the yard at the rear of the house, where it had apparently been dropped by Ahearn.

The house where Ahearn lived with his wife and five children is a wooden story and a half fram building with four rooms on the lower floor. Mr. and Mrs. Ahearn occupied a bedroom in the rear, while the young daughter Katherine slept in a small front room and the four sons on the floor above.

According to the girl's statement to the police, her father came home intoxicated on Thursday night and quarreled with his wife, because she refused to give him more money for liquor. He went out again and came stumbling in some time after midnight and went to bed.

Katherine said that she woke up at dawn with a presentiment that something terrible had happened. She called out, "Mother, are you awake?" but there was no reply. Again she cried out louder, "Mother, what is the matter? answer me."

Her father, who was in the room, mumbled something, and Katherine got up and crossed the hall to the bedroom of her parents. Her father, who lay across the foot of the bed, said, "Your mother has gone out."

In the dim light streaming through the partly curtained window the young girl saw that her father's night robe was spotted thickly with blood, and going closer to the bed she saw her mother lying on her side with her hands folded on her breast and blood oozing from four deep cuts in her head.

Screaming as she ran upstairs, Katherine roused up her brothers William, Harry, and James, 19, 17, and 10 years old, respectively, and told them what had happened. The boys ran to the corner of the entrance to Calvary Cemetery, where they met Policeman Edward Phillips, who returned to the house with them and handcuffed Ahearn, who was still lying on the bed in a dazed state. The patrol wagon from Hunter's Point Station was sent for and the man was taken to the Fourth Street Police Station, where he was locked up.

Although it was evident from the first that the woman had been dead for some little time before the crime was discovered, Policeman Phillips sent Policeman Joseph Garvey to call an ambulance from St. John's Hospital as a precautionary measure. When Dr. Hallinan arrived, he said that Mrs. Ahearn had probably died about 2:30 o'clock that morning, and that any one of the blows would have been sufficient to kill her instantly. There was also a deep gash in the throat.

After the body had been examined by Coroner Ambler and District Attorney De Witt, it was removed to an undertaker's establishment in the district.

Frank Ahearn, the eldest son, 21 years old, who was out at a picnic and did not get home till after the police had arrested his father, said yesterday that his parents had frequently quarreled over money matters, and particularly over the money spent by the mother on the children. On July 12, he said, his father came home crazed with drink and demolished much furniture and woodwork of the house with an axe. This was his favorite method when under the influence of liquor. The police at that time on the complaint of the neighbors came to take him away, but Mrs. Ahearn said she would make no charge against him.

"The only time the patrol wagon takes him away will be when he is arrested for killing me," she said. Mrs. Ahearn was a comely woman about 44 years old, while her husband, a powerfully built man over 6 feet in height, was ten years her senior. Both were born in Ireland.

Ahearn owns three houses and two unoccupied building lots near his home and three trucks with horses and a surrey. He is said to be worth about $10,000, and an intelligent, shrewd man when sober, but a demon incarnate when crazed with liquor.

J. ROSCOE CORYELL MISSING.

Former Employe of Manhattan Brokers Left Note Threatening Suicide.

An all-day search of the Orange Mountains and the lakes there was made yesterday without obtaining any clue to the whereabouts of J. Roscoe Coryell, who left his home, at 204 North Maple Avenue, East Orange, yesterday morning, after spending most of the night talking of his financial difficulties with his wife, a bride of a few months.

After Coryell had gone Mrs. Coryell found a note in his handwriting on the back stoop. It was unaddressed and unsigned, and read:

> You will find my body on the Orange Mountain in the lake on Mt. Pleasant Avenue.

The note was written on a sheet from a pad, and Coryell had placed his Lackawanna Railroad commutation ticket over it.

Mrs. Coryell at once notified the police. The missing man had been employed in the banking and brokerage house of W. H. Goadby & Co., 74 Broadway, until two weeks ago. While the firm would not admit yesterday that Coryell had been discharged, it was said he was no longer in their employ. It was admitted that he had not been there since the firm obtained an attachment on his furniture.

Coryell had worried a good deal while discussing his financial affairs with his wife, but he never threatened suicide. When he left home yesterday he said he was going to a near-by store. He is 25 years old.

PRIEST BEFRIENDS THIEF.

Offers Work to Man Caught Robbing Poor Box, but He Hasn't Returned.

Caught robbing the poor boxes in St. Patrick's Church in the Dutch Kills section of Long Island City, Wednesday evening, a man giving his home as Los Angeles, Cal., found a friend when he fell into the hands of Father Blaber, who is connected with the church. The intruder was captured by the janitor, Hugh Ruane, who summoned the priest. When confronted by the clergyman the culprit told a story that won his heart.

Instead of turning the intruder over to the police Father Blaber furnished him with money for food and lodging and offered him employment if he would go around to the rectory yesterday morning. The stranger did not appear, however, but Father Blaber is sure that his confidence was not misplaced and that pride kept the young man from going to see him.

Begin New Jersey Sewer Monday.

Actual work on the Passaic Valley sewer to New York harbor will be begun Monday by the New Jersey authorities. The labor will include all the preliminary details of the work, and unless the joint suit of the United States Government and New York State is decided against New Jersey, the work of constructing the main flume will be under way before the first autumnal frost.

JOLLY MAN ARRESTED.

So Jovial About Zimmerman's Pushcart and Joy Was His Name.

Samuel Zimmerman of 2,605 Third Avenue reported to the police of the Alexander Avenue Station yesterday noon that at about 9 o'clock some one had broken the door of his store, and had taken therefrom one pushcart. A little girl, who had seen the man coming out, had said that he was a big, fat, bald-headed man, with a smile on his face. With this clue Detective Dunn set out to scour the Bronx.

The resources of a Bronx detective are known to be next to unlimited, and late in the afternoon Dunn might have been seen walking along Willis Avenue, near 140th Street. He poked his head into a house in course of construction, and saw there a big, fat, bald-headed carpenter, with a smile on his face. Dunn walked in.

"Why did you steal that pushcart from Zimmerman this morning?" he asked the smiling carpenter.

"Why, I didn't steal it," answered the accused, laughing, "I knew that Zimmerman likes to buy ice cheap, and so I took a cart so that I could buy him cheap ice at a place I know. And then a ginny stole it from me."

Dunn led his laughing prisoner before Zimmerman, who wanted to press a charge against him. As the detective and the carpenter started for the Alexander Avenue Station the smiling prisoner handed Zimmerman a cigar, saying:

"Brace up, old man. Don't get down in the mouth about it. Smoke this; it will make you feel better."

At the Alexander Avenue Station, where he was written down as one charged with petty larceny, he said he was Ely Joy, who had lived at 703 Washington Avenue. He had moved from there, however, because the house was too gloomy.

Before he was sent to the Morrisania Station he told the police that his real name was Ely Jolly. He insisted on the policeman going ahead of him into the wagon which was to carry him to a station with cells in it.

FIREBUG IN HISTORIC HOUSE.

Milk Boy Saves Three Families When Hancock Mansion Is Set Ablaze.

An attempt was made early yesterday morning to burn the old Capt. Hancock mansion, in Hancock Avenue, Belleville, N. J., a suburb of Newark, in which three families were asleep at the time. Only the timely arrival of a boy delivering milk at 4:30 o'clock prevented a catastrophe. If the fire had gone unchecked a few minutes longer, the escape of the inmates would have been cut off.

The house stands in the rear of the oil and chemical factory of L. Sonneborn's Sons, in Hancock Avenue, and belongs to the firm. It is occupied by employes in the factory. The Superintendent of the concern, D. I. Boyd, and his family live on the second floor, where the fire was started.

When the milk boy reached the house he found the hallway at the top of the stairs ablaze from floor to ceiling. On the floor was a bundle of paper saturated with coal oil, and this was afire. The boy raised the alarm and set to work to beat out the flames. The families in the house were aroused, and after a hard fight with buckets of water succeeded in putting out the blaze.

An investigation showed that coal oil had been sprinkled all through the hall. Mr. Boyd and the police have a clue on which they are working and an arrest may be made soon.

The history of the mansion dates back to Revolutionary days.

EMERY WAS NOT "OUSTED."

Head of Weather Bureau Sends a Tribute to Local Forecaster.

Weather Forecaster Emery of the local Weather Bureau, who leaves this post for Providence, R. I., received the following telegram from Chief Observer Willis L. Moore yesterday morning:

Washington, D. C., Aug. 6, 1909.

To Eben H. Emery, Weather Bureau, New York, N. Y.:

The following statement has just been issued by me to press associations, and you are free to give it out if you wish: "During the past few days comments have been made by the New York press regarding the relief of Mr. E. H. Emery from charge of the New York Weather Bureau station. Some of the papers state that he has been 'ousted,' some that he has been removed on account of age, and all do injustice to one of the most worthy and competent officials of the Weather Bureau.

"He does not come within the list of those who have recently been reduced on account of decreased efficiency due to age; on the contrary, he is young, active and competent, and has a splendid record in the Weather Service.

"Mr. Emery was offered an assignment in the Bureau with the same rank and pay that he now holds, and was given his preference of several important stations. His assignment to Providence was made in accordance with his specific request.

"In justice to Mr. Emery I would ask that the New York papers give this communication full publication.

"WILLIS L. MOORE, Chief."

Mr. Emery will be in charge of the New York office for some little time to come.

BANKER'S AUTO HURTS BOY.

A. S. White's Car Runs Over 4-Year-Old in Front of His Home.

An automobile, owned, according to the police, by Archibald S. White of 25 Pine Street, a banker, ran over 4-year-old John Arese almost in front of the lad's home last evening, fracturing his left leg in two places and breaking his right leg. The machine, operated by a chauffeur, who said he was John Lloyd, 28 years old, of 2,323 Seventh Avenue, was being driven eastward in Twenty-eighth Street when the accident occurred.

The Arese boy was playing in the thoroughfare in front of 150 West Twenty-eighth Street, his home, and he did not heed the approach of the big touring car. The car struck the boy and hurled him to the ground. Only one of the wheels, on the rear truck of the machine, passed over the youngster's legs. The chauffeur stopped his automobile after passing over the boy.

Michael O'Neill of 158 West Twenty-eighth Street hastened to the boy and lifted the unconscious child and carried him to the sidewalk. Patrolman Knierim of the West Thirtieth Street Station called an ambulance and arrested Lloyd on a charge of assault.

Dr. Butterfield of the New York Hospital responded to the call and removed the little boy to that institution. His condition is serious.

IN NEW JERSEY.

Justice Swayze granted an alternative writ of mandamus yesterday by which the New Idea faction in Hudson County hopes to obtain an order of the court that an entirely new Republican committee must be elected at the primaries on Sept. 28, and that will defeat the regulars and capture the committee. If this claim is upheld it will affect every county in the State, and new committees will have to be elected.

The Bayonne Board of Health yesterday started to enforce the pure food laws by preventing the sale of fish on the streets.

Jean Vinetos, proprietor of the La Tourette House of Bayonne, was charged yesterday with selling liquor without a license and selling on Sunday. A license was refused by the Council on the ground that he is not a citizen.

In the Bayonne Police Court yesterday Mrs. Annie Swedyenski charged Thomas Hunt with swindling her. She testified he sold her a barrel of potatoes that contained three quarts of potatoes and a quantity of bricks and old tin cans. She refused to press the complaint and Hunt was discharged.

Policemen Melando and Meaney fought for ten minutes early yesterday morning on the roof of a four-story house on West Twenty-third Street before they subdued Salvadore Dinardi, an Italian, who was wanted for shooting a fellow-countryman, Andrew Langella. The prisoner was held for examination to-day. Dinardi is expected to recover.

While on a shopping tour in Passaic yesterday, Mrs. Frank Burkman of McLean Street was stricken with apoplexy and died as she was being lifted into an ambulance at Main Avenue and Washington Place. She leaves a husband and three daughters.

Barefooted and hatless, four boys, ages 8 to 12, tramped twenty miles from Burlington to Camden on Thursday, filled with the boyish hope of joining Battery B of the State Guard on its long "hike" to Sea Girt, beginning in the morning. The juvenile hikers, who made the trip in time that would have been a test for regulars, are Willie and Thomas Tillinghast and James and Birch Gallagher. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon they arrived in Camden, found their way to the home of a relative of the Tillinghast boys, and ten minutes later fell asleep, too tired to explain their presence. A telephone message to their parents in Burlington on Thursday night solved the mystery for all interested. They went home by train.

POLICEMAN ROBBED HIM, SAYS DOCTOR

Dr. Von Osten Oltersdorff, Heidelberg Graduate, Says He Was Beaten, Too.

MAY KNOW HIS ASSAILANT

Capt. O'Conner Doubts the Doctor's Story—Commissioner Baker Will Investigate.

Dr. Von Osten Oltersdorff, a graduate of Heidelberg University and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in this city, reported at the Macdougal Street Police Station early yesterday morning that he had been assaulted and robbed by a uniformed policeman a few minutes before. He exhibited several severe bruises to prove his assertion. After looking over the men on duty in the precinct he said that, while he had identified the man whom he charged with the assault, he would not point him out until his lawyer was present.

The story as told by Dr. Oltersdorff to a reporter for THE TIMES last night is that he was returning from a visit to some friends in upper Amsterdam Avenue. He said he got off an elevated train at Christopher Street after 1 o'clock in the morning. He asked a policeman to direct him to Dominick Street. The policeman, he says, called him a "bum," struck him with his fists and club and also robbed him of $5. Dr. Oltersdorff said another policeman came up and remonstrated, at which the assailant again struck him and ordered him to get away, which he did. The doctor then made complaint at the station.

This story varies from the story told by Capt. O'Conner and Lieut. Goegel, who was on duty at the time, and to whom Dr. Oltersdorff told his story at 3:30 o'clock yesterday morning.

"The doctor said he had been assaulted by a policeman, but said nothing about having been robbed at the time he made the report to Lieut. Goebel," said Capt. O'Conner. "The robbery part of his story is evidently an afterthought. When the platoon was called at 8 o'clock this morning the doctor was present, and he looked over the men carefully. He picked out two of the men as his assailants."

The Captain said the doctor picked out two men at first, but later hesitated in his identification, and then wholly failed to identify any of the men.

Capt. O'Conner was positive in saying that he did not believe the doctor had been assaulted by a policeman. Dr. Olfersdorff has taken the matter up with Police Commissioner Baker, who has promised to continue the investigation started by Capt. O'Conner.

WOMAN CAPTURES A BURGLAR.

Leaps On and Subdues Him When She Finds Him in Her Room.

Mrs. Marie Wenzel of 760 Harrison Avenue, Harrison, N. J., was awakened early yesterday morning by a noise in her bedroom and rose to investigate. In the dim light, reflected into the room from a street lamp, she saw a man crouching behind the food-board of her bed, with his shoes in his hand. Without a word Mrs. Wenzel made a leap for him and pinned him to the floor in spite of his struggles to get away.

She then called loudly for help and her husband and three boarders came to her assistance from an adjoining room. The five then bound the man and sent for the police. He gave his name as Alexander Seiboldtz of Rahway, and said he was 20 years old. He was held for the Grand Jury.

Mrs. Wenzel was struck several times by the intruder, but said she believed the man felt worse than she did.

Want a desirable Boarding House? See Page 13.

Don't buy these suits because the price is $12.75

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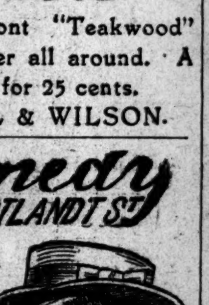

ADOPTED BABY IS BLACK.

So Mrs. Travers Has Relinquished Foundling Left by Autoists.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Aug. 6.—Two months ago, a new-born babe was found in a shoe box near Peter Wooby's Hotel, Kingsland, and the fact that a big auto containing several women had been seen near where the child was found, just a few minutes before its discovery, created much speculation. Mrs. John E. Travers of Rutherford, who felt sorry for the child, adopted it.

Now, however, she is willing to release all interest in the infant, since Dr. Charles Brooks this morning declared that the baby is colored. The Kingsland Poormaster now has charge of the baby.

DESERTED AS SHE PRAYED.

Husband Fled While She and Baby Were in Church, Says Mrs. Kubin.

Asserting that she and her five-months-old infant were deserted by her husband while she went into the Russian Catholic Church to pray that the adversity against which they were struggling would end, Mary Kubin, a Russian, was taken in charge yesterday by the Jersey City police. She had been found in a half famished and fainting condition sitting on the curbstone at Hudson and Grand Streets, near the church.

Her husband, she said, disappeared on Wednesday, and she had roamed about since without food or shelter. She said they had come from Cornwall, having sold their household effects to get money to reach Jersey City.

GRESSER DIDN'T SEE MURPHY.

Queens Borough President Denies Approaching the Tammany Leader.

Borough President Gresser of Queens was highly indignant yesterday at the publication of a story to the effect that he had aproached Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, with a request for his own renomination and a promise of co-operation with Joseph Cassidy in the affairs of the borough.

"The whole story is false from beginning to end," said he. "Last Monday I was at Rockaway Beach with Supt. Leahy of the Highway Department looking over the roads in that locality. I was not in Manhattan and did not see Mr. Murphy.

"To those who know the situation in Queens the story was palpably absurd. It would be unnecessary to contradict it if there were not in other parts of New York City some who do not realize the conditions in Queens.

"The story was a bare invention. There is not now nor has there been any need of intercession on my part or the regular organization for assistance. No overtures have been made by me or any of my friends to Mr. Murphy or anyone else for assistance in the primaries."

Illumination for the Hudson Fete.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 6.—Ex-Gov. Stokes appealed to-day to the people of New Jersey to light up the New Jersey shore during the Hudson-Fulton celebration from Sept. 25 for ten days or two weeks. The Legislature has not made any appropriation for the occasion, but an enabling act was passed last year permitting municipalities to make individual grants. This has provided for part of the illumination. Ex-Gov. Stokes wants to acquaint the people with the situation, and has no doubt that the necessary money—not a large amount—will be forthcoming.

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The New York Times.

SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS.

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1909. 12 PAGES.

CROSSING THE BAR.

By ALFRED, LORD TENNYSON.

SUNSET and evening star,
And one clear call for me!
And may there be no moaning of the bar,
When I put out to sea,

But such a tide as moving seems asleep,
Too full for sound and foam,
When that which drew from out the boundless deep
Turns again home.

Twilight and evening bell,
And after that the dark!
And may there be no sadness of farewell,
When I embark.

For tho' from out our bourne of Time and Place
The flood may bear me far,
I hope to see my Pilot face to face
When I have crossed the bar.

TOPICS OF THE WEEK.

THE HOUSE OF THE SEVEN GABLES.

The Salem original of "The House of the Seven Gables" is again occupying the attention of the English papers. "The house actually had seven gables when built in 1662," say they, "and the places where the seven gable windows were are still easily discernible from the inside, although the gables were removed forty years ago." Thus the British desire for plain matter of fact comes to the aid of the Hawthorne imagination.

AN INTERESTING REPRODUCTION.

An exact reproduction of the edition of Burns published July 31, 1786, by John Wilson at the Cross of Kilmarnock has been issued by Messrs. D. Brown & Co., Wilson's business successors. The text is from photogravure blocks; the blue covers are of the same tint and texture as those used by Wilson, and D. McNaught of Kilmaurs has supervised the preparation of the edition. The oldest of Burns's direct descendants, Mrs. Sarah Eliza Maitland Tombs Burns Hutchinson, died the other day at the age of 87. She was the original of the little girl in the well-known picture of "Bonnie Jean and Her Granddaughter." She married an Irishman and lived in Australia for many years, and her descendants are in England, British Columbia, and Adelaide.

BIRTHPLACE OF TENNYSON.

One hundred years ago tomorrow the Rev. George Clayton Tennyson, rector of Somersby, Lincolnshire, baptized his fourth son in his own church of St. Margaret. It is a small building, but near it is a stone cross reputed to be unique in England, and having a crucifixion carved on one side, and on the other a crowned figure of the Virgin bearing a lily. The wooden stoup for holy water still remains near the church door, and the adjacent sun dial is dated 1756. The Moated Grange is still standing, and also the rectory. Its size has hitherto somewhat protected the tiny village from the bank holiday and other "trippers," but this year it will probably be invaded by flights of motor car and bicycle riders, but their curiosity will make the merest ripple on the tranquillity of the place.

TENS VERSUS EIGHTS.

Mankind in general may not appreciate the fact, but according to S. S. Buckman, F. G. S., who has written a pamphlet upon the subject, mankind in general suffers greatly because of its lack of an "Octaval System" of notation for money, weights and measures. Mr. Buckman has no use for the decimal or metric system. Of it he says:

> The great fault of a decimal system is that division into fourths cannot be accomplished without an odd number, and division into eighths, sixteenths, and so on, is very cumbrous. And yet the eight system is what man requires to use more than any other. It is not only that there is square measure, or that the possession of four sides is common to so many articles of human construction, but man shows a great propensity to halve and halve, or to double and double: often it is a necessity of the case, as in the usual sizes of books—folio, 4to, 8vo, 16mo, and 32mo.

The reason ascribed by the author of the pamphlet for our failure to adopt an octaval system is highly ingenious. It is, in part, as follows:

> If man, in the course of his evolution, had happened to lose that rather primitive character, pentadactylism, and had developed into a four-fingered, four-toed animal, he would have suffered little physical disadvantage, but he would have gained much in saving of mental labor. For, had he been tetradactylous, he would, judging by what he has done in his five-fingered condition, have evolved a system of notation by eights instead of by tens—an octaval instead of a decimal system.

Mr. Buckman, in a prefatory note, gives the history of his pamphlet. It appears that the editor of one of the leading English reviews held his manuscript for twelve months before deciding that he was unable to make use of it. As Mr. Buckman feared other reviews might do the same, he published the pamphlet himself.

ARE WOMEN UNFAIR?

It was hailed as an excellent idea when a London publisher some time ago named three ladies, all well-known writers of fiction—Mrs. Steel, Miss Cholmondeley, and Mrs. de la Pasture—to act as judges in a prize competition for a "best novel." But now it appears from a recent London paper that some would-be competitors question the wisdom of a jury composed wholly of women. Of course it is "mere man" who offers the protest, unmindful of the illogical position thus assumed. As for countless centuries, and, in fact, from the beginning of time, it has been man who has constituted himself sole judge and jury of all feminine actions, applying "man-made laws" for the purpose. Be that as it may, however, one writer has declined to submit a manuscript, declaring that as women were to be the judges he would not enter the contest, because, on general principles, he had no confidence in women—in their impartiality and fairness, literary and otherwise. This is a sweeping indictment, and perhaps it is as well that the publisher has concealed the name of the author of the statement. A wigging and a feminine boycott of his books would assuredly be his fate.

MIAMI UNIVERSITY CENTENARY.

That a condition of affairs not altogether peaches and cream prevailed in Miami University in the early days of that historic institution is made quite clear by Alfred H. Upham in his recent book, "Old Miami: The Yale of the Early West," (Hamilton, Ohio: The Republican Publishing Company.) Mr. Upham writes entertainingly of the university, which this year celebrates the centenary of its foundation. The following are among the rules and regulations of the college in the pioneer days:

> No student shall wear about his person pistol, dirk, stiletto, or other dangerous weapon.
>
> Playing at cards, dice, or any game of chance is strictly prohibited; also the possession of cards, backgammon boards, or any implements used in games of chance.
>
> Any student who shall send or accept a challenge, or be second in a duel, or in any wise aid or abet it, shall be immediately expelled from college.
>
> No student shall, during term time, attend any ball, dancing school, theatrical exhibition, horse race, or any place of similar resort.

It is noted that the regulations against carrying dangerous weapons and dueling, as well as the various "blue laws," were strictly enforced at the college.

FROM CANOE TO TUNNEL.

The Free Public Library of Jersey City has prepared a highly interesting booklet as a souvenir of the opening of the Hudson tunnels. It is entitled "From Canoe to Tunnel" and is a sketch of the history of transportation between the Cities of New York and Jersey City. It relates the histories of the ferries from the time of the first settlement to the present time, giving quite a detailed account of the first steam ferries. Then follows a brief sketch of the history of tunneling, leading up to the history of the Hudson tunnels, which is given very fully. The data regarding the present Hudson tunnels was supplied by Mr. McAdoo himself, and is, therefore, official; and the more recent facts regarding the ferries was revised by the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The pamphlet is, therefore, of permanent historic value and not a mere temporary souvenir. The booklet is gotten up in a very attractive style. The seal of the city with the popular motto, "Let Jersey Prosper," appears on the cover. There are two very interesting illustrations depicting the growth of the ferries. One of these is a picture of Fulton's first ferry boat; another a view of the Jersey City water front in 1857, reproduced from a rare old print in the possession of the library.

TENNYSON AND HIS WORK

An Appreciation of the Great Victorian Poet Made Timely by the Centenary of His Birth —A Dramatically Satisfying Figure.

CARLYLE'S VIVID DESCRIPTION.

Into the Alembic of His Art He Cast Every Variety of Culture and Human Experience.

By RICHARD LE GALLIENNE.

FEW poets have bequeathed to time a figure of themselves so dramatically satisfying as Alfred Tennyson. In his personality, in his history, as in his work, he was the impressive, romantic embodiment of "the sacred poet," the laureled priest of the muses, the hieratic voice and interpreter of the mystic beauty of the world, and the immortal oracles of life. The dramatic sense of humanity very naturally demands of its divine ministers a certain nimbus and authority proper to their mysterious callings. They must in themselves be symbols of the work they do. The great soldier must look like a great soldier, the great priest look like a great priest, the great poet wear the grand manner, the wrapt, exalted, dream-wrought air of the great poet. Most great poets have fulfilled this popular condition, or, by the mythopoeic action of time, have come to fulfill it. But none wears his laurel with a more august fitness, as of a man apart, a chosen messenger of the unseen gods, than Alfred Tennyson. While he lived we had a sense that, so to say, a personal representative of Apollo dwelt among us, an authentic vates, touched, as it were, with a certain supernatural distinction; and, we said to ourselves, with Mr. Lang, "The master's yonder in the isle," with a haunted sense of the immortal made flesh and housed with us, a sense, too, of the security of divine interests in a material age. With his death that sense of security seemed to vanish, and it seemed, indeed, to us, as to Tennyson himself on the death of Byron years before, that poetry, too, was dead. "Byron is dead," he had carved on a rock at Somersby that April day in 1824, "a day when the whole world seemed to be darkened for me." Years after, his son, visiting the old Lincolnshire home, sought for the inscription, but in vain. One can imagine few inscriptions one would care more to have had preserved. "Byron is dead," carved the boy of fourteen, little dreaming of a day far off in the future years when, "to the noise of the mourning of a mighty nation," his own funeral would seem a bereavement no less final.

"Carry the last great bard to his last bed," sang Mr. William Watson, as they brought him to his place of honored rest, with Chaucer and Browning for his immortal neighbors.

Who that was there will ever forget that morning in Westminster Abbey, the ineffable, sweet solemnity of the beautiful death music, as to the ethereal singing of his own "Silent Voices," the great coffin, wreathed with laurel from Virgil's tomb, was carried in by illustrious friends, whose names also were even then becoming legendary—Froude and Jowett and Lecky and Kelvin. At the dead man's side, beneath the laurels and the roses, lay, as we knew, the copy of "Cymbeline" on which his eyes had last rested in the moonlight a few nights before, and the whole beautiful rite was one of those perfect happenings which have a dream-like completeness, the inner spiritual significance and the outer form combining in a harmony of proud pathos indescribably impressive. Here was the majesty of the poet's lot, as our boyish fancies have dreamed it, visibly attested. Here was noble Fame visibly embodied with a sacred eloquence that thrilled the heart. This it was to be a great poet, the voice of a nation's soul—

The song that nerves a nation's heart
Is in itself a deed.

That early vision of his of the grandeur of the poet's destiny was here finally fulfilled—here one might see, veritably witnessed by a nation's mourning, how "one poor poet's scroll" had in very deed shaken the world. Yes, it was a legendary morning, the beautiful legendary close to a legendary life. It was good to be there—an inspiring reminder to what fine issues our mortal lives ascend.

And the life thus closed had been, from its beginning, lived in the spirit of one chosen. No English poet, save Milton, had felt himself so "dedicated"

ALFRED TENNYSON—HIS PERSONALITY AND ENDURING ART

as Alfred Tennyson. Always with him, as with his master, Virgil, it was—the sweet muses whom, before all things, I serve!

> Me vero primum dulces ante omnia Musae,
> Quarum sacra fero ingenti percussus amore,
> Accipiant, caelique vias et sidera monstrant,
> Defectus solis varios lunaeque labores.

And it is beautiful, too, to remember how, from the first, his family and friends had accepted him, confirmed him in his high calling. Poetry was very much in the Tennyson family. His father and his brothers were all more or less poets, good poets, too, but Alfred was the poet in whose fame they proudly sank their own individual ambitions. "I make a slave of you," said the old man to his son Hallam, as he asked some service of him on his death-bed; and, indeed, the poetic gift has seldom blossomed into an environment so hospitable to its nurture. Tennyson knew nothing of the stern apprenticeship which falls to most poets, and it may be that his supersensitiveness to criticism, of which so many quaint stories are told, was due in some measure to the sheltered condition of his muse.

George Meredith used to tell a story of his paying a visit to Tennyson at the height of his fame, he, Meredith, being a young man, with a very different road in front of him. After breakfast, they had gone out for a walk over the downs together, and Meredith had looked forward to some personal talk with his great companion. But, alas! the morning mail had brought some small criticism by some unimportant criticaster, and Tennyson could not forget his irritation. Withdrawn into his own gloom, he kept repeating to himself, rolling the words out in his deep, sonorous voice: "Apollodorus says I am not a great poet!"

Meredith ventured to suggest that the opinion of "Apollodorus" was of no possible importance, anyhow; but it was in vain, and the deep voice still continued with its refrain: "Apollodorus says I am not a great poet"—for Tennyson seems to have resembled his hero Byron in this respect, that (Byron's own confession) "the praise of the greatest could not take from him the sting from the censure of the meanest."

It was an uncomfortable weakness, and hard to understand in one who, since the publication of those precious two volumes in his thirty-fourth year, had been so securely seated, and amid such universal acclamation, in his own high place. Seldom, indeed, have a man's peers among his contemporaries so generously made way for a new fame, so unanimously offered him the seat of honor—and such contemporaries too—for Tennyson grew, so to say, in a grove of giant oaks, with such men as Carlyle and Huxley and Tyndall and Dickens and Thackeray and FitzGerald for his fellows.

Carlyle's attitude toward him, one almost of affection, is particularly significant, and one cannot do better on this day of reminiscence than recall Carlyle's vivid description of him—one of those masterly characterizations in which Carlyle has never been equaled. "Alfred," he says, "is one of the few British and foreign figures (a not increasing number, I think) who are and remain beautiful to me, a true human soul, or some authentic approximation thereto, to whom your own soul can say, 'Brother!' However, I doubt he will not come [to see me]; he often skips me in these brief visits to town; skips everybody, indeed; being a man solitary and sad, as certain men are, dwelling in an element of gloom, carrying a bit of chaos about him; in short, which he is manufacturing into cosmos; * * * I think he must be under forty, not much under it. One of the finest looking men in the world. A great shock of rough, dusky hair; bright, laughing, hazel eyes; massive aquiline face, most massive, yet most delicate; of sallow brown complexion, almost Indian looking; clothes cynically loose; free and easy, smokes infinite tobacco. His voice is musical, metallic, fit for loud laughter and piercing wail and all that may lie between; speech and speculation free and plenteous; I do not meet in these late decades such company over a pipe! We shall see what he will grow to."

And again: "A fine, large-featured, dim-eyed, bronze-colored, shaggy-headed man is Alfred; dusty, smoky, free-and-easy; who swims, outwardly and inwardly, with great composure, in an articulate element as of tranquil chaos and tobacco smoke; great now and then when he does emerge; a most restful, brotherly, solid-hearted man."

Nor do I know a better rapid impressionistic appreciation of Tennyson's poetry than this contained in a letter of Carlyle's to Tennyson on the publication of the 1842 two volumes:

> Wherever this finds you, may it find you well, may it come as a friendly greeting to you. I have just been reading your poems; I have read certain of them over again, and mean to read them over and over till they become my poems; this fact, with the inferences that lie in it, is of such emphasis in me, I cannot keep it to myself, but must needs acquaint you, too, with it. If you knew what my relation has been to the thing called English "Poetry" for many years back, you would think such fact almost surprising! Truly it is long since in any English book, poetry or prose, I have felt the pulse of a real man's heart as I do in this same. A right valiant, true, fighting, victorious heart; strong as a lion's, yet gentle, loving, and full of music: what I call a genuine singer's heart! There are tones as of the nightingale; low murmurs as of wood doves at Summer noon; everywhere a noble sound as of the free winds and leafy woods. The sunniest glow of Life dwells in that soul, chequered duly with dark streaks from night and Hades; everywhere one feels as if all were filled with yellow glowing sunlight, some glorious, golden Vapour; from which form after form bodies itself; naturally, golden forms. In one word, there seems to be a note of "The Eternal Melodies" in this man; for which let all other men be thankful and joyful!

Such praise of "the thing called English 'poetry'" from Carlyle was indeed an amazing portent, and how inevitably has the rough-barked philosopher, under whose volcanic crust ran such fiery streams of true poetic lava, seized and named the one pervading individual quality of Tennyson's work—that golden quality, which is not merely the aurea felicitas, but a veritable atmosphere of "glorious golden vapour," a golden ether naturally embodying itself in "golden forms."

In a familiar passage of "In Memoriam" it will be remembered that the poet, facing "the secular abyss to come," gloomily moralizes on the evanescence of modern rhyme and the probable brief duration of his own "mortal lullabies of pain."

> Take wings of foresight; lighten thro'
> The secular abyss to come,
> And lo, thy deepest lays are dumb
> Before the mouldering of a yew;
>
> And if the matin songs, that woke
> The darkness of our planet, last,
> Thine own shall wither in the vast,
> Ere half the life-time of an oak.
> Ere these have clothed their branchy bowers
> With fifty Mays, thy songs are in vain
> * * *

Now that more than those "fifty Mays" are passed, it is interesting to ask how does the poet stand the test of his own time limit, what and how much does Tennyson mean to us to-day, fifty-nine years after "In Memoriam," fifty-four years after "Maud," and sixty-seven years after the two classical volumes of 1842?

My own impression is that his fame is securer than ever, and his appeal—after a period of comparative eclipse—if anything, more deeply grounded. There was a time, some twenty years ago, when it was the fashion to depreciate Tennyson as thin, shallow, and pretty-pretty; and probably young people still pass through that stage of development when they say that they have "gone beyond" Tennyson, that he has nothing for them, and so forth. Such is a part of the history of every classic. Perfect utterance has a way after a while—owing partly to the universal currency its perfection naturally gains—of seeming superficial utterance. Young minds in particular are apt to find the profound in the obscure, and thought in the turmoil of mental fermentation rather than in the distilled crystal of finished thinking and absolute expression. Writers such as Browning and Meredith, therefore, through the very imperfection of their art, by reason of their cryptic and oracular manner of stammering or blurting out their half-realized thoughts, and general torment of expression, gain credit for more prodigious births of mind merely on the strength of their agonized parturition. Doubtless, it was the unearthly groanings of the sibyl that gave an importance to her messages seldom to be found in the messages themselves. Because Michelangelo was wont suggestively to leave his creations attached to the nature from which they sprang by some portion of unchiseled rock, the modern sculptor often chooses to give us little else than the natural rock.

Similarly, whenever a poet is able to transmute the crude materials of his philosophising into a lucent mysticism, minds unable to realize that there should be mystery in clearness mistake the profound azure of his thought for shallowness.

Because Tennyson had achieved such a masterly way of saying things, some will have it that he has nothing to say. Then, again, his offense is that his thinking—what there is of it—is in the main hopeful thinking. There are those who call a man a thinker only so long as his thoughts are hopelessly black or hopelessly tangled. Faith is never credited with brains. It is only Despair that is called profound. Yet, as Meredith—no angler in the shallows—has finely said: "Who can really think and not think hopefully." Of course the truth is all the other way. It is despair and pessimism that are the shallow reasoners, and faith that is rooted in the mystic verities of existence, the divining, star-sustained mind that, realizing the limitations of sight, believes though it cannot see, and trusts its spiritual instinct before its mortal logic.

Again, Tennyson loses for some judgments by the very amplitude of his nature. He was, in a marked degree, "a full man," the more remarkably so when we consider his artistic sensibility. Such artistic sensibility and such an all-enfolding scope of human interests have seldom gone together.

> One sings a flower, and one a face, and one
> Screens from the world a corner choice and small;
> Each toy its little laureate hath, but none
> Sings of the whole—as only he sang All.

To win certain critical suffrages a poet must not be human; his interests must be narrow and perservere rather than central and sane.

Tennyson, however, was a poet more on Goethe's plan, and into the alembic of his art cast every variety of culture and human experience. His poetic gift was nurtured on the sternest studies, particularly in modern science, the study of astronomy (as with his master, Virgil—"caelique vias et sidera monstrent") having for him a special fascination. It was, doubtless, this strong solution of modern thought in his poetry that helped to win for it such serious attention from his contemporaries, then in the first spiritual throes brought about by the discoveries and speculations of evolutionary science. "Your poetry," said Jowett to him on one occasion, when Tennyson had been fighting shy of one of those strenuous philosophical encounters in which Jowett delighted, "has an element of philosophy more to be considered than any regular philosophy in England. It is almost too much impregnated with philosophy. Yet this to some minds will be its greatest charm." Evidently the robust translator of Plato had not reached the "gone beyond Tennyson" stage!

With this philosophic stability went a universality of human sympathy, by which he identified himself with all the national interests and movements and happenings of his time; so that the dreamy singer of "The Lotus Eaters" and "The Palace of Art" would be found on another page meditating geology and astronomy, "terrible muses," on another painting some simple idyl of English country life, as in "Dora"; on another, singing the epic of the emancipation of women, and still on another celebrating the heroism of English soldiers at Balaclava. His many-sided talent—as distinct from his essential poetic genius and vision—seemed to delight in experiment, in reclaiming for the poetic domain as large as possible an area of human life and character, often considered as lying prosaically outside its limits. Thus even he will write dialect studies of rustic types, such as "The Northern Farmer," and the poet of "Lucretius" perpetrate a popular sentimentality such as "The May Queen." From this determination that nothing human—or Victorian!—should be alien to his art, there is undoubtedly a middle-class, domestic smack to some of his work which has naturally provoked distaste in some of his critics, a quality that sometimes even creeps into his loftier and more universal meditation. It was his distaste for this quality that prompted Mr. Swinburne to nickname "The Idylls of the King" as "Morte d'Albert, or Idylls of the Prince Consort," a delightfully cruel gibe, for which the poems, noble as for the most part they are, unhappily give a certain warrant.

Yet, was it not in these same "Idylls" that

> God made himself an awful rose of dawn.

What an endless array of such nobly beautiful lines, such thrilling magic pictures, throng back upon one's memory as we pick up our old copy of Tennyson, and give thanks for that fortunate birthday—Aug. 6, 1809. I suspect that many share FitzGerald's prejudice in favor of the earlier poems, and undoubtedly the purest, most essential poetry is contained in those 1842 two volumes of masterpieces.

"Mariana," "The Lotus Eaters," "The Miller's Daughter," "Ulysses," "Oenone," "Will Waterproof," "The Lady of Shalott," "Morte d'Arthur," "Love and Duty." What a perfume in the mention these old titles bring with them, and yet, surely it was "Old Fitz's" characteristic crotchet, rather than a serious criticism, that could forego "Maud" and "In Memoriam" and "The Princess." No man can be so devoted to Crabbe as FitzGerald was without severe limitations. No, there is no need to make distinction between Tennyson's work at one period or another. From beginning to end it presents an entirety of achievement, remarkable in its sustained high quality. One could hardly name another poet whose "collected works" are so free from dead spots and dull patches, so alive with various power and enchantment. What magic music, what golden atmosphere, what fairy vision, what living landscape, what spiritual passion, what noble ardors of sense and soul, what simple tears, what carved and gilded chambers of imagery, lie locked between these old covers. Only Keats may surpass him in beauty, only Coleridge in wizardry, and none but Shakespeare can match him at a simple, heartbroken song.

No, I am afraid, like Jowett, I have not yet "gone beyond Tennyson."

RICHARD LE GALLIENNE.

A TENNYSON EXHIBITION.

LONDON, July 28.—In these days of centennial celebrations it is somewhat surprising that so relatively little attention should be given to the centenary of Alfred Tennyson, which falls on Aug. 6. It might be inferred from this that Tennyson's vogue was over. According to the chief publishers of his works, Messrs. Macmillan, this is not at all the case, and the decline in the poet's popularity, which began about 1870, has been followed by a marked reaction these later years.

"Not far short of half a million copies of the complete one-volume edition of Tennyson's poems, which we offer at 7s. 6d.," said a member of the Macmillan firm yesterday, "have been sold. This is a fact which speaks for the continued popularity of the poet."

A great deal of interesting material concerning the poet is gathered in an exhibition which is being held by the Fine Art Society in New Bond Street. Curiously enough, the organizers of this exhibition did not find a superabundance of material among their difficulties. It was found that much that would have been of great interest had perished or become unobtainable. Manuscripts, trial editions, and volumes of poems with the author's emendations and corrections in his handwriting have in many instances passed beyond reach. For example, the manuscript of "In Memoriam" is in the library of Trinity College, Cambridge, a gift the terms of which preclude its being loaned. Some of the most important, according to a foreword in the catalogue, "have found their way to the United States, a bourne whence such travelers seldom, if ever, return."

Tennyson was a shy man, who hated advertisement and publicity, and he was not fond of sitting for his portrait, but nevertheless the exhibition contains a goodly number of presentments of the poet. There are portraits in oil by Samuel Laurence, painted before he wore a beard and mustaches; by G. F. Watts, and by J. E. Millais; a portrait in water colors by H. Von Herkomer, and two others by Mrs. Allingham; a pencil drawing at an early stage by his sister-in-law, Mrs. Weld, and another drawn in his later years by Mrs. Allingham, who has also recorded in water colors his homes near Haslemere and in the Isle of Wight.

OUR LITERATURE IN BY-GONE DAYS

Prof. Cairns Compiles a Book of Curious Interest from the Works of Early American Writers.

By HILDEGARDE HAWTHORNE.

A BOOK of somewhat curious interest has been compiled by Prof. Cairns in the compact little volume entitled "Selections from Early American Writers."* None later than 1800 are included, and it would seem that the representation was fair and catholic, so that the student should be able with the help of this book to get a very decent knowledge of the foundations of literature in America. Not that there is discoverable any link between this beginning and the immense superstructure of our present output, to be sure, but that might be said of the two generations in probably all of its expressions no less than of the literary one.

Theology is the base of most of these selections, although such matters as Indian fights, poems on various sentimental subjects, translations of the Psalms, the examination and condemnation of witches, love letters and historical and descriptive sketches lend variety and prove more agreeable reading than the dissertations upon infant damnation or descriptions of the traits of the grim Deity these people had fashioned for their terror and worship.

One series of verses which has attained some degree of fame is the "Day of Doom," by Michael Wigglesworth, who is described as the most popular versifier of his time, and who came to the Colonies at the age of 7 in the year 1638. This lengthy poem is chiefly concerned with the damnation of various portions of humanity and creates in the present-day reader a feeling of mingled amusement and horror, as depicting a faith before which the ghastly cruelties of savage superstition sink into insignificance, together with a childish crudity of imagination and expression which would scarce pass muster in a public school essay today.

Parts of this poem consist of arguments between the "blind heathen and brutish men" and "those who died in infancy and never had or good or bad effected personally" with God himself, who finally condemns them all to eternal damnation for reasons set forth, although He tells the babies, "But unto you I shall allow the easiest room in hell."

This horrible poem was read, we are told, by every one of the time and taught to children with their catechism. With its pictures of suffering and ugly fear one may well imagine the gusto with which the small scholars chanted its singsong meter.

There is in all this work plenty of sincerity, very little humor, and a thorough determination to speak the mind without regard to person or influence. No advertisers ruled the literary roost in those days, and even political power counted for little, if one may judge by the open letters addressed to Gov. Dudley by Increase and Cotton Mather.

Several women contribute to the material, notably Anne Bradford, who, between the cares of a large household and the bearing of eight children, found time to write a vast amount of verse, of which some is really poetical and most informed with a simplicity, and, if one may be allowed the paradox, an unconscious affectation which it is rather delightful to meet.

A tendency toward sententious moralizing is everywhere apparent through these early writings. Anne herself has "Divine and Morall Meditations" in prose which are full of second-hand reflections on life, that all-is-not-gold-that-glitters type of sermonizing which seems to have particularly appealed to the Puritan mind. One cannot help feeling that the character of the people is clearly reflected in their work; far more directly than is ours in the magazine literature of to-day. These men possessed to the limit the courage of their convictions and a single-mindedness which expressed itself fully in whatever they did, while the conformity of life and faith made the portrayal of one a fair index to the rest.

Gov. Winthrop, for instance, in his "History of New England," gives us as thorough an insight into the soul of his time as could be found in the writings of any age. You cannot get away from the people as you read. They were terrible, but they took as well as gave punishment without a whine. Under the heading "Some Edifying Casualties" Winthrop mentions the deaths of eight persons. Two of these were little children, of which the first was a boy who fell through the ice. In attempting to save him, his sister was lost with him. "The parents had no more sons, and confessed they had been overindulgent with him, and had set their hearts overmuch upon him," observes the Governor, and goes on to tell the story of another child who fell into a well and was drowned shortly after her father had continued an hour at his work on Saturday after sundown, thereby infringing upon the Sabbath. "And the father, freely in open congregation, did acknowledge it the righteous hand of God for his profaning of His holy day against the checks of his own conscience."

The Governor was not without human qualities, either, as witness his letters to his wife. "Oh, how it refresheth my heart to think I shall yet again see thy sweet face in the land of the living!—that lovely countenance that I have so much delighted in and beheld with so great content."

The desperate devotion of these men to the letter of Scripture and their delight in close and vituperative argument are an ever-present factor in their writings, and there are also amusing hints of the etiquette in force. In Mary Rowlandson's account of her captivity with the Indians—a grim business enough, with blood and torture and slain children—she says, speaking of the chief's invitation to smoke: "This no way suited me. For though I had formerly used Tobacco, yet I had left it ever since I was first taken. It seems to be a bait the Devil layes to make men loose their precious time: I remember, with shame, how formerly, when I had taken two or three pipes, I was presently ready for another, so bewitching a thing it is. But I thank God who has now given me power over it. Surely there are many who may be better employed than to ly sucking a stinking pipe."

Each author is prefaced by a short introduction relating the chronology and chief events of his life, with an account of the contemporary interest he created and an estimate of his worth and style. These brief introductions are excellent and form a valuable little history of the literature and personality of that day, a day more removed from the present in every essential of life than ages far more remote in time.

The latter part of the book contains excerpts from the writings of Jefferson, Paine, and Hamilton, sonorous and immortal pages where a new spirit is already to be observed spreading pinions far beyond the confines of the Puritan prison. Yet these hard fathers of the race command sympathy and respect as one grasps their view of life, and sees with how fierce a courage they endured it. Mr. Cairns has done a good work for students of American literature. He has also given us a book full of human interest, quaint knowledge, and real experience, where in a small compass it is easy to get a broad idea of a phase of our National life none the less important because it has utterly passed away.

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*EARLY AMERICAN WRITERS. Edited by William B. Cairns. The Macmillan Company. $1.25.

CERAMICS IN AMERICA.

The progress of the ceramic art in this country has been so marked during the last few years that Edwin Atlee Barber has thought it wise to revise and enlarge his highly esteemed work, "The Pottery and Porcelain of the United States." The book now appears in its third edition and in such form that it deservedly may be spoken of as a historical review of American ceramics from the earliest times to the present day, (G. P. Putnam's Sons.) It was not long ago Americans, as a rule, believed that if one wanted good things in the pottery line he must make his selections from imported stocks. No such idea is prevalent now, and whoever looks through Mr. Barber's book, as it stands to-day, will be apt to come to the author's view that within a few decades American potters will lead the world in their ceramic manufactures. Photographic pictures of a great many very beautiful objects made by our potters are shown in Mr. Barber's book.

A LATE APOLOGY FOR LOLA MONTEZ

The Famous Adventuress of the Last Century Finds a Sympathetic Biographer in Mr. E. B. d'Auvergne.

IT is a kindly, sympathetic, and appreciative view of the famous adventuress that is presented in Edmund B. d'Auvergne's "Lola Montez," (John Lane Company, $4.) It does not picture the woman as a saintly person and hold her up as an example of what all women should strive to be; but it does contend that she was admirable in many respects, and that the world was the better for her living in it.

It is not astonishing that this estimate should be put forward, for, aside from the fact that all the world's wicked ones sooner or later find defenders, there is in the case of Lola Montez considerable justification for revision of the judgment passed upon her by her contemporaries and upheld by their successors. The world has regarded her as an outrageous, worthless, and despicable creature, basing its condemnation on her notorious and undeniable irregularity of life. M. d'Auvergne appeals from this condemnation. He holds that even an unchaste woman may do the world good, and that while we censure her for her sinfulness we should not, unless we are willing to be unfair, fail to take note of the benefits she has conferred upon her fellow-beings.

Furthermore, he holds that the life of the woman he defends and exalts was determined to a very great extent by circumstances she could not control, and without doubt this is true. Her own mother started her on her wrongdoing when she tried to force her, a beautiful and sprightly girl of nineteen years, to marry a rich, gouty, sexagenarian Judge of the Supreme Court of India.

There is a good deal to be said in support of the proposition that this marriage relation from which she escaped by means of a runaway match would have been quite as immoral as any of the later relations in which she became involved. Had the mother found a fit mate for her charming daughter the chances are the girl would have grown into a noble and irreproachable woman; by attempting to deliver her, body and soul, into the possession of a man she loathed, the mother drove the daughter into a marriage which was the beginning of her waywardness, and once off the straight road, it seemed impossible for her to get back to it. She became an adventuress the very instant she separated from her husband, and, though she sometimes seemed to be about to escape from that rôle and to return to a normal and respectable life, each time there was an interference too powerful for her to overcome, so that she remained an adventuress practically to the end of her days.

But unquestionably she was an extraordinarily decent adventuress, as adventuresses go. M. d'Auvergne says no other woman used great power more wisely and disinterestedly than she, and he asks us, "setting aside the qualities of the woman," to acknowledge gratefully that Lola Montez proved herself an able and human administratrix and a stanch friend of liberty. "In her," he remarks, "we have another of the many instances of capacity for government as the concomitant of an intensely feminine temperament." In concluding his plea for a juster estimate of the woman he says:

"Disaster after disaster left unexhausted her marvelous powers of recuperation. She could adapt herself to all men and all circumstances. She was at home in the courts of Emperors and Kings, in the salons of the learned, in the backwoods of California, in the mining camps of Australia, in the community of New York. To the life of a recluse in a primeval wilderness she adapted herself as readily as to a London drawing room. She was eloquent in many tongues, witty and light hearted, adding to the world's gayety.

"She was kindly and compassionate, cherishing dogs and all four-footed things, visiting the sick and afflicted, saying a kind word for the despised coolies of India. Her money was showered with reckless generosity on all who stood in need. Her excellencies were her own; her faults lay at the door of society."

TREASURY OF ENGLISH LITERATURE.

Kate M. Warren, a lecturer in one of the London colleges, gives us in a book she calls "A Treasury of English Literature" (Dodge Publishing Company, $2,) prose and verse selections which exhibit the course of the literature of her country from the earliest times to the beginning of the eighteenth century. Her work is designed to be a companion to Stopford Brooke's "Primer of English Literature," which has been a recognized classic in England for over a quarter of a century, but the author trusts it also will prove to be useful on its own account. One of its merits is that it is very full in its presentation of writings that antedate the time of Chancer.

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PASTOR WAGNER'S RELIGIOUS VIEWS

Author of "The Simple Life" Expresses Modern Theological Theories in "The Home of the Soul."

SINCE a certain great personage, now sojourning in the midst of African wilds, first preached the Rev. Charles Wagner's books to us—the words are his own—their vogue has been steadily in evidence. Yet none of the later works of Pastor Wagner has quite equaled the popularity of "The Simple Life." The new volume, entitled "The Home of the Soul,"* comprises sermons and other messages delivered to the congregation at his "Institute for religious culture" in Paris.

The philosophy of Pastor Wagner is well known. The present addresses are more strictly of the pulpit, and, taken as a whole, offer a fairly inclusive view of his more intimately religious attitude. Dr. Wagner is, in effect, a modern in his theories of theology; that is to say, he is not a theologian. He employs the old terminology to a degree, but the significance of his message is not bound by old ideas. Social service, the humanitarianism of the hour, is prominent; he urges individualism to the extent that each may develop himself in order to devote the more perfect personality to the service of society. This mélange of socialism and individualism is infused with a certain mysticism not always easy to grasp.

And indeed, Pastor Wagner's entire programme of spirituality savors of mysticism. His idea of God is at once anthropomorphic, pantheistic, and immanent. This confusion may well be the result of his earnest striving to present to us an idea of God which shall satisfy the modern mind and soul. But, save to the academic theologians, it is of small importance compared to the spiritual elevation and validity of his message. The fact of the immanence of God is supreme to him; forms and ceremonies are good in their way, no doubt, but to know God in your fellowmen, in all life, in your own spirit, is the great reality of religion. He preaches the dignity of man, and with singular sweetness he preaches the beauty and dignity of childhood.

Pastor Wagner's optimism is inherent in his religion. God is within us; how can we fail, he asks? The real optimism is not that which disregards the painful side of existence; it is that which believes in the good there is in human nature. And in this optimism he never wavers. "We will live by our faith and we will live by our labor, as our fathers did, as our children will do, fulfilling the perpetual law of life, which consists in never stopping, never returning, nor secluding ourselves, but in reaching out toward future accomplishments, upheld by the most solid conquests of the past." He holds to the necessity for pain in human life; not wantonly inflicted, but "the pain which sanctifies and delivers from evil." A few pages further on one catches a glimpse of the old wine: "I know of nothing greater than this vision of the Apocalypse. This God suffering our miseries, this Father who, during numberless centuries, has felt the sum of all anguish experienced in detail by His children, giving of himself freely, opening His arms wide for the reception of all. 'And God shall wipe away all the tears from their eyes.'"

The chapter headed "Whom God hath joined together," though not primarily concerned with marriage and divorce, does contain a pointed reference to them:

> To invoke a blessing of a union made by God Himself upon compacts in which self-interest, passion, spite, and other innumerable deceptions play the leading, and sometimes the only, part, is it not doing wrong thus to interpose the name of God where, in a word, He is absent? And if these ill-assorted unions are on the point of dissolving, is it not rather a divine work which accomplishes their dissolution?
>
> More profound and more difficult to cure "than these individual misfortunes" is the social misfortune, resulting from the general misunderstanding between the masculine and the feminine [illegible] which is forever [illegible] suggested when man openly separates his cause from the cause of woman, or when woman seeks to carve a destiny for herself disassociated from that of man. Alas! it is only too true that we are menaced by this divorce. We cannot say that the time is coming when the woman will say, in pointing to the man: "Behold the enemy!" or the man make the same accusation against the woman, for the time has already come. So God has joined man to man, but "with a perseverance worthy of the most sublime enterprises, he applied Himself to the fatal disorganization of that marvelous body called mankind." In the same way, we find man divorcing himself from the mother earth, herding in cities, and "there will be neither peace, calm, nor security until man shall have reconciled himself with the soil."

The translation is for the most part devoid of literary merit, though it must be confessed that Pastor Wagner is not himself a literary artist. He overlards his sentences with metaphor, often banal, and it is seldom that he rises to such beautiful simplicity as in this sentence: "When the stars have traveled their course, they go to rest, and history is full of the twilights of the gods." His appeal, however, is not strictly to the intellectuality; rather it is to the emotion of righteousness. One sees him, a notable figure in our modern world, walking gently among men, for in every place he bares his head, "Numen inest."

An introduction by Dr. Lyman Abbott is full of good intentions.

---

*THE HOME OF THE SOUL. By the Rev. Charles Wagner. Translated by Laura Sanford Hoffman. 12mo. Cloth. Pp. 359. New York: Funk & Wagnalls Company, 1910. $1.20 net.

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

STUDENTS and teachers of political science will find Prof. S. Reinsch's "Readings on American Federal Government" (Ginn & Co., $2.50,) a very useful book. The author, who is Professor of Political Science in the University of Wisconsin, says he learned from his experience as an instructor that students could derive great benefit from reading in documentary sources, and he also learned that the best way to make that sort of reading possible would be to put into our book selections from articles and statements by representative men touching upon any subject it was desirable to have the student take into consideration.

The book he now offers is constructed in accordance with this view. The matter it contains is, for the most part, selected from the spoken and written words of men "actually engaged in the business of government"; only a few things appear that were written by other than governmental folk. The author leaves it for the reader to form his own conclusions upon all the questions thus discussed.

If, for example, we take Chapter VII. of the book, which relates to the organization and rules of the House, we find that all the matter it contains is taken from The Congressional Record. Our attention is invited to speeches in which the present method of governing the House is both attacked and defended by party leaders, who, of course, have expert knowledge of the subject. We are asked to read these speeches and then pass judgment for ourselves on the merits of the question they discuss.

In the same way the matter in Chapter [illegible] been selected with a view to helping the reader form for himself an opinion as to that august body. The chapter opens with articles by Henry L. West, Samuel W. McCall, and A. Maurice Low, which present three different views of the Senate, and then comes an extract from The Congressional Record's report of an important Senate debate, presented, Prof. Reinsch says, for the purpose of showing to the reader something of the quality and temper of Senatorial action.

Among the other topics treated are the powers of the Executive and his relation to Congress, the treaty-making power, financial legislation, the departments, the courts, the American foreign service, centralization, the army and navy, civil service, and National conventions.

MR. GWYNN'S IRELAND.

MR. STEPHEN GWYNN would appear to be a man well qualified to write a most interesting and stimulating volume on Ireland. As an author of experience he might be expected to seize on the salient points in an exposition of the tragic condition of the people, and as a member of Parliament he has exceptional advantages in the way of knowledge of their needs and aims. None the less, his "A Holiday in Connemara" (The Macmillan Company, $2) is scarcely more than a glorified guide book, for the most part more concerned with good fishing waters than with economic and social considerations. Connemara, one of the Gaelic strongholds of the island, is a fascinating country, full of interest to the student of the Irish question. Mr. Gwynn introduces a miscellany of information, derived from old chronicles, as to the ancient lords of the country, and proffers some statistics of more modern origin as to its present state.

A diplomatic reserve, tempered with what may be called optimism, prompts him to consider "Iar Connacht as a field to be explored for pleasure and interest." One striking fact is brought out: the close connection between these Irish peasants, who scarcely speak a word of English, and our own country. Upon the remittances from America depends many a family in Connemara.

> There are many on that seaboard who have lived long enough in the United States to be naturalized citizens and yet who have never acquired the English tongue. Of course, these are not America's successes, [sic.] I heard of one conversation in which a woman was asked did she really know no English after all the years she had spent across the water? "Oh!" she said, "I know many an odd word. "'Scrubitagain'"—I know that word—it's many's the time I've heard it."

The volume contains some illustrations attractively reproduced from photographs of the natives and of Irish scenes.

AMONG THE AUTHORS.

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of American History at Princeton University, has been engaged for the last twelve years on a work of original research in the part that Kentucky has played in the Nation's history. The book has just been completed and has been read by Judge Harlan prior to its publication either next month or in October.

Prof. Ernest De Witt Burton, head of the Department of New Testament Literature and Interpretation in the University of Chicago, has been spending several months in India and China investigating the conditions and needs of education in those countries. He is expected home this month, and his report will be published as soon after his return as the assembling of the mass of material gathered will permit.

Leroy Scott has completed a new novel entitled "The Shears of Fate. It will appear serially in Success and afterward be published in book form.

William Winter is at present engaged in writing his book on the life and art of Richard Mansfield. The collection of the material for this work was begun by Mr. Winter more than fifteen years ago. In almost his last letter to Mr. Winter, Mansfield wrote: "I am tremendously excited about your writing the life of R. M. It is better than being knighted."

Agnes C. Laut, who has recently written a book which will be brought out this fall on the four voyages of Henry Hudson, is at present writing a sequel to her "Conquest of the Great Northwest." In this sequel she expects to bring the history of Northwest British America up to the present time.

Ellery H. Clark, the Boston Alderman who wrote a novel called "Loaded Dice," used to be the all-around amateur champion athlete of America. There are various tales current recounting his athletic exploits, in all of which he appears to have been victorious, except in the half-mile-walk contests.

Miss Clara Benedict, author of the volume entitled "A Resemblance," has had word from an English correspondent that this was one of the last books read by George Meredith. The volume was lying at his bedside, and his mark had been left at the close of the third story.

George Wharton Edwards has just completed a work for early publication entitled "Holland of To-day," and has gone abroad to spend the remainder of the Summer in certain unfrequented parts of France, where he will collect material for his next book.

TRAVEL IN SCANDINAVIA.

Baedeker's guide to Norway, Sweden, and Denmark, carefuly revised and considerably expanded, has gone into its ninth edition, (Charles Scribner's Sons, $2.40.) There lately has been a marked increase in the attention of tourists to the region of which this handbook treats, and this naturally has led to many improvements in transportation facilities and hotel accommodations. This is especially true of Norway, which has greatly gained in popularity with the traveling public; it is much easier to move about in that country than it used to be. The new Baedeker takes full account of all the new roads, railways, steamboat routes, and hotels that have come into existence recently, and altogether it seems to be quite abreast of the times. It contains a very large number of maps, plans, and panoramas.

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STUDY OF MISERY AND ITS CAUSES

Sources of Humanity's Grievous Trials and Methods of Alleviation Considered by Mr. Edward T. Devine.

It would be hard to imagine a more cheerful book* about misery than Mr. Devine contributes to the betterment of a world which he criticises freely but kindly. Much misery is inevitable, but that is not his theme. Remorse for sin, disappointment in love, failure to realize ideals, loss of loved ones, are all beyond cure, and Mr. Devine seeks a prophylaxis against misery which is social rather than personal, both in its causes and its effects. The personal note is subdued even when he discusses such very personal matters as hunger and poverty and sickness. They are studied in the mass rather than in detail, and in much the same manner that an engineer approaches technical problems. Here are pages after pages of tabulated figures, and many diagrams, resembling nothing so much as strain sheets of stresses which humanity suffers under trials grievous even unto death, and beyond the border after life is done. The problem is the source and cause of misery, and the author's optimism is due to the fact that he regards misery as a misfortune rather than a misdemeanor, if not a crime.

This just reverses the attitude of many who earnestly seek to relieve misery. With them such suffering is personal in its causes, and moral rather than economic in its origin. Those who hunger and thirst are regarded as upon the defensive, as bound to make explanations, if not to undergo discipline as the price of relief. Poverty and depravity are regarded as so near akin that the seeker for assistance starts with a presumption of inferiority and culpability. Doubtless vice, intemperance, cringing dependency, are often unmistakable characteristics of the defective and dependent classes. But to Mr. Devine these are results, not causes. He waives the moral view altogether; he takes the misery for granted, and marshals facts to prove that the sufferers are as much martyrs as sinners, and that the cause of their woes is maladjustment of society. Yet he is no supporter of Socialism as a remedy for ills due to society. He would work through existing institutions, and within the restrictions of prudent finance. His answer to those who argue that public funds are inadequate to remedy the misery caused by social relations, and that they are improperly devoted to such uses, is that it is cheaper to prevent misery than to cure it, and better to prevent crime than to punish it. His thesis is almost an axiom, but his details are controversial.

His diagrams cannot be reproduced, and his tables of figures are not popular reading, but their conclusions ought to have circulation enough to challenge wide attention, and study of the original by those interested. He analyzes minutely the misery observed in the case of 5,000 New York families, and the causes assigned in explanation. Intemperance is seventh in rank, and gambling the last of twenty-five specific origins of misery. Crime ranks twentieth, and old age eleventh. The first root of misery, affecting four times as many as any other cause, is unemployment. For this the individual may or may not be to blame. Precision is not possible in this regard, but Mr. Devine convincingly marshals facts to show that bad industrial organization must divide the blame with the individual. The individual is not to blame for the second cause of misery—overcrowding—and society is chargeable for remedying it. Widowhood, physical disability often due to industry, are not faults. Having families of more than three children under 14 outranks intemperance itself as a cause of human trouble. It is impracticable to follow further along this line here.

The charm of the author's treatment is its hopefulness. Ignorance and inefficiency are remediable. The reduction of overcrowding and unemployment is a civic duty. The working period of life can be lengthened in years of maturity by protecting the years of youth against exhaustion. The development of character is more difficult, but as a cause of misery defect of character is low on the list. Sound heredity, protected childhood, prolonged working age, freedom from preventable disease and professional crime, indemnity against the economic losses occasioned by death, accident, illness, and compulsory idleness; education, charity, and a social religion—these are the heads of Mr. Devine's remedies against the miseries due to their lack rather than to personal deficiencies. It is a cheerful gospel, attractive to the practical man, and repellent to none. Religion and sympathy can do their work concurrently, but they are rather emollients than remedies, better for solace than for cure.

PLAYS BY GALSWORTHY.

The work of John Galsworthy always merits more than passing consideration, for he is a writer of deep seriousness and sincerity. The volume of "Plays" (G. P. Putnam's Sons, $1.35 net) just published emphasizes Mr. Galsworthy's admirable qualities as a writer and thinker; it also displays his—present—limitations as an artist. He has ideas; he is a student of humanity; he writes limpid, crystalline English, which yet is suggestive of color and warmth. In these days of much slipshod writing, the man who has troubled himself to learn the first essentials of his craft is deserving of praise.

It is not an easy matter to point out in just what respects these plays are unsatisfactory, or, rather, unsatisfying. The limitations of the dramatic form should not be—and, in the main, are not—insuperable difficulties to a writer of Mr. Galsworthy's talents. But it may be suggested that, in his well-known position of Socialist and humanitarian, he stands too close to his subjects to gain quite the necessary perspective; he is not, in the manner of the supreme artist, sufficiently detached. He does not preach or theorize, but, when the book is laid aside, the sermon and the theories implied stand out more definitely than do the characters of the plays. This, whatever it may be in the novelist, is a fault in the dramatist. And Mr. Galsworthy may be at once absolved from any such amateurish ambitions as the desire to produce "closet plays."

"The Silver Box" has been presented in this country with some measure of success. It is a striking study of the enforced non-resistance of a woman enfeebled in soul by harassing poverty and sordid squalor of existence. It is a picture, brief, pathetic, incomplete, and inconclusive. It has elements of tragedy, but tragedy implies revolt and the clash of souls in battle with fate. "What is 'justice'?" One can imagine poor Mrs. Jones asking, as she stands, alone, the victim of an injustice which is almost impersonal, but not quite so. She asks nothing, and the drama seems unfinished.

"Strife," which has been produced in England and is promised for next season in New York, has the same baffling end—baffling from the standpoint of the drama. It pictures a struggle between capital and labor, localized at a tin plate works on the border of Wales. There is right and there is logic on both sides, but the wives and children of the strikers starve while the men refuse compromise. The end is compromise; nothing has been gained, something—including a life—has been lost, and two strong men are broken. It is excellent reading, dramatic in scenes, and powerfully realistic. But again—it is not drama.

"Joy" is a somewhat slighter work, subtitled "a play on the letter 'I.'" The theme is concerned with the right of a woman to be happy as an individual. The woman in question has a daughter, Joy, to whom the knowledge of her mother's striving for happiness comes as a painful, disturbing thing, only to be forgotten in her own happiness and attainment to love. There are scenes of appealing charm and moments of delicious humor in this play.

It would require an essay of no mean proportions to discuss in just what respects Mr. Galsworthy's inconclusiveness differs from, say, the apparent inclusiveness of "A Doll's House." It is not a matter of technique, but of feeling. The plays are exceptionally interesting reading—far more so than the majority of modern dramas which find their way into print. With his undoubted talent, his command of the minor technicalities of the theatre, and his fine sincerity, Mr. Galsworthy will no doubt produce plays more poignantly and humanly dramatic than these. To escape the deadening effect of seeing at too close range only the midges in the sunbeam and the sordid drudgery of daily existence, the artist must raise his eyes occasionally and look toward the east.

Masks for Old Books.

The London Book Monthly sounds this note of warning to persons engaged in research work: "Are you a researcher? Do you spend hours and days digging into aged volumes for the benefit of yourself or somebody else? Then you ought to get a mask to fit over your mouth and nose, a contrivance of silk and wire. Preferably it should be green, because that is an unobtrusive color, but it may be of any shade you like. This you must do because it is gravely laid down that aged volumes are often nests of germs, and if you are going to keep your health you must muzzle yourself against those germs. Anyhow the reading mask is in use in Paris, and one wonders if it has yet been seen at the British Museum. One wonders also what particular kind of disease results from the inhaling of germs contained in ancient books—brain fever?"

NEW NOVEL BY "BARBARA."

Mabel Osgood Wright's latest novel, "Poppea of the Post Office," (the Macmillan Company, $1.50,) is certain of a warm welcome from the host of readers who have enjoyed the fascinating and quaint stories by "Barbara." But it must be confessed that the novel is neither as interesting nor as well written as Mrs. Wright's previous work. The charming fancy and unexpected conceits of "The Garden of a Commuter's Wife" and "People of the Whirlpool" have been sacrificed to plot, and plot is not, apparently, Mrs. Wright's strong point.

Briefly, the story is concerned with a foundling left at the wrong door, and brought up by the gentle, lovable Oliver Gilbert, Postmaster in a New England village. Poppea of the Post Office develops into a beautiful woman, with a remarkable voice, and is wooed by various suitors, in spite of her unknown parentage. The mystery is ultimately solved and she marries her faithful first sweetheart. The village life during the civil war, and New York City in the two succeeding decades, are intimately described, and some of the minor characters linger in one's memory with delightful insistence. One would like to have known, for instance, the Misses Felton and "Cousin" Esterbrook, the gallant beau who devoted his life to the two sisters, unable to decide which one he preferred to marry, and marrying neither in order to serve both.

Indeed, the characters are all living, likeable folk, and Poppea herself is a wholly charming heroine. But as a story the book is somewhat monotonous; technically it fails to convince because Mrs. Wright gives equal emphasis to incidental matters and to moments of real dramatic value. She has gone out of her métier, one feels, and the result is not entirely happy. Better a week in the garden with Barbara than a cycle of plot with Mrs. Wright. The frontispiece, an unusually attractive wash-drawing by the Kinneys, is a dainty introduction to the heroine.

"THE MORAL ECONOMY."

What a pity that certain words are in themselves uninteresting, when they represent vital and interesting facts! But surely it is the plodder who chooses uninteresting words, as he chooses the barren road. "The Moral Economy" (Scribner's) is a repelling name; and Prof. Ralph Barton Perry, its author, sticks throughout the book to such formal and sophisticated phrasing, in relation to primeval, human, inmost things.

He says nothing that is entirely untrue; therefore necessarily he says much that is true, but somehow he misses the living, inspired word that makes truth. He sees that good comes first from the gratification of self-interest, and morality from the organization of many interests; that the aim of life must be the perfect organization of all its interests into one." He says, in a fine paragraph:

"Morality in its springs is absolutely one with that clinging to life which is the most deep lying of all interests, and with that relish for life in which its goodness needs no philosopher's approval. The primal determination to be and to sell one's self dearly is not different, except in its limits, from the moral determination to be and to attain to the uttermost. The whole force of life is behind every moral scruple and guarantees the sanity even of a universal good will."

But he goes on to make diagrams of the virtues and to prove the long proved with obvious reasons. He translates into bigger words that perfectly true, perfectly sane, and perfectly tiresome saying: "Be good and you'll be happy." Morality, he says, need not be interesting, because it is ingrained in life, slow, inevitable, the means and condition of life itself. But, truly, nothing could be more interesting than morality, in all its dresses; nothing occupies more, in hidden ways and disguises, the minds of all men. Yet he who calls interest the source of goodness has been inconsistent by purposely writing a dull book.

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ALFRED TENNYSON.

WHEN Alfred Tennyson was born Wordsworth was 39, Scott 38, Southey 35, Byron 21; Shelley and Keats were mere lads. When he had reached the age of serious poetic production the last three had passed away and Wordsworth alone remained to set the pace. It is significant that when the latter was named laureate there were voices raised in favor of the younger man, so early did he gain the favor that increased in nearly steady ratio during a long life, bringing him, in his prime, both fame and financial ease. Though he did not escape criticism, to which sometimes he was painfully sensitive and resented at no inconsiderable cost to his dignity, he was essentially fortunate, in the hour of his coming, in the gifts with which he was endowed, and in the disposition of the public toward the career for which, more seriously and completely than almost any other English poet, he believed himself to be predestined.

An old school had nearly passed when he began to write, with the work of which the lovers of poetry were in a way sated. Wordsworth had started a new one, to which Tennyson was not to belong, but which prepared the way for him, laying the echoes of the old, arousing new interest and sensitiveness and preparing minds for the charm he was to exert. In this process Shelley and Keats had aided, but they had died before their verse had created in readers a fixed habit. By the mere incidence of birth Tennyson thus found conditions favorable to the exercise and recognition of his vocation. To that vocation he was very definitely and authoritatively called. There seems to have been no period of his life in which he was not engaged with it. From the moment when a child of a half-dozen Summers he scratched attempts at blank verse on his slate until he "crossed the bar," his dominant and absorbing aim and occupation was the production of poetry. It was the one thing he cared for, and for that he cared deeply and constantly, intensely and reverently, tenderly and sturdily. He devoted to it the sustained energy of a strong will; his aspiration toward it swayed mind and heart and stirred the inmost depths of a nature singularly sensitive and fruitfully responsive. He regarded the evolution of his personal experience, his relations to men and women, the events of his time, the society of which he was a member, with the sentiment and thought of the period, with the poet's eye. Other men have done this instinctively. Tennyson joined intention to instinct, not always happily, but always faithfully and with unforced persistence. He may be said to have lived his life as a poet.

It is much too soon to assign to him his permanent rank. Very capable and expert judges, critics, or poets, or both combined, have essayed the task, but their judgments are necessarily in the nature of guesses. We should be inclined to deem those most likely to be lucky in the event who have placed him highest, but it is guessing all the same. Time, the inevitable tester, has not yet wrought sufficiently at the final verdict, has not, especially, sufficiently sifted the poet's voluminous product, reserving and preserving the truly precious residuum on which the ultimate judgment will be passed. But of this we may be sure: Tennyson's influence on his time was very great, was generally recognized, was sound and pure and essentially in harmony with his own high purpose. No poet of his day was so widely read and none succeeded in more intimately impressing his spirit upon the English-speaking race. It has been said of him, somewhat in a tone of disparagement, that he reflected his time and his people. In a sense this must be true of any considerable writer. It was true of such disparate poets as Browning and his wife. It can hardly be said with justice of Tennyson as implying a lack of original gift or of independent attitude of soul. If he did not, as has been said of Milton, stride so far in advance of his time that he was, to his fellow-men, dwarfed by the distance, he was steadfastly loyal to a lofty conception of life to a standard to which, in profoundly stirring hours, he summoned those who would listen.

The late Mr. Ingersoll, challenged to say how he would have improved on the laws of the Providence he delighted to criticise, replied that he would have made health infectious. Tennyson, in the sixty years in which he labored among his fellow-men, did much to give to beauty irresistible, persuasive, subtle, and vital charm, to which all English readers and all readers of English became more and more sensitive. We may, if we will, set what we deem his best beside what we deem best of Wordsworth or Browning or Meredith or Swinburne, and prefer the latter, but it is hardly possible to read the best liked and most remembered of his poems consecutively and not feel that the sense of beauty in his time was made richer, sweeter, more fruitful, more of a delight and a blessing for the work he did.

For one thing—and it is not a small one—consider the influence of the poetry of Tennyson on his reader's appreciation of nature, on their capacity to penetrate and rejoice in the multiform beauty of the world they live in, and to feel, even though they might not understand, its elusive and fascinating significance. Tennyson was, in the best sense, and to a degree beyond any other writer, save possibly Meredith, in his best prose, a lover of nature. One might say, with the necessary reservation as to what may be the later verdict, that in this lay his supreme claim to our praise and gratitude. Not forgetting the dreadful nonsense of which professed nature lovers are guilty, and, indeed, recalling it for the sake of contrast, we can say of Tennyson that his love was sincere, fervent, inspiring, and lasting, as serene and happy in the evening of life as it had been in the joyous morning. Its influence pervades every page, almost every verse of his poetry. It illuminates whatever it touches. Every image, every suggestion glows with the light of truth justly observed, rightly felt, and employed with perfect sureness. Unlike Wordsworth, Tennyson does not yield to the temptation to anthropomorphism in his conception of nature. He respects her inscrutable and inviolate integrity, worships her for the charm and virtue he feels in her, loads her with no artificial attributes, makes portrayal praise, and leaves with his readers the sense of brooding mystery with which she inspires her truest lovers. He is in nothing else so much the artist as in his use of nature. He never fails to see the wood for the trees. The minutest observation comes easily and exactly to its place, and its place is duly ordered. His expression of the broad and imposing phases of nature finds equally its due rank. Loveliness and grandeur, repose and mighty movement, the exquisite grace of the flower, the splendor of the heavens, the near delights of the hedgerows, the order and majesty of the universe, in Tennyson's verse sway the emotions and imagination of the reader, the motions of a many-charmed wand in an unerring hand. In this regard, very simply and unconsciously, he stands quite apart among the poets of the nineteenth century. We can hardly exaggerate his influence in this direction, and it is probable that it will more and more be recognized.

Much has been said of Tennyson's interpretation of the classic spirit. Perhaps the best that can be said is that his reading of the poetry of the ancient races was true rather to his own type of imagination than to the classics. We find the tone of the "Ulysses," the "Oenone," and "The Death of Oenone" in the Idylls. Arnold, Swinburne, Browning, Murray have rendered the sentiment, the attitude of the Greeks more faithfully. The resulting poetry is not more beautiful and appealing. Tennyson fills his classic personages with the yearning, doubting, restless, and melancholy spirit of the nineteenth century. They do not dwell within the definite boundaries of unquestioning belief; they look out on the world with modern eyes, and the world they see reflects that of the poet. But they are not therefore less endowed with interest and beauty and charm. They are creations rather than interpretations, the creative gift of which they are the product is rare.

Doubtless much of the very remarkable and sustained popular esteem which Tennyson enjoyed was due to his patriotism, which was sincere and fervid, but, in sober truth, in the light of the present day, somewhat insular. In that he was the poet of England rather than of Britain, of what we now hold to be, in a very wide sense, Great Britain. His very philosophy, embodied as it was in verse that sings perennially in English hearts, had a certain Broad Church stamp, carefully differentiating it from the High Church brand on one side and that of the chapel on the other. But it must be recognized that the Englishman of his day was a valuable and fine element in the evolution of the human race. If his patriotism, like that of the poet, was narrow, it was stout and trusty and wholesome, and worthy of the stately robes in which the poet clothed it.

HISTORY OF LAKE CHAMPLAIN.

Walter Hill Crockett's "A History of Lake Champlain" (Hobart J. Shanley & Co.) may properly be spoken of as a timely book. Three hundred years having elapsed since the lake was discovered by the man whose name it bears, the people who live on the Champlain shore are indulging in tri-centennial celebrations, and naturally every participant and looker-on wishes to know a fair amount of Champlain history, and as a rule desires to get his knowledge as easily as possible.

WHEN NAPOLEON ALARMED BRITAIN

Mrs. Garnett's Novel "The Infamous John Friend" Tells a Story of the Threatened Invasion.

AN interesting and difficult psychological question comes to mind as one reads the concluding chapters in Mrs. R. S. Garnett's historical novel, "The Infamous John Friend," (Henry Holt & Co.) The story Mrs. Garnett tells has to do with the scheme for the invasion of England, which the great Napoleon cherished for a time. It is not a thrilling story, but it is worth reading for the sake of getting acquainted with the man John Friend and with his wife, Polly, and it is concerning their relations that the question arises to which we have referred.

The man Friend is a strong artistic character, admirable and lovable in spite of the fact that he is a spy, a traitor, and a blackmailer. He is startlingly clever and crafty in the prosecution of the infamous trades by which he supports his family; has courage, nerve, and audacity; knows how to use a dagger or a pistol as well as the next man; has never in his life lost a wink of sleep through the prickings of his conscience, and, all in all, is a well-equipped and highly accomplished scoundrel.

But he loves his wife dearly and tenderly and treats her with charming delicacy and gentleness. There is no doubt whatever that up to the time the man's villainy is discovered by his Government and he is sentenced to be hanged, a delightful affection is maintained between the husband and wife, the woman returning, measure for measure, the love that is bestowed upon her. It is difficult to determine whether the woman's behavior after the trial and conviction of her husband is that of a truly loving wife; difficult to determine to one's satisfaction whether the account of what happened when Mr. and Mrs. Friend came together in the condemned man's prison is true to life or quite inconsistent with it.

The man does not wish to die and he asks his wife to go to the King and beg a pardon for him.

> "What do you take me for that you propose such business to me?" she demands, rising from her husband's knee.
>
> "What, Polly? You won't? Not to save your poor husband's neck?"
>
> "It must not be saved—in such a way. What are you made of that you can dream of such a thing? What! After you have spent your life in defying and betraying your King, to creep to him in the end whining for pardon? You knew when you first began your treason that the penalty was death. Why do you shrink from paying? You know that you deserve it. Take the fate you have earned like a man."

"You must not keep alive, husband," the wife declares a moment later. "You have got to die. It is the only honest thing, the only manly thing. You must hang."

"Is it my little wife that asks me to hang?" the husband demands. "Are you tired of me?"

She tells him she wants him to be hanged so that he may be worthy of her love. She wants a man for a husband, she says, not a cur.

He gazes at her in astonishment that presently turns to admiration and bowing before her he raises her hands to his lips and tremblingly says to her: "For life or death; whichever you shall choose for me, Polly."

She smiles at him proudly and quickly replies: "It is death then, dear. Death for both of us. We'll have no more of dishonor."

He stands holding her hands at arm's length, devouring her with his eyes, lost in wonder as if in a new world. "Polly, Polly!" he murmers now and then under his breath. She draws closer to him. "Dearest," she says, "I knew I could trust you."

He is hanged in due time and seven days later her life comes to an end. Probably she could not have saved him if she had tried ever so hard; but was it consistent with true wifely love to refuse to make the effort?

"THE LADY WITHOUT JEWELS."

The story in Arthur Goodrich's novel "The Lady Without Jewels," (D. Appleton & Co.,) is about on a par with that of the average musical comedy. It is extremely fantastical in its narrative, scenes, and incidents, and its characters are as grotesque and farcical as those who figure in such stage pieces as "The Prince of Pilsen" and "The Merry Widow." It is written in a humorous vein and is very amusing in spots, and, though it is a long way from being a story of the first rank in its class, it undoubtedly will give a good deal of pleasure to many of its readers. Most of its characters are Americans, but the scene of their enterprises is laid in a remote corner of Germany, and the story is largely concerned with the affairs of an extraordinarily funny German Count.

WANDERINGS IN SOUTH AMERICA

Various Works Dealing with the Land of Bolivar Grouped in Review—Route of the Liberator's Army Traversed by Prof. Bingham—Mr. Osborn's Views of the Andes—Mr. Waterson's Old-Time Adventures.

By FORBES LINDSAY.

UNDER the somewhat imposing title, "The Journal of an Expedition,"* &c., Prof. Hiram Bingham of Yale University reproduces his diary of a journey made by himself and Dr. Hamilton Rice from Caracas to Bogota. Most of the ground traversed has been described by Duane, Hall, Brisson, Mollien, Milchers, and other travelers in that region, but the author's detailed account gives the impressions of a trained observer and conveys a clear picture of the country and its inhabitants. Prof. Bingham's object in undertaking this journey was to secure precise information and local color for a biography of Bolivar, which he is preparing. The party closely followed the route of the Army of Liberation in the campaign of 1818-1819, and made a critical examination of the battlefield of Carabobo. As a result new light seems to have been thrown on some questionable points in the military career of the hero of South American independence.

The ordinary reader will find in this volume an interesting account of travel off the beaten track and will gain from it an insight to the manner of life of the rural populations of Colombia and Venezuela. The story is not the less entertaining for the minute relation of incidents that are sometimes trivial, and it is enlivened by little descriptions and character sketches of persons met by the way. There was not, however, anything much out of the ordinary in the experiences of the author and his companion, although we are led at the outset to look for thrilling adventure. The entries made in the diary at Caracas refer to the "dangers and difficulties" in prospect, and on the eve of departure the professor tells us: "Most of our friends here are confident that we will never get there, and are bidding us good-bye with gloomy forebodings."

There does not appear to have been any serious ground for apprehension. It was not until toward the close of the journey that the party experienced a shower of rain, and they arrived in the vicinity of Casanare before encountering drowned land or swollen streams. In fact, they were safely in Bogota ere the rains fairly set in. Bolivar's force covered the ground at the height of the rainy season.

At several points in his narrative Prof. Bingham displays an extravagant appreciation of the situation. For instance, the entry in his diary for March 6 (p. 128) opens with the statement: "We had an exciting night." With expectation aroused we read on to learn that he heard something moving in the brush. "Just as the creature was on the point of coming out of the jungle into the open space in front of the camp, the moon came out from behind a cloud and shone brightly on my gun. The noise instantly stopped, and a moment later the animal began stealthily to retreat into the jungle, so that I never had the satisfaction of knowing what it was." And with that the excitement of the night ceased, so far as we can learn from the diary.

The book is printed on unusually good paper and is illustrated with a large number of excellent photographs by the author.

The size of Mr. Osborn's two large volumes wi'l lead the reader to look for more than he will find in them. They add little, if anything, to our previous knowledge of South America, and such information as they contain is presented in so bald and disjointed a manner as to make it uninteresting and difficult to assimilate.

The author's style is at times diffusive and gossipy, at others encyclopedic in its conciseness. In both cases the effect is irritating. The first chapter opens with the following paragraph: "The finest thing about going away from home is the chance to return again. No matter how much engaged or entertained one may be, the uppermost thought is of home, which, more tangibly defined, is Michigan, provided one is so fortunate as to live in that land in the sun bright deep, where sweet waters and birds of lyric throat vie with pure air and kindly nature to develop the finest people on the best earth we know." After a page or two of this sort of thing we have the biographies of each of the author's fellow-passengers on the vessel which took him to South America. In a book designed for distribution among friends this kind of matter might be allowable, but it must be hopelessly uninteresting to the general reader.

When he gets down to the subject proper of his book Mr. Osborn skips from one topic to another with such abruptness and frequency that one is tempted to suspect that his volumes are almost a literal transcription of his notes. Here are the subjects of successive paragraphs of ordinary length: Coffee, yerbamate, coal and timber, Brazil's monetary system, new wharves at Rio, officers of the Lamport & Holt Line, languages of South America, populations of Brazilian cities, immigration in Brazil and the Argentine, Bahia compared to Algiers, account of an Englishman falling into a sewer, fruits of Bahia, diamond fields, Bahia Harbor, Brazil's exports, street cars in Rio, the coast of Rio, taxation in Brazil, the negroes of South America, moving school system in the Argentine.

These are not extracts from a topical index nor the headings of chapters, but the subjects of paragraphs all embraced in seven or eight pages. They are a string of bald facts stated in the manner of the gazetteer. There is little or no comment and no sign of observation on the part of the author. He gives the impression of a diligent note-taker who has used his ears and his pencil more actively than his brain and his eyes. Something of his prolixity in other parts of the book would be welcome here as a relief from the tedium of bare figures and dry facts.

The comparative importance of his subjects does not seem to have influenced Mr. Osborn at all in the distribution of his space. Brazil is disposed of in one short chapter of twenty-five pages. There is no description of the country nor the people—nothing, in fact, which might not have been written by Mr. Osborn without leaving the confines of Michigan. "Argentina and Beyond" is crowded into another chapter, but "Chile," "Valparaiso," and "Santiago de Chile" are the subjects of three separate chapters.

That the author is not lacking in imagination is proved by the amazingly fanciful sketch of the career of Bolivar, with which the second volume closes. We are told that he fought "with a handful of impoverished patriots and in lands surcharged with poisons, both vegetable and animal; where trackless and almost impenetrable swamps were imposed as barriers; where great water-covered areas suddenly rose into titanic mountains, whose tropical passes were so high as to be filled with ice and snow * * * chattering monkeys, screaming parrots, crimson macaws, through the tangled, muscated forests; poisonous vines and plants made the jungle a human snare; deadly snakes with beady eyes and clammy folds, suspended from overhanging limbs, awaiting their prey; the man-eating cayman infested bayou and stream, &c. * * * Day after day the patriots marched through water to their loins, and found no dry spot whereon to sleep at night. * * * Bolivar swam swollen torrents, dragging at his horse's tail women with babes and children and old men." In the relation of important facts Mr. Osborn is not more accurate. He seems to be unaware that Bolivar was absent from the battle of Boyaca, and informs us that the insurgents "hemmed in" the Spanish army at Carabobo.

Few recent publications are so deserving of attention as is the new edition of Waterton's "Wanderings," an old friend in a new dress. This delightful book first appeared in 1825, but the interval has seen no material changes in Guiana, to which the greater part of the work is devoted. The writer's charming descriptions of the country and its animal life are entirely applicable to-day.

Waterton's was a singularly attractive and interesting personality. Owner of a large estate in England and of an income that offered a life of ease, his love of nature drew him to the wilds. His expeditions were in striking contrast with those of our modern hunters and naturalists, who are accompanied by baggage carts and pack trains, guides and gun-bearers, cooks and secretaries. Alone and on foot, without any but the simplest preparations, Waterton penetrated the innermost recesses of the South American forest, beyond the habitations of even the primitive Indians. He approached beast and bird, reptile and insect, in a spirit of friendly interest, and studied each amid its natural surroundings. He never killed save of necessity, and then not without regret. His great loving heart embraced every living thing in its sympathy. Even the snake and the cayman found in him an apologist. His sympathetic understanding of the ways of wild animals and his absolute fearlessness seem to have been an effective safeguard, for he was never seriously injured. Barefooted and unarmed, with a volume of Horace in one pocket and his notebook in another, he tramped happy and absorbed in the forests of Guiana, where "you may wander for a week together without seeing a hut." In these solitudes he passed eleven months on one occasion, collecting specimens and acquiring knowledge.

Waterton made many valuable contributions to science. He corrected a number of accepted fallacies in natural history. He described truly for the first time the habits of the sloth and the ant-bear. And he devised an effective method of preserving the original forms and colors in natural history specimens. Although rigidly scientific in his methods and mental processes, Waterton's account is intensely interesting in every line, and his style is so simple and lucid that the "Wanderings" is admirably adapted to entertain and instruct young readers.

This is one of those books in which the writer, while standing in the background, strongly reflects himself. His delicate humor, kindly sympathy with all creation, his modest forgetfulness of self, and his intense love of nature shine through the narrative, so that you close the volume with the sense of having had an insight to the character of a man worth knowing. Whether he be fond of natural history or not, one cannot read the "Wanderings" without pleasure and profit.

The book is illustrated by colored drawings recently made by Charles Livingstone Bull, from studies in the forests of Guiana. The pictures are Japanesque in color and drawing without anything of the extravagance of the Oriental style. If space permitted much more might be said in commendation of these unusually fine illustrations as well as of the handsome manner in which the mechanical work has been done throughout.

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*THE JOURNAL OF AN EXPEDITION ACROSS VENEZUELA AND COLOMBIA. 1906-1907. An Exploration of the Route of Bolivar's Celebrated March of 1819 and of the Battle Fields of Boyaca and Carabobo. By Hiram Bingham, Ph. D., (Harvard,) F. R. G. S., Lecturer on Latin-American History, Yale University. With map and 133 illustrations from photographs taken by the author. One volume. Pp. 284. 8vo. Cloth. New Haven, Conn.: Yale Publishing Association.

THE ANDEAN LAND, (South America.) By Chase S. Osborn, member of the Board of Regents of the University of Michigan, with over fifty illustrations and four maps. In two volumes. 8vo. Cloth. Chicago: A. C. McClurg & Co. $5 net.

WANDERINGS IN SOUTH AMERICA, the Northwest of the United States, and the Antilles, in the Years 1812, 1816, 1820, and 1824. With Original Instructions for the Perfect Preservation of Birds, &c., for Cabinets of Natural History. By Charles Waterton. Including a memoir of the author by Norma Moore, M. D. With illustrations and a brief introduction by Charles Livingstone Bull. One volume. Pp. [illegible] 8vo. Cloth. Price, $2.50. New York: Sturgis & Walton Company.

THE JEW IN LITERATURE.

THE Jew in English Literature calls up many romantic episodes; Shylock and Daniel Deronda, Rebecca and Fagin, Barrabas and Riah, are among the names associated with this race in the annals of English letters. Rabbi Edward N. Calisch has conceived the idea of bringing together not alone Jewish characters in novels and plays but also Jewish writers on all sorts of subjects. For a first attempt he has made a very commendable showing, and has included in his book, "The Jew in English Literature," (Richmond, Va. The Bell Book and Stationery Company,) a short sketch of the remarkable history of the Jews in England, which has gone through so many phases.

Rabbi Calisch points out that Shylock had a historic prototype in Roderigo Lopez, Queen Elizabeth's body physician, who was accused and executed for attempting to poison her. "The Merchant of Venice" was produced in the Autumn after Lopez was executed. So, too, he connects Rebecca of Scott's "Ivanhoe" with Rebecca Gratz of Philadelphia, whose beauty and charm were reported to Scott by Washington Irving. These matters were known, but it is well to have them put together between the same covers, and Rabbi Calisch has added much that was not so generally known. The very earliest English drama or "morality" dealt with the legend of the desecration of the host by the Jews, which led to so many victims during the Middle Ages.

Perhaps the most interesting part of the book is the very interesting bibliography given at the end of it, giving non-Jewish writers who have written about the Jew and Jewish writers who have written about all kinds of subjects, from mathematics to political economy. The latter list contains many names not usually associated with the race, such as Sidney Lee, Frank Danby, Albert Kinross, Henry Russell, (the author of "Cheer, Boys, Cheer,") and Louis Melville, (the chief authority on Thackeray.)

What one misses, however, in the book is some general discussion of the impression made by Jews in ancient and modern days, and the causes of the change. Rabbi Calisch's lists could, of course, be increased, but, on the whole, he has taken into his net almost all the chief names connected with the subject. Altogether, the little book will attract attention to one of the curiosities of English literature, and, indeed, might be regarded as a supplementary chapter to Isaac Disraeli's book of that name, though scarcely with its charm.

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VIEWS OF READERS.

Some Interesting Notes Upon Current Literature Expressed by a Critical Correspondent—Swinburne Versus Emerson—Growing Interest in the "Race Question"—"The Bride of the Mistletoe"—Various Letters on Timely Topics.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

READING your article on "The Selling of Books" in the issue of July 24 reminded me of stray thoughts I sometimes have on current literature, especially of magazines.

As you say, it is the lower strata of readers that have to be mostly catered to, as they form so large a proportion of the reading classes and, consequently, it takes a longer time to discover what is worth reading than to read it. And this is made more difficult by the want of indication or classification. If we had foot notes or head notes telling us that the story "Life at a Colorado Ranch" had been written by an author who had never been in Colorado, or that "Reminiscences of an Octogenarian" had been written by a young college graduate or that "Why I Am a Vegetarian" had been written by a man who eats meat daily, a good deal of time and trouble would be saved. Or if the poetry were classified into "Densely Foggy" when the poet knows not what he means and nobody else will ever know; "Thick Mist" when the poet has some very indistinct idea which no reader, however, ever attains to; "Indistinct," "Twilight," and Daylight," it would save readers many hours of misdirected effort.

The great bane of the magazines is the short story, and I think the editors have an idea that they are more interesting to the majority of readers than they are. There are so many serials now devoted to fiction, short and long, that I think the fiction-reading public would find all they want in them, and in the other magazines the space saved by using less of it for short stories could be devoted to literature more entertaining.

I find that most people prefer a "fat" book of fiction to a collection of short stories, so I am inclined to think that most magazine readers have the same tastes. Certain it is that most of the short stories in the magazines are of an inane and vapid kind. There is another characteristic of some magazines which makes it harder to look through them and renders them less likely to be preserved. That is mixing advertisements up with the other letter press. Now, if it be necessary to do this, it would be better to have advertisements and other letter press on alternate pages, or if they must be both on one page in order to catch the eyes of the readers, then let the printer take the trouble to have each column of ads. backed by ads. or literary matter, but never to have literary matter backed by literary matter, so that if a reader wishes to cut out an article he will not mutilate another article by so doing. Of course, it may be replied that ads. are clipped out as well as literary matter, but that occurs rarely and at the worst will not be likely to spoil anything at the back of it.

I am of the opinion that if a magazine were to keep out short stories except of the highest literary character and not have more than one in each issue it would enlarge its circulation by so doing. Readers are surfeited by so many useless and insipid short stories. As a friend of mine used to remark of most of them, "I don't know why they should have been written." WILLIAM TODD.

Passaic, N. J., Aug. 2.

Swinburne and Emerson.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

As it has too often been the fortune of Mr. Swinburne to be attacked and defended with something of his own spirit, the mild reply of "Runnemede" to my furious onslaught was quite gratifying; and since said onslaught was designed to add to the world's stock of happiness by inducing some curious reader to review "A Study of Shakespeare" or "Erectheus," rather than to demolish any one's "case," it is doubtless irrelevant enough to satisfy Mrs. Nickleby herself.

My letter made no attempt to justify—or sanctify—Swinburne's attack on Emerson; it merely offered an explanation of a lamentable truth. As to Shelley, there is a rather astonishing passage in Emerson's "Thoughts on Modern Literature," which Shelleyans will do well to read—and tremble at:

> Shelley, though a poetic mind, is never a poet. His muse is uniformly imitative; all his poems composite. * * * Imagination, the original, authentic fire of the bard, he has not, &c.

It has been remarked that the earth turns fast in these days. Perhaps those who can withdraw a bit from the vortex now and then and inspire their souls with a suggestion of the beautiful are those who find life best worth the pain of living. Let us thank the poets, even though they also try to be critics, for the help they give us, without expecting too much wisdom from any of them.

If "Runnemede" will hitch up the old mare and drive around some evening after milking time we will continue this discussion until he is as tired as are the other readers of these letters.

WILDERSPIN.

Chuck's Hole-on-the-Hill, Aug. 2.

The Race Question.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

I have been interested to note the attention the magazines are giving the race question at present. Ray Stannard Baker's "Following the Color Line," with its marked human interest, and a presentation of human character giving it almost the charm of fiction, seemed to set the ball rolling. William Archer's remarkable "Black and White in the South," in a July periodical, is quite the most important contribution to the subject yet, and when an August magazine brings to hand "The Wisdom of Yesterday," by Alice MacGowan and Grace MacGowan Cooke, one begins to find that the attention of the country is accomplishing something by focusing on this point.

Mr. Archer's paper is so masterly and comprehensive as to leave little for those who come after to say, but "The Wisdom of Yesterday," a piece of pure fiction, might well be taken along with Mr. Baker's facts and Mr. Archer's analysis of the situation. It is possible that a good many readers of this story have failed to appreciate the marked departure it presents from the ordinary type of Southern negro story. Thomas Nelson Page, Harry Stillwell Edwards, Ruth McEnery Stuart, and a dozen other of our Southern writers, have given us fiction where the dark face in the background formed a marked element of comedy or tragedy. Paul Laurence Dunbar wrote of his own people fine stories, but only such as white men had written before him. It remained for these two women to take up the black man and his present economic and social situation, and give us a short story which presents those people and their life with a detached realism that gives the document distinct value in the study of the race question. The old man, who gives us the wisdom of yesterday, the humble colored family striving hard for the wisdom of to-day, these are presented with the fidelity of a French realist, and, so far as I can see, with no possible bias toward one side or the other. I passed ten years of my boyhood and young manhood in the South; I know how boiling a question this is there, and I am intensely interested in observing the reception Southern thinkers will give to such a story as "The Wisdom of Yesterday."

New York, Aug. 3. VOND REED.

"The Bride of the Mistletoe."

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

I am glad to see from a letter in THE SATURDAY REVIEW that there is some one besides myself who finds "The Bride of the Mistletoe" unintelligible. I have always been an admirer of Mr. Allen's earlier stories—"A Kentucky Cardinal," "The Choir Invisible," &c.—and I began the new book with great interest, expecting to find in it the same charming simplicity and exquisite delicacy that marked its predecessors, but the maze of driveling sentiment that is palmed off on the unsuspecting reader simply staggered me, and it was only with the hope of at last regaining the lost thread of thought that I managed to finish the book. Henry James at his worst was never like this!

Mr. Allen's apparent conversion to the extreme psychologic-symbolistic school is unfortunate, for his earlier stories have won for him a reputation that makes his example all the more baneful. The fact that of late other authors—notably Mr. Cable—have been drifting in the same direction offers food for speculation as to how far the movement will extend. If it is intended for a reaction and protest against recent realism, it is a poor substitute. It is all very well to decry those writers who "call a spade a spade," but is it, pray, any better to call it "an agricultural spatula"? Some one has wisely remarked that a Congressman's education is not complete until he has learned to talk of "the blue sky" instead of "the azure-tinted vaults of heaven." At any rate, realism is the healthy symptom of a people's virility, whereas the nation that tends toward the morbidly psychologic shows evidence of moral decay.

Brooklyn, Aug. 4. G. MARTIN.

Patsy and Martha.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

Under the caption "Patsy and Martha," in the issue of THE REVIEW of July 31, I notice a request, signed "W. I. D.," asking whether Patsy was not a common diminutive for Martha in the eighteenth century. It may interest him to read in a letter from Gen. Washington to his wife Martha, dated Philadelphia, June 18, 1775, that it closes with the words, "With the most unfeigned regard, my dear Patsy, your affectionate, &c."

This letter is copied into Sparks's collection of Washington's correspondence, and it is the only one to his wife which came into the hands of that compiler, who understood that Mrs. Washington destroyed all others to her a short time before her death.

WILLIAM S. THOMAS.

New York, Aug. 5.

Spirit Pictures and Clothing.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

In one of your recent REVIEWS there is a notice of a book on Spiritualism, containing some "remarkable" photographs. If these so-called "spirit pictures" are similar to those which I have seen, in which the spirits have appeared in their ordinary clothing as anybody might have seen them in their lifetime, I might make the following remarks:

Could Prof. James, Sir Oliver Lodge, Lombroso, Andrew Lang, Sir William Crookes, Dr. Charles Richet, and others inform the public if there is any, and what, reason for supposing that the form of the spirit when it leaves its mortal frame would have the form of the human body. My reading always led me to suppose that the soul, i. e., the spirit of a human, resided in his brain, not in his whole body, the latter being controlled by the former.

Supposing it possible for spirits to make themselves visible to the living could they appear in their mortal clothing? In many, if not all, cases these clothes may exist in other shapes, the wool turned into shoddy, the linen into paper, and so on.

Those clothes shown in the spirit pictures which I have seen were for males, hats, the outside of which consisted of the products of silkworms. The female dresses of the same material and other articles of the wearing apparel made from linen, cotton, wool, leather, &c. Some of the spirits had metal watch chains and other ornaments or useful articles.

Do the Spiritualists really believe that articles obtained from the lower animals, from vegetable matter, and from metals possess spirits, which can be photographed together with the face and form of the human being? A. COOPER.

New York, Aug. 4.

Another Five-Foot Shelf.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

It is almost impossible to take Dr. Eliot's list of books as one that would "give any man a liberal education."

Defining "liberal" in its most general sense, it is a condition "of wide or ample range, or extent, not narrowly limited or restricted; expanded, comparison a liberal education." (Century Dictionary.)

Adhering closely to the definition of the meaning of the word, taking for granted that a man has a common school education,—(viz., can read, write, and do arithmetic,) and in our supposedly enlightened age is desirous of obtaining "a liberal education" at moderate cost, we will say that the man has time only at sunrise, noon, sunset, and Sunday to consummate his design.

The following list is humbly submitted, with many apologies for the unbridled effrontery of one who is not a great educator, and never expects to be, but is simply an ordinary American M. D., with a smattering of Greek and Latin:

1. The Bible.
2. Shakespeare's Works.
3. Rand & McNally's Larger Geography of the World. (Any large one.)
4. Eaton's Common School Arithmetic.
5. Ganot's Physics or Tyndall's Lectures on Heat, Light, Electricity, and Sound.
6. Pickering's Astronomy.
7. Any text book on political economy.
8. Elementary Physiology—Huxley.
9. American Commonwealths—Bryce.
10. Geology—Say Le Conte's.
11. Zoology—any text book.
12. Botany—any text book.
13. Webster's Dictionary. (Either a large or small one. But learn ten words per day and their meaning.)
14. Pope's "Homer's Iliad and Odyssey."
15. Aeneid—Dryden.
16. Ciceros' Orations.
17. Demosthenes's Orations.
18. Sallust.
19. Rollins's Ancient History.
20. Macaulay's History of England.
21. Guizot's History of France.
22. Eugene Schuyler's "Peter the Great."
23. Carlyle's "Hero Worship."
24. U. S. Grant—Personal Memoirs.
25. The Four Georges and English Humorists, by W. M. Thackeray.
26. J. B. McMaster—History of American People.
27. The Rambler—Samuel Johnson.
28. Bulwer—Last of the Barons.
29. Ben Hur, by Major Gen. Lew Wallace, U. S. A.
30. "The Servant in the House," a play, by C. R. Kennedy.
31. Boswell's Life of Samuel Johnson.
32. Gibbon—Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire.

Length of time in covering the essentials here, might be put against this list. That is true in a way. But a man soon learns to digest a book's contents, without reading the whole. He can retain the core and put that to use as all college men do.

GILBERT TOTTEN McMASTER, M. D.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 3.

Mr. Fletcher's History.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

Mr. C. B. L. Fletcher, author of the "Introductory History of England," might like to know that even as late as when the news of the capture of Ticonderoga and Crown Point (May, 1777,) reached the Continental Congress at Philadelphia, it requested the Committee of Safety of New York to have an inventory made of the stores, so they might be returned "when the restoration of harmony between Great Britain and the colonies should render it safe." (Elliott, History of New England, volume 2, chapter 18.)

J. B. C.

Springfield, Mass., Aug. 5.

BOSTON GOSSIP OF LATEST BOOKS

The "Life Saver" in Story—New Poems by Dr. Burton and Madison Cawein—Juvenile Books.

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—If nothing more may come from the "Land of the Pointed Firs" to delight and tranquilize weary readers, there is still a very little group of authors who scan their brother man and sister woman almost as gently as Miss Jewett could, and the latest comer among them, Eliza Calvert Hall, bears the strongest likeness to her. A volume of nine of her "Aunt Jane" stories, each and all, will be published in the Autumn, under the title of "The Land of Long Ago," and so precisely does it reflect the spirit of her first book, "Aunt Jane of Kentucky," that were not such a measure almost invariably impolitic, it might have had the same title. The "Land" is Kentucky, and the author knows the State and its people so well that she has no difficulty in finding new types and varied backgrounds. The book will be illustrated by G. Patrick Nelson and Miss Beulah Strong, and published by Messrs. Little, Brown & Co.

Still another ally for those luckiest of teachers, the instructors in geography, will begin to appear in September, in the shape of a series called "Little People Everywhere." Its author is Mrs. Etta Blaisdell McDonald, and Messrs. Little, Brown & Co. will issue four volumes simultaneously—"Manuel in Mexico," "Um'e San in Japan," "Rafael in Italy," and "Kathleen in Ireland." Germany, Sweden, Russia, Egypt, Scotland, Holland, Canada, and Spain will be the subjects of the next eight, and in the twelve six heroes will be matched against six heroines. Eight pictures, a colored frontispiece, and a cover in color form the equipment of the books to enter the field against the rivals already in possession.

Dr. Richard Burton has not published a volume of poetry since 1903, but has written steadily, and now collects a sufficient number of verses to make a pretty volume, which he calls "From the Book of Life." Children and animals and landscapes are his chief subjects, but more interesting than any of the others will be the verses in which he writes of other poets, for at heart he is as much critic as singer, and to show what is the best that has been thought and said by his brother poets has always been his delight.

Messrs. Small, Maynard & Co. will publish a new volume of poems by Mr. Madison Cawein this Autumn. The author calls it "The Giant and the Star," which leaves its nature cheerfully vague, with even chances for a circus romance and a bit of lovely fantasy.

The possible jokes of the farm and village were so vigorously used by the journalists of thirty-five years ago that they have long been avoided by those who could remember Danbury Bailey, Mr. Burdette, when he was "Hawkeye" Burdette, and the jovial brotherhood of their rivals, but the jests are as good as ever, and will be entirely fresh to the new generation to which Mr. Henry A. Shute, the author of "The Real Diary of a Real Boy" and "The Country Band" will present them in a fresh and lively version. When a young lawyer, Mr. Shute bought a farm to provide himself with exercise. He obtained it from errant live stock and obstinately stationary household furniture, and his neighbors provided quite as much whimsicality for his observation as he had time to note, and Messrs. Houghton Mifflin Company will publish his book under the title "Farming It," giving it illustrations by Mr. Reginald Birch.

It is a volume of stories that Mrs. Herbert D. Ward is to publish this Autumn, and she will call it "The Oath of Allegiance." Mrs. Eliza Orne White's book for this year is a novel covering the lives of two generations, a rather more serious piece of work than her former pleasant stories.

Two good Italian books will come, not to make any one forget that Crawford is dead, but in evidence that the lovers of Italy have not ceased from the land. First is "Italian Hours," by Mr. Henry James, studies of cities and their dwellers, strongly differentiated in countless ways, the results of centuries of history stranger than any romance woven by man, and with them come thirty-two colored pictures by Mr. Joseph Pennell. The other book is Cavaliere Lanciani's "Wanderings in the Campagna," a chronicle of discovery enriched by learning and brightened by such anecdotes as only the learned man can tell, and this, too, is illustrated; it is the four hundred and thirty-seventh of its author's publications.

"Joshua James, Life Saver," which the American Unitarian Association is about to publish in the series, "True American Types," comes from the pen of the Superintendent of the Life Saving Service, Mr. Sumner I. Kimball, whose devotion to his men and his work make him the one person in the world fit to tell the really wonderful story. The ordinary service records of hours of work in freezing water and biting wind are so familiar that some effort is necessary to bring their splendor home to the mind, but here was a man who, after forty-seven years in the service, was made Captain of a new station, although seventeen years past the age prescribed by regulations. He worked twelve years more, still retaining his power, still never sparing himself, and he was in his seventy-fifth year when news came to the station of the loss of the whole Monomoy Point crew, and two days later he took his men out for a special drill in the surf, he himself handling the steering oar. Both men and boat were more than fit for duty, he found, and it must have been with a light heart that, after more than an hour of toil, he sprang out upon the beach opposite the station. He looked out upon the sea a moment, then turned to his men. "The tide is ebbing," he said, and fell dead, his very last moment given to assuring himself that he had been faithful to his duty. "And how can man die better?"

In the September Atlantic, Mr. J. O. Fagan will once more discuss railway policy under the head of "Authority and Efficiency," and his paper will be set beside "Brotherhoods and Efficiency," by W. J. Cunningham, that the man who is only a railway passenger or patron of some sort may choose which seems the better to him. It is too much to expect that the two may be as fortunate in their moment of appearance as Mr. Stoddard Dewey's Atlantic exposition of French and North African affairs at the very moment when M. Clemenceau and the Moors conspired to divert the attention of Europe from provident Germany and clever Japan, but a railway strike somewhere is always possible.

STEPHENSON BROWNE.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS.

The following books were received by The Saturday Review during the week ended Aug. 5:

History and Biography.

LIFE AND LETTERS OF PETER AND SUSAN LESLEY. Edited by Mary Lesley Ames. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. Two volumes.

EDWARD GAYER ANDREWS: A Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church. By Francis J. McConnell. 8vo. New York: Eaton & Mains. $1.50.

THE LIFE OF GEORGE GRENFELL: Congo Missionary and Explorer. By George Hawker. 8vo. New York: The Fleming H. Revell Company. $2.

Religion.

BETHLEHEM TO OLIVET. By J. R. Miller. 8vo. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell & Co. $1.50.

THE TRIUMPHANT LIFE. By Robert F. Horton. 12mo. New York: The Fleming H. Revell Company. 50 cents.

VICTORIOUS MANHOOD. By Howard Agnew Johnston. 12mo. New York: The Fleming H. Revell Company. 75 cents.

THE SOCIALIZED CHURCH. Edited by Worth M. Tippy. 12mo. New York: Eaton & Mains. $1.

Travel and Description.

UNDER PETRAIA. 12mo. New York: The John Lane Company. $1.50.

OLD MIAMI. The Yale of the Early West. By Alfred H. Upham. 12mo. Hamilton, Ohio: The Republican Publishing Company.

Fiction.

THE SCORE. By Lucas Malet. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50.

ZARLAH, THE MARTIAN. By R. Norman Grisewood. 12mo. New York: R. F. Fenno & Co. $1.

THE OLD WIVES' TALE. By Arnold Bennett. 12mo. New York: The George H. Doran Company. $1.50.

THE COMPACT. By Ridgwell Cullum. 12mo. New York: The George H. Doran Company. $1.50.

Miscellaneous.

Including New Editions and Juveniles.

SHORT TALKS WITH YOUNG MOTHERS. By Charles Gilmore Kerley. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons.

MODERN LIGHT ON IMMORTALITY. By Henry Frank. 12mo. Boston: Sherman, French & Co. $1.85.

EXERCISE IN EDUCATION AND MEDICINE. By R. Tait McKenzie. 8vo. Philadelphia: The W. B. Saunders Company. $3.50.

LE ROMAN D'UNE VERSAILLAISE. Pendant la Revolution. (1789-1797.) Par Augustin Billot. 8vo. Paris: Societe d'Edition, Francaise et Etrangere.

IVAN LE TERRIBLE. Par L. Tolstoi. 12mo. Paris: Societe d'Edition Francaise et Etrangere.

THE ELEMENT OF MILITARY HYGIENE. By P. M. Ashburn. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $2.

TEACHING CHILDREN TO STUDY. By Lida B. Earhart. 12mo. Boston: The Houghton Mifflin Company. 35 cents.

ESSAYS IN POLITICS. By Andrew Macphail. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co.

FALLACIES OF PROTECTION. Being Sophismes Economiques of Frederic Bastiat. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons.

MOSBY'S RANGERS. By James J. Williamson. 8vo. New York: The Sturgis & Walton Company.

THE NOVELS AND TALES OF HENRY JAMES. 8vo. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. Volumes XXIII. and XXIV.

STORIES OF NORSE HEROES. Told by Northmen. Retold by R. M. Wilmot-Buxton. 12mo. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell & Co. $1.50.

IN NATURE'S SCHOOL. By Lilian Gask. 12mo. New York: T. Y. Crowell & Co. $1.50.

LONDON BOOK CHAT.

LONDON, July 28.—Sir Herbert Maxwell's new work, "A Century of Empire," being a succinct history of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland during the nineteenth century, in three volumes, will be published by Arnold in the Autumn. It is written from the point of view of a Conservative, in this respect contrasting with the works of Justin McCarthy and others, which have heretofore exclusively occupied this field. At the same time it is understood that the author has eschewed pure partisanship and has striven to treat of his subject in a highly judicial spirit.

Longmans have in press Mrs. W. E. H. Lecky's memoir of her illustrious husband. A great number of letters will be included in it, and also Lecky's personal recollections of the men of letters with whom he was intimate. Carlyle and Froude were among them.

Gossipy letters by Lady Burghersh, afterward Lady Westmoreland, who was a niece of the Duke of Wellington and numbered among her friends King Leopold of Belgium, Talleyrand, Brougham, Melbourne, Mme. de Staël, and many others of fame and prominence, are to be published by Murray. Her husband, Lord Burghersh, was British Ambassador at Florence, Berlin, and Vienna, and Lady Burghersh had the useful habit of giving in her letters a running history of all the important and unimportant public events that came under her observation or of which she heard accounts from the highest sources. One is justified, therefore, in expecting that this volume, which is edited by Lady Rose Weigall, her daughter, will be replete with piquant interest.

A volume of poems by William Watson, a large part of which is yet unseen of the world, is to be published in the Autumn.

A novel based upon "The Crusade of Children" in France in the thirteenth century instigated by the Old Man of the Mountain to recruit his band of assassins in Syria is to be published by Murray. Henry Baerlein is the author, and the title will be "On the Forgotten Road."

Murray will also publish with many illustrations the new work of Lord Balcarres, "The Evolution of Italian Sculpture." Its aim is to deal with the whole basis of plastic art in Italy, to record the essential stages of its progress, and to analyze the methods, theories, and ideals of the various schools of sculpture.

Heinemann begins on Aug. 12 the publication of his "Library of Modern Fiction," with Hall Caine's "The White Prophet," in two volumes, at the net price of 4s.

The divorce between the Church and the wage earners is the theme of a book by C. Bertrand Thompson which Unwin brings out this week. The author exposes existing social conditions and then makes searching inquiry into their causes. Lastly he treats of possible remedies for those conditions.

R. B. D.

DIANA DETHRONED.

MOST of our so-called American society novels deal with a phase of human intercourse which is in the making and developing. The English society novel, on the contrary, deals with a society which is made—one is almost tempted to say "in the unmaking"—and, as a result, such a story usually depends for its interest on its treatment of the fundamentals of human nature beneath the surface of an artificial, man-made routine of life and morality.

"Diana Dethroned," by W. M. Letts (the John Lane Company, $1.50,) is a substantial piece of work, and it is well done. Its types embrace many that figure largely in English social life; but there are many which, figuring none the less, require more subtle delineation and escape an eye less observing and a pen less true than this author's.

It would be a mistake to attempt any analysis of this book. It is a story of two families—English country families—and a picture of English country life and the people who move in it. The central figure is a healthy kind of Diana, indeed, and the central male figure—Robin, of the other house, with whom she is in love—is a masterly etching of the negatively virtuous type—the type that so appeals to a maternal woman and brings her so much sorrow by its childish weaknesses.

THE SHORT-STOP.

The name of Zane Grey's new book for boys will commend it to the tens of thousands who thrill to the cry "Play ball!" We refer to "The Short-Stop," (Chicago: A. C. McClurg & Co.,) which, as a clean, exciting tale for youth, is hard to beat. Chase Alloway, sole wage-earner in the family, rebels at work in a factory at $6 a week, and, on being refused an increase, quits his job. He has had more than a little success in amateur baseball, and this leads him to believe he would make good as a professional. After some difficulty he obtains the position of shortstop on a regular team, and his adventures are of a kind to rouse the enthusiasm of every boy who loves his mother and father and plays baseball. The story is full of "go" and ought to find many readers at this particular season.

Books in Demand.

The circulating department of the New York Public Library gives the following as the most popular books of the week ended Aug. 3: Adult Fiction—Crawford's "White Sister," "Inner Shrine"; Ward's "Marriage a la Mode." Juvenile Fiction—Alcott's "Little Women," Lang's "Fairy Books," and Barbour's "Forward Pass." Non-Fiction—Winter's "Other Days," Worcester's "Religion and Medicine," Chesterton's "Heretics."

Tissot Bible

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS.

Eldad's Story of the River Sambation—Jack London and His Works—Joaquin Miller's Poem, "Columbus"—"Margaret, a Tale of the Real and Ideal," by Sylvester Judd—Carolina Colonies—Answers From and Appeals To Readers.

COMMUNICATIONS intended for this column should be written on one side of the paper only. They must contain the name and address of the writer, though if preferred by the inquirer, initials only will be printed. While the endeavor will be made to answer all queries of interest in the order in which they are received, this cannot always be accomplished.

H. S. G.—Can you give me any information regarding the "River Sambatyon" by Eldad? I wish particularly to know the name of the publisher, or where a copy of the book may be procured; also a brief outline of the subject matter.

Eldad Ben Mahli Ha-Dani was a merchant and traveler of the ninth century, who professed to have been a citizen of an independent Jewish State in Eastern Africa, inhabited by the tribes of Dan, Asher, Gad, and Naphtali. He visited Babylonia and other countries, creating a stir among the Jews wherever he went by his accounts of the Lost Ten Tribes and by the halakot, which, he said, he had brought from his native country. These halakot, written in Hebrew, relate to the slaughtering and subsequent examination of animals, and differ widely from the Talmudic ordinances. There are no less than eight versions of Eldad's narrative. His reference to the River Sambation is as follows:

"On the other side of the river of Kush dwell the Bene Mosheh (tribe of Levi.) The River Sambation encircles their land. It rolls sand and stones during the six working days, and rests on the Sabbath. From the first moment of Sabbath to the last fire surrounds the river, and during that time no human being can approach within half a mile of either side of it. The four other tribes (Dan, Asher, Gad, and Naphtali) communicate with the Bene Mosheh from the borders of the river. The Bene Mosheh dwell in beautiful houses, and no unclean animal is found in their land. Their cattle and sheep, as well as their fields, bear twice a year. No child dies during the lifetime of its parents, who live to see a third and fourth generation. They do not close their houses at night, for there is no theft or wickedness among them. They speak Hebrew, and never swear by the name of God."

Eldad's travels have been published in the following cities from the various extant versions: Mantua, 1480; Constantinople, 1516 and 1519; Venice, 1544, 1605, and 1648; Furth, 1769; Zolkiev, 1772; Jessnitz, 1772, and Leghorn, 1828. They are also described in Vol. III. of Jellinek's Bet-ha-Midrash, edited by Abraham Epstein, Presburg, 1891. The narrative has been translated into Latin, Arabic, and German. One of our readers may have a copy of this work, or it may be found in one of the public libraries or at the Jewish Theological Seminary in this city. We do not find mention of an English translation of it. Consult the Jewish Encyclopedia, published by Funk & Wagnalls.

A. K. WRIGHT.—Kindly publish a short sketch in THE SATURDAY REVIEW of Jack London, mentioning a few of his principal works.

Jack London was born in San Francisco, Cal., on Jan. 12, 1876, and received his education in the Oakland High School and the University of California. He left college to go to the Klondike, and did not return to finish his course. In 1892 he went to sea before the mast, and visited Japan and engaged in seal hunting in the Bering Sea. He is a Socialist and tramped throughout the United States for sociological and economical study. A prolific writer, the following are some of his principal works: "The Son of the Wolf," "The God of His Fathers," "A Daughter of the Snows," "The Children of the Frost," "The Cruise of the Dazzler," "The People of the Abyss," "Kempton-Wace Letters," "The Call of the Wild," "The Faith of Men," "War of the Classes," Tales of the Fish Patrol," "Moonface," "White Fang," "Before Adam," "Love of Life," "The Iron Heel," and "The Road." London was a newspaper correspondent during the Russo-Japanese war, and has lectured on his experiences during that conflict. He has also contributed many interesting articles to the magazines. When not on the high seas he lives at Glen Ellen, Cal.

E. L. K.—Will you be so good as to print in the columns of THE REVIEW Joaquin Miller's poem "Columbus," or "Sail On"?

The poem is as follows:

COLUMBUS.

Behind him lay the gray Azores,
  Behind the Gates of Hercules;
Before him not the ghost of shores,
  Before him only shoreless seas.
The good Mate said: "Now must we pray,
  For lo! the very stars are gone.
Brave Admiral, speak, what shall I say?"
  "Why, say: 'Sail on! Sail on! And on!'"

My men grow mutinous day by day;
  My men grow ghastly wan and weak."
The stout Mate thought of home; a spray
  Of salt wave washed his swarthy cheek.
"What shall I say, brave Admiral, say,
  If we sight naught but seas at dawn?"
"Why, you shall say at break of day,
  'Sail on! Sail on! And on!'"

They sailed and sailed, as winds might blow,
  Until at last the blanched Mate said:
"Why, now not even God would know
  Should I and all my men fall dead.
These very winds forget their way,
  For God from these dread seas is gone.
Now speak, brave Admiral, speak and say—"
  He said: "Sail on! Sail on! And on!"

They sailed. They sailed. Then spake the
    Mate:
  "This mad sea shows his teeth to-night.
He curls his lip, he lies in wait,
  With lifted teeth, as if to bite!
Brave Admiral, say but one good word:
  What shall we do when hope is gone?"
The words leapt like a leaping sword:
  "Sail on! Sail on! Sail on! And on!"

Then pale and worn, he kept his deck,
  And peered through darkness. Ah! that
      night
Of all dark nights! And then a speck—
  A light! A light! A light! A light!
It grew, a starlit flag unfurled!
  It grew to be Time's burst of dawn.
He gained a world; he gave that world
  Its grandest lesson: "On! Sail on!"

S. A. J.—Will you kindly give me information regarding a book called "Margaret. A Tale of the Real and Ideal, Blight and Bloom; Including Sketches of a Place Not Before Described, Called Mons Christi." Published in Boston by Jordan & Wiley in 1845? Also information about "The Will of Charles Lounsbury," published lately in Boston by Alfred Bartlett, no author or date of publication given?

"Margaret" was written by Sylvester Judd, pastor of the Unitarian Church in Augusta, Me. He was born at Westhampton, Mass., in 1813, and died at Augusta, Me., in 1853. The first edition of "Margaret" was published in Boston in 1845. The second edition, two volumes, 12mo, appeared in 1851. In 1856 J. S. Redfield of New York published "Thirty Compositions in Outline, Illustrative of as Many Scenes in Margaret," by Felix O. C. Darley, engraved b. Konrad Huber. Judd also wrote "Philo, an Evangeliad"; "Richard Edney," "The Governor's Family," and "The Church, in a Series of Discourses." He left in manuscript a play in five acts, entitled "The White Hills, an American Tragedy." "The Life and Character of the Rev. Sylvester Judd," by Miss Arethusa Hall, was published in 1854.

Some reader may be able to give the desired information about "The Will of Charles Lounsbury."

D. C. H.—Can you tell me through your Queries and Answers where I can buy a cheap map showing the railroads of the United States; also what books, if any, have been published from which I could get a true idea of Colonial days in South Carolina and frontier life in North Carolina?

A cheap railroad map may be found in a second-hand book store.

For colonial times in the two Carolinas consult Fox Browne's "Life of John Locke," William Hilton's "True Relation," reprinted in the Charleston Year Book for 1884; Dr. Hawks's "North Carolina," "The Discoveries of John Lederer in Three Several Marches from Virginia to the West of Carolina," Thomas Ash's "Carolina," Samuel Wilson's "Account of the Province of Carolina in America," John Crafford's "New and Most Exact Account of the Fertile and Famous Colony of Carolina," Frederick D. Dalcho's "Historical Account of the Protestant Episcopal Church in South Carolina," Carroll's "Historical Collections," "A New Voyage to Carolina," by John Lawson; Ramsay's "South Carolina," Force's "Tracts," Bernheim's "German Settlements in Carolina," "The Moravians in North Carolina," by Reichell; Howe's "History of the Presbyterian Church in South Carolina," Charles Weiss's "Narrative" in Herbert's "History of the French Protestant Refugees," Logan's "History of the Upper Country of South Carolina," Chalmers's "Political Annals of the Present United Colonies," Williamson's "History of North Carolina," Francis X. Martin's "History of North Carolina," Wheeler's "Historical Sketches of North Carolina," Rivers's "Sketch of the History of South Carolina," and his "Chapter in the Early History of South Carolina," and Doyle's "English in America, Virginia, Maryland, and the Carolinas."

Q. T.—Be good enough to give me the name of an English periodical (weekly preferred) which is the nearest transatlantic likeness of THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS. What I desire is something—if it exists—which will keep me as thoroughly posted concerning literary affairs in Great Britain as you do with regard to such matters in this country.

The Book Review of The London Times, which is published every Friday, and the two literary weeklies, The Academy and The Athenaeum, published in London, are publications such as our correspondent desires.

E. H. STUECK.—I have a book by Nicholas Culpeper, M. D., "The Complete Herbal," published 1750, to which is now added upward of 100 additional herbs, with a display of their medical and occult qualities physically applied to the cure of all disorders incident to mankind, to which are first now annexed The English Physician, enlarged and key to physic, &c. Illustrated by engraving of numerous British herbs and plants correctly colored from nature. London: Thomas Kelly, 17 Paternoster Row." Can you tell me its value?

Our correspondent does not give the date of publication of the work. It may bear no date. We find no sale of it. Nicholas Culpeper, writer on astrology and medicine, died in 1654. His best known works are: "A Physical Directory, or a Translation of the London Dispensatory," published in 1649; second edition 1650, third edition 1651, renamed in 1654 "Pharmacopoeia Londonensis, or the London Dispensatory, and the English Physician Enlarged," published in 1653, five editions of which appeared before 1698.

J. M. G.—Will you kindly inform me as to whether Arthur Symons, author of "An Introduction to the Study of Browning" and "Plays, Acting, and Music," is a son of John Addington Symons? And, also, give me a slight biographical sketch of the two men.

John Addington Symonds and Arthur Symons were not father and son as our correspondent supposed, nor were they in any way related as far as is known. Their names indicate that they belonged to different families.

John Addington Symonds was born in 1840, the son of a Bristol physician, was educated at Harrow and Baliol College, won the Newdigate Prize, and was elected a Fellow of Magdalen College in 1862. He studied law, but owing to ill-health was compelled to give up the law, and after his marriage in 1865 chose literature for his profession. His "Introduction to the Study of Dante" was published in 1872, and this was followed by "Studies of the Greek Poets." His greatest work was on the "Renaissance in Italy," which was published in six volumes, 1875-86, and this was followed by "Shakespeare's Predecessors in the English Drama," which was published in 1884. Symonds also wrote books on Shelley, Sidney, and Ben Jonson, on Walt Whitman and Boccaccio, and some volumes of verse and essays and criticism. He died in 1893.

Arthur Symons, who is a writer of verse and prose, was born in Wales of Cornish parentage on Feb. 28, 1865. He was educated in various private schools, and early in life became a writer. Among his publications are "An Introduction to the Study of Browning," "Days and Nights," "Silhouettes," "London Nights," Amoris Victema," "Studies in Two Literatures," "The Symbolist Movement in Literature," "Images of Good and Evil," "Collected Poems," "Plays, Acting, and Music," "Cities," "Studies in Prose and Verse," "Spiritual Adventures," "A Book of Twenty Songs," "The Fool of the World and Other Poems," "Studies in Seven Arts," "William Blake," and "Cities of Italy." Mr. Symons is a resident of London.

C. B. ROBERTS.—Will you be so kind as to tell me where I may find the context of "The Way of a Man with a Maid"?

Our correspondent will find an answer to his question in Proverbs, Chapter XXX., Verses 18 and 19, in the following words:

There are three things that are too
    wonderful for me,
  Yea, four which I know not:
  The way of an eagle in the air;
  The way of a serpent upon a rock;
  The way of a ship in the midst of the
    sea;
  And the way of a man with a maid.

Kipling in "L'Envoi," which is the last poem printed in "Departmental Ditties and Barrack Room Ballads," published by Doubleday, Page & Co., (1907,) paraphrases the Biblical words as follows:

There be triple ways to take, of the
    eagle or the snake,
  Or the way of a man with a maid;
But the sweetest way to me is a ship's
    upon the sea
  In the heel of the Northeast Trade.

W. H.—Some months ago you published a poem on "Opportunity," (not the one by J. J. Ingalls,) and I write to inquire whether you would kindly republish the same.

The poem asked for by our correspondent was published nearly a year ago in our columns. It was written by Judge Walter Malone of Memphis, Tenn., and is as follows:

They do me wrong who say I come no more
  When once I knock and fail to find you in;
For every day I stand outside your door
  And bid you wake, and rise to fight and win.

Wail not for precious chances past away,
  Weep not for golden ages on the wane!
Each night I burn the records of the day—
  At sunrise every soul is born again!

Laugh like a boy at splendors that have sped,
  To vanished joys be blind and deaf and dumb;
My judgments seal the dead past with its dead,
  But never bind a moment yet to come.

Though deep in mire, wring not your hands
    and weep;
  I lend my arm to all who say "I can!"
No shame-faced outcast ever sank so deep
  But yet might rise and be again a man!

Dost thou behold thy lost youth all aghast?
  Dost reel from righteous Retribution's blow?
Then turn from blotted archives of the past
  And find the future's pages white as snow.

Art thou a mourner? Rouse thee from thy
    spell;
  Art thou a sinner? Sins may be forgiven;
Each morning gives thee wings to flee from
    hell,
  Each night a star to guide thy feet to heaven.

Answers from Readers.

VINCENT F. O'REILLY.—The song asked for by W. B. Dunning is one entitled "The Cry of the Dreamer," by John Boyle O'Reilly. The complete poem is as follows:

I am weary of planning and toiling
  In the crowded hives of men;
Heart weary of building and spoiling,
  And spoiling and building again;
And I long for the dear old river,
  Where I dreamed my youth away;
For a dreamer lives forever
  And a toiler dies in a day.

I am sick of the showy seeming
  Of a life that is half a lie;
Of the faces lined with scheming
  In the throng that hurries by.
For the sleepless thoughts' endeavor
  I would go where the children play;
For a dreamer lives forever,
  And a toiler dies in a day.

I can feel no pride, but pity
  For the burden the rich endure,
There is nothing sweet in the city
  But the patient lives of the poor.
Oh, the little hands too skillful,
  And the child mind choked with weeds,
The daughter's heart grown wilful,
  And the father's heart that bleeds!

No, No! from the streets' rude bustle,
  From trophies of mart and stage,
I would fly to the woods' low rustle
  And the meadows' kindly page.
Let me dream as of old by the river,
  And be loved for the dream alway,
For a dreamer lives forever,
  And a toiler dies in a day.

G. W. G.—The poem asked for by "F. B.," in your issue of July 3 is Wordsworth's "Lines Written in Early Spring," beginning "I heard a thousand blended notes."

The entire poem is as follows:

I heard a thousand blended notes,
  While in a grove I sate reclined,
In that sweet mood when pleasant thoughts
  Bring sad thoughts to the mind.

To her fair works did Nature link
  The human soul that through me ran;
And much it grieved my heart to think
  What man has made of man.

Through primrose tufts, in that green bower,
  The periwinkle trailed its wreaths;
And 'tis my faith that every flower
  Enjoys the air it breathes.

The birds around me hopped and played,
  Their thoughts I cannot measure—
But the least motion which they made
  It seemed a thrill of pleasure.

The budding twigs spread out their fan,
  To catch the breezy air;
And I must think, do all I can,
  That there was pleasure there.

If this belief from Heaven be sent,
  If such be Nature's holy plan,
Have I not reason to lament
  What man has made of man?

JOHN C. RAHM.—In your issue of July 3 you credit to Bartholomew Dowling the "Revelry of the Dying." Many years ago I learned this poem from the college song book of the Western University, where it was set to music. Attached to the song was a footnote to the following effect:

"That this song was composed by an English army officer stationed in India, when

Answers from and Appeals to Readers.

great numbers of his comrades fell victims to the plague. Also that the author did not long survive his wonderful production."

There appears good reason for this version to be true. It seems inconceivable that any one should compose those lines except under stress. This may throw some light on the subject.

Mrs. OSCAR W. NOBLE.—I herewith inclose a copy of the poem "The Secret of the Saints," asked for by "H. S." I do not know the author. The poem was quoted by the Rev. J. O. S. Huntington, O. H. C., in a sermon I heard him preach, and I asked him for a copy, which he kindly gave me:

THE SECRET OF THE SAINTS.

To play through life a perfect part,
Unnoticed and unknown,
To seek no rest in any heart
But only God's alone;
In little things to have no will,
To own no share in great,
To find the labor ready still,
And for the crown to wait.

Upon the brow to bear no trace
Of more than common care,
To write no secret on the face
For men to read it there;
The daily cross to clasp and bless
With such familiar zeal
As hides from all that not the less
Its daily weight you feel.

In toils that praise will never pay
To see your life go past,
To meet, in every coming day,
Twin sister of the last;
To hear of high, heroic things
And yield them reverence due,
Yet feel life's daily offerings
Are far more fit for you.

To woo no subtle, soft disguise
To which self-love is prone,
Unnoticed in all other eyes,
Unworthy in your own,
To yield with such a happy art
That no one thinks you care,
And say to your poor, bleeding heart,
"How little you can bear!"

Oh, 'tis a pathway hard to choose,
A burden hard to bear,
For human pride would fain refuse
The nameless trials there;
But since we know the gate is low
That leads to heavenly bliss,
What higher grace could God bestow
Than such a life as this!

R. L. C. WHITE.—The poem beginning "There has come to my mind a legend, a thing I had half forgot," wanted by "L. H. S.," ("Appeals," June 26,) is "A Legend," by Rose Osborne. It is included in the compilation by Anna E. Mack called "For His Sake."

The entire poem is as follows:

There has come to my mind a legend, a thing I had half forgot,
And whether I read it or dreamed it—ah! well, it matters not;
It is said that in heaven at twilight a great bell softly swings,
And man may listen and hearken to the wondrous music that rings.
If he put from his heart's inner chamber all the passion, pain, and strife,
Heartache and weary longing that throb in the pulse of life—
If he thrust from his soul all hatred, all thoughts of wicked things—
He can hear in the holy twilight how the bell of the angel rings.
And I think there lies in this legend, if we open our eyes to see,
Somewhat of an inner meaning, my friend, to you and to me.
Let us look in our hearts and question can pure thoughts enter in
To a soul if it be already the dwelling of thoughts of sin?
So, then, let us ponder a little—let us look in our hearts and see
If the twilight bell of the angels could ring for us—you and me.

Answers to the query and copies of the verses have been received from Miss B. A. Losey, Brooklyn; "J. F. M.," New York; "M. F. T.," Brooklyn; Hattie B. Hawley, New York, and Emma C. Austin, Brooklyn.

S. H. P.—The poem, "Jolly Jack" is what "C. D." calls for in your REVIEW OF BOOKS of June 26. It is by Thackeray.

R. L. C. WHITE.—I append a copy of Thomas Buchanan Read's poem desired by Miss M. A. Burr, (Appeals, June 26:)

WHAT A WORD MAY DO.

One day, as we sat at a generous board,
Where wine with a liberal hand was poured,
I heard a beautiful lady say,
Whose lord had sometimes gone astray,
Just as the sparkling cup was raised,
That one too much for a social dinner—
A rebuke, I am sure, the angels praised—
"I hate the sin, but I love the sinner."

Down went the cup to the snowy cloth,
Brimming and laughing with creamy froth,
That quickly flattened below the brim,
While the master's eye with a haze grew dim,
And ever after, the wine at his side
Wooed him in vain as it sparkled and died;
And though he should sit at the board of a Duke,
'Mid the kingliest wines of a princely dinner,
He would still remember that sweet rebuke,
"I hate the sin, but I love the sinner."

C. H. S.—Inclosed is a copy of the poem asked for by "T. J. K." in issue of July 10. "The Garden That I Love" is by Florence L. Henderson, and this clipping was taken from The Pictorial Review:

THE GARDEN THAT I LOVE.

The Garden that I love is full of Light;
It lies upon the sloping of a hill,
Where Dawn first stirs the curtains of the Night,
And the breeze whispers when the Noon is still.

The garden that I love is full of Peace;
The voices of the vale are faint and far,
The busy murmurs of the highway cease,
And silently, at evening, comes the Star.

The garden that I love is full of Dreams;
Visions of joy gone by, and bliss that waits,
Beyond the furthest verge of sunset gleams,
With the wide opening of the Golden Gates.

The garden that I love is full of Rest;
God's own fair Acre, where His dear ones lie,
In the safe shelter of the kind earth's breast,
Waiting His Easter dawning up the sky.

There may I rest, asleep with them awhile,
There may I wake, with them, that glorious Day,
When, in the sunshine of the Master's smile,
Sorrow and sighing shall be swept away!

C. E. S.—Inclosed find poem "I'll Remember You, Love, in My Prayers," asked for by Edward T. Johnson in your issue of July 3:

When the curtains of night are pinned back by the stars,
And the beautiful moon leaps the skies,
And the dewdrops of Heaven are kissing the rose,
It is then that my memory flies,
As if on the wings of some beautiful dove,
In haste with the message it bears,
To bring you a kiss of affection and say:
"I remember you, love, in my prayers."

CHORUS.

Go where you will on land or on sea
I'll share all your sorrows and cares,
And at night, when I kneel by my bedside and pray,
I'll remember you, love, in my prayers.

I have loved you too fondly to ever forget
The love you have spoken to me,
And the kiss of affection still warm on my lips
When you told me how true you would be.
I know not if fortune be fickle or friend,
Or if time on your memory wears,
I know that I love you wherever you roam
And remember you, love, in my prayers.

When Heavenly angels are guarding the good
As God has ordained them to do,
In answer to prayers I have offered to Him,
I know there is one watching you,
And may its bright spirit be with you thro' life
To guide you up Heaven's bright stairs,
And meet with the one who has loved you so true,
And remembers you, love, in her prayers.

Copies of the poem have been received from Albertine S. Mock; "J. B. W.," New York; Emma Kruger, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Rose Meyer, Tuckahoe, N. Y., and E. M. Hendrickson, New York.

ANON.—Replying to Hattie P. Baruch, would say that Dolf Wyllarde wrote the lines quoted by her and used them as one of the chapter headings in her powerful novel, "The Story of Eden."

Appeals to Readers.

W. A. R.—Can any of the readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS aid me in securing a copy of a poem whose title is, I think, "The Swords Were Thirty-Seven"? The poem tells of the decreasing number of veterans who attend the annual reunions of soldiers of the civil war, and was first published in the late sixties.

S. B. K.—Years ago while at school I saw in one of our readers a piece of poetry called the "Wheat Field," which commenced

Field of wheat, so full and fair,
Shining with thy sunny hair,
Lightly waving either way,
Graceful as the breezes play,
Looking like a Summer sea,
How I love to gaze at thee.

Could any of your readers furnish the entire piece?

ADOLPH MARINO.—Will you kindly tell me who is the author of the following verse, and if there is any more to the poem?

See gentle patience smiles on pain,
See dying hopes revive again;
God wipes the tears from sorrow's eye,
While faith points upward to the sky.

F. C. W.—Can any of your readers furnish the poem known as "Napoleon's Farewell to Josephine," containing the lines:

Dearer than all else to me,
Companion of my destiny—
The only heart I ever loved,
The only lips that ever moved
My stubborn will—my Josephine.

Mrs. ROSALIND SOMMERS.—I would greatly appreciate information from any of your numerous readers concerning "Equality" and "A Trial Trip," each containing several verses, given last season at a number of anti-suffragist meetings in New York City.

MORGAN SHEPARD.—Can any of your readers favor me by any information about a fairy story entitled "The Glass Mountain," a tale read in my youth and supposed to be included in the Grimm collections? I do not find the story in any late editions of any of the standard collections.

T. C.—Can any of your readers help me find the name of the author and title of a book which I am very anxious to get? It was a book of humorous tales of the adventures of some college students. Here are some quotations, as nearly correct as I can remember them:

Said Aristotle unto Plato,
"Will you pass me a potato?"
Said Plato unto Aristotle,
"Will you kindly pass the bottle?"

There were related some funny circumstances attending a meal which helped me remember the expression: "Have you ever been at the battle of Antietam?"

M. A. P.—I should be so glad to find poem and author of lines below. Please answer through your Saturday "Queries and Answers" in THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Dear Fanny, nine long years ago,
While yet the morning sun was low.

E. W. NICOLL.—Should be glad if any of your readers would kindly give me the poem containing these lines:

Sweet heart of maidenhood, that gives so much
The while it gives not all,

and the author's name?

THOMAS A. CORNWELL.—I would be obliged if any reader of THE TIMES could inform me where I could obtain the words of the song of which below is as much as I can recollect of the first verse:

She wore a wreath of flowers
The night when first we met;
* * * was beneath her curls of jet;

I saw her but a moment,
Yet methinks I see her now;
With a wreath of orange blossoms
Upon her snowy brow.

MINNIE GRAY PRICE.—I would be glad if any of your readers could supply the remaining verses of the poem entitled "The Birth of the Water Lily," the first verse of which is:

'Tis said that the Fairies
Have vanished from earth,
But I do not believe the story;
No, they often flit in the twilight yet
And dance in the moon's soft glory.

H. A. T.—Can any of your readers give me particulars as to the author of the following:

We never speak our deepest feelings,
Our holiest hopes have no revealings
Save in the gleams that light the face,
Or in the fancies the pen may trace?

Answers to Correspondents.

MRS. A. C. PUMPELLY.—The work is not of any special value. A person who wanted the work might pay more for it than a buyer of old books.

LITERARY NEWS OF PHILADELPHIA

A New Novel by Robert Hitchens in Preparation—Poems by Robert Loveman—Religious Books.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—The preparation of a new novel by Robert Hitchens, for issue late in September, is the most interesting of the midsummer announcements made by the J. B. Lippincott Company. This new story by the author of "The Garden of Allah" will attract especial interest because Mr. Hitchens has laid its scenes in Africa, but instead of presenting vivid pictures of the Saharan desert as in the previous story, he has chosen the Egyptian desert and the Valley of the Nile for his scenery. Competent English critics who have read the manuscript think the new tale is the best which Mr. Hitchens has written. It will be called "The Knock at the Door." It is well known that the greater part of the tale was actually written in Egypt, during the year the author spent in that region accumulating the materials for his "local color," but it is not so generally known that he made an especial trip to Greece to study for the correct delineation of one of the characters of the story, a Greco-Egyptian, who figures prominently in it.

Rosa Nouchette Carey's industry was maintained until the very end. With the news of her death in London, late in July, came the statement that her annual story had been completed and sent to her publishers. This will be brought out by the Lippincotts in September, and will swell the total number of the stories from her pen which they will have published to more than forty. The name of the new tale is "The Key of the Unknown."

American geographers may be interested to hear that Lieut. E. H. Shackleton, of antarctic distinction, plans a visit to this country some time in the Spring of the coming year. By that time his narrative of his expedition, when he planted the British flag almost within sight of the south pole, will have been in the hands of American readers. The Lippincotts expect to have the work ready by November.

Robert Loveman, well known as the author of "The Rain Song," as to the origin of which there has been some recent correspondence, has just brought out a new volume of poems bearing the imprint of the Lippincotts and with the title, "The Blushful South and Hippocrene." The same publishers announce a new book by Dr. George Lincoln Walton, "Those Nerves," along the same lines as his "Why Worry?" the eighth edition of which has just gone to press.

The Baptist Publication Society is preparing several additions to its list for issue early in the coming month. One of these is a fourth volume in the Pacific Series of juvenile tales by Prof. Edwin J. Houston, "At School in the Cannibal Islands," a series in which entertaining adventure is skillfully combined with the imparting of scientific information concerning the South Seas and their inhabitants. "Ward Hill at College," by Everett T. Tomlinson, is the third of a similar series, to be ready in September, and will deal, among other things, with the serious problem of clean athletics in school life.

A fourth volume in the Chuch History Handbooks will be brought out by the Baptist Society in September. These are the work of the Rev. Dr. Henry C. Vedder, and the new volume will contain a concise history of the Baptist Church and a condensed statement of the fundamental principles for which it stands. The society has also in preparation, for publication in the Fall, the introductory book in the series of the National Teacher-Training Insitute Textbooks. It will be called "The Baptist Teacher-Training Manual," and will be edited by the Rev. H. T. Musselman. The books which are to follow will be devoted to courses of study in the Bible, pedagogy, school and teachers, history, &c.

An important and scholarly work on Assyriology is the most interesting item in the week's record of the plans and doings of the John C. Winston Company. This will take the form of the "Haverford Library Collection of Cuneiform Tablets, or Documents from the Temple Archives of Tulloh," and, as indicated by the title, will form Part II. of the work published several years ago. It is the work of Prof. George A. Barton, of Bryn Mawr College, and will contain no less than ninety-four new cuneiform texts, embodying much new information concerning the economic and political organization of the empire of the second dynasty of Ur. Prof. Barton presents in this volume a number of additional Babylonian numerical notations to those previously known, and the volume will also contain corrections to Part I. It will be a large folio and will be ready in October.

The Winston Company announces for issue in the early Fall a novel by Mrs. Charles Tracey Taylor of Germantown. It will be called "A Daughter of the Manse," and while it will be marked by a certain religious tone, will possess interest of its own as a romantic narrative, dealing with real problems of life.

Book Exchange
Advertising rate, 40 cents per line.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE SETS OF VOLTAIRE'S Works, 43 vols.; Balzac, 38 vols.; Schoolcraft's Indian Tribes of U. S., 6 vols.; Niles Register, 76 vols.; Littell's Living Age, 251 vols.; Eclectic Magazine, 135 vols.; Lippincott's Magazine, 77 vols.; North American Review, 187 vols.; Nineteenth Century, 61 vols.; Magazine of American History, 30 vols.; Hunt's Merchants Magazine, 63 vols.; Knickerbocker Magazine, 66 vols.; St. Nicholas, 35 vols.; Wheelman and Outing, 42 vols., and many others too numerous to mention. J. W. CADBY, 50 Grand St., Albany, N. Y.

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NEW YORK BOOK ANNOUNCEMENTS

Prof. James Explains Pragmatism—Joseph Jefferson's Biography—Books by Prof. Lowell and Jacob Riis.

A NEW book by Prof. William James on the subject of Pragmatism will be published by Longmans, Green & Co. next month. Its title will be "The Meaning of Truth: A Sequel to Pragmatism." In this book, so the reader is told, Prof. James has brought together all that he has ever written on the theory of knowledge, including the article on "The Function of Cognition" which appeared in 1884; all his more recent polemic and expository contributions, and some replies to criticisms which will be printed for the first time in this volume. Altogether, it is said to be Prof. James's intention to make the latter a full and definite expression of his position in regard to pragmatism.

As is their custom every Fall, Longmans, Green & Co. will bring out within the next few months another Lang story book. This time it will not be a fairy book, as has usually been the case in the twenty-one volumes that have already been published in the series, but will deal with historical subjects, retold in narrative form for young people, and will carry the title of "The Red Book of Heroes." The book is written by Mrs. Lang and is edited by Andrew Lang. It will contain eight colored plates and numerous other illustrations by A. Wallis Mills. The historical stories which make up its table of contents are twelve in number.

A Picture of Sicily.

During the first week of next month the John Lane Company expects to bring out a book on Sicily, the first to be published, it is claimed, since the Messina disaster. "Seekers in Sicily" is the title of the volume, which is written by Elizabeth Bisland and Anne Hoyt, who recount their experiences on the island. Particular attention is paid to the association of Sicily with classical tradition and history. Thus there is an account of the discovery of Sicily by the Greek merchant, Theocles, and of the capture of Messina from the Saracens by the Norman, Roger de Hauteville, accompanied by sixty knights and their squires. The volume will contain numerous illustrations, and a unique feature is the adoption of the tribe signs, or totems, of the original inhabitants of Sicily as headings for the chapters. Some of the latter are as follows: "On the Road to the Land of the Gods," "A Nest of Eagles,"—"The Return of Persephone," "A City of Temples," &c.

Another book to be published at the same time with the volume on Sicily by the John Lane Company will be "Stained Glass Tours in England," by Charles H. Sherrill. This book will be published as a companion to the same author's "Stained Glass Tours in France." It is furnished with maps and careful instructions to the tourist who wishes to see the most beautiful stained glass in England. The tours suggested for this purpose are such that, "by the time the pilgrim has completed them, he will have obtained a well-rounded impression, not only of glass, but also of the history, as well as the ancient manners and customs of England." The volume will be profusely illustrated.

Three books are published this week by the Fleming H. Revell Company. One of these, "The Friendly Life," by Henry F. Cope, is the latest issue in the Right Living Series, and has for its subject the real meaning and value of friendship. The other two books are: "The Triumphant Life: Life, Warfare, and Victory through the Cross," a volume of "brief counsels on faith and duty," by Robert F. Horton, and "The Quest of the Yellow Pearl," a story of Oriental life in the time of Christ, by P. C. Macfarlane.

"Library of Living Thought."

A new book by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps is promised for this month by the Harpers. The title has not yet been announced, but it is said that the story is shorter than Mrs. Phelps's most recent novel, "Walled In." During this month five additional volumes will be issued simultaneously in this country and in England in "The Harper's Library of Living Thought." Four volumes have already appeared in this series as follows: Swinburne's "Three Plays of Shakespeare," Tolstoy's "The Teachings of Jesus," Prof. W. M. Flinders-Petrie's "Personal Religion in Egypt Before Christianity," and Sir Oliver Lodge's "The Ether of Space." The five books for immediate publication are said to cover "each a separate recent field of criticism and discovery." Another book promised for this month is by Thomas A. Janvier. Although the title is not given, this forthcoming volume is described as "a serious historical sketch, concerned with the era of navigation, and the Dutch and English, especially the Dutch, voyages in American waters."

New English editions are being issued by the Harpers of the two American novels, "The Inner Shrine" and "Peter, Peter." The first of these is out also in an Australian edition, together with three other novels, "Wallace Rhodes," "Katrine," and "The Woman in the White Veil." New editions are announced of Justin McCarthy's "Short History of Our Own Times," and Justin Huntly McCarthy's "If I Were King."

Mrs. Atherton's new novel, which the Macmillan Company expected to publish early this Fall, will not appear, it is now announced, until next Spring. The impression that Mrs. Atherton had chosen for her theme the life of a young American singer abroad was also an error. Instead, the book deals with the upper circles of the operatic and diplomatic worlds.

How Worlds Are Made.

Among their Fall books the Macmillan Company will bring out a new work by Percival Lowell, author of "Mars as the Abode of Life," &c. In this book, which will bear the title "The Evolution of Worlds," Prof. Lowell, writing for the general reader, describes the process by which a world comes into existence, the phases through which it passes in its evolution into a planet fitted to sustain life, and its final death and dissolution. According to Prof. Lowell, this evolution is identically the same in the case of every planet in the solar system, and in every similar system in the universe. The book will be illustrated.

Three other of the Macmillan illustrated publications for the Fall are: "The Old Town," by Jacob Riis; "Labrador," by Dr. Wilfrid T. Grenfell, and "Mexico," by William E. Carson. In the first of these the author, Mr. Riis, tells of his native town, the old Danish village of Ribe, the capital of the Danish King Waldemar. The typical life, customs, sports, &c., of Ribe are the theme of Mr. Riis's volume for which W. T. Benda has drawn more than sixty pictures. Dr. Grenfell's book contains a full account of Labrador, its natural resources, climate, people, &c. In addition to the main body of the work there will be short chapters on the flora, the fauna, the geology, &c., each by a scientific author of standing. The volume will be illustrated from photographs in the author's own collection, and is intended to be an indispensable book for tourists and students of Labrador. The volume on Mexico is by an English writer who has lived in that country and knows its people thoroughly. The illustrations are from photographs taken by Mr. Carson, who, for this purpose, carried his camera into many out-of-the-way places.

A new novel by William W. Canfield, author of "Legends of the Iroquois," &c., entitled "Along the Way," will be published next month by R. F. Fenno & Co. It is a story of travel in America, out of which is developed the existence of various changes in this country, political and otherwise, that involve the principal characters of the romance in unlooked-for complications. A colored frontispiece and four character sketches are by Sidney K. Hartman.

Another of the Dutton series of publications, known as the "Told to the Children" series, edited by Louey Chisholm, has just brought out two additional volumes. These are "Stories from Shakespeare," told to the children by Jeanie Lang, with pictures by N. M. Price and others, and "The Pilgrim's Progress," told to the children by Mary Macgregor, with pictures by Byam Shaw. In these little volumes, as in those preceding them in the series, the full-page illustrations are printed in colors, while the text is in large, clear type, and written in a simple style adapted to the understanding of the youngest readers.

Two Fall Novels.

Besides the novels which, as already announced, will be published this month by D. Appleton & Co., there will be issued during the Fall a novel by Cleveland Moffet entitled "Through the Wall." This is a detective story involving a series of startling adventures through which the French detective, Paul Coquenil, is led before he finally runs down his prey. The scene is laid in Paris. Two others of the Appleton Fall novels are "Seymour Charlton," by W. B. Maxwell, author of "Vivien," &c., and "The Star of Love," by Florence Morse Kingsley, author of "Titus." The first of these relates the story of the love of the younger son of an English earl and the daughter of a London shopkeeper, ending in idyllic fashion on a small country estate in Wales. Mrs. Kingsley's novel has to do with Queen Esther, the Hebrew maiden who won the love of King Xerxes. The story is told with a view to faithfully reproducing the main points of the Biblical narrative, and will be illustrated with eight full-page reproductions in color of paintings made especially for this book by Arthur E. Becher.

Early next month Doubleday, Page and Company will bring out a new volume in their Garden Library entitled "The Garden Week by Week," by Walter P. Wright. This is intended as a practical handbook covering the gardening operations for every week in the year, by the author of "The Perfect Garden." There are some 350 illustrations, of which about 200 are in black and white and color. Two other books to be published simultaneously with Mr. Wright's volume are "Men the Workers," by Henry Demarest Lloyd, and "Wendell Phillips," by Lorenzo Sears. The first of these is a collection of essays and addresses on labor questions treated from the viewpoint of an intimate, as well as that of a social philosopher. Ever since Mr. Lloyd's participation in the Pullman strike of 1894 he has been active in labor matters, and has frequently interpreted various phases of the labor movement to the workingmen themselves. His forthcoming volume has been edited by Anne Withington and Caroline Stallbohm. The "Wendell Phillips" is a biography of that famous public speaker of the last century, a résumé of whose life work is given by Dr. Sears from the standpoint of the present.

Doubleday, Page & Co. have just announced a series of seven prizes which they offer for the best reviews of Mrs. Humphry Ward's novel, "Marriage à la Mode." A similar offer was made by them some months ago for reviews of Mr. Benson's novel, "The Climber." In the present contest the reviews are to be submitted not later than Sept. 15, and must be within 1,000 words in length. The cash prizes amount to $112.50, the other prizes being subscriptions to Country Life in America and The World's Work.

Recollections of Joseph Jefferson.

A book on Joseph Jefferson, written by his daughter-in-law, Eugenie Paul Jefferson, is among the publications promised for the Fall by Dodd, Mead & Co. The work, which will bear the title "Recollections, Old and New, of Joseph Jefferson," and which will be profusely illustrated, aims to give an intimate account of Jefferson's personal home life, telling much that no one outside of the family circle could tell, and narrating many things that the famous comedian was obviously unable to mention in his autobiography. Anecdote and reminiscence touching on the varied phases of Jefferson's life are the characteristic forms of expression used in the volume, the familiar, personal note in which is heightened by the illustrations, many of the from photographs taken by Joe Jefferson himself.

DREADFUL DREADNOUGHT.

SOME scrupulous persons insist that the events which are described in a story, while they need not be things that have happened or even things that will happen, shall at least be things that might happen. They except from this harsh requirement only fanciful tales of ghosts and fairies and djins, and such childish matters, whereof the stuff is that of day dreams and visions of the night, and perhaps those romances of two worlds in which bold Americans of Knickerbocker stock rescue and marry foreign Princesses.

These slavish ones will better avoid the astonishing narrative which James Edmond Dunning, boldly pluralizing Ibsen, has named "The Master Builders." (D. Appleton & Co.)

It is all about a cruiser dreadnought. This formidable affair is building for the United States Government somewhere up in New England. There are plots on the part of enemies, with broken English and a distinct German accent to steal it out of the shipyard. Agents of these enemies, with offices in Wall Street, have previously failed to get possession by lending the bankrupt contractors a little matter of $200,000 and posting about the place stocky, blonde individuals with rifles. These plots (and the plots counter) involve an old man who occasionally imbibes, and his two sons, one ornamental and the other useful. The second makes a most dramatic entry; the first has his great scene later on. There is a girl, too, who is the wife of one of these sons, and a lady who peroxides her hair and assists the Dutch with guile—which, Heaven knows, they need.

Finally there is one of the most tremendous sea battles one ever imagined, in which the ornamental young man, without any official connection with the navy, except that of having been dismissed the service shortly after leaving Annapolis, commands the new dreadnought, which he has saved from the plotters. By the grand and simple plan of sending her full speed ahead at everything in sight, he wins a glorious victory. Naval regulations have as little consideration as the feelings of the real naval officers who might have expected to command the newest and most formidable war engine, even though she had been rushed out in such haste that she had not a coat of uniform paint, and her commissary was hastily fitted out with family groceries in tins.

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Edwin Markham says:
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